

The Rutherfordton Tribune.

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RUTHERFORDTON, N. C. THURSDAY, JULY 4, 1901.

\$1.00 A YEAR.

STOPS PAIN

Athens, Tenn., Jan. 27, 1901.

Ever since the first appearance of my menses they were very irregular and I suffered with great pain in my back, stomach and legs, with terrible bearing down pains in the abdomen. During the past month I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Theodor's Black-Draught, and I passed the monthly period without pain for the first time in years.

NANNIE DAVIS.

What is life worth to a woman suffering like Nannie Davis suffered? Yet there are women in thousands of homes to-day who are bearing those terrible menstrual pains in silence. If you are one of these we want to say that this same

WINE OF CARDUI

will bring you permanent relief. Consult yourself with the knowledge that 1,000,000 women have been completely cured by Wine of Cardui. These women suffered from leucorrhoea, irregular menses, headache, backache, and bearing down pains. Wine of Cardui will stop all these aches and pains for you. Purchase a \$1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui to-day and take it in the privacy of your home.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Lingerie Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

A REMARKABLE CAREER.

Probably the Richest Colored Man in America a Visitor in Danville.

Probably the wealthiest colored man in America was in the city yesterday. He was born a slave in Henry county, 65 years ago. By ownership, his name would be Edward Abington, but like many others of his race, he preferred that of his slave father and took the name of Edward Dillard, "Dr." Edward Dillard, he having been a successful druggist in Chicago for several years of his wonderfully prosperous career.

The father and mother of the doctor were once owned by Captain H. C. France, and a sister of his was owned by Mr. J. H. Schofield. Dillard himself was owned by Mrs. Lucindy Abington, who still resides in Henry county.

Edward made his escape from slavery in 1863, passing through the hostile lines, made his way to Pittsburg, where he made \$2.50 a day shoveling pig iron and lived on 30 cents a day until he had saved up \$1,400, when he bought a horse and cart and began the peddling of coal, working in the day, and studying at night. Having added to his capital while in the coal business, he went to Chicago and opened a drug store. He employed a capable drug clerk whose business was to wait on customers and teach the proprietor the druggist's art. His establishment was burned in the great Chicago fire but he was saved from loss and made a little better off by an insurance policy for \$10,000.

He again opened up the drug business, but soon sold out for \$22,000 cash. He then went to Australia and embarked in the cattle business—raising, buying and shipping cattle. He would buy and ship as many as 5,000 head a month to Liverpool, making large profits on each shipment.

In the meantime, he had purchased, years before, a piece of suburban real estate, then near, but now in the heart of the city. Yesterday, he deposited with the Citizens' Bank two drafts on the Melbourne, Australia, bank for thirty-seven thousand dollars.

When he took his departure from Henry, a little more than thirty-seven years ago, he left behind him a son and daughter. His mission in Virginia was to find them. They had not heard from him for years. He readily found both living in Reidsville, N. C.

Dr. Dillard says he will not return to Australia, but will dispose of his holdings there and live and die in old Virginia.

He is an unassuming and well-mannered colored man and speaks of his old owners and their relatives with kindly veneration as "Marster" and "Missus" so-and-so. He said to a reporter of the Register "that the greatest fault of his race" was; "They do not know the value of a dollar; they will not save up. They can make it, but will spend it."

