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# The Messenger.

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The Messenger
Prints the News
and is sought after by the people of McDowell, Yancey, Buncombe, Rutherford, Burke and other counties in Western North Carolina, and is therefore a
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## THOMAS F. BAYARD DEAD.

Passed Quietly Away at the Home of His Daughter.

### AN AMERICAN GUARD KILLED.

Santiago's Civil Government; Cubans Being Appointed—New Jersey Democrats—Three Jumped to Death.

Dedham, Mass., (Special).—Thomas F. Bayard died at 4:30 Wednesday afternoon at Karlstein, the summer cottage of his daughter, Mrs. Samuel D. Warren, after an illness of six weeks. His death was without pain. His wife, his two daughters, Mrs. Warren and Miss Florence Bayard, and his son, Thomas F. Bayard, Jr., saw him draw his last breath, and the third daughter, the Countess Lauenhaupt, was on her way to Dedham. A consultation of physicians was held August 26th, and they agreed that Mr. Bayard was suffering from arterio-sclerosis and a general breaking down, incident to age. He suffered no pain to any noticeable degree and the chief tendency was to sleep.

Thomas Francis Bayard was a distinguished member of an eminent family. Since long before the Revolutionary war, the Bayards have been conspicuous in the country's history as patriots and statesmen, and acquired military fame. He was born in Wilmington, Del., October 29th, 1828, and was a younger son. He began life as a clerk in a mercantile establishment, but abandoned this and studied law, being admitted to the bar in 1851.

When the civil war began Mr. Bayard was pursuing his profession. With the first mutterings of war the people of Wilmington set about establishing means of self protection. A militia company was organized and Thomas F. Bayard was elected its first lieutenant. In June, 1861, the famous peace meeting of citizens was held at Dover, and Lieutenant Bayard was one of the principal speakers. He denounced the war, and his remarks on that occasion were quoted in later years as an argument against his availability as a presidential candidate. Meanwhile Mr. Bayard's popularity in his native State kept growing rapidly, and in 1868 he was elected to succeed his father in the United States Senate, and was subsequently twice re-elected. It is noteworthy that on the day he was elected for the full term, his father, who had resigned, was re-elected a Senator to serve for the unexpired part of his original term. This is the only case of a father and son being voted for by the same legislature to fill a senatorial office. Almost at the outset of his senatorial career Mr. Bayard took a leading position on the Democratic side. In October, 1876, Senator Bayard was married to Louise, daughter of Josiah Lee, a Baltimore banker. Twelve children were the result of the union.

When the Democratic convention was held in 1880, his friends rallied in force to secure his nomination for the presidency, and such was their strength and the popular feeling for him that on the first ballot he stood next to Hancock, who was elected on the second. In the Democratic convention of 1884, at which Mr. Cleveland was nominated, Mr. Bayard received the next largest vote to the successful candidate on the two ballots which were taken. In March, 1885, Mr. Bayard was appointed ambassador to the Court of St. James, and served during Mr. Cleveland's second term. Mr. Bayard's first wife died during the first year of his term as Secretary of State. Four years later he was married to Miss Mary Clemer, of Washington, who survives him.

### An American Guard Killed.

A Porto Rican, at Aguadilla, near Aguagnez, asked protection of both the American and Spanish troops against depredations by outlaws which it was predicted would occur. In response to his request the American authorities sent to his residence two soldiers of a Kentucky regiment, who arrived there after dark. He had not notified the Spaniards that he had requested American protection, and some Spanish soldiers who had been sent to guard the house arrived after the Americans, and mistook the latter for outlaws. In the confusion resulting the Spaniards fired, unfortunately killing one of the Americans.

### The New Jersey Democrats.

The Democratic State convention, held at Trenton, nominated for Governor ex-Gov. Leon Abbett, of New Jersey, Elvin W. Crane, ex-Surrogate of Essex county, and adopted a platform which in a measure supports the Democratic national platform. The convention, however, declared a proposition to specially endorse the platform adopted by the Chicago convention of 1896. The silver men accepted the situation gracefully.

### Knocked Corbett's Hat Off.

Tim Hughes, "Kid" McCoy and James J. Corbett, whose match has many backers, met in the Gilsey House lobby in New York and McCoy knocked Corbett's hat off, and then, while Corbett was held by his friends, struck Corbett in the groin. He then went out of the side door, away from the crowd. Corbett was taken to his room and a doctor summoned.

