

The Rutherfordton Tribune.

VOL. IV. NO. 13.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C. THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1904.

\$1.00 A YEAR.

Dragging Pains

2825 Keeley St., Chicago, Ill., Oct., 2, 1902.

I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groins. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

Maudie Bush

Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI

Bank of Rutherfordton.

Statement of the condition of Bank of Rutherfordton, as made to the Corporation Commission, at close of business on January 22nd, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	19,187.63
Overdrafts	1,144.50
Rutherfordton county bonds	1,200.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	5,000.00
Other real estate	19.00
Cash, and due from banks	10,679.73
County and U. S. claims	541.81
Total	\$37,709.57

LIABILITIES.

Capital paid in	10,000.00
Surplus fund	3,000.00
Undivided profits	267.00
Time deposits	5,791.12
Check deposits	18,711.66
Total	\$37,709.57

J. W. Dorsey, acting cashier of the Bank of Rutherfordton, do solemnly swear that the above report is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. W. DORSEY,
North Carolina, Rutherfordton County.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 29th day of January, 1904.

J. F. FLACK, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
T. C. SMITH, D. F. MORROW, J. C. WALKER.

J. C. Walker & Co

Carry a general line of merchandise, including Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, gents and ladies' furnishing goods, farm supplies, and in fact almost anything you need to use, wear, eat or sell. Fertilizers in season. Call and be convinced—"Once a customer always a customer" is our motto.

D. F. Morrow, D. W. Smith,
Morrow & Smith,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
Rutherfordton, N. C.

Practices in State and Federal courts. Careful attention given to all business entrusted to them. Call when in the city whether you have legal business or not. Office in rear of Bank of Rutherfordton. Phone number 40.

Carroll W. Downey,
Physician and Surgeon,
Rutherfordton, N. C.

All calls, both by day and by night, will receive prompt attention. Office rooms 23 and 25 over Carpenter & Taylor's store. Office phone number 129, Residence 22.

Matt McBrayer, B. A. Justice.
McBrayer & Justice
Attorney at Law,
Rutherfordton, N. C.

Rooms 3, 4 and 5 Mills-Dickerson brick block, up stairs. Office phone 55.

J. H. Campbell,
Photographer,
Bartlett Building, Up Stairs, Main St.,
Rutherfordton, N. C.

All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Charges reasonable.

A. J. Whisnant,
Resident Dentist,
Rutherfordton, N. C.

Office up stairs in Thompson-Dickerson brick block. Phone No. 50.

Solomon Gallert,
Attorney at Law,
Rutherfordton, N. C.

Office Phone Number 49.

BIG STORM OVER MISSISSIPPI VALLEY

Louisville Suffers Much Destruction of Property.

EIGHT PERSONS BADLY INJURED. Many Narrow Escapes from Death. Wind Blown at a Velocity of 60 Miles an Hour—Cold Wave Follows Storm—Telegraph Wires Down.

Louisville, Ky., March 28.—Eight persons were injured and extensive damage was done to city and suburban property by a storm which swept over Louisville.

The injured are: George Reiss, policeman, skull fractured. Henry Schmidt, skull fractured. Frederick Bauer, leg broken. Charles Hildebrand, badly bruised. Henry Bohlsen, Jr., cut by flying glass.

Gus Willberding, bruised. Benjamin Rittman, patrolman, jaw injured. Alexander Lawson, bruised.

The storm was central over the central Mississippi and Ohio valleys, and according to the weather bureau, has moved northeastward to the Atlantic, with a cold wave close on its heels.

In Louisville, the wind attained a velocity of 60 miles an hour and the rain fell in torrents, accompanied by heavenly pyrotechnics terrifying to the timid.

The entire city was for a time flooded. Third avenue, near the Confederate monument, being 3 feet deep in water. Street car service was suspended for several hours, and one or two lines remain at a standstill.

The roof of the main building at the industrial school of reform was blown completely off, falling clear of the building on the ground and a panic ensued among the 190 boys sleeping in that section of the school. The boys when they heard the roar of the wind and the crash of the falling roof began to rush for the ground floor. They were finally stopped without any one being injured. The building was flooded.

Two hundred and forty-five inmates of the Masonic Widows' and Orphans' home were marched into the center of the building after the storm had torn away a part of the roof. It was feared the building would collapse.

