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Commis

sioners.

MAXTON, N. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1890.

\$1.00 A YEAR

TOWN DIRECTORY.

B. F. McLEAN Mayor. H W McNATT O. H. BLOCKER, W. S. BYRNES. W. J. CURRIE,

A J BURCK, Town Marshal.

LODGES.

KNIGHTS OT HONOR, No. 1,720 meets on second and fourth Wednesday's at 7.30 P. M. J. B. WEATHERLY, Dic-

tatorr B. F. McLEAN, Reporter. Y. M. C. A., meets every Sunday at 7.30 P. M. WM. BLACK, President.

MAXTON GUARDS, WM. BLACK. Captain, meets first Thursday nights of each month at 8 P. M. CHOSEN FRIENDS meet on second

and fourth Monday in each month. Argus Shaw, Chief Counselor; S. W. Parham, Secretary and Treasurer. MAXTON LODGE, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIYS, meets every Friday night,

except first in each month, at 8 o'clock. ROBESON COUNTY BIBLE SOCIETY Rev J A Smith, President; E K Proctor, Jr., 1st Vice Pres.; Dr J. D Croom, 2nd V P.; A D Brown, Sec y; Wm Black, Treas, and Depositary; Ex Com. Rev H G Hill, D D, L S Townsend, D P McEcchern, J O Gough, H McEcchern; Auditing Com., E F McRae, O H Blocker and B D Caldwell.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. Rev Joseph Evans, Rev H G Hill, D D, Rev J & Black. Rev O P Meeks, Rev J F Finlayson, Jos McCollurn, Duncan McKay, Sr. J P Smith, N B Brown, Dr J L McMillan. AUDITING COMMITTEE.

J P Smith, D H McNeill, J A Humphrey Place of next meeting--Lumberton, N. C. Time of next meeting-Thursday, May 30th, 1889, at 11:30 o'clock a. m. Bibles and Testaments can be purchased of Wm. Black, Depository, Maxton, N. C.,

All churches and Bible Societies in the county invited to send delegates. Forward all collections to Wm Black, Treasurer, Maxton. N C.

CHURCHES. PRESBYTERIAN, REV. DR. H. G. HILL, Pastor. Services each Sabbath at 4 P. M. Sunday School at 16 A. afternoon at 5 o'clock. METHODIST, REV. J. W. JONES

Pastor, Services each Sunday at 11 A. M. Sun-day School at 9 30 A. M. MASONIC.

MAXTON LODGE A. F. & A. M. meets 1st Friday night in each month at 8 P. M. GENERAL DIRECTORY OF ROBESON COUNTY.

Senator, J. F. Payne. Representatives, / T. M. Watson. D. C. Regan.

E. F. McRae. W. P. Moore, B. Stancil, Commissioners, T. McBryde. J. S. Oliver,

C. S. C., C. B. Townsend. Sheriff, H. McEachen. Reg'r Deeds, J. H. Morrison, Treasurer, W. W. McDairmid.

J. A. McAllister Board of Education . " J. S. Black, J. S. McQueen, Supt. Pub. Instr'n, J. A. McAlister. Coroner& Supt. of Health. Dr. F Lis R

There are 5000 insane people in the city of New York, the New Orleans Times-Democrat asserts, and experts on insanity say that the ratio of lunatics is increasing much faster than that of the population.

Again has a young woman carried off the honors in an intellectual competition. The Boston Herald recently offered two scholarships of \$800 and \$400 to be paid in four annual installments to the graduates of 1890 who should write the best composition on one of a number of subjects. The winners are as follows: First prize to Miss Silvia Clark, of Pinkerton Academy, Derry, N. H., for her composition on Hawthorne's "House of Seven Gables;" second prize to Albert E. Thomas, of Brockton, Mass., who took for his topic Coleridge's poem, "The Ancient Mariner."

The law in Minnesota which require 'that the execution of a murderer shall take place between midnight and dawn was enforced for the first time in the case of William Brodker, who was hanged shortly after midnight recently at Pine City. The Minnesota law-givers seem to have desired, remarks the Chicago Post, to add gloom and solemnity to a ceremony most gruesome at best, but the hour must a very inconvenient and untimely one for the murderer himself. Every attentive reader of the accounts of executions knows that a baby never enjoys balmier and sweeter slumber than a condemned murderer the night before he is to be hanged. He also knows that he takes a very excellent and hearty breakfast in the morning. The refreshing sleep and the hearty breakfast are always the features of the few hours that precede an execution. But under the new law there is no such enjoyments for the murderer in Minnesota. He will go to bed after supper, be called up in the middle of his sleep and be hanged on an empty

stomach

NEWS SUMMARY.