### The Olivette Raised.

The Plant steamship Olivette, has been successfully raised at Fernandina, Fla., and work will be commenced at once to put her in shape to be towed to the dry dock. The Olivette sank at the quarantine station some time ago, while taking on coal.

### Santiago's Civil Government.

The system of civil government established by General Wood at Santiago is now practically complete and in good working order. Major McCleary, formerly Attorney General for Texas, and a Spanish scholar, has been appointed to that place and the Spanish officials are giving place to Cubans. General Wood says he does not know the capabilities of the men taking office. They have been by a committee of 50 Cubans whom he believes to be honest and conscientious.

## THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

### The South.

Rev. G. E. Morrison was convicted of wife murder and sentenced to be hung at Vernon, Texas, recently.

Burt Berme, of Memphis, Tenn., won the first prize of $250 in the 18-hour bicycle race at the coliseum in Baltimore.

Colonel Briscoe Gerard Baldwin, who was chief ordnance officer on General R. E. Lee's staff, died in Bryan, Texas, recently.

Ballots from the Democratic congressional primaries in the Seventh Tennessee district show the renomination of Congressman N. N. Cox by 1,200 majority.

If the mining property located in Fulton county, Georgia, by D. O. Stewart, of Atlanta, turns out one-half as much gold as the average assays already made, citizens of the capital city will have a Klondike in their backyards, and Cripple Creek will have found a worthy rival.

M. J. Bobley, a constable, in an attempt to arrest Oscar Lovitt, a 20-year-old negro, in Princess Anne county, Va., on a warrant charging Lovitt with burglary, was shot in the head and almost instantly killed by Lovitt, who used the revolver for the stealing of which the warrant was issued.

### The North.

A freight train was held up near Elyria, Ohio, and the conductor robbed.

Three men were killed in a freight wreck on the Mobile and Ohio railroad near Cairo, Ill., recently.

Fannie Davenport (Mrs. Melbourne McDowell) died at her summer home, Melbourne Hall, in Duxbury, Mass., of enlargement of the heart.

Plans have been approved for a new Methodist Book Concern to be erected at Chicago. It is to be a double building, nine stories high and a basement of steel frame and fire proof.

Three men, suspected of the recent robbery of the Missouri Pacific train out of Kansas City, have been arrested. It is said that between $10,000 and $20,000 was secured by the burglars.

John M. Toucey, formerly general manager of the New York Central Railroad, and one of the country's leading railroad men, died at Fishkill Landing, N. Y.

In the 20 round contest at the Greater New York Athletic Club Eid Lavigne won the $5,000 purse by defeating Frank Erne.

Thomas J. Mackey, who is said to be an ex-judge of the Circuit Court of South Carolina, was arrested in Philadelphia recently on the charge of bigamy.

A congress of mothers, under the auspices of the national organization, will be held in Omaha, October 8, 9 and 10, at the invitation of the Trans-Mississippi exposition.

The administration Republican convention of Montana was held recently and nominated a congressman and judicial officers. The platform does not include the words silver and gold.

Dr. Jose Congosto, secretary general of Cuba, arrived in New York recently from Havana. Dr. Congosto says there are six thousand sick soldiers in Havana alone.

Barring, Star Counter, Joe Patchen and John R. Gentry had a match race at Readville, Mass., track and Patchen won in two straight heats. The first heat was in 2.04½ and the second in 2.04.

Mayor Van Wyck, of New York, has declined an invitation to deliver an address at the Omaha Exposition on Mayors' Day, October 10, on the ground that his official duties will not permit of his absence from the city.

There is uneasiness felt in San Francisco on account of the non-arrival of the transports Senator, Ohio and Indiana, which are overdue from Manila. The former is thirty-five days out and seven days overdue. The Zealand, which left Manila two days later, passed through a typhoon.

### Miscellaneous.

Gen. Lee visited Washington recently in response to a summons from the War Department.

Col. W. J. Bryan had a slight attack of malarial fever while in Washington and was confined to his bed several days.

Two representatives of the Filipino government arrived in Washington recently to confer with President McKinley.

The report of the financial committee of the Scottish Rite Masons showed its balances were all on the surplus side, including an item of $181,000 in the investment fund.