In an area of a dozen squares, of which Preston street and the Louisville and Nashville crossing is the central point, ten houses were unroofed and several persons were hurt.

The residence of Henry Duberg, on the Eighteenth street road, a mile from the city limits, was blown away and his family of eight had a remarkable escape from death. Near the Duberg home Alexander Lawson was caught under the debris of his wrecked home and severely injured.

Reports from various parts of the city indicate that about 150 houses were more or less damaged.

A part of the distillery of Bernheim Bros. was unroofed and the wires of both telegraph companies from Louisville to the south were laid low.

Many residences in the fashionable section of the city were damaged by both wind and water and several plants devoted to manufacturing suffered heavily. The establishment of the Caldwell manufacturing company and two walls blown in and several distilleries reported severe damage.

The trolley, telegraph, telegraph and electric light feed wires were in an almost inextricable mass such of the Fourth street crossing of the Louisville and Nashville and the line to Jacob Park, it is said, will not be able to resume business before Monday.

The street car service on the other lines reached normal conditions before noon. Very few trains arrived in Louisville on time today, as the flood damage delayed all of them.

Dwain Bedford came to the report that the rain there amounted almost to a cloudburst and all traffic on the Monon was at a standstill.

Trains from Indianapolis and Chicago were delayed indefinitely by reason of the storm near Indianapolis.

Cambridge Defeats Oxford.

Putney, March 26.—The sixty-first annual race between crews of the universities of Oxford and Cambridge was rowed today over the Putney to Mortlake course, about 4 1/4 miles, and was won by Cambridge, who crossed the finish line at 8:19, four lengths in front of their opponents.

Richardson Is Re-Elected.

Atlanta, March 26.—Joseph Richardson has been re-elected chairman of the Southeastern Passenger association for the ninth consecutive time. Details of the committee and so forth have not yet been announced, but will follow in a day or two.

Happy, Healthy Children.

Any child can take Little Ear's Risers with perfect safety. They are harmless, never gripe or sicken, and yet they are so certain in results that robust constitutions requiring drastic means are never disappointed. They cannot fail to perform their missions and every one who uses DeWitt's Little Risers prefer them to all other pills. They cure biliousness. Sold by Dr. T. B. Twitty, Crowell & Wilkie Forest City.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

Reports from the Different Sections of the United States.

New York, March 25.—Special telegrams from correspondents of the International Mercantile Agency chronicle the customary irregularity incident to the breaking up of winter.

General sentiment among traders is less optimistic east than west, although no where, unless it be the southwest, is the demand or distribution equal to that of a year ago. In the cotton region there is also confidence and factors are holding the staple in expectation of a revival of high prices.

The most significant feature, one which has been almost ignored at the east is the gain in demand for iron, steel and coke within thirty days, the increased production of the metals named, the putting into operation of plants which have been idle and symptoms of higher prices for some varieties. These are developments which must precede a general trade recovery.

Improving railway earnings, the breaking of car congestion and higher prices for copper furnish additional reasons for encouragement. One of the Pittsburgh largest mills has sold as much within three weeks as with three months preceding and prospective demand for structural material there is enormous.

New England cotton mills are running about three days a week and probably will do less by June. After running out of old cotton many expect to shut down altogether. At Philadelphia textile mills are running on half or one-third capacity, but are hopeful of early improvement. Spot business in wholesale lines at Chicago has been checked by the weather, the volume of the staple cottons being less than normal. The like is true at New York. Advances from Oklahoma, Kansas and Ohio are not uniformly favorable as to winter the wheat. Offerings of Kentucky tobacco are large, but prices tend upward.

CHINA REJOICES AT JAPANESE VICTORIES

British Subjects in China Also Pleased When Japs Win.

SPRING TIME AT VLADIVOSTOK

Military Trains on Siberian Railroad Proceeding With Clock Work Regularity—Attaches of Foreign Governments with Russian Armies.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—1:45 p.m.—The Bourse Gazette, in a leading article on Japophilism maintains that the pro-Japanese sympathy among the commercial nations at the outbreak of the war is now being sustained, owing to the fuller realization that the growth of Japanese into a great commercial country will mean the destruction of all the Europeans have accomplished in the Far East.

