

The Mountain Banner.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

L. P. ERWIN, Editor & Proprietor.

Vol. 1. FRIDAY, APRIL 14, 1882. [No. 37.]

Wm. J. Gilkey has been nominated Secretary of the Navy. Bill will make a boss ship Chandler.

The Liberal party in North Carolina is building his-self a new and elegant palace in the city of Charlotte.

The Chinese bill was vetoed by President Arthur, and failing to receive a two-thirds vote, John is "the same Melican man."

The many friends of William J. Conklin will be glad to learn that he has been rescued from death. William is a clever fellow, and we would be sorry to see him laid out in the coal.

Henry J. Menninger, of carpet-bag memory in North Carolina, stands high in New York in his profession—the proper place for him—and we are glad to note the contrast between him and other imitaries of the reconstruction era.

It is rumored (and we hope the rumor will prove true) that the Authorities of the Carolina Central Railroad will visit this place, at an early day, for the purpose of locating a route from Shelby to Spartanburg South Carolina.—Aurora.

The Central Railroad of South Carolina, which runs from Lane's, on the Northern Railroad to Sumter on the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta Railroad, has been leased to the Northeastern Railroad Company and the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad Company.

The following States will elect Governors this year: Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas.

CHARLESTON, April 4.—In the United States Court today the trial of Hugh P. Kane and others, revenue officers, for the murder of Amos Ladd, moonshiner, was concluded, after further testimony and argument. It was given to the jury by Judge Bond in a brief charge and in thirty minutes a verdict of acquittal was brought in.

Capt. E. J. Kirksey, superintendent of the Carolina Queen mining Co., showed us an assay of some of the ore from the Co.'s mine, made by Geo. B. Hanna at Charlotte, with the following result: 3 different assays, showed an average yield, per ton of 2,000 lbs. of ore \$322.45 gold; \$3.03 silver; total yield \$325.48. One of the assays showed a yield of over \$1,200 per ton.—Lamp Post.

It is stated that a monument is to be erected over the grave of the late Bishop Wightman, of the Methodist Church South. Dr. H. Baer, of Charleston, has consented to act as treasurer, and the friends and admirers of the late bishop can send their contributions to Dr. Baer. The Bishop's labors are held in very kind remembrance by many thousands of people in the Southern Methodist churches.—News and Observer.

An agent of Cony's circus visited the assassin Guiteau in his cell at the Washington jail on Friday and purchased two suits of clothes from him. For the suit worn by Guiteau at the time he shot the President \$250 was paid. For the suit worn by Guiteau during the trial, and when Bill Jones shot at him, the agent paid \$100. Guiteau did not hesitate to part with his clothing, and when informed that the suits were to be exhibited on plaster casts of himself, now being made for Coup by Wilson McDonald, the sculptor, was much elated. It tickled his vanity, and the chances are that if the agent had been smart he could have secured the clothes for nothing.

The New York World says: "Prices have been rather unsettled today, with a moderate inquiry. Liverpool advances showed a decidedly weak tone, with a small demand freely supplied. In consequence prices here opened easier, with sellers at about two points decline from Saturday's close. The downward movement continued until about 2 o'clock, when Liverpool showed a much steadier feeling, and a reaction set in here, prices at the close showing a strong tone for the early months, but the late deliveries were from 2 to 3 points lower. Spot quotations were reduced 1 1/2c., which brought out exporters, who purchased about 300 bales. The market's South are generally quiet, with a decided weakness at some points.

The Philadelphia Record truly says: The fortune of the Southern people in misfortune must command the admiration of the world. Accounts from all sections of the inundated regions agree that the people, white and black, seem cheerful, notwithstanding the terrible ordeal through which they are passing. They look forward to better times in the future. One of the most significant features in connection with the widespread ruin that has overtaken both planter and laborer is the kindly assistance that planters who can command the means are giving to the colored laborers, and the inducements they are holding out to them to return to the plantations and go to work.