There has been a shrinkage of over $3,000,000 in the value of the common stock of the American Tobacco Company within the last ten days. The bulk of this loss has been sustained since the negotiations for the purchase of the big Drummond plant, in St. Louis, Mo., became public.

The tobacco President McKinley smokes is said to be a mixture of Virginia, Havana and Perique. He has recently forsaken cigars and taken up the pipe.

Secretary Alger has returned to Washington. The Secretary made a verbal report to the President on the inspection of the army camps, which he has just concluded.

The steamer Alameda has arrived at San Francisco from Australia with three million dollars in gold consigned to several banks there.

The largest room in the world, under one roof and unbroken by pillars, is at St. Petersburg. It is 620 feet long and 150 wide. Its roof is a single arch of iron. This room is used for military displays, and a whole battalion can maneuver in it.

The British sailing ship Hollingsworth was burned at sea recently.

### Foreign.

The Japanese government has decided to negotiate a foreign loan of $50,000,000.

An American company, styled the "Island of Cuba Real Estate Company," has opened business on Obispo street, Havana.

The largest existing library is the national library at Paris. It contains forty miles of shelving, holding 1,400,000 books.

## COL. ROOSEVELT NOMINATED.

Roosevelt Received 753 and Black 218 Votes.

### PEACE COMMISSION MEETS.

First Session Devoted to the Internal Affairs and Systematizing the Working Force—A Bank Building Demolished.

The Republican convention at Saratoga, N. Y., nominated the following ticket: For Governor, Theodore Roosevelt, of Oyster Bay; Lieutenant Governor, Timothy L. Woodruff, of Kings (re-nominated); Comptroller, Wm. J. Morgan, of Erie; Secretary of State, John T. McDonough, of Albany; State Treasurer, John B. Jaeckel, of Cayuga; State Engineer, Edward A. Bond, of Jefferson; Attorney General, John C. Davis, of Oneida. The following committee was appointed to be an advisory board for the State committee: Thomas C. Platt, Chauncey M. Depew, Frank Hiscock, Edward Lauterbach, and Frank S. Witherbee. The nomination of Black and Roosevelt were seconded by a number of delegates, and then Elihu Root, who had been substituted as a delegate in the convention, was called to the platform by the chairman and made a long statement tending to show the eligibility of Mr. Roosevelt to hold office. The roll call began at 7:15 p. m. and was concluded at 7:41. The vote was announced as follows: Roosevelt, 753; Black, 218. The financial plank declares for the gold standard. The administration of Governor Black is commended.

THE VOLCANO VESUVIUS.
(This terrible phenomenon is threatening the surrounding villages by its outpour.)

### Guns for New Battleships.

The Navy Department has recently placed orders for forgings for guns of calibers ranging from 4 to 12 inches to supply the new battleships, and in a short time the navy yard factory will begin to turn out ordnance embodying radical changes in gun construction and much more powerful than guns of the same caliber now afloat on our ships. The advent of smokeless powder has aided to make the changes possible. The new 12-inch gun will be as effective as the present 13-inch gun in range and striking force. The new gun will send its projectile at the enormous velocity of 3,600 feet per second, which is about 50 per cent. greater than the velocity of the present 13-inch shell.

### Where America is Winning Her Way.

The United States consul at Vienna in a report to the State department on the trade of Austria-Hungary for 1897 ascribes the general decrease in exports to this country to the fact that the same goods are now manufactured in the United States and can be sold at the same or lower prices than the Austrian goods. The report is that American silk is being sold in Lyons, the real silk centre of Europe, and the French manufacturers are buying it in large quantities, especially that used for lining purposes, to take the place of that formerly imported from Austria and Germany.

### The Reason Why.

The impression is daily gaining credence that the so-called "secret" which influences each war minister to oppose the revision of the Dreyfus case at any cost, is the appalling fact that a majority of the general staff was leagued in the corrupt and traitorous practices of which Dreyfus was the only scapegoat. The disclosure of the humiliating truth would incite the outraged Frenchmen to revolution.

### Schwarzkoppen May Tell What He Knows.

According to the London National Review, if France requests, Germany will permit General Schwarzkoppen, formerly German military attache in Paris to reveal all he knows regarding the Dreyfus affair. The National Review's article indicates that much of the information published in London by Mr. Conybeare and others really emanated from Gen. Schwarzkoppen and Colonel Panizzardi, the Italian military attache in Paris.