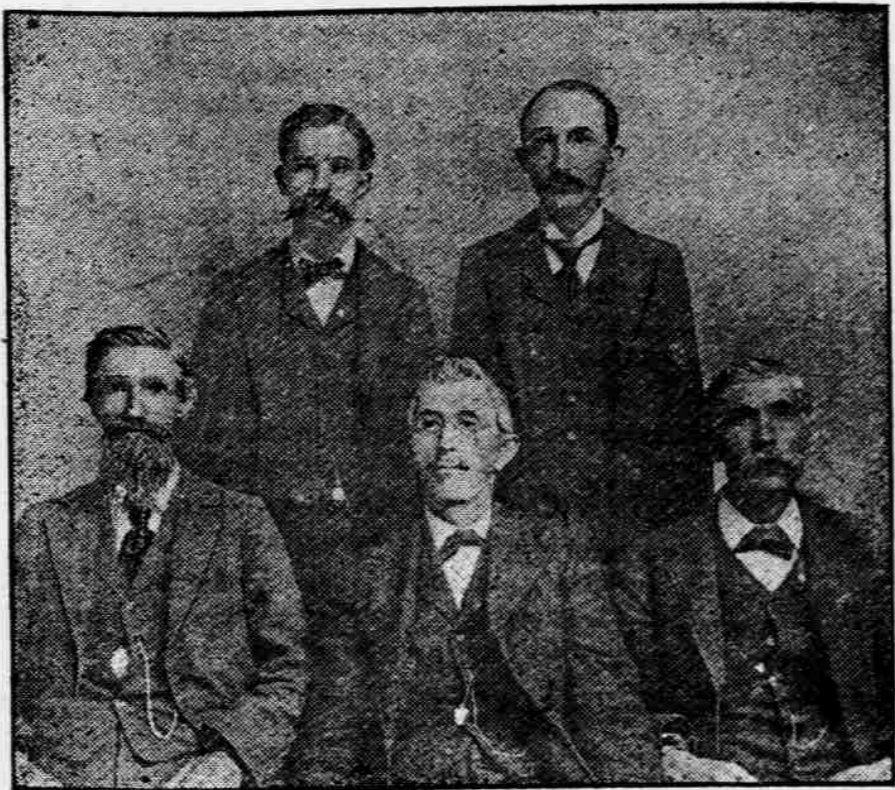
Dr. Dillard is easily worth between a quarter and a half million dollars. He expected to return to Reidsville with his daughter last night.—Danville Register, 25th.

Japan has just now enacted and unveiled a monument to Commodore Perry, of the United States navy, who opened that country to commerce with the world. North Carolinians will not forget that this was accomplished by the direction of a North Carolinian, Hon. Wm. A. Graham, then Secretary of the Navy. Commodore Perry was merely the agent in this great work. Its author, he who opened the ports of Japan and the eyes of its people, who set it in the path of progress which it has pursued with so great diligence, making it a world power and one of the greatest and most respected, was Secretary Graham, of North Carolina.—Charlotte Observer.

THE TRIBUNE is published every Thursday. Price \$1.00 per year.

FIVE OF THE CLERKS OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THIS CO.

From 1865 to 1902, Thirty-Seven Years; All Living and the Most Prominent Men in the County; All Reside Within Two Miles of Each Other; A Lawyer, a Preacher, a Banker, a Merchant, a Clerk of the Court.



T. C. SMITH. M. O. DICKERSON.
R. W. LOGAN. J. B. CARPENTER. J. F. FLACK.

Rev. J. B. Carpenter was born on the 14th day of June, 1836. He received his education in the common schools. He also attended the Olin High School in the county of Iredell. In 1861 he entered the Confederate service, but in October of the same year, he was discharged for disability. At the August election of 1862, he represented the counties of Rutherford and Polk in the legislature of North Carolina. In the year 1865, he was elected Clerk of the Superior court, which office he continued to fill creditably until September, 1874. Soon after, in the same year, he became a member of the Methodist church. In 1874 he became a licensed minister of the gospel, and has been an ardent, earnest preacher ever since. He became a member of the North Carolina Conference which met at Wilmington in 1875. He is now pastor of the East Rutherford Circuit, which charge he has had for more than three years. Before entering into the ministry, Mr. Carpenter was a practicing attorney, and the editor of a newspaper in this town. Mr. Carpenter is now a resident of this town, and is a strong supporter of secret societies and lodges. He is a Knight of Pythias, Odd Fellow and a Mason of the highest order, having climbed degree after degree, until he now stands at the Mystic Shrine.