Railroad Rumors. Railroad rumors are rife. The parties who are to build the Narrow Gauge road from Cranberry Iron Works to this place must be in earnest, if reports be true. We understand that Capt. Dwight has been ordered to Cranberry to commence the location of the line. In the meantime General Imboden, through Mr. D. B. Dougherty, is securing rights of way from this place to Boone via Cook's Gap for the "Imboden" road. Our jolly friend Joe Clarke, of Watanga, says he believes that somebody is going to build the road, and he "don't care if they do." No more do we.—Topic.

Almost a Centenarian.

Tuesday last Mr. John Gilkey came to town to see some of his many friends. Dropping in to see us he stated that his father, Robert Gilkey, was a native of Ireland, came thence to Pennsylvania, and there married Jane McQuiston, of Carlisle, Pa.; then moved to North Carolina, settling at Beattie's Ford, where, during the Revolution, Cornwallis encamped on his farm, and the British and Tories despoiled them of everything movable they had. Thence they came to Rutherford, and John Gilkey was born 1789, in the house where he has ever since lived. He married Cynthia Logan in 1821, and to them were born 11 children, all of whom they raised, as he expressed it, without spending a dollar for Doctors' stuff. His father once, when on a trading expedition to Philadelphia, bought a bottle of calomel, and part of that yet remains. He owns a pocket knife given him more than forty years since by his brother-in-law, Laxhorn. He has a large quantity of Continental money, has given away hundreds of dollars of it, and also has a thousand dollar bill on the State of Virginia, which he would like redeemed by Mahone and the readjusters, even at 50 cents on the dollar.

In looking over the old records in the Register's office, in which he seemed much interested, (very readily reading without use of spectacles,) he noted the names of many with whom he was well acquainted near 80 years ago.

His first school teacher was Jas. Kannon, who, with James Miller, David Dickey and Thomas Rowland, were County Commissioners in 1794. He knew Abram Irvine, who was Sheriff of Rutherford, and who was once robbed of all the public funds after reaching Raleigh, about 1793 or '94. He laughed heartily at the old bed-tick-bound Records—the first record of deeds of the county; knew many of the grantors and grantees, relating many incidents about them.

Mr. G. is altogether a man of most remarkable mental and physical vigor, a Christian in every sense of the word, being a member of the M. E. Church, and one against whom there never came the breath of reproach. May his life be long spared, and his bright example for good ever live in the memory of those who know him.

The Western Elections.

The temperate Baltimore Sun says of the Western elections: One of the important signs of the times is the progressive change of political sentiment in the West. Time was when Western thought was directed from the Eastern States, but within the last few years there are increasing evidences of independent thinking in the Mississippi valley upon the tariff, internal taxes and other economic topics. This independence tends to show itself often in a surprising manner at elections, by opposition to the continuance in office of the dominant party. The elections in Ohio, Michigan, Iowa and Indiana on Monday last illustrate this field and changing political sentiment. One year ago the Republicans in Cincinnati were beaten. It was said, because of the failure of the State Legislature to pass a law restricting the liquor trade; on Monday last they were beaten again by a majority nearly twice as great, because of the passage in the meanwhile of just such a law. The German wards, it is claimed, are responsible largely for the result, heavy Republican majorities going over to the enemy. In Cleveland the Republican majority of 3,200 last year has been replaced by a Democratic majority of from 600 to 1,000. Columbus shows similar results, though not so marked. Toledo went Democratic by a majority of 1,800, and Dayton by a majority of 400. The apathy of the defeated party prior to the election, this apathy being due largely to events at Washington, is perhaps to be credited with the untoward issue of the Ohio elections. In Keokuk and Dubuque, Iowa, the city elections resulted in giving political control to the Democrats. In the latter city the Democrats for the first time in twenty years elected every alderman. In Indianapolis the German and colored vote is reported to have been nearly solidly Democratic. In Richmond, Indiana, a Democratic official was elected for the first time "since the organization of the Republican party." A number of towns in Michigan swell the list of Democratic victories. Among the number are Lansing, Owosso, Marshall, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti, Niles, Grand Rapids and East Saginaw. It must not be inferred from votes cast on local issues that the political creed of the States mentioned above has undergone a general or permanent change. The signs afforded by "off years" are apt to be delusive. Still the nurmurs of the Pacific coast with regard to Chinese immigration, and of the Mississippi Valley with regard to neglected economic reforms, cause every incident to be suspected of being the straw which shows the direction of the wind.

