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Buy this Cigarette and Save Money

STOP THAT ACHE!

Don't worry and complain about a bad back. Get rid of that pain and lameness! Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Many Marion people have used them and know how effective they are. Here's a Marion case.

Mrs. F. H. Proctor, Court St., says: "Some few years ago kidney trouble came on me and I think too much heavy work is what brought it on. My back ached a great deal and this took the life and ambition out of me. When I bent over a sharp pain would shoot through my kidneys, I was dizzy and often I could hardly stand. Black specks floated before my eyes, too. Mornings I was lame and sore and felt tired. I had nervous headaches, my ankles swelled and my kidneys were out of order. I got Doan's Kidney Pills at the Streetman Drug Co. and they rid me of the complaint in a short time. My back felt like new and continued use entirely relieved me."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Proctor had. Foster-Milburn Co. Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

CALOMEL GOOD BUT AWFUL TREACHEROUS

Next Dose May Salivate, Shock Liver or Attack Your Bones.

You know what calomel is. It's mercury; quicksilver. Calomel is dangerous. It crashes into your bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.

If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money.

Don't take calomel! It makes you sick the next day; it loses you a day's work. Dodson's Liver Tone straightens you right up and you feel great. No salts necessary. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and can not salivate.

STOCK OF GOODS FOR SALE

Take notice that the undersigned will, under and by virtue of an order entered in the matter of Gouge Brothers, Bankrupt, on the 12th day of August, 1922, at 2 o'clock p. m. at the store room of the M. L. Good Store at Sevier station, McDowell County, N. C., offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash all that stock of goods, wares, merchandise, fixtures and furniture of Gouge Brothers.

The sale will be subject to confirmation by the court.

This the 1st day of August, 1922.
T. W. WILSON, Receiver.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION BRYSON-SNYDER-LACKEY, OLD FORT, N. C.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, J. Logan Lackey, has purchased the interest of Holmes Bryson and C. A. Snyder in the partnership of Bryson-Snyder-Lackey, of Old Fort, N. C., and is to receive all accounts due said firm and assumes all indebtedness of said firm, and said Holmes Bryson and C. A. Snyder are no longer connected with the firm. Business will hereafter be conducted under my name alone.
This July 13th, 1922.
J. LOGAN LACKEY

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of J. W. Edwards, deceased, late of McDowell county, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against his estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 3rd day of August, 1923, or this notice will be plead in bar thereof. All persons indebted to said estate will please make payment to the undersigned at once.
M. J. EDWARDS, Admr.
J. W. Edwards, dec'd.

TUBERCULOSIS FIGHT IS GAINING GROUND

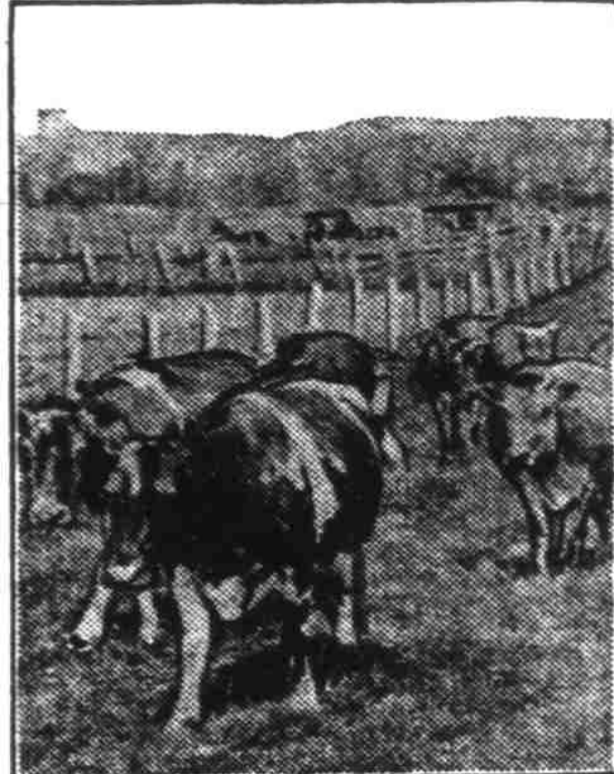
Interest in "Area Plan" Developed in Many States.

Valuable Supplement to Accredited Herd Work Which Has Resulted in Eradication of Many Head of Tubercular Cattle.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In addition to systematic eradication of cattle tuberculosis by the accredited-herd plan, interest in the "area plan," as it is called, has lately developed in many states, according to the report issued by the United States Department of Agriculture describing progress during March. The eradication of tuberculosis under the comprehensive plan generally includes a county as a unit and all the cattle in the county are tested. The report shows that in states where the eradication work was concentrated in certain localities in an effort to wipe out the disease entirely, a great many more animals were tested than in states where the area plan is not yet followed to any appreciable extent.

In one month, Nebraska, working on the area plan, tested 21,000 cattle. A number of other states made high rec-



Ar. Accredited Herd of Cattle.

ords as a result of the concentration of effort in a few counties. During March, Michigan tested 19,817 head; New York, 13,070; Missouri, 12,799; Indiana, 11,933; Wisconsin, 11,788; Iowa, 11,250; and Tennessee, 8,455. The total number tested in all the states during the month was 228,779.

