

Lands Wanted.

We invite attention to the subjoined communication, which we extract from the Wilmington Star, making inquiries for a suitable tract of land to locate a Polish colony.

Hon. O. H. Dockery:

Dear Sir:—Familiar with your desire to resuscitate Southern industries, I am confident that you will give your interested attention to any enterprise pointing in that direction.

Yours, respectfully, M. J. McKenna.

The beauty of Northern Radical consistency was illustrated at Newburgh, N. Y., recently.

Alleged Political Outrages in Georgia.

We respectfully direct the attention of the Tribune to the statements of our Georgia correspondent respecting alleged political murders in that State.

THE MURDER OF ASHBURN, AYER, AND ADKINS.

[From the Georgia Cor. of the N. Y. Times.]

Politics have no more to do with the murders which have taken place in Georgia than the religion, dress, height or personal appearance of the victims.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 8.

The National Typographical Union tabled a resolution affiliating with negroes by a vote of 56 to 28.

FROM MEXICO.

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Senor Mariscal has been confirmed Minister to Washington.

FROM MISSOURI.

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What are left of Swedes about Ellsworth, are going to Chicago.

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RICHMOND, Va., June 8.

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CABLE DISPATCHES.

MADRID, June 8.

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BERLIN, June 8.

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VIENNA, June 8.

The Austria government refuses to take any action regarding neutrality in the Suez Canal without consulting France.

LONDON, June 8.

The probable rejection of the disestablishment bill creates intense excitement.

The Standard admitting the peril, urges the Lords to fight for all they hold dear, and risk the consequences.

The Post shows that the rejection of the bill by the House of Lords will not defeat its ultimate passage.

The Star uses threatening language, saying that the House of Lords is not more logical, desirable or executable an institution than the Irish Church, and cries will soon be heard for the downfall of the absolute Chamber.

The News says that the vote of the House of Lords will at the worst, postpone for a few months only the downfall of the Irish Church.

The Telegraph says the country has spoken unmistakably. If forced to speak again, its accents will not be free from indignation.

The Times says we are on the eve of a crisis comparable only to the reform bill—the result not doubtful.

The House of Lords propose to outrage a vast majority of the people by a contemptuous disregard of their wishes, and thinks the bill will ultimately succeed.

Outside papers which circulate more among the people, talk revolution.

TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 8.

The published details fully corroborate the despatch of last night, except that the Radical majority is four thousand five hundred, instead of two thousand.

The night was perfectly quiet—quiet attributed to the fact that the disorderly element became helplessly drunk.

This election results in one negro Register of City—an important office; seven negro Councilmen—a gain of six. The Radicals swept every ward.

The Common Council is unanimously Radical, only two Conservative Aldermen.

J. A. Bridgland has been appointed by the President Supervisor of Revenue for Texas, vice Major Belger.

The Denevole Savings Fund Society of Philadelphia, which was robbed of one and a quarter million in securities and money a few days since, has recovered the whole amount.

Nearly \$2,000,000 in bonds was issued to the Central Pacific Railroad to-day. A further issue completing the subsidy, will be made in a few days.

The road now has \$4,000,000 in pledge with the Government, thereby securing a first-class tract.

Enoch Hoag, the Indian Superintendent, telegraphs that the reports of hostilities in North-western Kansas was exaggerated and conflicting.

Only eleven remote settlers were killed. The exposed settlements are now preparing for defence.

The Government loses one hundred thousand dollars by the Santa Fe depository robbery.

F. G. Brownberg has been appointed Postmaster at Mobile vice Pierce suspended.

The Revenue Supervisors Districts have been partially reorganized in Alabama and Mississippi.

These States have been detached from their former districts and compose a new one, whereof Nathan D. Stanwood, of Montgomery, is Supervisor.

The President has finally yielded to the republican pressure from Georgia.

The negro, Turner, has been notified that he need trouble himself no further about his bonds as Postmaster at Macon, Georgia.

The State Department answers no letter applying for office.

The amount of gold at present in the Treasury is eighty-two million dollars; coin, twenty-five millions, in certificates.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.

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FROM NEW YORK.

New York, June 8.

A special despatch to the New York Herald, says the probability is that the House of Lords will be alarmed into the passage of the bill.