A correspondent at Port Arthur has interviewed a Russian official who has returned there from Shanghai. The official says the British there are rejoicing at the news of the Japanese victories and that bulletins in English and Chinese are distributed in the streets reporting the destruction of the Russian fleet and the fall of Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—1:25 a.m.—A correspondent on his way to the Far East writes that Chita, Siberia, where formerly populated by dogs, is now alive with troops. He saw a mounted battery drawn by very Mongolian ponies. Prices are very high and the supplies cannot last more than four months. The railroad is too busy with troop transportation to haul provisions. The military trains are proceeding with clock-work regularity.

Vladivostok, March 25.—The troops arriving here are in good health and spirits, weather-beaten and in some cases with frost bitten faces, but the only other indications of their 7,000 mile journey are their fur coats and felt boots, which they brought with them although no longer necessary, as spring is setting in with sunny days.

New York, March 25.—General Girard and Colonel Waters, British military representatives, have started for the front, and so have the German military attaches, says a Herald dispatch from St. Petersburg. The French will start at once, also the Americans. To each of the government attaches a consack orderly has been assigned to look after his wants.

New York, March 25.—Delay on the part of the Russians to giving effect to the arrangements for dismantling the gunboat Mardjar are causing increased irritation to the Japanese and difficulty with the Chinese officials, says a Times dispatch from Shanghai. A Japanese cruiser is in consequence retained at Woo Sung. M. Pauloff, lately Russian minister to Korea, is still here, but it is expected he will go north soon.

Seoul, Thursday, March 24.—7 p.m.—Marquis Ito was the guest of honor at a luncheon given today by the British minister resident, J. N. Jordan, and the British colony.

Seoul, Thursday, March 24.—7 p.m.—Japanese scouts report that they have discovered that the Russian troops are south of the Yalu river in much stronger force than was thought.

Japanese Editor Under Fire.

Tokio, March 25.—The committee of the house investigating the charge against Teisuke Akiyama, a member of parliament, did not conclude its work today, but probably will make its report tomorrow.

The proceedings have been secret. It is understood the testimony shows that Akiyama met General Kurapatkin who was in Japan in June last and members of the Russian legation here at various times and suddenly became possessed of a large sum of money.

The supporters of Akiyama, who is the editor of a newspaper, declare that his meetings with the Russian officials were in the ordinary course of business and that these meetings entirely lacked the significance which is being attached to them. The supporters of the editor also deny that he received any money from the Russians. A newspaper of this city which recently published a defamatory article in defending Akiyama's paper, is now being prosecuted.

Engineer Is Scalded to Death.

Niles, Mich., March 25.—An extra west-bound Michigan Central freight train was wrecked at midnight 4 miles west of here by a washout. Engineer Edward French and brakeman Frank E. Young, of Jackson, were scalded to death in the engine by escaping steam. Fireman Ross Moses, of Jackson, was terribly scalded and may die. Ten freight cars were demolished.

Well Again.

The many friends of John Blunt will be pleased to learn that he has entirely recovered from his attack of rheumatism. Chamberlain's Pain Balm cured him after the best doctors in the town (Monon, Ind.) had failed to give relief. The prompt relief from pain which this eminent affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by Dr. T. B. Twitty, Druggist.

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COLORADO MINERS IN SESSION.

Reports that Say Strikers Are Gathering Arms Is Untrue.

Trinidad, Colo., March 24.—Delegates of the coal miners' union of southern Colorado held a convention here today to consider a proposition to return to work on the terms in effect when the strike was inaugurated last fall.

William Howells, district president of the miner workers, made a statement in defense of his conduct of the strike.

The action of Governor Peabody in calling out the militia and declaring martial law, he said, is absolutely unwarranted by the conditions. There has been no violence nor any attempt of it. The only disturbance that has occurred since the strike began in November was occasioned by agents of the operators. We have counseled moderation from the beginning and we shall adhere to our policy. Reports that strikers were gathering arms is absolutely untrue.

RECEIVER APPOINTED FOR A MILLION DOLLAR CONCERN.

Trenton, N. J., March 24.—Walter J. Knight, receiver of the Tennessee Oil, Gas and Mineral Development company filed in the court of chancery today a bill of complaint against William A. Dunn and other directors of the company asking that they be required to give testimony concerning the true value of the company's property.

Receiver McKnight claims he has been unable to find any property representing anything like the value of \$1,000,000 worth of stock issued. He further charges that the lands acquired by the company have not been productive and that the company was organized practically for speculation.

ABUSES IN FIRE INSURANCE.

Secretary of Labor Appealed to by New York Board of Trade.