Oregon and Washington.

Every one of our readers should become informed about the wonderful resources of Oregon and Washington, where the wheat production is larger and the death-rate lower than in any other section of the United States; where good Government land can be had for the taking, and railroad lands be bought on ten years' time. Industrious men become independently wealthy there in very few years. Full information in The West Shore, a handsomely illustrated journal published at Portland, the metropolis of the Pacific Northwest, at \$2 per year, or the Publishers will send two specimen copies, of different dates, for 25 cents. Address West Shore, Portland, Oregon.

You are respectfully requested to subscribe for "The Mountain Banner."

L. P. ERWIN, Proprietor.

The State Fair.

Major W. B. Gulick, secretary of the North Carolina Agricultural Association, is now engaged in the preparation of the premium list of the exposition in October next, and solicits suggestions from all persons who feel an interest in the subject, especially in the arrangement of premiums for all industries or products of North Carolina likely to be represented. The society hopes to embrace in this exhibit every interest of the State, whether belonging to agriculture, stock raising, mining, mechanics or manufacturing, and to classify the premiums that all kinds of products shall be suitably considered. The general advance in agricultural improvement, the increased interest felt in the development of manufacturing industries, the use of labor-saving contrivances, and the attention paid to education and elevation of our people, are indications of awakened intellectual and industrial activity, and it is the purpose of the society to stimulate this activity and progress by collecting together the results into an annual exhibit.

Death of a Deputy Collector.

Capt. J. M. Davis, deputy collector of revenue, was waylaid and killed on the evening of the 13th about three miles from McMinnville, Tenn. His assailants had concealed themselves behind an entrenchment ten feet from the road and about thirty feet long, made of logs and cordwood and covered with fresh cut cedar, and were armed with shot-guns and pistols. Vickers was riding by the side of Davis. Campbell and the others were a quarter of a mile behind. When Davis was shot off of his horse, Vickers ran on to them. Davis was upon his feet running towards Campbell. When he came in sight he was shot again, and Campbell and Cathcart saw one of the party run up and put his pistol to Davis' head and shoot. There were twenty-six bullet holes in Davis' body, besides those in his head. An entire load from a shot gun, including the wad, entered his head.

Davis entered the Confederate service at the beginning of the war, then a beardless boy, and remained in it to the close. Davis had Indian blood in his veins, and followed a trail like his dusky progenitors. He was a born detective, and being of large physique, his powers of endurance were remarkable. His life was replete with hair breadth escapes and thrilling ventures. He has been in the revenue service about ten years, during which time he arrested over 3,000 persons and broke up nearly 700 distilleries. His salary has been increased from time to time until it reached \$2,500 per annum. The Department at Washington gave him the credit of having broken up the business of illicit distilling in Tennessee. His life was insured, in different companies to the amount of \$14,000.—Asheville Citizen.

Dr. McGilvary's Lecture.