### Flames in a Cotton Mill.

Fire broke out in the spinning room of the Fort, Mill S. C., Manufacturing company, and Superintendent Galligan says the damage by fire and water will probably amount to $15,000.

### Color Photography.

Color photography has been made a final success by a Chicago man. The process of using an ordinary camera and in one-fifth of a second accurately photographing all of the brilliant hues of a flower garden, all the contrasts in green of a landscape, all the wonders of a summer sky, the jewel upon your finger, the ribbon at your throat, the stripes in your clothes, the decorations of your hat, the bouquet on your lapel, is now a reality.

### A BANK BUILDING DEMOLISHED.

The Robbers Used a Tremendous Charge of Dynamite.

A special from Frankfort, Ind., says: The boldest and one of the most successful bank robberies that ever occurred in this section of the State was perpetrated at Flora, a small town, ten miles north of this city. The bank is a private corporation, with Wm. Lannum acting as cashier. He was awakened by the noise of a terrific explosion, which shattered the windows in his residence, 50 yards from the bank. Getting up and going to the bank, which is a brick building, he found the entire building demolished. As he started inside he was fired upon by some unknown party with a shot-gun, the charge taking effect in his face and blowing out one eye. The noise of the explosion aroused the town and a great crowd collected. It was soon learned that the bank safe had been blown to pieces with dynamite, pieces of it having been blown across the street. Cashier Lannum will probably die.

### The Peace Commission.

PARIS, France, (By Cable).—While the reception accorded the United States peace commissioners here is all that could be desired, and while the French Foreign Office has taken pains to treat the American and Spanish commissioners in precisely the same manner, it must be admitted that the general atmosphere in Paris, especially the diplomatic atmosphere, does not incline toward America. It is the general impression here that the American commissioners have instructions to provide for the retention of Manila and the island of Luzon, "and for a commission to pretend to negotiate is a farce," said a prominent diplomat. The commission for the first time since its appointment met as a body for two hours, in the drawing room of the Continental Hotel. The morning and afternoon sessions of the United States peace commissioners were devoted to the internal affairs of the commission and to the systematization of the working force.

### Dreams of Death.

A circumstance in connection with the funeral of Miss Winnie Davis, which has created much interest and no little discussion in Richmond, was told by Mrs. Davis to an intimate friend. Immediately preceding her departure for Atlanta last July to attend the Confederate reunion, Miss Winnie had a dream of a distressing character in which she was the central figure, and her surroundings were those of the valley of the shadow of death. Mrs. Davis also had a dream. It occurred a few days before starting for Narragansett Pier. Mrs. Davis says she dreamed she was in some place unknown to her; there was a great commotion and stirring of people which she could not understand. She asked a hurrying passer-by the cause of the excitement, and he replied, "Winnie Davis is dead."

### The Revision Denounced.

The Right Party Senators and Deputies, at a meeting held in Paris, passed resolutions denouncing the revision of the Dreyfus case. A deputation of twelve members of the Right party was appointed to present the resolutions to President Faure, but he refused to receive the deputation on the ground that the procedure was unconstitutional.

### Circus Train Wrecked.

Sells Bros. and Forepaugh's circus train was wrecked at Wilsondale, W. Va., on the Norfolk & Western Railroad. James Doyle, of Philadelphia, and Harrison Kipps, of Virginia, were fatally injured. P. Forepaugh was seriously hurt. A car with elephants rolled down an embankment, and the animals were injured, but none were killed.

### British Commander Tells French to Leave.

The London Daily Telegraph's Cairo correspondent, says: "Gen. Kitchener found the French at Fashoda. He notified Major Marchand that he had express instructions that the French must retire, and offered them passage to Cairo. Major Marchand absolutely declined to retire unless ordered to do so by his government. Gen. Kitchener hoisted the Union Jack and the Egyptian ensign, and left as a garrison the Eleventh and Thirteenth Soudanese battalions and the Cameron Highlanders to protect the British flag. Col. Jackson commands the garrison."

A Vienna correspondent says that Emperor William recently repeated his conviction that Dreyfus is innocent.