Colonel R. W. Logan was born in Rutherford county on the 12th day of September, 1845, and with the exception of two years during which he resided in Mecklenburg county, he has spent his life here. He is a son of the late Judge G. W. Logan of this town, who at one time was one of the wealthiest and most influential men in the county. Colonel Logan was clerk of the Superior court for eight years, beginning in November, 1882, and ending in December, 1890. He was also a licensed attorney but owing to his political career, he gave very little time to the practice of his profession. After retiring from politics in 1890, he moved to his farm two miles west of Rutherfordton, where he now lives. For many years he has held the position of United States commissioner for this county, and was re-appointed a day or two ago. His mother was Miss Dovie A. Wilson, of Mecklenburg county, a descendant of Neil Morrison, who was a signer of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence of May 20th, 1775.

Joseph H. Flack was born in Rutherford county on the 31st day of July, 1856. He is a son of the late Major William Flack, who died a citizen of this county, thirty-six years ago. He received his early education from the common schools of the county, and afterwards, he attended Rutherford College, from which institution he graduated. Mr. Flack has held many positions and trust in his county, and in all of them he has shown himself a man of character and ability. In 1890, he became clerk of the Superior court in this county, and succeeded R. W. Logan. He was also chairman of the board of county commissioners for two years, cashier of the Levi bank for two years, has been secretary and treasurer of the Levi Cotton Mills, has served his third term on the board of aldermen for the town, and is now cashier of the Commercial Bank of Rutherfordton, which position he has

had a little more than a year. Mr. Flack is also prominent in the church and its work. He is superintendent of the Sunday School, and has been an elder in the Presbyterian church for more than fifty years. He is widely known and respected for his honesty and integrity all over the county in which he lives.

Thomas C. Smith, the third of the living clerks for this county, was born on the 3rd day of October, 1860, and was reared on a farm a few miles distant from the town of Rutherfordton. At the age of eighteen he entered the shoe factory of Miller & Co., which was being operated here at that time. From a mere apprentice learning his trade he finally became foreman and superintendent of the factory, which position he held until 1889. In 1890, he began manufacturing shoes on his own responsibility, and also opened a shoe store at that time, which he ran in connection with the other branch of his business. For five years or more he did a most successful business, and accumulated money. In November, 1894, he was elected clerk of the Superior court, in which capacity he served a term of four years with credit to himself and benefit to his country. As a church man he is prominent, having been an officer in the Baptist church here for eighteen years. Mr. Smith is a member of the Republican committee for the Ninth Congressional district, a good citizen, and a successful shoe merchant.

Marcus O. Dickerson, Jr., was born near Rutherfordton on November 6th, 1860, and now enjoys a term of office which will expire in 1902. His father, his father before him was clerk of the Superior court, for many years, and he himself, stands a good chance of being elected to his second term next election. He was in the revenue service for some time, and was postmaster here for four years. His father, Colonel M. O. Dickerson, besides being clerk of the court before and after the war, was captain of company C 34th regiment of North Carolina troops, captain in the Cherokee Indian war, Colonel in the State militia before the civil war, and was also sheriff of Rutherford and Cleveland counties. Mr. Dickerson, Jr. has many friends in the county and his popularity is steadily increasing all the time.

THE TRIBUNE wishes to acknowledge its indebtedness to Mr. C. D. Wilkie for the use of the cut and short biographies of the lives of the living clerks of this county. We appreciate his kindness in allowing us to use them, and return our thanks therefor.

The following story is told of J. J. Hill, the Railroad magnate: Mr. Hill was one day walking down Third street, once a flourishing thoroughfare, but how deserted by the general public. He stepped into a little tobacco shop kept by a German, who had known him in the village-days of 1860. "Hello, Joe," exclaimed the railroad president, "how's business?" "Bat, very bat. I haf der chop, but where is der beeples?" Mr. Hill glanced over the shop. There was no assistant tobaccoist whose discharge could be recommended. But Mr. Hill asked for a blank check, and the following week the old tobaccoist was besieged by "beeples" in a modern well-stocked shop on the principle retail thoroughfare.

The moral to this is that, to succeed in business, you must get to the people, and the best method, in the absence of a millionaire friend, is to advertise in your home paper.—Charlotte Observer.

NORTH CAROLINA'S EXHIBIT.