A large crowd assembled in the Presbyterian Church last Sunday night to hear Dr. McGilvary lecture on the history of missionary work in Siam, where he has labored as a missionary for twenty-four years. The Doctor prefaced his remarks by saying that the Christian religion is essentially a missionary religion, aggressive, and always victorious against whatever odds. He then spoke of the great difficulties attending a missionary life. Here at home the minister has many helps. The children are reared up in the Christian religion. The mind is prepared from infancy to receive the great truths of the Bible. But a missionary who goes to a heathen country, not only fails to find this foundation for his future labors, but he finds the minds of the people already filled with doctrines which must be eradicated before the true doctrines can be implanted—old structures of heathenism surrounded by the debris of ages must be removed before the temples of the cross can be erected. His description of Buddhism, the prevailing religion in Siam, was interesting in the extreme. He described it as a religion of magnificent phantasms, its devotees blindly struggling after the unattainable, looking forward to the goal, not of a blissful heaven of eternal life, but to a state of complete annihilation of mind and body—their nirvana. Their cardinal points of doctrine are the transmigration of the soul, the theory that all things are governed by the laws of merit and demerit, and the final rest from all suffering and sin in Nirvana. To reach this goal for which they are all striving requires, they say, many thousands of eons, a coping a period of time so vast that they illustrate it in this way: There is a hard rock ten miles square. Once in a hundred years an angel descends and draws a gossamer thread one across the top of this rock, and when, by this process the entire rock is worn away, that is a cop. Buddha is the only one, they believe, who has ever reached nirvana, but his millions of deluded followers are all struggling on, having a "shadow of a hope" that they may yet reach that happy state if they be faithful. It was to a people filled with such ideas as these that Dr. McGilvary and his co-laborers unfolded the simple doctrine of Christianity and against all the opposition and persecution with which they met, have at last been rewarded by seeing Christianity rapidly spreading throughout Siam, by having Christianity recognized as the legal equal of Buddhism by the Siamese court, and by seeing the whole kingdom opened up to commerce with Christian nations and to the introduction of Christian arts and sciences.—Lenoir Topic.

Parties owing fees for registration of Deeds and Mortgages, are respectfully notified to call at the Register's office and pay for the same at once. L. P. ERWIN.

Parties wishing to purchase good farms in Rutherford county will find it to their interest to correspond with the editor of the Banner.

The Great Overflow.

HELENA, Ark., April 4.—The question is being generally discussed as to how long it will be necessary to continue the issue of rations on account of the overflow. All agree that it will be several weeks before the water will permit plowing in the bottoms, and it will be necessary to supply the people two or three weeks after plowing begins. Government officers who have examined the situation are unanimous in this view. Cattle continue to die from starvation and the stunting of gnats.

NEW ORLEANS, April 4.—Subsistence stores purchased and delivered by Major Whitehead, U. S. A., on the part of the government, fill all orders from the War Department and to date amount to \$3,016,000 rations.

Water from the Arizona crevasse is overflowing the bottom lands to within five miles of Baton Rouge, partly submerging sugar plantations.

A dispatch from Alexandria states that the river there has fallen six feet. Every body is at work plowing. No government rations are wanted above New Orleans.

A New Iberia special says: The water is higher here than ever before known. Water from Grand Lake is pouring in torrents in the Teche at many points. Chas. Durand, a planter of St. Martinsville, went five days ago to look after cattle and was drowned. His body was recovered yesterday. Eleven houses have floated off at Grand River, and the water is backing up on the west side of the Teche, in rear of Pattersonville. Travel on the east side is suspended, and a number of establishments in New Iberia are flooded.

At Franklin the water rose six inches in twenty-four hours. All the plantations below Centreville on the east side of the Teche are wholly or partly submerged.

In St. Landry the water is now at a stand.

A Morgan City special says: The situation at this point has become decidedly critical and the water still continues to rise rapidly, having gained five and a half inches during the twenty-four hours ending yesterday, when the gauge stood 24 inches above high water mark.

Reports from Boue are received to the effect that the water has reached the caves of many dwellings, and that some of them have floated from their foundations.

The Philadelphia Record is responsible for the following: "A curious story comes from South Carolina of a poorly, well-to-do farmer who, being taken sick, imagined himself to be a woman. However, after being rubbed and doctored for a couple of hours he was persuaded that he was what he was. Dr. Folger, the physician in attendance, pronounces it the only case of mulierist mania on record in this country. Now we suppose the female suffragists will be praying for an epidemic of this disorder. If there were men who fancied themselves women it would in some sort relieve the women who wish they were men."

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at Rutherfordton, N. C., to date:

Miss Sallie Ballew, and Mrs. Rebecca Hunt.

Mr. Horace Barber, T. P. R. Moore, W. N. Price, and H. N. Smith.

Persons calling for the above will say "advertised." M. M. Spoons, P. M.

Real linen bosom, reinforced, scratch pocket gentlemen's shirts, at Craton & Dickerson's, for only \$1.