### Coaling Stations in the South.

As a result of the inspection of the special board appointed by the government to determine the need of additional coaling stations for the navy, a report has been made favoring several on the South Atlantic and Gulf coasts. It is estimated that the cost of every station will range from $100,000 to $200,000, and that they will have a capacity of from 5000 to 20,000 tons of coal, with the necessary machinery for hoisting it and conveying it to vessels.

## NEW TRIAL FOR DREYFUS.

France Said to Have Recognized the Filipino Republic.

### COLUMBUS GOING TO SPAIN

Great Destitution Among the Cubans in Tampa, Fla.—Big Victory of Soudanese Sharp Shooters—Spain's Instructions.

PARIS, France, (By Cable).—At a meeting of the cabinet Monday, all the ministers being present, a decision was taken in favor of a revision of the trial of former Captain Dreyfus, and the documents in the case will be sent to the court. The Minister of Justice sent the court the petition of Madam Dreyfus, wife of the prisoner of Devil's Island, for revision of her husband's case. The city is excited and the bourse is in a disturbed condition. Conservative papers, however, counsel the people to remain calm. It is doubtful if the action of the cabinet is popular among the masses, particularly the country people, who, it is pointed out, "still cling to the plea of the honor of the army." The crowds of people outside the Ministry of the Interior, where the cabinet council was held, loudly cheered the ministers and there were shouts of "Vive Brisson!" "Vive Riscon!" It is understood that M. Brisson literally wrung consent from the cabinet for a revision, after a remarkable display of eloquence and personal influence, and the stormiest scenes.

### Columbus Going to Spain.

HAVANA, Cuba, (By Cable).—The official exhumation of the remains of Columbus took place in the presence of General Blanco, Secretary Govin, the civil governor, the bishop, the dean of the cathedral and other authorities. The general public was ordered out of the cathedral and no one was allowed inside after that. The entrance to the cathedral was guarded by a force of osden publico which kept back the crowds which assembled in front of the edifice. The remains of Columbus had reposed in their resting place since January 1796, when they were brought from Santo Domingo, that island having been ceded to France by Spain. Since the date mentioned the remains had been kept in an open niche in the wall of the presbytery of the cathedral, a yard and a half above the ground, between a pillar supporting the main arch and the choir.

### Great Destitution Among the Cubans.

Senor Rivera, the Cuban sub-agent at Tampa, has been visiting Secretary Quesada, of the Cuban delegation at Washington, for several days. He brings word of extreme distress among the Cubans in and about Tampa. He says about 63,000 of them are anxious to return to Cuba and begin work, but that they are destitute and unable to make the move. Secretary Quesada receives similar reports concerning the condition of General Gomez's men.

### Spain's Instructions.

Duke Almodovar de Rio, Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, states that the Spanish peace commissioners have been instructed to contend strongly for the integrity of Spanish sovereignty in the Philippines, on the ground that the protocol between Spain and the United States was signed before Manila capitulated; and also to make a firm stand regarding the Cuban debt and the Philippine loan of 1886, if Luzon is ceded to America.

### Have Recognized the Philipino Republic.

A special to the London Globe from Hong Kong, says it is learned from a trustworthy Filipino source that France has promised to recognize the Filipino republic, and it is added that negotiations on the subject are proceeding at Manila, where there are two French warships.

### Lynching in Tennessee.

A mob of 100 men overpowered the Jonson county, Tenn., jailor and took John Williams, the negro who seriously stabbed Sherman Dunn and raped Mrs. Mollie Shelton in that county, from the jail and hung him to a tree about one mile back of the town of Mountain City.

### Big Victory of Soudanese Sharp-Shooters.

An official dispatch from St. Louis, Senegal, French West Africa, to the French government says a force of Soudanese sharp-shooters, in the French service, commanded by Lieut. Woolfel, has defeated an army of Solas, under one of Somory's chiefs, capturing 5,000 men and seizing 300 Gras rifles and quantities of ammunition. It is added that the French force had one sharp-shooter wounded.

### The Last Stronghold Taken.

A special from Suakim says the only organized remnant of the Khalifa's army was defeated and its last stronghold, Gedarif, captured after three hours hard fighting, when an Egyptian force numbering 1,300, under command of Col. Parsons, routed 3,000 Dervishes of whom 500 were killed. Three British officers were wounded and 37 Egyptian soldiers killed and 50 wounded.