The area plan of testing is a valuable supplement to accredited-herd work which has resulted in the eradication of many thousand head of tubercular cattle and the establishment of more than 13,000 herds accredited as free from the disease.

There are now more than 305,000 accredited cattle in the country; over 1,250,000 tested once and found free of tuberculosis; more than 2,133,000 under supervision; and about 408,000 on the waiting list. Wisconsin leads in number of accredited cattle with 36,188, and Minnesota follows with 33,759. However, the rate at which the work is going on in some other states, these two will have to keep very busy to stay at the top.

THE REUNION AT RICHMOND.

In behalf of the Veterans of McDowell county, I wish to return the thanks of all to the County Commissioners for their liberal contribution of the fare to Richmond. This was a disinterested kindness which will be remembered.

We also wish to thank Mr. Potest, the treasurer, for his kindness and indefatigable aid in getting our tickets, and seeing us off to the reunion.

(I have been away, and sick part of the time, or this would have appeared sooner.) John M. Houck.

"It is nearly forty years ago that the doctor told me I must say goodbye to life. I did not like the idea a little bit and sent for a bottle of the Balsam, thus postponing my farewell address to some future date. The Balsam stands alone, giving instant relief. Recommended by Davis Pharmacy.

KNOW NORTH CAROLINA.

FOREST PROTECTION.

North Carolina with an area of 21,000,000 acres still contains approximately 19,500,000 acres of forest lands.

Roughly speaking, three-fourths of the mountain section, one-half of the piedmont, and two-thirds of the coastal plain region are still in woods. There is probably a slightly larger area growing softwoods, chiefly pine, than growing hardwoods. Much of this forest has been so cut and burnt for generations that there is little or no growing timber on the land and only slight prospects of any returning, unless fires are kept out.

The U. S. Census figures show that more than 50 per cent of the average North Carolina farm consists of woodland, yet most of this area is yielding less return per annum to the owners than it was twenty-five years ago. The demand for lumber, ties, poles, pulpwood, veneer, cordwood, etc., increases rapidly from year to year. Our furniture industry, the largest in the South, is having to go further and further for its supply of hardwoods and much of our building material is now coming from the extreme South and even from the Pacific Coast States. Prices are high now and undoubtedly will be higher. We must put our idle land to work.

How can we regenerate the forest which is already destroyed and keep productive that which is to be cut?

Several steps will probably be necessary with those lands which now contain no profitable stand of timber. Some may have to be planted to trees again; other lands may be seeded from surrounding trees and the young growth gradually form a forest. A prerequisite to every forestry operation, however, is the prevention of fires. Forest fires have destroyed at least one million dollars' worth of property in North Carolina per annum for many years past, and only recently has the area burned over each year begun to decline. The hopelessness of trying to secure adequate young growth to produce a profitable crop of timber with fires running over the area every year or two must be apparent to all. It is no use planting or providing seed trees or encouraging young growth if fires are to come along and destroy it. Both the State and Federal Governments are agreed that forest fires must be prevented and they are now starting out in earnest to do this. The counties are being asked to cooperate with the state in forest fire prevention and a number of them are taking up this work in earnest. The people are also being urged to do their part by being more careful in the use of fire. Only when all interests work together for fire prevention can the forests of the state yield satisfactory returns.—N. C. Geological and Economic Survey.

RULES FOR CORRESPONDENTS.

1. Write only on one side of paper.
2. Leave blank line between each item of news.
3. Do not number your items.
4. If you report a visitor to your section tell where he is from.
5. If some one in your section makes a trip tell where he goes.
6. Do not report the neighborhood visiting.
7. Be sure to report all deaths, marriages and meetings of various kinds of interest in the community.
8. Send news when it is news. Do not wait until everybody knows it anyway.
9. SIGN YOUR NAME.

Farm women enrolled in agricultural extension poultry clubs last year raised 2,083,127 standard-bred chickens. They received for chickens and poultry products sold, \$1,617,047.83, in addition to the supply produced for home use.

CANDIDATES NOMINATED FOR THE 1923 GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Raleigh News and Observer.

Thirty-seven members of the 1921 General Assembly have been nominated by their respective counties and districts for the 1923 General Assembly, according to a list of nominees compiled by Henry M. Lonon, legislative Reference Librarian.

Seven Democrats and one Republican member of the 1921 Senate have been re-nominated for the Senate while twenty-one Democrats and three Republicans of the House have been re-nominated for that body. Three of the 1921 Senators will probably this next year sit in the House while two members of the House of 1921 will sit in the 1923 Senate.

Among the Senate nominees are the following seven Democrats who were members of the last Senate: Long of Halifax, Varner, Woodson, Sams, Delaney and Mendenhall, while Senator Dewar, of Cherokee, is the only Republican member of the last Senate to be re-nominated. Three members of the last House have been nominated for the Senate. They are Messrs. Fountain, Bellamy and Woltz.