PROM ALL OVER THE SOUTHLAND.

Accidents. Calamities, Pleasant News and Notes of Industry.

VIRGINIA.

It is proposed to hold a national convention of business men in Richmond, The annual temperance bush meetings

in Loudoun are now in session, and several extra coaches are attached to the trains to accommodate the crowds going there.

The Odd Fellows' Association, o Petersburg, held a meeting and decided to build a hall to cost \$23,000. It is to be three stories high. There is to be five stores on the first floor running back one hundred feet. The two outside stores, north and south, will have a secon '-story fifty-six feet long. On the second floor there will be ten offices handsomely furnished; on the third floor there are to be two lodge rooms. Work on the building will be commence ed about the first of September next.

A gentleman from Southampton coun ty, says that the crops there are the finest that have been made in twenty years, and will be very abundant.

The school census of Chesterfield county ggregates slightly over six thousand. There is an increase of forty over the last census. In the Powhite district the school population has increased over two handred.

that a deed has been filed in the chancery court by the Richmond & Petersburg Railroad C . mortgaging to the Central Trust ('o. of New York the road, rolling stock and depots, to secure payment of bonds to the amount of \$1,000,000 and interest. These bonds were issued by th company for double-tracking the road from Richmond to Petersburg.

The State of Virginia to-day present half a dozen illustrations of conditions which that many years age would have been considered impossible. It is true M. Prayer meeting every Wednesday | there were a few who bel eved that de velopment of Virginia's resources and the construction of new railroads would eventuate in the creation of new industrial centers; but the man who might then have been so bold as to prophesy that half a dozen towns, which had prac tically been at a standstill for a generation, would before the close of the century spring into new life and grow like certain Western municipal prodigies were then growing, his prophecy would have been branded as chimerical and visionary.

NORTH CAROLINA.

The much talked of encampment Confederate Veterans at Blowing Rock, Watauga county, took place on Thursday, Friday and Saturday and attracted an immense crowd of old soldiers and visitors.

The following postmasters have been appointed in the state: Benj. F. Doyall, Powell's Point; H. B. Willis, Edge wood, Robeson county.

A little ripple was created in Morgan ton commercial circles last Monda morning by the announcement that Mi J. L. Anderson, dealer in boots and shoes, had made assignment. Mr. D. J. Hicks is made assignee.

The Confederate Veterans of Mecklet. burg Camp held their annual picuic in Charlotte Thursday and it was largely

In a drunken row near Morganto. Dave Brittain was fatally stabbed, it : charged, by his cousin John.

The preliminary examination into th homicate Saturday, wherein Officer Wil ham Hogue shot and killed a colored man named Jones at Raleigh closed and Hogue was held without bail to answer a chage of marder at the September term of the superior court.

Rev. Sam Jones has written a letter announcing that he will commence a se ries of meetings in Wilmington on September 25th, and will continue ten day or longer. Many doubted whether or not Mr. Jones would accept the invitetion to go to Wilmington, as violent op position to his coming has been expressed by some of the local ministers there

At Morehead City, on Wednesday, th North Carolina Tobacco Association closed its fourth annual session by the election of Capt. J. S. Lockhart, of Durham, president; W. C. Reid, of Oxford.

first vice-president; and Garland E. Webb, of Winston, secretary.

George Law, mate of the schooner James Ponder fell verboard and was drowned Friday night at Wilmington

Investigation of the recent murder of Sam Potter, in Greene county, has brought light the existence of White Cape in that neighborhood. One man testified to having received a letter on the day Potter was killed signed, "Captain of White Caps." Potter was an immoral and odio s character, and had rereived two or three notices to leave.

SOUTH CAROLINA. A charter has been granted to the Anderson Ginning and Manufacturing Company. Capital stock \$25,000.

J B Lisle attorney, of Columbia, has bought a hill at Landrum, whereon he proposes to erect a hotel.

Congressman Elliott has succeeded in keeping in the sundry civil appropria tion bill an appropriation of \$75,000 for the construction of a first class fog s g nal and light ship at Martin's In lustre, off Port Royal harbor.