The mere announcement of their inclination and power to defeat it, evidently excites discussion adverse to a continuation of hereditary legislation.

FROM GEORGIA.

Augusta, June 8.

A letter to the Chronicle says: The editor of the Warrenton Clipper and other citizens, were arrested to-day at Warrenton, Warren county, at the instance of the Sheriff, who arrived there from Atlanta yesterday, with two companies of infantry.

The citizens are in jail, surrounded by a strong force of military. The excitement is very great.

The arrest is presumed to have grown out of political difficulties.

FROM MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Mass., June 8.

The Presbytery of the Old School of Londonderry has unanimously adopted the plan of re-union.

WASHINGTON.

Opinions of Lord Clarendon's Recent Speech and the Alabama Claims—Minister Motley's Instructions—Position of the Administration—Attorney General Hoar's Decision in the Texas Weaver Military Trial—President Johnson's Action on the Findings—The Georgia Case Submitted to the Attorney General—Colored People and the Places of Amusement.

[Special dispatch to the Baltimore Sun.]

WASHINGTON, June 2.

The Washington city council and board of aldermen have enacted an ordinance providing that there shall be no distinction made on account of race or color in the admission and privileges of places of amusement, and negroes are therefore to have seats with the audience indiscriminately.

The mayor has not signed the ordinance, but will certainly do so. Some interesting litigation is in embryo on this question.

The proprietors of theatres will not submit to the literal practical effect of this municipal law, and as soon as some person of color feels inclined to go where he is not welcome, and take a seat among white folks, the case will likely go to the courts.

Among legal men there is unanimity in the opinion that finally such litigation will result in a judgment against the colored person who shall seek martyrdom.

DATA.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY SWINDLE.

The public is a good deal vexed, but not very greatly surprised, by the action of the Pacific Railroad Company in fixing their freight and passenger charges at rates which are simply an outrageous extortion, and which will tend to restrict rather than to encourage commercial movement over the route.

The Central company have fixed their passenger tariff at ten cents a mile in gold; and their freight tariff at fifteen cents a ton per mile in gold, which is equivalent to \$105 per ton from Sacramento to Promontory Point.

The Union Pacific charges are on the same preposterous scale.

The Sacramento Union newspaper very truly declares, at these rates, the Pacific railway will not transport a thousand tons a year of Asiatic goods to the Mississippi valley.

At these rates, or even one-half or one-third of these rates, the grand flow of commerce from the Pacific toward the Atlantic, of which every one has been indulging in bright anticipations, will prove to be the most "baseless fabric of a vision" that human imagination ever created.

It is quite immaterial to the owners of this prodigious railway monopoly. They have got some forty or fifty millions of dollars clear profit out of the government bonds that built it, and they have got the millions of acres of land along the line which were given them as a bonus for doing so much to enrich themselves.

The lands will keep up the market value of the railway stocks to a high figure, even should the road not transport a pound of freight or carry a single passenger in the next twenty years.

Why should they invite traffic, which would only serve to more speedily wear out their rails?

The road, moreover, is in no condition to do business. The report of the government commissioners establishes the fact that it will require an expenditure of many millions, upon both roads, to bring them up to the requirements of the law.

It appears to be the purpose of the companies to levy whatever it will cost them to fulfill their original bargain with the government, as a tax upon the commerce and travel that may be compelled to seek this route.

It is an unmitigated outrage, against which the public voice ought to be raised in united and indignant protest. Protestation against a swindle so flagrant would probably have no effect whatever upon the companies. But it may be that Congress, which has reserved some sort of right to interfere in the premises, can in that way be induced to see, what the people must now see very clearly, that in emptying the public treasury into the pockets of Pacific railway companies, the country has been magnificently sold.—Nat. Intelligencer.

Fears are entertained that the Belgian city of Charleroi is gradually sinking and application has been made to the authorities to prevent further mining within the precincts.

Humburg—Type-setting machines.

FROM CUBA.

Revolutionary Proceedings of the Volunteers—They Now Control the Island—Exciting Scenes and Incidents.

HAVANA, June 2.—Via Key West.—Gen'l Palaez, whose life was threatened by the volunteers, went to Cienfuegos, but the volunteers there refused to allow him to land.

