

The Rutherfordton Tribune.

VOL. III. NO. 3.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C. THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1903.

\$1.00 A YEAR.



MRS. L. S. ADAMS.
Of Livingston, Texas.

"Wine of Cardui is indeed a blessing to tired women. Having suffered for seven years with weakness and bearing-down pains, and having tried several doctors and different remedies with no success, your Wine of Cardui was the only thing which helped me, and eventually cured me. It came to build up the weak parts, strengthen the system and correct irregularities."

By "tired women" Mrs. Adams means nervous women who have disordered menses, falling of the womb, ovarian troubles or any of these ailments that women have. You can cure yourself at home with this great women's remedy, Wine of Cardui. Wine of Cardui has cured thousands of cases which doctors have failed to benefit. Why not begin to get well today? All druggists have glass bottles. For any stomach, liver or bowel disorder, The Rutherfordton Black-Drum should be used.

For detailed information, address, write to the Rutherfordton Black-Drum, 1000 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

WINE OF CARDUI

COMMERCIAL BANK.

Report of the condition of the Commercial Bank of Rutherfordton, at Rutherfordton, N. C., at the close of business on January 21, 1903.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts,	\$26,192.35
Overdrafts,	392.92
Furniture and fixtures,	1,000.00
Due from banks and bankers,	16,047.34
Cash on hand,	6,387.00
Total,	\$50,109.61
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock,	\$10,000.00
Surplus,	1,000.00
Undivided profits,	1,135.90
Deposits subject to checks,	26,692.84
Due other banks,	631.58
Cashier's checks,	327.29
Total,	\$50,109.61

Dr. T. P. TWITTY, President.
J. F. FLACK, Cashier.

THE BOOK STORE

The place to buy
BOOKS, STATIONERY
SCHOOL SUPPLIES, ETC.

A. L. GRAYSON

**J. C. Green,
UNDERTAKER**
FOREST CITY, N. C.

Best stock of Burial Requisites in the county from the cheapest Coffin to the most elegant Casket, all at moderate prices. Elegant Hearse.

Phone Number 3.

M. L. EDWARDS,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
To the left up stairs in the Commercial Bank Building.

Prompt and careful attention given to all business entrusted to me. Agent for safe and reliable Fire Insurance Co. policies, also, for one of the largest and best Bonding and Trust Companies in the country. If you desire Fire Insurance or want to make any kind of bond call on me.

O. C. ERWIN,
Justice of the Peace,

May be found at the Rutherfordton Hardware Store. Will give prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to him.

Eaves & Rucker,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
Rutherfordton, N. C.

Office up stairs in Dickinson building. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to them.

Carroll W. Downey,
Physician and Surgeon,
Rutherfordton, N. C.
Office in Residence on Main street.
Phone No. 22.

Dr. Wm. L. Early
Little
The famous Little Pills.

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.

CHAMP CLARK'S LETTER

Judge Parker as Presidential Timmer—Chances of Democratic Victory

(Special Washington Letter.)
HON. REED SMOOT of Utah, apostle and prophet of the Mormons, is giving Republicans in general and President Roosevelt in particular a bad time. Reed aspires to be a senator of the United States and with senators to stand. He has heard of the cushioned curule chairs, the morocco covered lounges, the Persian rugs, the lemonade, the free barbers and the other glories in which the members of the house of the ancient luxurians, and Reed has heard of them even as the hearts of the American people for the despot of Egypt. What's more, Reed is going to possess them. He will on March 4, at high noon, become a United States senator—a Republican at that. The president may gush his teeth and rage like a caged lion—Reed does him good on counting his majority and is arranging to take up his residence in Washington for six years. And Reed is right in claiming his reward of flesh. He and his brother apostles and prophets carried out their part of the contract with the Republican national leaders to turn the state over to the Republicans on condition that the Mormons should have things their own way and not be disturbed. Reed has them on the hip, and he knows it; consequently he pays about as much attention to the messages of President Roosevelt and other high and mighty Democrats denouncing him, as he does to his election as a full feathered duck would to a gentle April shower.