The census returns from Centre town ahip, Richland courts, have for some reason not sta ed been r i-cted by Super-

visor Delavan Yates and Manson J. Wil liams, colored, has been appointed to retake the census therein. His commission is for this work in a portion of the northern division of the township, but he says that the whole has been rejected. He will be assisted by Green Jackson.

At sunrise the dead body of a well dr ssed and respectable looking white man was found lying in the road by the the side of the track of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad, between Graniteville and Vaucluse. The body has not been identified.

The Governor has pardoned C. P. Hand, who was convicted at the June. 1890, term of Court, for Lancaster county of forgery, and sentenced by Judge Wallace to imprisonment in the Penitenlary for one year. He also pardoned Daniel Black, who was convicted at the June, 1800 term of Court for Sumter county of assault and battery with intent to kill, and received from Judge Hud son a sealed sentence until November 14, 1890. He has respited Alexander Berry. who was convicted at the June, 1890, term of Court, for York county, of murder, and sentenced by Judge Wallace to be hanged August 15, 1890.

a pparently the vegetable fibre question is to be practically solved this season, and in this State. A Charleston compaby has built and equipped a factory, and has a field of ramie which promises well. The fibre is to be cured by the Panknin process. This factory is now manufac turing moss fibre, which finds a ready market in the North. Another South Carolinian is experimenting with an acre of okra for fibre purposes. The fi-A dispatch from Richmond, Va., says | bre of this plant is equal to the best of

TENNESSEE.

Tony Houston, an employe of the hattanooga plow works, was tragically and fatally injured. A steel drill five et long and one and a half inch in diameter, fell sixty feet, and struck his right shoulder, passing through the lung and impaling him on the rod. Physicians say he may live several days, but annot recover.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Reorgia Railroad Company has ordered amplete vestibuled trains to be built for operation on the through line from lacksonville to Cincinnati. The East fennessee is also preparing to build a cut-If to connect with the Cincinati Southrn, five miles east of Chattanooga.

S. S. Jerome, general southern agent I the Armour Packing Company stated t Chattanooga that he is authorized to expend \$200,000 to build a hundred ton the factory at Atlanta, to supply the store houses of the company at Atlanta, thattanooga, Knoxville, Augusta, Charleston, Savannah, Wilmington and Charlotte.

The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis sailway Friday decided on another cut in freight rates from all points on its ines to New Orleans and Texas points. Several days ago a reduction of 15 per cent, was announced, and now the rate cut below the medial line, what was charged a week ago. The demoralizaion is due to the rate cutting inaugurated by the Cromwell line of steamers from eastern points to New Orleans.

Will Jones, a negro convict from Shel-

v county, who has served about one salf of a ten year term for rape, is at the point of death in the hospital at the penitentiary at Nashville. His condition is the result of a wound inflicted by Will Allen, a white man from Haywood county, who is in for passing counterfeit mon y. Jones had reported some misconduct of Allen's to the foreman, and hearing of it Allen approached him, and after a few words stabbed him in the ief, side, near the heart, with a long keen chisel, which entered Jones's lett

The Standard Oil Company has leased for a term of 25 years the copper proper ty at Ducktown, and will commence or erating the mines about the first of September. According to all statements, these mines are very tich in copper. Owing to legal difficulties for the past 31 years, seriously affecting the title to the property, no one has felt disposed to operate it; but now that these have been settled it is said that the next legislature will authorize their base to the oil con pany for 25 years' time. This means the revival of a very important industry in Southeastern Tennesce.

GEORGIA

The Farmers' Alliance of Lincoln county will open a co-operative store at Lincolnton on October 1st with a capital of \$2,000. A board of six directors has been elected to manage the concerr. L. H. Pattillo was arrested at Augusta. under a warrant sued out by Chief of while climbing over the ship's to go | Police Twiggs before Magistrate Daves, charging him with the murder of Mr. Charles P. Hudson, whom he killed in a

street fight Saturday night.

The Atlanta elephant has arrived and formally introduced to the people of Atlanta by a great parade and show. She was bought at Hamburg with funds raised by the Constitution. Her permanent home will be in the zoological garden that is now being formed at Atlanta. A number of animals have already been secured and the citizens are already talking of our The Constitution's evening competitor, the Journal, has secured a tiger as its contribution to the collec-

tion of animals. The eleventh Georgia regiment held their annual reunion at Gainesville and a basket dinner was spread at Findley's Spring. It was a large and enthusiastic meeting, and was enjoyed by the old veterans to the fullest extent. The meeting was presided over by that grand old man, General Longstreet, and ex-Governor McDaniel made an address, which was cheered to the echo.