He was compelled to return to Havana, and on his arrival the volunteers demanded his life, because he had received \$120,000 to allow the rebels to escape from Narcisse. Escosara, Chief of the Administration, and Senor Diarr, Secretary of Dulce, succeeded in compromising the affair with the volunteers, and further outrages were prevented.

Yesterday evening the volunteers were greatly excited and assembled before the Captain General's palace, and shouted "Death to Dulce." "Death to Escosara." This morning a commission from the volunteers entered the palace and demanded Dulce's immediate resignation, declaring that he was allied with the traitors; his resignation was soon after announced.

No act of violence was committed. The volunteers now have full control, and are really the governing power of the island.

Several Governors and civil officers of high rank accused of connivance with the rebels will be immediately relieved. The insurgents in several recent encounters gained slight advantages over the troops.

HAVANA, June 3.—The volunteers in Matanzas assembled before the Government palace and demanded the immediate resignation of the Governor of Matanzas; their demand was acceded to. Col. Leon is now acting as Governor. No outrages were committed.

The city of Havana remains exceedingly quiet, but the public anxiety is intense.

A special steamer has been ordered to convey General Dulce to Spain, and it is expected that he will depart in a day or two.

ADDITIONAL.

New York, June 3.—A special to the Herald from Havana says: When the volunteers demanded Gen. Dulce's resignation, he asked that time be allowed him to receive a reply to his telegram for instructions from Madrid.

His request was refused, and at nine o'clock he surrendered the office. The volunteers then dispersed.

Matters will probably remain quiet until Gen. Delkoda's arrival from Spain, although Gen. Espinar is powerless against the volunteers.

The filibusters who recently landed at the Bay of Nipe escaped to the interior, leaving behind them some material of war, including four guns, for want of transportation.

Government accounts of the affair at the Bay of Nipe are much exaggerated. The landing of the filibusters causes a depression in business. The Spaniards are uncertain of the future.

The steamer Montezuma reports having sighted the filibusters on the coast adjacent to the Bay of Nipe. A fight took place at Villa Clara between a party of volunteers and company of troops.

A passenger who arrived here to-day reports that he saw two soldiers dead. All the others were wounded or captured except three.

1500 Fruit Trees Malticiously Girdled.

[From the Detroit Post, May 31.]

A few nights since, at Benton Harbor, St. Joseph county, Michigan, in the great fruit-growing region of this State, the orchards of Mr. Martin Green were visited by a gang of rascals, who girdled 1500 peach, cherry, apricot, plum, pear and apple trees, valued at \$20,000.

The trees were in full bloom, and covered with a mass of blossoms. It was evidently intended that the work should be thoroughly done, as the trees were barked and cut, and the bark peeled off with a malicious care. The community was aroused, offered \$15,000 for the arrest of the perpetrators, and set to work to repair, as far as possible, the evil which had been done.

Five or six hundred trees were regarded as utterly hopeless. The whole region was laid under contribution for rags and grafting-wax. The grafting-wax was heated in large kettles; women and children stripped and dipped the rags, the tree-surgeons tenderly closed the gaps in the ragged and torn bark, and bound the orifices closely with the bandages, afterwards painting the whole liberally with the hot wax to exclude the air and protect the repairs that must be left to nature.

It is surmised that the failure of the Western Transportation Company, with which Mr. Green was connected, may have been at the bottom of it. The people declare that there are enough trees remaining in that section to hang the authors of this extraordinary villainy, should they ever be caught.

PRINCE LAFOLLE.—This ex-Staty Proxy of the N. C. Railroad is yet on hand. We hear he has not been among his constituents but once since his election. Well, who can blame him. Men are said to be social animals, and Lafolle partakes of the character, and of his kind. If he should go to Pitt there are but few white men who would associate with him. It is a pity Holden should call in his free passes, on the railroads of the State by failing to make his State proxy.

The Governor's proxy has had some hard lessons in good manners while traveling by rail. On one train he was required to apologize for allowing his dog to drink out of the cup used by ladies. On another occasion, a conductor collared and scared him at a proper distance from the ladies, who were annoyed by his Brobery street familiarity.

—Eal. Sentinel.

In Savannah, sixty-nine buildings have been recently erected, valued at \$824,500. About thirty more are being constructed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 2d, 1869.