It will be delightful to see the Republican hypocrites in the senate squirm when Brother Smoot walks down the big aisle on the arm of Marcus A. Hanna to be sworn in as a congressman. Those bogus propagandists of purity and sweetness have been conceding their own virtues for so long many years, standing on the sacred corner, making their breasts, rolling their eyes to heaven and thanking God fervently and vociferously that they are not as other men. Now they must fraternize openly with Apostle Reed Smoot, for Reed controls two senatorships, one representative in congress and three presidential electors. He knows his power. They have him on their hands. He is not to be sneezed at. Publicly they must honor him. They can cuss him under their breath.

A la Riquette's Ghost.
At this stage of the quadrennial period between presidential elections it is inevitable that there should be more or less presidential gossip and discussion of possible or probable candidates. The stage of the times indicate that President Roosevelt is the strongest Republican. If the convention were held today, he would be nominated most likely, but there is many a slip 'twixt cup and lip in presidential nominations, as in all things else. A thousand accidents may happen any one of which would make it impossible for him to be elected. It may be safely assumed that several Republican statesmen are waiting for, hoping for, praying for the strange young man now occupying the White House.

More and more in Democratic circles is the name of Judge Alton B. Parker of New York discussed and with increasing favor. In fact, the four eastern names which are most frequently heard in that connection are those of William Randolph Hearst, editor of three great Democratic dailies; Arthur P. Gorman, congressman and senator elect from Maryland; Richard Olney, ex-attorney general and ex-secretary of state, and Judge Parker, chief justice of the New York court of appeals.

The proponents of the Parker proposition declare with constantly increasing vigor that the fact that he has been on the bench for many years and thereby removed from active participation in politics will add to his strength as a candidate when taken in connection with his high character, great talents and straight record as a Democrat. In other words, his lack of a record will make him available. There is some force in the contention, for the Parker record seems to be rising. His name, like Banquo's ghost, will not down. The fact that nobody has yet been able to trump up any charge against him helps his boom amazingly. Clearly he is a growing man, perhaps the coming man.

A Sketch of Judge Parker.
As Judge Alton B. Parker is clearly in the list of possible presidents in 1904, the principal events of his life are here set forth for future reference by the readers of these letters. He comes of Revolutionary stock. He was born in Rutherfordton, N. Y., fifty-one years ago and is therefore in the very prime of life. It will be of interest to the vast army of teachers in the United States to know that Judge Parker once wielded the birch and flogging whip, and thereby became a favorite to all who have healthy hearts in their bosoms, for while engaged in that delectable business he found, wood and won his wife, who may be the next mistress of the White House. She was Miss Schoonmaker of the county of Ulster. He seems to have had a penchant for politics from the beginning. Having held various minor offices, he achieved his first important promotion and recognition when he was elected surrogate, being the only successful Democrat on the ticket. He was re-elected surrogate. In 1883 he was chairman of the Democratic state executive committee

and managed David Bennett Hill's campaign for governor. The same year President Cleveland offered him the position of first assistant postmaster general, which he declined, having set his heart on a judicial career. Governor Hill wanted him to accept the office of lieutenant governor, which he also declined. There was soon a vacancy on the supreme bench, and, as it appeared to be the almost universal desire of New York Democrats that Judge Parker should have the place, Governor Hill appointed him, and he has been on the bench ever since. In 1897 he was triumphantly elected, though all of the other men on the Democratic ticket met with defeat, thus proving his great popularity.

The fact that Judge Parker is a practical farmer will have a tendency to increase his popularity. He owns and lives upon a farm of 140 acres on the banks of the Hudson. His place is called Rosemont, and there he spends all the time which he can snatch from his judicial labors and his legislative duties. He is not afraid to work with his own hands, as did that other great New York Democrat, Elias Wright.