Two bales of the new crop of cotton were received at Hawkinsville. The first, grown by John D. Dupree, weighing 443 pounds, was classed strict low middling, and sold for 15 cents. The second bale was raised by Godfrey Love, colored, and brought 11 cents.

LeConte pear shipments from the southern part of the state are now nearing a close. The receipts show a handsome increase. The growers have received good and uniform prices the

season through. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlanta & West Point Railroad Company was held at their office in Atlanta. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: C. H. Phinizy, president. H. M. Abbett, secretury and treasurer. The following directors were chosen: D. N. Speer, Pat Calhoun, J. W. Green, W. B. Berry, A. E. Thornton, Jacob Phinizy. Mr. A. E. Thornton succeeded General E. P. Alexander as a director of the company.

FLORIDA

Unknown parties broke open the jail at Quincy on Tuesday night and released two murderers-Ollie Rice and Sam Edwards.

The town of Madison will sink an artesian well, J. A. Durst, of Crescent City, having the contract.

The Citrus County Hard Rock Phos phate Co. has been formed and incorporated with a capital of \$100,000.

The Jacksenville, St. Augustine and Halifax railroad company will build their machine shops at St. Augustice Ground will broken in a few weeks.

L. J. Haisdell, of Ocala, sold 934 acres of phosphate land in Marion, Citra and Hernando counties to J. A. Harris, of titra, for \$40,000. Summerfield parties purchased 1,000 acres of the rich "dirt" near that place.

The St. John's & Santa Fe Railway is projected to Jacksonville, a distance of 75 miles.

The new county court house at Meyers will have iron fronts. Green & Thompson are the contractors.

OTHER STATES.

Reports say that the rice crop in Louisiana is magnificent. At Point-a-la-Hache rice is heading and being cut.

The first Texas cotton bale sent north was sold at auction in Baltimore, and realized \$220, for the benefit of the Texas Orphan asylum at Houston.

The Louisiana State Alliance is sitting at Baton Rouge with closed doors.

When Montgomery, Alabama, granted the franchise to the Capital City Water Company it reserved the right to pur chase the system at the expiration of any term of five years from that date. The first term will expire next October. and the city council is now considering the question of buying. The city council his authorized a committee to ask for bids to pave Commerce street with belgian blocks. The franchise has been granted to P. B. Bibb and associates to construct and operate an electric lighting

Encampment N O State Guard.

In the encampment of the Second and Fourth Regiments, North Carolina State Guard, at Wrightsville last week, there were six hundred men in camp. The companies represented are:

Second Regiment .- Co. B, Lumber Br dge Light Infantry, Capt. J. D. Mal loy; Co. E. Maxton Guards, Capt. Wil liam Black; Co. A, Sampson Light In fantry, Capt. W. A. Johnson; Scotland Neck Riffes, no letter, Capt. G. S White, temporarily attached to the Sec ond Regiment.

Fourth Regiment. - Co. A, Statesville Capt. J. F. F. Armfield; Co. B, Lincoln ton, Capt. W. W. Motz; Co. C, Waynes ville, Capt. R. A. L. Hyatt; Co. D, Mon roe, Capt. W. C. Heath; Co. F. Asheville, Capt. Duff Merrick; Co. G. Con ord, Capt. J. F. Reid; Co. K, Dallas, Capt. W. F. Holland.

The Atlantic and Danville.

Immediately upon the heels of the news from England that Commodore | in legislation, and all aim to be strictly Bateman has secured sufficient funds for | non-partis in in their efforts. But it is the completion of of the Atlantic & clear that what is really a new factor in Danville to some point West, presuma- politics and in trade is being created, bly Bristol, comes another rumor that and that already it has developed gigan the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia ! tie proportions. has acquired the road. If true, this is a very important deal as it will give the East Tennessee its own line to the Atlantic coast. The statement is now advanced that Bristol will not be the western terminus, but that Johnson City, Tenn., is the favored place. The Comet, of Johnson City, says that the road will be constructed from Wilkesboro, N. C., following the Yadkin river to the top of and political aims of the Order. It is the Blue Ridge and crossing through Cook's Gap, strike the headwaters of the Wautauga, to Johnson City.

Nature's Hotel.