A SPECIAL MEETING.

OF the Stockholders of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad Company will be held in Wilmington on the 29th day of July, 1869, for the purpose of reorganization under the amended charter of the Company.

Transfer books will be closed on the 29th day of June.

By order of the President and Directors. J. T. ALDERMAN, Sec'y.

Notice.

I WILL sell for cash, at the Court House in Shelby, the 1st Monday in July next, the real estate of E. McBrayer, Bankrupt, consisting of about 800 acres including his Sulphur Springs property.

The above property will be sold subject to all legally existing liens.

I will also sell at the same time and place one tract of land belonging to the estate of John Z. Falls, Bankrupt, lying on the west side of First Broad River, containing 661 acres, joining the lands of W. L. Edrington, J. S. Spangler, Melton Gold, and others.

Also, the said Falls' interest in one tract of land containing 175 acres, lying on the waters of Knob creek, belonging to the estate of David Clino, deceased—Falls' interest being three-eighths of one-fifth in this tract.

Also, the interest of John Z. Falls in the dower lands of Esther Magnus, belonging to the estate of Joseph Magnus, dec'd, supposed to be 120 acres.

For E. McBrayer and J. Z. Falls, Bankrupts. Shelby, N. C., June 10, 1869. j614-3t

Assignee's Sale.

In the District Court of the U. S. for the District of South Carolina.

In the matter of THOS. A. HAYDEN, Bankrupt.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

BY virtue of an order obtained from Hon. Geo. S. Bryan, Judge of the District Court of the United States, for the State of South Carolina, I will expose to public sale at Spartanburg Court House, on Wednesday, 22d of June next, all the right, title and interest to which the said Bankrupt was entitled, at the date of filing his petition in Bankruptcy in the following property, to-wit: Undivided interest in

1000 Acres of Land.

lying on the waters of Broad river in Rutherford county, N. C., 9 miles east of Rutherford.

Also the following accounts due said Bankrupt's estate, sold subject to any discounts that may exist:

G. W. H. Legg, \$8 45; D. M. Prince, \$ 25

W. H. Walker, 5 50; A. C. McMillan, 75

James Daniel, 3 50; J. A. Moore, 35

P. S. Kester, 2 50; A. Alexander, 25

Wm. Basch, 7 25; W. D. Green, 69

Dr. J. Reynolds, 2 45; J. W. Fowler, 35

John O'Shields, 20

Vaughn, 1 40

S. C. Caldwell, 25; C. Becher & Son, 35

J. W. Sherbet, 65; R. Robinson, 60

Wm. Ballman, 25; A. J. Foster, 60

W. E. Garner, 3 15; R. L. Kirby, 35

J. Cunningham, 2 80; S. W. Turbyfield, 70

W. J. Cunningham, 55; J. R. Meeks, 25

Wm. Moore, 65; W. K. Zimmerman, 60

W. L. Floyd, 3 15; P. F. Gorman, 45

Jno. McFarlan, 2 80; N. O. Ross, 60

J. W. Keller, 2 80; H. Head, 30

D. L. Allen, 15; M. Clark, 45

Wm. Ballanger, 1 50; J. G. Gist, 25

J. E. Watson, 35; A. B. Westmoreland, 45

J. T. Turner, 50; J. Leatherwood, 45

C. C. Lancaster, 29; T. C. Burroughs, 2 80

Marcus Rudock, 25

Sold for the benefit of the creditors of the above named Bankrupt's estate. Terms—Cash in currency. Purchasers to pay for papers and stamps.

J. H. THOMSON, Assignee.

June 4-2t

Notice.

THE Mayor of the town of Rutherfordton, will let to the lowest bidder, on the 14th instant, the getting out and delivering of 2000 feet of Stringers for the streets, to be of Heart Pine, Post-Oak, or Chestnut, 8 inches square, and not less than 10 feet in length. To be delivered within thirty days thereafter.

By order of the Commissioners. j67-2t A. D. K. WALLACE, Clerk.

Quick! Look Here!!

Summer Goods!

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous customers and friends that he has just returned from market with a large and better stock of spring and summer goods than he has ever had before, consisting of

Dry Goods,

Fancy Goods,

Ready Made Clothing,

Groceries,

Hardware,

Cutlery,