While not enthusiastic as to the Democratic platforms of 1896 and 1900, Judge Parker supported Bryan manfully and in good faith in both those campaigns.

Those who are acquainted with him declare him to be genial and lovable, yet possessing the reserve and dignity becoming in one holding high judicial position.

Perhaps Judge Parker is the Democratic Moses, to borrow a popular phrase—the Democratic Joshua, more properly speaking, for it was Joshua and not Moses who took possession of the promised land.

Declines.
King Solomon said, "There is nothing new under the sun," but this new thing has happened nevertheless: A Republican statesman declines a good fat office. Hon. William H. Taft, governor general of the Philippines, declined to succeed Mr. Justice Shiras on the supreme bench because of a sense of duty to finish his work in the office. The place has been tendered Hon. William H. Taft, now a United States circuit judge in Ohio, who succeeded John Sherman as secretary of state and who helped negotiate the treaty of Paris which has given us lots of trouble and which is perhaps destined to give us more than any other document created since the world began. Judge Parker is a man of fair capacity and high character. He was a special friend and pet of President McKinley and will go as well for supreme judge as most Republicans.

Democratic Chances.
If no more states are admitted, there will in 1904 be 476 votes in the electoral college. Two hundred and thirty-nine will be required to elect a president and vice president.

In 1902 the Democrats carried Alabama with 11 electoral votes, Arkansas with 9, Florida with 9, Georgia with 13, Kentucky with 13, Louisiana with 9, Mississippi with 10, Missouri with 18, Nevada with 3, North Carolina with 12, Rhode Island with 4, South Carolina with 7, Tennessee with 12, Texas with 18 and Virginia with 12, aggregating 158.

Therefore in order to elect a president and vice president in 1904 the Democrats must hold the states they have and in addition thereto carry enough states to give them 81 more electoral votes.

Can they do it? The chances are fairly good for them to do so. Most assuredly we are not without hope in the world.

In what states have we the best prospects of securing the 81 extra electors?

From 1900 to 1902 the Republican majorities shrank in the following states by more than one-half (anything approaching a like shrinkage in 1904 will land every one of them in the Democratic column): Wisconsin from 106,781 to 47,550; New York from 143,602 to 8,993; New Jersey from 58,890 to 17,132; in California from 39,770 to 1,550; in Pennsylvania from 288,432 to 156,410; in Michigan from 104,584 to 37,184; in Massachusetts from 81,889 to 37,120; in New Hampshire from 19,314 to 8,271.

Those states have 142 electoral votes, 61 more than we need.

No man in his senses expects Pennsylvania to go Democratic; hence the 34 votes of the Keystone State ought to be subtracted from the 61, which leaves 27 more than we need.

But in discussing the possibilities and the probabilities of 1904 the 7 votes of Connecticut and the 8 votes of Maryland ought to be added to the 27, making 42 more than we need, for while the Republican majorities did not fall off 50 per cent or more, Connecticut's fell from 25,770 to 16,707 and Maryland's from 13,941 to 8,593; the latter figures being the net majority on congressmen in 1902, there being no state ticket. In calculating the chances it must also be remembered that both Connecticut and Maryland are normally Democratic states and go Republican only in moments of temporary aberration.

Here is Food For Thought.
There is another group of states upon which the gentleman from Ohio should fix his eagle eye when he next essays the role of seer. The small Republican majorities which they gave last year will furnish him much food for thought when he takes out his pen.

Factors to Consider.
In striving to forecast results several factors must be considered, such as the present trend of forces, the political antecedents of the states involved, the desire for a change, reasonable or unreasonable; the periodical swinging of the political pendulum, and the element of chance or accident.

New York is more likely to go Democratic than not. If she goes, Pennsylvania, so will Connecticut, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland most probably, for these five states usually vote together, and those five states have 69 of the 21 additional electors which the Democrats must secure.