The following 21 Democratic members of the last House have so far been re-nominated: Everett of Durham, Everett of Richmond, Cox, Mamliton, Wright, Whitaker of Guilford, Whitaker of Jones, Townsend, Dawson, Quickel, Moore, Pharr, Person, Matthews, Ross, Graham, Brown, Murphy, Taylor of Vance, Martin and Connor. Messrs. McBee, Cowles and Gibbs are the only Republican members of the last House who have been re-nominated. Two members of the last Senate will be in the next House, to-wit: Senator Paul Jones, of Edgecombe, and Senator W. H. S. Burkwyn, of Northampton.

In the last Senate there were 11 Republicans out of the total membership of 50. Since the re-districting, it is probable that there will be only 5 or 6 Republicans in the next Senate. The 23rd, 24th, 28th, and 30th districts are strongly Republican, while the 29th (Aleghany, Ashe and Watauga) and the 33rd (Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Macon and Swain) are both close. Should both of these last two districts elect Republicans, the membership of the next Senate will stand: 44 Democrats and 6 Republicans.

NEGRO TAXPAYERS.

The negroes of North Carolina have right around one hundred ten million dollars of taxable wealth on the county tax lists; which is nearly exactly five times the total in 1910. On an average the state over, they pay one dollar of every twenty-five paid into the local tax funds of the state. They pay nearly nothing into the state treasury to support state departments, state institutions, and state enterprises; so (1) because their individual properties and businesses are small, and (2) because legal exemptions in North Carolina are so large as to relieve them of taxes on inheritances and personal incomes. The same is true of taxes on negro corporation incomes. The exceptions are notable but they are very few. The automobile registration fees they pay cover the largest contribution they make to state support. Their per capita taxables in 1921 averaged \$135, against \$34 in 1910.

Their gains in taxable wealth in recent years have been made mainly in the town and city centers of the state. Very few negro tenants moved up into farm ownership during the last census period in North Carolina—only 834 all told, against an increase of more than five thousand farms by white farm owners.—University News Letter.

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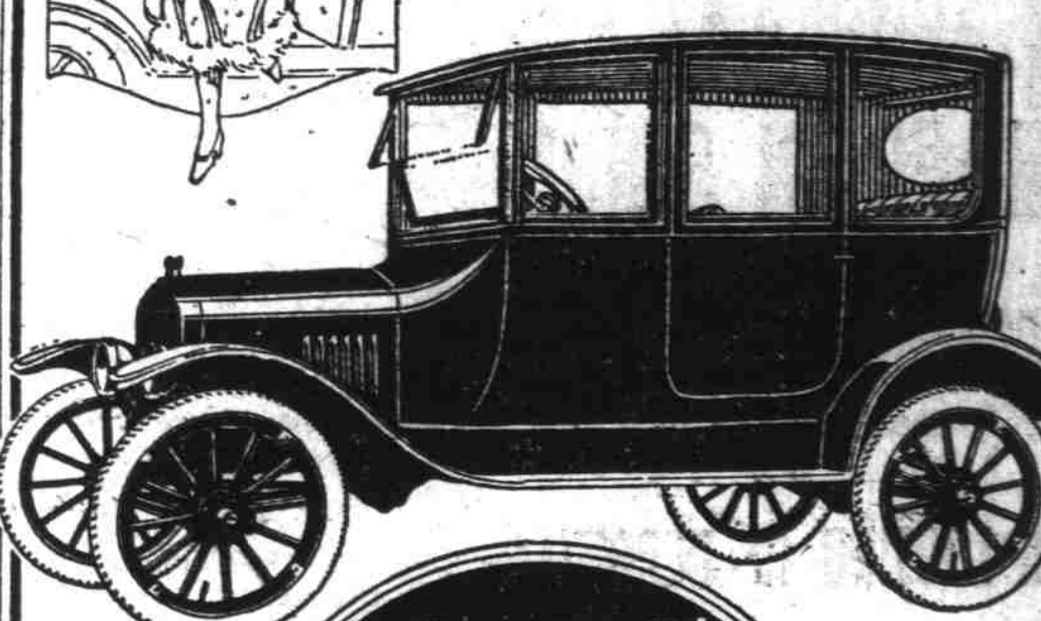
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To know what our public officials are doing, and how they are performing the duties for which we pay them.

To know what our schools are doing, and how our young people are being guided and trained in the ways of knowledge.

To know what our farmers are doing, and what they are planting and harvesting.

To know what the churches are doing, and how they are conserving the morals of the community, and extending the doctrine of righteousness.

To know the state of health of the community, and of the weddings, and of the children who are born, and of the people who die and pass beyond.

To know of the public improvements that are made, and of those that should be made, and of the general condition of civic affairs.

To know of the political affairs of importance to the community and its people.

And to know of the thousand and one other things that find their way into these columns in the run of a year.

Much knowledge may be gained by the expenditure of that \$1.50.

Better send it in today, brother, lest tomorrow you miss something that would have been worth many times its cost to you.

THE MARION PROGRESS

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