The most remarkable hotel in the world is in California, on the road between Santa Cruz and San Jose. It is a well-known fact that California possesses the largest trees in the world, and a shrewd hotel builder has conceived the idea of using a group of these mammoths, thus saving himself the cost of building or rent. The hollow trunk of one tree, whose circumference is about twentytwo yards, is arranged as a receptionroom, and the surrounding garden, sheltered by a thick roof of spreading branches, serves as dining-room and smoking-room. A number of other smaller hollow trunks make comfortable bed-rooms, furnished in the most ap proved style, and some trees at a little distance are occupied by the hotel staff. -New York Dispatch.

THE ALLIANCE.

ABOUT FOUR MILLION MEN GO INTO POLITIOS.

Origin, Organization and Growth of the Order .-- The Grange and Other Farmer Organizations and What They Are Doing.

In all the sudden seeking after the power of organization, which within a few years has marked a new industrial and commercial era, the farmer has been the last to adopt the idea of union with his near and distant colleagues. In business and in politics it has been persistently said that no combination of farmers could be effective because the great army of yeomanry is so scattered that it would scarce have more than the strength of individuals, no matter how united in sentiment and purpose its members might be. All manner of combinations of skilled and unskilled laborers, tradesmen and manufacturers have with ease accomplished purposes quite beyond their reach but for well organized cooperation, while the farmers looked on for years immovable. There has come to the farmers of the land within a few months a sudden conception that they might possess a power greater than that of any existing organization in trade or industry. They are trying the experiment of organization on a large scale, and the movement is fast attaining the dimensions of a political revolution.

It will be in the nature of a revelation to most people, even to the farmers themselves, that almost since yesterday about four millions of the veomanry of America have banded themselves together with a determination to become a united and potent factor in the politics and commercial affairs of the country. To-day their influence is just beginning to be felt in Washington and in the State capitals of the North and South, East and West. It is an open secret that these organizations, which are gaining in membership thousands daily, propose to dominate, if they can, the next national conventions of both parties, and to take an active part in national and State politics from now on.

The farmers' organizations which are now of national proportions are these: The National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, formed at St. Louis last year by the Union of the National Farmers' Alliance and Co-operative Union of America and the National Agricultural Wheel. Other Farmers' organizations have also been absorbed by the Alliance, and its growth within a year has been marvelous. Its officers at Washington say it has a membership of more than 2,000,000:

The National Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry; the oldest and best organized of farmers' association has more than 26,000 subordinate organizations distributed through all the States and

The National Farmers' League, a new and rapidly growing organization, is entirely political in its objects. It proposes to act in harmony with the Alliance and the grange, and to enteractively into every department of politics. Its membership in New York State is 40,000.

and all have joined within six months. The National Colored Farmers' Alli ance and Co operative Union is a South ern organization, with headquarters at Houston, Texas, and a membership, its officers say, of fully a million.

The Farmers' Mutual Benefit Associa tion has about 500,000 members, with Mount Vernon, Illinois, as headquarters.

The Northwestern Alliance, with headquarters in South Dakots, is strong in Kansas and neighboring. States, and is a similar organization to the National Farmers' Alliance first mentioned, with which it may consolidate.

The Patrons of Industry, with hea? quarters at Huron, Michigan has 90,000 members in that State and as many more in Illinois, Wisconsin, Indiana, Ohio and New York.

Only one of these organizations is avowedly political in its purposes, yet almost all propose to take an active part in policies henceforth. Most of them confine their political influence strictly to the protection of the farmers' interests

THE NATIONAL ALLIANCE. Before the next Convention of the

National Farmers' Alliance meets at Ocala, Fla., in December next, it is ex pected that fully 3,000,000 farmers will be enrolled in its membership, all pleaged to support the industrial, commercial only a few months since the name of the organization became known, but already it has become active at Washington and in half the States of the Union. The Alliance is really a combination of older organizations. A Farmers' Alliance was started in Texas in 1873, and also in New York about the same year. The Alliance started in New York spread westward as a non secret organization. and became a strong organization north of the Ohio river and west of Pennsylvania. The Alliance started in Texas was chartered as a benevolent association by the State in 1880, and as a secret organization it took on its period of rapid growth and development about the year 188s. In 1887 it had a membership in that State numbering over 100,000, and united with the Farmers' Union, at that time organized in Louisiana, 10,000 strong. These two o gan zstions asso ciated themselves together under the general laws of Congress regulating the incorporation in the District of Columbia as a national trade union under the

name of "The National Farmers' Alliance and Co-operative Union," and this Order completed its consolidation with the National Agricultural Wheel on the first day of October, 1889.