West Virginia has gone Democratic more often than Republican. Nobody who notes events carefully would be surprised to see her 7 electoral votes cast for the Democratic candidates in 1904, which would leave the Democrats short only 5 votes.

California is evidently traveling rapidly toward the Democratic camp, which the will probably reach next year, with her 10 electoral votes, giving us 5 more votes than we need.

Counting the 7 votes of West Virginia for the Republicans and the 13 votes of Wisconsin for the Democrats, we would have a vote to spare.

Had only states carried by the Democrats in 1902 which the Republicans have a ghost of a show of carrying in 1904 be Rhode Island, with 4 electoral votes.

To sum it all up, there appear to be 154 electoral votes certain for the Democrats—Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia, certain for the Republicans, 174—Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Vermont and Washington; 3—Delaware, 1—California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Maryland, Massachusetts, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Utah, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

The Republican Row.
When Republicans fall out, honest men may get their dues—a very slight modification of a very known fact. The time has come for the falling out of the Republicans. They have already begun to vent each other to the queen's taste. Senator George Graham Vest of Missouri, the Prince Rupert of Democrats, recently introduced a resolution to take the tariff off automobile cars, which resolution stirred up the animals in the Republican menagerie at a great rate. Alrich of Rhode Island jumped Vest, which was natural, as Alrich thinks himself the heaven appointed guardian of the Chinese wall tariff advocates and dead; but, to his own amusement, Delivered of Iowa, a brilliant young Republican, jumped the Rhode Islander in most vigorous fashion. The bone of contention, or the apple of discord, at present among the Republicans is a purported declaration of the late Governor Nelson Dingley, father of the Dingley tariff bill, that certain schedule rates were purposely placed too high in that bill in order to give us an advantage in negotiating reciprocity treaties with other nations. By placing the rates too high in the bill, so the theory is, it would enable us to cut them to a reasonable basis in reciprocity negotiations. Some say that Dingley did say it and some say he didn't, and the latter rages furiously all along the line among the Republican freebooters. More power to their arms! The more they wool each other the better off the country will be. Senator Vest undoubtedly did a good thing in precipitating the row and no doubt he enjoys it hugely.

Children Poisoned.
Many children are poisoned and made nervous and weak, if not killed outright, by mothers giving them cough syrup containing opiates. Foley's Honey and Tar is a safe and certain remedy for coughs, croup and lung trouble, and is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opiates or other poisons. City Drug Store.

In Bed Four Weeks With La Grippe.
We have received the following letter from Mr. Roy Kemp, of Angola, Ind. "I was in bed four weeks with la grippe and I tried many remedies and spent considerable for treatment with physicians, but I received no relief until I tried Foley's Honey and Tar. Two small bottles of this medicine cured me and now I use it exclusively in my family." Take no substitutes. City Drug Store.

Crushed by Elevator.
Shocking Accident to Young Society Girl of New York.
Santa Barbara, Cal., Jan. 17.—Miss Caroline Kelly, a young society woman of New York, has suffered shocking injuries in an elevator accident in the Potter hotel.

As Miss Kelly entered the car she tripped and fell. The elevator for some unexplained reason shot upward, crushing her against the floor above. Amputation of one of her legs will be necessary and the shock may prove fatal. She is a sister-in-law of Louis Grenaud, a wealthy silk manufacturer of New York.

HACKED THROAT WITH KNIFE.
When Wife Died, Tennessee Farmer Attempted Suicide.
Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 17.—L. J. DeSaba, a prominent truck farmer residing in a suburb of this city, made a desperate and successful attempt to commit suicide this morning.

His wife had been ill for some time and he had declared that if she died he wanted to be buried with her. She died early this morning, and the husband, after taking a large dose of laudanum, hacked his throat horribly with a large pocket knife. Mr. DeSaba died in a few hours.

OFFICER KILLED BY NEGRO.
Is Shot to Death While Attempting His Arrest.
Spartanburg, S. C., Jan. 16.—While attempting to arrest a negro desperado, Will Davis, at Parcel Mills, this morning, Officer Jacob Smith was shot to death.