New York, March 24.—Resolutions have been adopted by the New York board of trade and transportation for mulcting a letter to Secretary Cortelyou of the department of commerce and labor, asking that official to cause a thorough investigation into the present methods of doing fire insurance in the United States in an endeavor to correct alleged abuses. The belief is expressed that methods now prevalent in many instances to the detriment of the insured party.

TWO PRISONERS ESCAPE.

Guards Mistook Them for Firemen. Still at Large.

Chicago, March 24.—Begrimed with coal dust so that their guards mistook them for firemen, two prisoners, William P. Goane and R. P. Henry, under a special guard, were unloading coal at the Fort Sheridan pumping station.

They slid through the coal chute into the bunkers and coming up from the main entrance of the station, walked past the guards without attracting suspicion.

Both men were serving a year for desertion.

Vincennes, Ind., March 26.—The Wash river is 19 feet and rising rapidly. Over 300 houses are surrounded. Hundreds of people are coming in from the lowlands. Levees have broken and factories have closed down. The Evansville and Terre Haute railroad has annulled all trains. The Baltimore and Ohio southwestern has run no trains for 20 hours.

The rainfall has been over six inches in two hours.

Entombed Miner Lives Seven Days.

Cumberland, Md., March 24.—Albert Cronkin, a miner of Henry, W. Va., has been brought here having been rescued seven days of starvation in the mine. He was coming in from an explosion in which three were killed. Cronkin has been badly burned, but it is thought will recover.

Big Fire in Kansas City.

Kansas City, March 24.—Fire in Jones Bros. retail dry goods store at Twelfth and Main streets, today done damage to the amount of \$130,000; fully insured. Of the loss \$90,000 is on the stock and \$40,000 on the building. The fire started by lightning.

Improving Chicago Police Force.

Chicago, March 24.—The first step toward improving the Chicago police force, as suggested by Captain Alexander Piper in his recent report, has been made, Chief O'Neill announcing 47 promotions to fill vacancies. There will be a general shake-up, the entire police department as a result of the new promotions.

Alabama Educators to Meet.

About Six Hundred Teachers Will Be in Attendance.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., March 26.—President John W. Abercrombie of the University of Alabama, has begun to make arrangements for the accommodation of delegates to attend the Alabama Educational association, which convenes at the University of Alabama on June 14, and continues in session two days, and the university summer schools for teachers, which convenes on the same date and continues six weeks. The indications are that there are to be about 600 teachers in attendance over half of whom are to be ladies.

The university is to accommodate in its dormitories about 200 men, while the Tuscaloosa Female college and the Alabama Central Female college have arranged to board 80 ladies each, while the university Annex is to take 15 ladies.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing indigestion, biliousness, constipation, sick headache and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25¢ at T. B. Twitty's and Thompson & Watkins drug stores.

BIG FIRE RAGED ON BROADWAY

Greater New York Threatened With Large Conflagration.

NARROW ESCAPE OF FIREMEN

Streets Were Crowded with People and Firmen Worked Amid Great Difficulty—Double Nine Alarm Was Turned In—Losses Not Yet Known.

New York, March 26.—The building at No. 16 Broadway, occupied by the Morris Express company, is burning. The flames spread rapidly.

On one side of the burning building is the American Express company, on the other is the Adams Express company. Occupants of the burning buildings are being removed by means of ladders.

The fire caused a dense smoke which penetrated many of the big buildings in the neighborhood, compelling a cessation of all work. The flames are making headway, but it is said all the occupants of the upper floors have been removed. On Broadway for a mile or more, are long lines of blocked cars. Not in many months have so many engines and water towers been seen downtown and from Fulton street to Battery all street traffic is impossible.

The fire has extended to 55 and 57 Broadway, corner of Exchange alley and Broadway. The top floors of No. 57 are the New York offices of the Pinkerton agency and their valuable records are in danger. The tall Empire building at 73 Broadway, one of the finest office buildings in the city, is greatly endangered. The Adams Express company building is practically doomed.

The police south of Fourteenth street, numbering 500 men, have been called out. The firemen have held the fire in check on the uptown side of the building No. 63, the Wells-Fargo and American Express companies' offices as not yet being on fire. The fire is now believed to be under control.

Two employees of the American Express company were taken from a second story window in an unconscious condition.