The Alliance is a secret organization, having its secret work in the manner of other semi-social orders. Its membership is not strictly confined to farmers, but it takes in the rural population. Both sexes are admitted to membership, with 16 as the minimum age. Only white persons are admitted in most States, and colored delegates are barred from the national council. The rules permit the admission of country doctors, preachers, mechanics and school teachers. Persons engaged in any of the following occupations are excluded: Merchants, bankers, brockrs, commission merchants, cotton, grain or produce buyers, lawyers, city doctors, preachers and school teachers, land agents, book agents, peddlers, canvassers, livery stable keepers and saw mill men; all dealers, speculators and gamblers, and any others whose greater interests do not harmonize with farming. When a person is engaged in farming and in addition thereto follows one of the occupations that are not admitted the rule is that he cannot be admitted, but the association is allowed to make some exceptions under conditions prescribed in the laws of the Order.

The purposes of the Alliance as offi

cially declared are these: "To labor for the education of the

sgricultural classes in the science of economic government in a strictly non-partisan spirit. To endorse the motto: "In things essential, unity; and in all things, charity." To develop a better state mentally, morally, socially and financially. To create a better understanding for sustaining civil officers in maintaining law and order. To constantly strive to secure entire harmony and good will among all mankind and brotherly love among ourselves. To suppress personal, local, sectional and national prejudices, all unhealthy rivalry, and elfish ambition. To assuage the sufferings of a brother or sister, bury the dead, care for the widows and educate the orphans; to exercise charity toward offenders; to construe words and deeds in their most favorable light granting Lonesty of purpose and good intentions to others, and to protect the principles

of the Alliance unto death.' The governing body is the Supreme ouncil, which is composed of delegates from the State organizations. The excontive officers are a president, vice president, secretary and treasurer. The subordinate Alliances seek to provide the mem ers with such social, educationa', and commercial advantages as can be gained by co-operation. They endeavor to secure the highest price for the produce raised for sale, and the lowest price on the commodities that must be purchased. Of the political m+thods of the Alliance one of its offi-

cial declarations is:

"Our political methods are strictly non-partisan and must ever remain so. ecause every candidate, before taking the pledge, is assured that it will in no way conflict with his political or religious views. All political parties are represented in our ranks and all are expected to work in their respective parties to secure a just recognition of the rights of the farmer. All questions in political economy will be thoroughly discussed, and when the Order can agree on a reform as necessary they will demand it of the Government and of every political party, and if the demand goes enheeded they will devise some way to enforce it. The most essential reforms must come from legislation, but that does not necessarily compel the responsibility of choosing candidates and filling the offices. Such a course may become necessary, but will not be resorted to under any other circumstances."

PRESENT GROWTH OF THE ALLIANCE.

The headquarters of the Alliance are on 9th street, Washington, where are the offices of the president, secretary and executive committee. The officers are: L. L. Polk, of North Carolina, president; B. H. Clover, of Kansas, vice president; J. H. Turner, of Georgia, secretary; H. W. Hickman, of Missouri, treasurer; Ben Terrell, of Texas, lecturer; C. W. Macune, cheirman of executive committee.

Following the examples of the Republican and Democratic Congressional committees the Parmers' Alliance has established a literary bureau in Washington, which will have a tendency to increase the uneasiness and discomfiture already felt by the Congressmen who are inimical to the theories advanced by this young but powerful organization. The bureau is located in an old and dismantled church on 9th street. and, although it is large and roomy, it has been found necessary to secure additional quarters in an adjoining building. In the old church the official organ of the Alliance is printed.

In the building adjoining the church are the headquarters of the Alliance, and it is said that from this building is mapped out the line of action, the results of which are designed to alleviate the condition of the suffering farmers all over this broad land. It is a busy place, although there is an air of mystery that pervades the sanctum of the high priest of this secret order. While the doors are open to every caller, and all visitors are treated with uniform courtesy, yet there is a feeling that there is a concealed goat or a butting ram, which tempers the action of the uninitiated. All of the important work is sent out from Washington. Lecturers and agents of the Order are constantly coming and going. They come in from a long tour, remain closeted with the secretary for a few moments, and then start out on another missionary trip.