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The Messenger.

VOL. III. NO. 20

MARION, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1898.

5 Per Year in Advance

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ARMY AND NAVY DOINGS.

MOVEMENTS OF OUR ARMY AND NAVY

The Santiago Invader
 The Army Left Tampa.

SPANISH CHAMBER MEETS.

Spain's Chamber of Deputies met in session at Madrid on September 7. The Chamber assembled here for the opening of the Senate. The speaker read a letter from Senor Sagasta, Senator from Porto Rico, in which he urged the summons to attend the opening of the Chamber. Senor Sagasta, in the course of his address, alluded to the future and read a decree of the government to present to the Chamber a draft of a law concerning the ministers to renounce their offices under the conditions stipulated in the peace treaty between Spain and the United States. The President of the Chamber proposed a secret discussion of the decree, and despite the protests of some Senators, the Chamber proceeded to discuss the decree. Senor Sagasta, in his speech, alluded to the future and read a decree of the government to present to the Chamber a draft of a law concerning the ministers to renounce their offices under the conditions stipulated in the peace treaty between Spain and the United States.

SILVER FACTIONS CLASH.

British Vice Consul at Candia Burned by Mussulmans.

British Vice Consul at Candia, Crete, of Sept. 7 says: The British Consulate at Candia, Crete, has been burned by Mussulmans. The British Vice Consul at Candia, Crete, has been burned by Mussulmans. The British Vice Consul at Candia, Crete, has been burned by Mussulmans.

LI HUNG CHANG DEPOSED.

Governor Pingree Hooted Down While Attacking Secretary Alger by G. A. R. Men. 10,000 Dervishes Killed.

BRITISH VICE-CONSUL BURNED.

How the Disturbance Originated—Twenty Killed and Fifty Wounded.

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10,000 Dervishes Killed.

The British War Office has received a dispatch from General Sir Herbert Kitchener, the commander of the Anglo-Egyptian forces, dated from Omdurman saying that over 500 Arabis, mounted on camels, were dispatched after the fugitive Khalifa Abdullah. The general added that the Dervish leader was reported to be moving with such speed that some of his wives had been dropped along the road followed by him. The Dervish says, "Officers have been counting the Dervish number of dead found as about 10,000. From the number of wounded who have crawled to the river and town, it is estimated that 16,000 were wounded. Besides the above between 300 and 400 Dervishes were killed in Omdurman when the town was taken. I have as prisoners between 3,000 and 4,000 fighting men."

EIGHTEEN FOR ANNEXATION.

Serious Rioting in Candia Between English and Mussulmans.

Spain Wants to Send Gun Boats to Manila. Insurgents Not Crad to Their Prisoners To Establish Bots.

THE POPULIST CONVENTION.

The middle of the road Populists met in Cincinnati and reorganized the People's party, renewed its former declaration of principles and nominated its national ticket two years and two months in advance of the date of the election. The object of this early action was to hold off any such fusion as that of 1896. While the radicals controlled the convention they could not carry out their program without a bolt from the Northern delegates. The Western and Southern delegates nominated Wharton Barker and Ignatius Donnelly, and declared the principles of the reorganized party. The Eastern States were not represented. It was the smallest and least important convention on record, one of over 7,000 words.



KHALIFA ABDULLAH.

Polavieja's Revolt.

A special from Madrid, says General Polavieja, the former captain general of the Philippine Islands, has issued a manifesto, in which he says that while America was never a political ally, he "cannot any longer hearken to the sorrows of my country without protesting." The general asserting that he has received numerous calls to place himself at the head of a neutral party, adds: "The Spaniards are cotton and the principle cause of the country's troubles."



GENERAL SIR HERBERT KITCHENER.

Insurgents Not Crad to Their Prisoners.

Admiral Dewey was recently called upon to investigate reports that the Spanish prisoners taken by the insurgents in the Philippines were subjected to cruel treatment. A cable message was received from Admiral Dewey saying that the story probably originated from the fact that insurgents were unable to meet the wants of the sick Spanish prisoners, owing to a lack of physicians and medical supplies. He said he had been unable to find any proof of acts of cruelty on the part of the insurgents.

To Establish Banks.

F. Dumarest, J. D. H. Luce and W. H. Lathrop, representing Boston firm of De Ford & Co., which has been appointed the government's fiscal agent in Porto Rico, will establish banks at San Juan and Ponce. They believe the United States government will eventually return the Porto Rican currency, which the local banks are trying to maintain close to par at an arbitrary price. It is valued approximately at \$1,000,000.

What Spain Wants.

The Spanish government has requested of this government the privilege to send a few small gunboats to certain of the Philippine islands, where the insurgents are particularly active, with a view of maintaining Spanish sovereignty there. It is understood that the request will be granted.

To Ransom the 5,000 Spanish Prisoners.

The Spanish cabinet has authorized the Foreign Minister, Amador de Buijo, to negotiate with the Philippine insurgents to ransom the 5,000 Spanish prisoners now in their hands, and it has been decided to transmit money to Manila for that purpose and for the relief of the Spanish troops, which are urgently in need of funds.

THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

The South.

Senator Tillman was banqueted in the Hotel Wentworth, at Portsmouth, N. H., recently. The Central of Georgia Railroad has decided to pay 2 per cent interest on first preferred income bonds. There were 35 cases of yellow fever reported in Orwood, Miss., Sept. 8, also 25 suspicious cases in Meridian, Miss.

The North.