Davis afterward escaped, but the entire community is searching for the fugitive, and it is feared that a lynching will follow when the negro is captured.

EDITOR GONZALEZ SHOT BY TILLMAN

Sensational Tragedy Occurs in Columbia, S. C.

CITY IS GREATLY EXCITED.

In Shadow of Capitol Building Lieutenant Governor of South Carolina Shoots Down, Probably Fatally, Well Known Editor of The State.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 17.—A deplorable tragedy occurred in Columbia, S. C., yesterday afternoon in the probable fatal shooting of Editor Gonzales of The State, by Lieutenant Governor James H. Tillman, the culmination of bad blood which had existed for some time between the two men growing out of certain publications made by Editor Gonzales in his paper concerning Mr. Tillman.

The shooting occurred on Main street, just at the intersection of Gervais street, in full view of the state capitol. It was an awful tragedy in broad daylight, and upon the most frequented street and corner in Columbia.

The bullet, which pierced through one of the most distinguished editors of the entire south, may end that brilliant life, but if the best of surgery, the best of care and the most ardent of prayers and wishes avail for aught, that life ought to be saved.

It was just a few moments before 2 o'clock when the cry was passed along the streets that "Jim Tillman has shot N. O. Gonzales!"

It was a shocking and startling announcement. It went like a trail through all Columbia and there was a rush toward the scene of the tragedy to learn the facts and the condition of the distinguished editor.

The office of The State is on the same block as the scene of the shooting and it took but a few moments for a great throng to assemble in front of the newspaper office. The excitement and the indignation on the streets was intense. Policemen Poland immediately after the shooting arrested Lieutenant Governor Tillman and took him to police headquarters, where he was relieved of two pistols—the one with which he shot Editor Gonzales and a second large revolver of 38 caliber. From the police station he was taken to the county jail, where he is in full protection of the officers.

There was no conflict and the only attributed cause for the shooting by Lieutenant Governor Tillman is that during the recent primary election Editor Gonzales opposed Lieutenant Governor Tillman in his race for governor and in that editorial opposition Editor Gonzales had been severe in his opposition.

During the progress of that campaign Editor Gonzales in his fight to defeat Mr. Tillman had editorially called him a debauchee, blackguard, and in fact, consummated him as a "terminal candidate" and a proven "liar."

It was this and other such editorial expressions it is supposed that goaded Mr. Tillman to the desperate deed of yesterday. This was in August last, and since the first primary, Aug. 26, 1902, Editor Gonzales has had nothing to say about Mr. Tillman, except to comment on the result of the primary.

Both Gonzales and Tillman have hosts of friends, and trouble may follow the shooting.

Gonzales came from a family noted in this section of the country for courage and nerve. There are three brothers in the family who are brave and desperate men, and who may take up the affair.

Gonzales himself went to Cuba before the Spanish-American war and enlisted as a scout with General Gue, doing brave work for the Cuban insurgent army. He is an able and fearless writer and a man without fear.

CAPTAIN DENSON DEAD.
Was Prominent North Carolina Soldier and Educator.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 17.—Captain Claudius B. Denson died at his home here yesterday of cancer of the throat. He was born at Smithfield, Va., in 1837, came to North Carolina and established a school. He served in the Confederate engineer corps.

After the war he devoted himself to teaching, and for 12 years conducted the Raleigh male academy. Forty-two years of his life were devoted to teaching.

For ten years he had been secretary to the state board of charities, for nine years secretary of the North Carolina Confederate Veterans' association, and for 20 years was secretary and treasurer of the State Agricultural society.

Mill Dies Held Up.
Greensboro, N. C., Jan. 17.—While John H. Deany, superintendent of a cotton mill, was going home from his work he was waylaid by William Troutman, whom he had a few hours before discharged from the mill. Troutman had two confederates. All three carried clubs and one of them carried a pistol. The superintendent saw the men as they crossed out from a place of concealment and ran. They fired at him but missed. The mill authorities offered \$200 reward, and the officers caught Troutman a short while after the hold-up.

