

ATTACKED BY INSURGENTS.

After the Surrender of Manila Aguinaldo's Followers

TURNED UPON THE AMERICANS.

Mania Belongs to Dewey. Defending Gen
Augustin's Flight. Immunes Still
ing Trouble in Santiago.

A special from Manila says that after the surrender of that city Aguinaldo's followers turned upon the Americans and attacked them, but they were easily defeated after a brief conflict.

Our troops met with much resistance in the attack on Manila, eight being killed and 34 being wounded. Malabo only was bombarded. All the ships escaped injury. Rear Admiral Dewey has raised the blockade and there is a great feeling of relief among the people of the city.

The Republican State convention met at Nashville and nominated a candidate for Governor and three candidates for railroad commissioners. James Fowler, of Clinton, East Tennessee, was nominated for Governor by acclamation. The platform is chiefly devoted to demanding reforms in the administration of the State and endorses the St. Louis platform, and the maintenance of the gold standard. The administration of President McKinley is endorsed, and the annexation or control of newly-acquired Spanish territory recommended. James A. Greer, of Nashville, was nominated for railroad commissioners and the convention adjourned.

Manila Belongs to Dewey.

Manila is being held by virtue of the military occupation and surrender, and not by virtue of the protocol. In point of actual time, the signing of the peace protocol preceded the signing of the surrender.

of Manila by a few hours. But it is a well established rule of military law, accepted the world over, that a peace armistice or cessation of hostilities does not become binding upon commanding officers until they receive actual notice of it.

Defending Augustin's Fight.

The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, Berlin, explains that the Kaiser's Augusta, which brought away General Augustin from Manila, left the harbor after the surrender of the city and asserts that the Spanish officers were allowed to go free, so that General Augustin could add to his slaughter by Augustin: "Wenn Admiral von Dieder-

The Spaniards Surrendering.
A special from Santiago de Cuba says: At Baracoa 625 Spanish soldiers and officers have surrendered, with 1,200 rifles and 200,000 cartridges, and at Sagua de Tannama 872 soldiers and officers with one Krupp gun, 1,670 rifles and 208,000 rounds of ammunition to Major Riley. Major Riley carried 20 tons of food, 100,000 cartridges, 200,000 shells, 60,000 tanan, 60,000

Inmates Still Giving Trouble.
The authorities at Santiago are finding great difficulty in maintaining discipline in the city. The inmate soldiers are causing much trouble, and though the city is being patrolled by the Eighth Illinois Regiment, colored, it will be necessary to supplement them with a special organized police force.

To Enforce Law and Order.

The State Department, in reply to a despatch from Admiral Dewey and Gen. Merritt, asking for instructions as to the manner of dealing with the various elements, particularly the insurgents, has instructed them to enforce law and order and to treat all law abiding citizens alike.

Attempted Assassination.

An attempt has been made to assassinate Robert Bagman, Second Georgia

Volunteers, at Tampa. In defending himself Bagman shot and mortally wounded his negro assailant, James Jackson. Bagman recently received a anonymous note informing him that he would be killed if he did not cease his attentions to a young lady of this city.

northeast of Moscow. The city work house was destroyed, the inmates jumping from the windows, many being killed and many more injured. Thirteen bodies burned to a crisp have been found in the ruins and many of the inmates are still unaccounted for.

Senator Davis Accepts.
Senator Davis, chairman of the Senate committee on foreign relations, has accepted the tender of an appointment as a member of the Spanish-American

Read in the Cabinet Council.

Despatches were read in a recent meeting of the French Cabinet from President McKinley and the Queen Regent of Spain thanking the President and government of the French republic for their good offices in promoting peace negotiations. M. de Case added that the governments of Washington and Madrid, desiring to give France a proof of their high esteem and confidence, has selected Paris

as the scene of the negotiations for the final treaty of peace.