At 12:20 p.m. the double nine alarm, the biggest signal used by the fire department, has just been turned in, indicating that the fire is not under control. The flames have reached the roof of the American Express company building, and the building probably will be destroyed. The flames have spread to the building on Church street, used as stables by the express companies.

The firemen were much hampered in their work by the immense crowds of spectators. Coming in the middle of the day when many thousands were leaving work or going to their luncheon, the streets soon became so crowded that even the fire engines had trouble getting through the masses.

About \$100,000 in cash in the offices of the Wells-Fargo Express company was dumped into bags by the assistant cashier and several assistants and unprotected they went through the chaos in the streets and deposited it in the Knickerbocker Trust company.

Eighteen firemen who were working their way into the Adams Express company's building had a remarkably narrow escape from being crushed by falling walls. They had just entered the building from the Trinity place side when the three upper stories caved in and fell with a crash just as the men gained the street. When the collapse came the fire blazed up more fiercely.

It is now believed that the fire is under control as the flames do not seem to be spreading beyond the building at 61 Broadway, where they started, and that at No. 59, into which the flames had burned an entrance soon after the fire was discovered. The buildings at 63 and 67 on the two sides of the burning structures, have not caught fire, but will suffer considerable damage by water.

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COMMERCIAL BANK.

Report of the condition of the Commercial Bank of Rutherfordton, at Rutherfordton, N. C., at the close of business on January 22nd, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$36,408.85
Overdrafts	1,521.24
Furniture and fixtures	1,000.00
Due from banks and bankers	24,547.14
Cash on hand	6,578.08
Total	\$69,855.31

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	\$10,000.00
Surplus	2,500.00
Undivided profits	238.68
Deposits subject to checks	55,624.23
Due other banks	626.19
Cashier's checks	886.21
Total	\$69,855.31

J. F. Flack, cashier of The Commercial Bank of Rutherfordton, do solemnly swear the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. F. FLACK, Cashier.

State of N. C., Rutherfordton County.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st day of February, 1904.

C. P. TANNER, D. C. S. C.
Correct—Attest:
T. B. TWITTY, JOHN C. MILLS.

O. T. WALDROP & CO

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES, MILLS-THOMPSON BLOCK.

Sell everything to eat; and everything to feed stock. Buy all classes of Country Produce, Fruits and Vegetables for Cash, and are exclusive agents, and carry in stock, the J. L. Nissen Wagons and the Champion Moving and Harvesting machinery. Our prices are as low as the lowest on the class of goods we handle. The best is the cheapest, especially in the way of diets. Give us a trial order. Goods delivered free in any part of the city.

'PHONE NO. 13. Groceries,

Heavy and fancy, Feed stuffs, Beef, Pork, Poultry and Eggs. We make our own Sausages, which are always fresh. Try our market for anything for the table. Corn, Cotton Seed meal and hulls, and hay always in stock. Prices as low as the lowest.

Car load of Hay and Cotton Seed Hulls just received.

J. L. Allen.

A. L. Grayson, Books and Stationery, Rutherfordton, N. C.

Newspaper and Magazine agency, full supply of text books for the public schools at contract prices. Postcards and Blotting paper in various styles of binding, school and office papers, a full line of deeds and other legal blanks, blank books, religious and secular books, works of fiction, fountain pens, inks, pencils, writing tablets, current literature, works of art, etc.

THE ONLY BOOK STORE IN TOWN.

R. S. Eaves, W. F. Rucker, Eaves & Rucker, Attorneys & Counsellors at Law, Rutherfordton, N. C.

Careful attention to details of all business entrusted to their hands. Practice in all State and Federal courts. Rooms 8 and 9 in Mills-Dickerson building, over Mills store. Office phone 38.

Geo. C. Justice, W. C. McRorie, Justice & McRorie, Attorneys & Counsellors at Law, Rutherfordton, N. C.

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W. A. Thompson, Physician and Surgeon, Rutherfordton, N. C.

Office in drug store in Thompson-Dickerson building. Office phone No. 81, residence phone 71.

Walker McDowell, Barber.

Over Carpenter's store, Rutherfordton, N. C. Polite and courteous treatment. Everything clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

O. C. ERWIN, Justice of the Peace, Office up stairs in Mill's building, room No. 7. Will give prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to him.

J. L. Geer, Dentist, Rutherfordton, N. C.

Room 21 over Carpenter & Taylor's store. Office phone No. 19.