Children Poisoned.
Many children are poisoned and made nervous and weak, if not killed outright, by mothers giving them cough syrup containing opiates. Foley's Honey and Tar is a safe and certain remedy for coughs, croup and lung trouble, and is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opiates or other poisons. City Drug Store.

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This Week

We will make prices on Groceries that will interest every economical buyer:

Silver Bow Salmon price 20c.	this sale..... 14 cts.
First Quality Peaches, price 20c., this sale..... 14 cts.	
Good Quality Peaches, price 15c., this sale..... 12 cts.	
Pie Peaches price 10 cts., this sale..... 08 cts.	
Fancy Apples price 15 cts., this sale..... 10 cts.	
Castle Pears price 15 cts., this sale..... 10 cts.	
Pineapple price 20 cts., this sale..... 15 cts.	
White Cherries price 15 cts., this sale..... 12 cts.	
Sugar Corn price 10 cts., this sale..... 08 cts.	
3 lb. Tomatoes price 15 cts., this sale..... 10 cts.	
Good Apple Vinegar price 40 cts. gallon, this sale..... 25 cts.	
Table Syrup price 40 cts. gallon, this sale..... 30 cts.	

K. J. & H. L. CARPENTER.

Reduced to FIFTY CENTS A YEAR

New Idea Woman's Magazine
Formerly One Dollar

THIS is the cheapest and best Fashion Magazine now before the American public. It shows New Ideas in Fashions, in Millinery, in Embroidery, in Cooking, in Woman's Work and in Reading; beautifully illustrated in colors and in black and white. Above all, it shows the very latest New Idea Styles, made from New Idea Patterns, which cost only 10c. each.

Send Five Cents To-day for a single copy of the New Idea Woman's Magazine, and see what it is like. For the money it can give you.

THE NEW IDEA PUBLISHING CO.
618 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Notice.

By virtue of a mortgage deed from John O. Gentry to John W. Biggs, registered in Book H-47 mortgage deeds, page 23 of real estate mortgages, I, D. F. Morrow, president of the Bank of Rutherfordton, N. C., as assignee of the said instrument, will at public auction for cash at the court house door in Rutherfordton, N. C., on

Monday, February 16th, 1903, sell the following described lands in the county of Rutherford, and adjoining the lands of James Waters, deceased, et al., and known as the James Waters old place, and bounded as follows: Beginning on the old black gum cove on top of the Camp branch hill and runs south 60 east 110 poles to a red oak; thence new line south 10 east 80 poles to a stone at the old line; thence with the same west 48 poles to a P.O.; thence south 10 west 14 poles to a hickory; thence south 88 west 4 poles to a hickory; thence north 14 poles to a stake; thence north 80 west 14 poles to a post; thence north 10 east 100 poles to the beginning, containing 81 1/2 acres, more or less. The above entitled and described property will be sold to satisfy a debt of \$200.00 and the cost accruing thereon. This January 16, 1903.

JOHN W. BIGGS, Assignee.

Notice!
The undersigned hereby gives notice that they will make application to His Excellency, Charles B. Aycock, Governor of North Carolina, on the 15th day of January, 1903, or soon thereafter, for a pardon of the judgment of the Superior Court of Rutherford county, by which they were sentenced to four months in the county jail of Rutherford county, N. C. This the 8th day of January, 1903.

JOHN McMANAN,
and LOUIS McMANAN,
M. L. Edwards, Attorney.

Notice!
THE TRIBUNE wants a good, live, hustling correspondent, who will act as agent and solicit subscriptions, at every postoffice in the county. A liberal commission will be paid. A good offer to the right person. Call on or address

THE TRIBUNE,
Rutherfordton, N. C.

BANNER SALVE
the most healing salve in the world.