### In Opposition to L. A. W.

The American Cyclists' Union was formed as an opposition racing association to the League of American Wheelmen, at a meeting held in Trenton, N. J., in which a number of the star racers took part.

### Bronze Tablet to Memory of Winnie Davis.

At a meeting of the vestry of St. Paul's church, Richmond, Va., permission was granted for the placing of a bronze tablet to the memory of Miss Winnie Davis in the wall of the church beside the memorial window of her father.

### The Row is About Pig Tails.

The London Daily Chronicle's Tien-Tsin correspondent says the Emperor provoked the existing crisis by an edict introducing European dress and abolishing pig tails.

### EDUCATION IN GUILFORD.

This County is Fast Becoming the Leading County in Good Schools.

Guilford county is fast becoming the leading county of the State in respect to good schools. She has more well equipped institutions of learning now than any other county. First in order comes the State Normal and Industrial college with 500 boarders, and Dr. Chas. D. McIver as president; Greensboro Female College, with 200 girls, and Dr. Dred Peacock president; Guilford College, with 200 pupils, and Mr. Hobbs, president; Oak Ridge Institute, with 250, and Messrs. J. A. and M. H. Holt, proprietors, and Whitsett Institute, with 300, and Dr. W. T. Whitsett, principal. These are schools for white students. There are two colored schools, the Agricultural and Mechanical College, with 300 pupils, and Rev. Jas. B. Dudley, president, and Bennett College with 200. In all there are 1,750 and they bring to the county about $8,500 annually. Besides these boarding schools Guilford county has two splendidly equipped graded schools—one in Greensboro with 900 children, and with Mr. G. A. Grimsley as superintendent; the other at High Point, with 500 children, and Rev. Geo. H. Crowell as superintendent. The graded school building at High Point is the finest school building in the State. This is the only county in the State with two towns having graded schools. The public school term throughout the county is about four or five months and will be seven or eight months as soon as the townships in the country follow the lead of Greensboro and High Point by voting a local tax to supplement the fund arising from the State tax.

### A Bold Negro.

Some weeks ago an incident occurred within four miles of Hickory that was not reported to save the feeling of the young lady, but since so much has been reported of a like character, it is well to let the truth be known for the safety of the girls in the country. The family were working in a field near the public road, within sight of the house except the eldest daughter, who was left to clean up the house and take care of her grandmother. While the girl was busy in the kitchen the old lady locked the door of her room and slipped off to a neighbor's house. A strange negro man appeared at the kitchen door and ordered the girl to give him something to eat. She told him there was no food cooked and she had not begun to get dinner. He told her to cook something or he would kill her. She made biscuit and fried meat and gave him milk. While she prepared the meal he sat in the yard, doubtless watching the road with the intention of leaving at the approach of any passer. When he finished eating the girl asked him where he lived. "Where I please, my home is in the woods." He went off and the girl found for the first time that she had, indeed, been at his mercy, as her grandmother was not in the house as she supposed.

### Felled the Highwayman.

Arthur Miller, a young man from the vicinity of Hickory, was traveling on his bicycle to Conover, when a negro sprang from the roadside and hauled him. Mr. Miller was confronted by a pistol and a demand to hand over his money. He coolly answered that he had but 10 cents with him, but would give him that. Dismounting he fumbled in his pocket. The negro expectant, lowered the pistol, when Mr. Miller delivered a mighty blow on the head of the robber, which felled him to the ground. Thereupon Mr. Miller gave him a justly deserved beating. The pistol had fallen from the negro's hand and Miller threw it into the bushes as far as he could, mounted his wheel and sped away.

### Southern Purchases 12 New Engines.

The Southern Railway has recently purchased twelve new engines, all of which weigh 150,000 pounds. Eight of them have already been put in service. The four yet to arrive are expected in a few days. When it is known that the average engine ranges in weight from 60,000 to 100,000 pounds some idea of the immensity of these new iron horses of the Southern can be gained.—Salisbury correspondence to Charlotte Observer.

### A New Cotton Mill.

The citizens of China Grove, Rowan county, are elated over the prospect of securing another cotton mill for their enterprising town. The Messrs. Odell, of Concord, have purchased 30 acres of land there and contemplates building a large mill at an early date.