Twenty-one deaths were reported in New York city recently, due to the excessive heat. In the regular biennial Vermont election recently, the Republicans elected their entire state ticket, headed by Edward C. Smith, of St. Albans. The custom house receipts for San Francisco, Cal., for August amounted to \$567,241, the largest for a single month in the records of the department. The city of Pana, Ill., has been placed under martial law. The sheriff took this step in order to prevent a clash between the striking coal miners and negro laborers. The Democratic State convention of New Hampshire adopted a platform expressing admiration for and confidence in Wm. J. Bryan. The War Department is accused of incompetency, and territorial expansion is opposed. Fire at New York City totally destroyed the East Side Boulevard Horn Building, Bond and Berry works, estimated a loss estimated by the owner of the building at \$200,000, and by the police at \$65,000. The works employ 200 girls. Israel Zangwill, the most prominent Hebrew in literature since the time of Sholem Aleichem, has arrived in New York. He will visit Washington and other cities before returning to England. The committee representing the Royal Yacht Club has issued a formal challenge to the New York Yacht Club for a series of matches with the yacht Shamrock against any one yacht or vessel constructed in the United States or America for the American cup, subject to the deed of gift and condition agreed upon.

Miscellaneous.

Sixteen miles of track was washed away on the F. C. & P. Ry. during the recent storms. Foreign countries owed us a net balance of \$615,000,000 as the result of last year's commerce. The steamer Del Norte arrived at Seattle recently from St. Michael with a cargo of iron ore. Some of the crew were injured by the rough weather. Two of the Del Norte's passengers had gold dust amounting to about \$50,000. The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a call offering to redeem the balance of the bonds, amounting to \$14,004,569, issued to the Pacific Railroad. The expenses of the Postoffice Department last year were \$83,000,000. The receipts were \$82,000,000. This year it is expected the receipts will reach \$100,000,000, breaking all records. A freight train ran into an open switch at the long bridge, South Washington, recently and Fred Freeman, fireman, and Brakeman Cooper were instantly killed, while Engineer Harmon was fatally scalded. During the past fiscal year the United States exported \$1,302,153 worth of typewriting machines, \$8,546,529 of bicycles, \$1,116,394 of sewing machines and \$2,770,203 of scientific and electrical instruments. Mrs. Clara Barton, of the Red Cross Society, has returned to America, after distributing a shipment of provisions in the country around Havana. Not only does Admiral Dewey regard the work he has yet to do in the Philippines as of more importance than any counsel he might convey at Washington or Paris by word of mouth, but he also urges upon the Navy Department the necessity of sending a battleship and an armored cruiser to re-enforce his squadron at Manila. The Baldwin Locomotive Works recently shipped 40 locomotives for the Chinese Eastern Railway, and 25 more are being built at the works for the same road. Returns for the six months ending July 1 show that the value of living animals imported into Great Britain for food was \$4,496,349 (\$27,000,000), as compared with \$5,578,567 (\$27,000,000) in the corresponding period last year.

Foreign.

The British Cruiser Cleopatra sank the Norwegian schooner Lively near Haven Island. The Cleopatra put 18 blue jackets on the schooner in an effort to save that vessel, but she foundered so suddenly that six of the blue jackets were drowned. In the 50-kilometre cycling race at Paris, Bonhours, the Frenchman, beat C. W. Miller, the American cyclist, by 150 meters. The coronation of Queen Wilhelmina, at Amsterdam, was a notable occasion. There were over 200,000 people in the streets and around the palace. Two earthquake shocks were felt in Santiago Sept. 24. The first, which occurred at 2:15, was of unusual severity and shook every house in the city. The frightened people ran out into the streets. The second shock, which was lighter, occurred just an hour later.

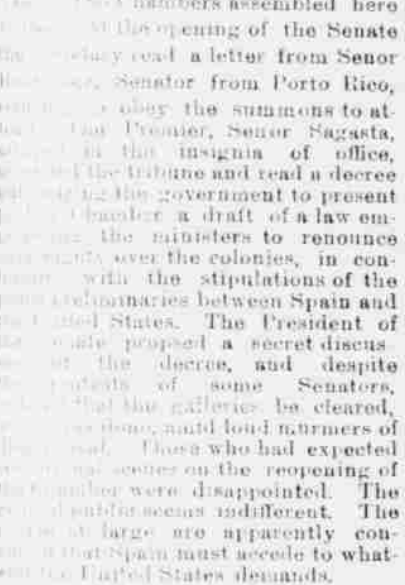
Stock-raising in the South.

No Section of Our Great Country is Better Adapted to This Industry. All that great region of country lying south of the Potomac and east of the Mississippi river, and admirably adapted to stock raising. This section comprises the great States of Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida, Tennessee and Kentucky. This is a domain imperial in extent, inexhaustible in material resources, and as fertile in soil as it is genial in climate. Under proper conditions this section ought to be the richest and most prosperous section of the United States, and if the movement now in progress is carefully followed in its logical conclusion, the statement made above will come to be a "glittering generality" and become a tangible and practical reality. Generally speaking the Southern farmer has heretofore devoted much of his land to the raising of cotton and tobacco, and while these staple products generally find a ready market, they do not, unfortunately for the farmer and planter, command such prices as remunerative to the producer. Both of these crops are more or less extensive of the soil, and this is more particularly true by continuous rains, boll worms and rust. The Commissioner of Agriculture of Alabama, after a trip through the eastern and southeastern portions of the State, reports the cotton crop damaged by heavy floods. Baltimore is about to send a pioneer commercial expedition to Cuba and Porto Rican ports to test the advantages to be derived from trade with the West Indies under the new conditions which will prevail therein with the change of ownership. The Commissioner of Agriculture of Alabama, after a trip through the eastern and southeastern portions of the State, reports the cotton crop damaged by heavy floods. Baltimore is about to send a pioneer commercial expedition to Cuba and Porto Rican ports to test the advantages to be derived from trade with the West Indies under the new conditions which will prevail therein with the change of ownership.

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MAP OF THE NILE REGION.



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