What Mr. T. K. Bruner, Who Was in Charleston, Had to Say About It.

The Hon. T. K. Bruner, secretary of the North Carolina State board of agriculture, was in Charleston yesterday for a few hours in consultation with Director General Averill and the board of directors of the exposition in reference to the North Carolina exhibit. Mr. Bruner will have charge of the exhibit from the Old North State and is now busy with the work of collection and arrangement. To a reporter for the News and Courier Mr. Bruner said:

"I have been greatly surprised and pleased at the extent of the work so far accomplished on the grounds of the Inter-State and West Indian Exposition, and particularly pleased with the picturesque location and the artistic distribution of the elegant structures now under way. The ensemble promises to be one of the most delightfully picturesque presentations I have seen, especially when the lakes and foliage are at their best.

"The North Carolina exhibit will comprise for the most part a large collection of the metalliferous ores, consisting of gold, silver, copper, iron, and building stones, such as granite, gneiss, sandstone and marble. In addition to these, it is proposed to bring a large number of the rarer metals, both ornamental and economic, such, for instance, as talc, mica, corundum and pyrope, garnet, kaolin, monazite, zircon, etc. In addition to these there will be a collection of 300 to 400 gems, consisting largely of beryls, blue, green and yellow; rubies, sapphires, rubinated quartz, amethyst, topaz, rhodolite, hiddenite, etc.

"The forestry exhibit will be extremely fine, consisting of both disks and sections from the trees, polished with the bark on, and supplemented with the commercial forms of the same; that is manufactured furniture from the timber. This division will be made very interesting to the visitor, as a full history of each species will be given.

"The agriculture of the State and its horticulture, including grains in the sheath and shelled from the hull, will be well represented. The trucking of the State is small, but the fruits of the State will all be shown most vividly.

In addition to these the natural history of the State will be used in embellishing and ornamenting the collection. It is hoped to use about four thousand feet of space in the minerals and forestry building, and it will be installed in the finest possible manner. The furnishing will be new, made of quartered hand-sawed oak, and covered with plate glass."—Charleston News and Courier, June 29.

Bringing Them Up in the Way They Should Go.

A gentle man from near Ocoala was in town one day recently telling of a remarkable family of children in his community. Among other things about them he says they are all made to learn to swim at the age of two years and that after that time they are allowed to chew all the tobacco they want. He says the baby will quit nursing to cry for a chew of tobacco.—Waxhaw Enterprise.

Senator Foraker declared in his speech before the Ohio Republican convention that disfranchising the Southern negroes "is worse, if possible," than lynching them. Mr. Foraker may have his opinion about this but the choice which he expressed is not that of one who is directly and personally interested. We respectfully submit that the point is one upon which the black folks are entitled to be consulted.—Charlotte Observer.

When you want a modern, up-to-date physic, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Twitty & Thompson's drug store.

FIXED ALL RIGHT.

Ex-Senator Butler in a Big Mining Company—Leaves for Alaska.

Senator Marion Butler left Wednesday for New York, where he will join U. S. Senator John P. Jones, of Nevada in a trip to Alaska. San Francisco and points in the West. He will be absent several weeks.

Senator Butler is attorney for the Alaska Development Company, of New York city, of which Senator Jones and a number of well-known capitalists are stockholders. Senator Jones is president of the company, and he will make the trip out West with Senator Butler who is the attorney, for the purpose of inspecting the company's property and securing options on a number of mines, which it is their intention to purchase.

The company has valuable mines in Alaska, adjacent to Prince Edward's Island. Other mines in California it is the intention of the stockholders to purchase. Senator Jones, who is the head of the concern, has been in New York for some months directing the work. The mines owned by the company are gold, silver and copper.

The new cyanide process of separating the pure metal from the ore, which has recently been put in practical and successful operation, makes the working of low grade mines profitable. Mines that have that have been known for a quarter of a century, which have been rated as low grade mines, are just now worked with profit. Senator Butler's company is operating a number of these mines with success. The cyanide process makes profitable the operation of mines where the quantity of ore is greater than the quality.