### Odd Fellows Will Build.

The Seaton Gales Lodge I. O. O. F., of Raleigh, has purchased the store building on Fayetteville street occupied by G. N. Walters, the tailor, at public auction. The price paid was $8,100. The lodge will tear down the present structure and erect a handsome new building. The first and second stories will be devoted to store rooms and offices and the third story will be used exclusively by the lodge.

### To Add 5,000 Spindles.

The Henderson Cotton Mills, of Henderson, will add from 3,000 to 5,000 spindles to its factory. The company will erect, in order to accommodate the new machinery, a building two stories high, and the product will be yarn and cloth. The company's present mill is operating 7,000 spindles and 204 looms thus the addition will give it 10,000 to 12,000 spindles as total equipment.

### Tarheel Notes.

It is understood that the name of the Centennial public school at Raleigh will be changed to the Vance School, in memory of the great Governor; and it is the plan to name the new white school the "Wiley," in honor of Calvin Wiley, the noted State superintendent of education.

A new postoffice, Kent, is to be opened five miles from Charlotte, on the Salisbury road. Mr. T. F. Rogers was sworn in as postmaster.

It appears that at last a campaign is to be made against the "blind tigers" which have their lair in East Raleigh. For years these have violated the law by Sunday sales of liquor.

The First National Bank of Statesville, in the statement of its condition, makes an excellent showing. It shows individual deposits subject to check, $196,450; time and demand certificates, $40,500.

### NORTH CAROLINA CROP BULLETIN.

Cotton Short of the Average. Tobacco Practically All Cut and Cured.

The final word on cotton is that the yield will be short of the average. There is very little top crop. Cotton is nearly all open in the south and more than half open in the north portion of the state, and picking is progressing rapidly, with some scarcity of hands. A few correspondents report the yield better than expected. The crop is apparently being brought to market and sold as soon as ginned. Except the damage in south and west portions by rotting and floods, corn has given a fair yield; some has been hauled. Tobacco is practically all cut and cured in two or three counties. The quantity saved was large, the quality of early cures fine, of late cured much to poor. Fodder has all been gathered; considerable hay remains to be mowed. Rice is being cut, with fine yield. Digging peanuts, saving field peas, making sorghum molasses, mowing, fall plowing and seeding progress favorably. The rain helped turnips, oats and rye. Orchards are in good condition for seeding.

### Beer at 4 Cents a Pound.

There is a barroom in Jersey City for the employes of the American Sugar Refining company, where beer is sold by the pound, at a trifle over four cents a pound, that is 25 pound for $1. A pound is considered equal to about two and one-half ordinary glass.

### Japanese Minister Resigns.

A special from Yokohoma says Minister of Justice Ohgashi will resign because of the agitation among the members of the bench and bar against his unfitness for the office he has been holding. The agitation in favor of the State purchase of railroads continues.

### A Banker in Trouble.

Luke Usher, former president of the defunct First National Bank, at Potsdam, N. Y., has been placed on trial in the United States supreme court, before Judge Coxe, at Buffalo, on charges of misapplication of the bank's funds, amounting it is said to about $100,000, and of misrepresenting facts as to the bank's affairs in his report to the State banking department.

There has been an outbreak of smallpox in the California regiment at Manila, but only six cases of a mild type have been reported.

The hermania wheat crop and exports it is estimated will yield 5,000,000 quarters; average yield for five years past, 5,750,000; exports, 2,000,000 quarters. Average export five years, 5,000,000.

The London Daily Mail says the Rothschilds will loan Spain four or five million pounds on the security of silver mines when the treaty of peace shall have been signed.

Gen. Maximo Gomez, some time since, arrived at the camp of General Rojas, in the Sabi Cuba province. Gen Gomez gives emphatic denial to the published reports that he has presented his resignation as commander-in-chief of the Cuban army.

Senor Castellar, Spanish Republican leader, has received an anonymous letter bearing the Barcelona postmark informing him that he has been selected as a victim by the anarchists.

A special dispatch from Bogota says the Colombian government has reconsidered the decree recently issued, severing diplomatic relations with Italy, and the Papal nuncio is now recognized as representing Italian interests in the absence of the Italian minister.

The Cairo correspondent of The London Times says it is certain that there are no Abyssinian troops on the upper Nile.

Watership Anat Co.

The [illegible] building has replaced the [illegible] Forest [illegible] of a [illegible] [illegible] nearly

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