Senator Butler remarked; "The out-put of gold is greater now than ever before. The new process of separating ore is responsible for this condition. As long as the quality of this present output of gold continues the momentary question will remain settled."—Raleigh Post, 28th.

Do Deliver Us.

And now it seems that we are going to be harassed with another new political party. It has been launched in Kansas City, Mo., by a "chow chow" of political teachers and opinions.

We trust that our people have had enough of this, and have come to the conclusion that they will have nothing to do with things along this line. The most disgruntled, peevish, no good citizens that we have are those who take their attention from their daily avocations—that earn for them and their families the staff of life—and kill time standing around talking about something that they know very little or nothing about. These schemers in the political world have to have a living and these people that they deluge and lead to believe lies, in the end, will have to pay the bill.

Are you engaged in a business that is supporting you? If not get at something that will and go to work like a man to make an honest living, ignoring the political tricksters. When the masses cease to recognize these frauds then they, too, will have to resort to something else for a livelihood.—Lumberton Argus.

There was a broad intimation in our Raleigh letter yesterday that the much discussed question to build an auditorium in that city is destined to fall through. If it does Greensboro will get the next Democratic State convention.—Charlotte Observer, 27th.

Heartburn.

When the quantity of food taken is too large or the quality too rich, heartburn is likely to follow, and especially so if the digestion has been weakened by constipation. Eat slowly and not too freely of easily digested food. Masticate the food thoroughly. Let six hours elapse between meals and when you elapse a fullness in the region of the stomach after eating, indicating that you have eaten too much, take one of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and the heartburn may be avoided. For sale by Twitty & Thompson.

Catarrh

poisons the blood, irritates the nerve-cells and causes aches and pains in the temples, eyes, brain and spinal cord. Headache, neuralgia, impaired appetite, indigestion, sleeplessness, nervous exhaustion and despondency all point to the weakened nerves that are crying aloud for renewed strength and health.

"My head was badly troubled, I ached all over and was weak and nervous. One bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine and Dr. Miles' Pills brought me out all right." HENRIETTA H. JONES, Bluefield, W. Va.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

soothes the nervous irritation, stimulates digestion and builds up health and strength. Begin to-day. Sold by druggists on guarantee. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

GEN. CARR TALKS.

He Reiterates His Views About "Commercial Democracy."

The interview with Gen. Julian S. Carr, of Durham, N. C., printed in the Times a week ago, in which he pronounced for expansion, against Bryanism and peanut politics, has been widely copied, and papers in the South are proclaiming him the McLaurin of North Carolina. General Carr was in the city yesterday, and expressed satisfaction because his views had been well received.

A leading North Carolina politician said yesterday:

"Gen. Carr will become the McLaurin of North Carolina politics, and will lead a fight against the machine and the Bryanite element of the party. Gen. Carr is not an anti-corporation man, and has no fight against them; he is a commercial Democrat, and his sympathies and politics are nearer those championed by Mr. McLaurin of South Carolina than those which carried Montague through and defeated Swanson in Virginia.

Gen. Carr is one of the most popular men in North Carolina. He is immensely wealthy. He has given away in charity and to education and religious institutions hundreds of thousands of dollars. People from North Carolina, now in the city, believe he has an even chance to make a successful fight for the new Democracy of the South.

Ex-Senator Marion Butler, elected as a Populist Senator, recently expressed to a New York Times reporter views very similar to those voiced by Gen. Carr.—New York Times.

The Best Remedy for Stomach and Bowel Troubles.

"I have been in the drug business for twenty years and have sold most all of the proprietary medicines of any note. Among the entire list I have never found anything to equal Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for all stomach and bowel troubles," says O. T. Wakefield, of Columbus, Ga. "This remedy cured two severe cases of cholera morbus in my family and I have recommended and sold hundreds of bottles of it to my customers to their entire satisfaction. It affords a quick and sure cure in a pleasant form." For sale by Twitty & Thompson.

Attractive Women.

All women sensibly desire to be attractive. Beauty is the stamp of health because it is the outward manifestation of inner purity. A healthy woman is always attractive, bright and happy. When every drop of blood in the veins is pure a beautiful flush is on the cheek. But when the blood is impure, morose, bad temper and a sallow complexion tells the tale of sickness all to plain-ly. And women to-day know there is no beauty without health. Wine of Cardui cures women with beauty and attractiveness by making strong and healthy those organs which make her a woman. Try Wine of Cardui, and in a month your friends will hardly know you.

Publication of Summons.

NORTH CAROLINA. In Superior Court, Rutherford County. Before the Clerk.

George C Justice, administrator of Sarah A Justice, deceased, and George C Justice as an individual, vs. A Justice, Z V Justice, William M Justice, W W Daniel and wife, Ella H Daniel,

vs. William Morgan and wife, Eva Morgan, Mote Turner and wife, Lillie Turner, Charles C Justice, Mary J Justice, Mary Justice, William Justice, Minnie Justice, Arabelle Justice, Maudie Justice, and others.

The defendants above named, will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Rutherford county by the plaintiffs above named, George C Justice, as administrator of Sarah A Justice, deceased, and by the plaintiffs George C Justice, L A Justice, Z V Justice, William M Justice, W W Daniel and wife, Ella H Daniel, for the purpose of selling the lands belonging to the estate of said Sarah A Justice, deceased, to be sold to make assets, for the purpose of paying debts against said estate, and by the plaintiffs George C Justice, L A Justice, Z V Justice, William M Justice, W W Daniel and wife, Ella H Daniel, for the purpose of selling the lands belonging to the estate of John A Justice, deceased, for the purpose of making partition and division among the tenants in common and heirs at law of said John A Justice, deceased. The said land belonging to the said estate of said John A Justice, deceased, lying and being in Rutherford county, North Carolina, on the waters of Cathey's creek, adjoining the lands of Alex Forney on the east and north, and on the south by the Solomon Ger lands, and on the west by the lands of Mrs. Morris, and the lands belonging to the estate of said Sarah A Justice, deceased, which is sought to be sold by said administrator, to make assets, lies contiguous and adjacent to the above described tract of land, and adjoins the lands above described and consists of about fifty (50) acres, the lands belonging to the estate of said John A Justice, deceased, consisting of about 190 acres.

And the defendants will further take notice that they are required to appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court for the county of Rutherford at his office in Rutherfordton on the 31st day of July, 1901, and answer the complaint, plaintiffs a copy of which will be deposited in the office of the said Clerk of the Superior Court of said county within ten days from service of this summons, or the plaintiffs will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint. This 13th day of June, 1901.

M. O. DICKERSON, Clerk of the Superior Court.

Sale of Town Lots.

By virtue of power and authority vested in me by an order of the Superior Court of Rutherford county, North Carolina, in the special proceedings entitled "Margaret Craton and others against Eva Val Seveir and others," I will sell at public auction, on the premises in the town of Rutherfordton North Carolina, at 11 o'clock a. m., on Wednesday, the

10th day of July, 1901,

all that tract or parcel of land situated in the town of Rutherfordton, county of Rutherford and the State of North Carolina, described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of that tract or parcel of land known as the Andy Moore lot, bounded by Main Street on the east, by Washington on the west, by the Miller property on the south, and by the second cross street north of the Court House on the north, as laid down on a map or plat of the same to be found on page 548 of the Minute Docket of Special Proceedings and Orders and Decrees in the office of the Clerk of the Court of said Rutherford county, North Carolina, to which reference is hereby made for a perfect description of said lots.

One-third of the purchase money is to be paid in cash on the day of sale and the balance in six months, the deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on the lots sold or by with-holding the title deeds till all the purchase money is paid, the purchaser to bear all the cost of securing the said deferred payments. The above described tract of land will first be sold in lots according to one or more plans of division to be made known on the day of sale, and finally sold as an entire tract; and the sale or sales by which the land is made to bring the highest price will be reported to the court for confirmation or further orders. This first day of July, 1901.

E. L. DURHAM, Commissioner.