Messrs. Toms and Morgan

Have purchased and put up at their saw mill a 50-inch Disston Saw, of the latest and best manufacture, and they are now prepared to fill all orders or lumber of all kinds at short notice.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. A. FORNEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RUTHERFORDTON, N. C. Office in "Rutherford Hotel."

M. H. JUSTICE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RUTHERFORDTON, N. C. Practices in the courts of Rutherford, Polk, Henderson, McDowell and Cleveland. Collections promptly made.

J. W. HARRIS, M. D., E. S. HARRIS, M. D., R. J. W. HARRIS & SON, PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. Offer their professional services to the citizens of Rutherford and surrounding country.

Office in their New Drug Store, 1st door above Craton & Dickerson's.

J. L. RUCKEE, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, offers his professional services to the citizens of Rutherford and surrounding country. Office at Drug Store.

OLIVER HICKS, M. D., GIVES HIS WHOLE ATTENTION TO the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery. Special attention given to surgical diseases and operations in surgery. Office at his residence on the Heights east of Rutherfordton.

T. B. JUSTICE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RUTHERFORDTON, N. C. Office, one door below Craton & Dickerson's store. Will practice in the courts of Rutherford, Cleveland, Polk and Henderson counties, and elsewhere if business requires. Special attention given to collection of claims of all kinds.

W. L. LYNCH, Surgeon Dentist, RUTHERFORDTON, N. C. Is prepared to operate in all the branches of his profession. Special attention given to the insertion of artificial teeth. Satisfaction guaranteed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

I will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door in Rutherfordton, on Monday, the 22d day of May, 1882, Mary Harris' interest in a tract of land in Rutherford county, on Main Broad River, levied on in favor of J. H. Carpenter. Made by virtue of an execution issued from the Superior Court of Rutherford county. This April 13th, 1882. N. E. WALKER, Sheriff.

NOTICE.

I will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door in Rutherfordton, on Monday, the 22d day of May, 1882, E. Bradley's interest in a tract of land containing 32 acres more or less, in Union Township, Rutherford co., N. C., levied on at the instance of S. Parker. Made by virtue of an execution issued from the Superior Court of Rutherford county. This April 13th, 1882. N. E. WALKER, Sheriff of Rutherford county. no37—6w

NOTICE.

I will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door in Rutherfordton, on Monday, the 22d day of May, 1882, L. M. Price's interest in a tract of land on Cathey's Creek, in Rutherford county, N. C., adjoining lands of J. B. Eaves and others, at the instance of Bostic Brothers. Made by virtue of an execution issued from the Superior Court of Rutherford county. This April 13th, 1882. N. E. WALKER, Sheriff of Rutherford county. no37—6w

NOTICE.

I will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door in Rutherfordton, on Monday, the 22d day of May, 1882, M. O. Dickerson's interest in a tract of land containing 32 acres more or less, in Union Township, Rutherford co., N. C., levied on at the instance of S. Parker. Made by virtue of an execution issued from the Superior Court of Rutherford county. This April 13th, 1882. N. E. WALKER, Sheriff of Rutherford county. no37—6w

NORTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF RUTHERFORD.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

J. B. Harrill vs. T. F. Bowman.

NOTICE is hereby given to the defendant, T. F. Bowman, that an action has been commenced against him in the Superior Court for said county for the purpose of foreclosing a Mortgage on real estate in said county. The said defendant is hereby required to appear and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiff at the next term of the Superior Court to be held for said county, at the court house in Rutherfordton, on the 4th Monday in May, 1882.

M. O. DICKERSON, Clerk Superior Court, Rutherford County, March 31—6w

NORTH CAROLINA.

RUTHERFORD COUNTY.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

J. H. West and wife Elizabeth vs. Wm. Weeks and others.

Petition for sale of Real Estate. NOTICE is hereby given to Noah Weeks and Cynthia Ray, that an action has been commenced in the Superior Court for Rutherford county, North Carolina, for the purpose of selling real estate in which they have an interest as tenants in common in the lower lands of Elizabeth Weeks, dec'd. The said Noah Weeks and Cynthia Ray are required to appear and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiffs, now on file in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county, within twenty-five days from the 12th day of May, 1882.

M. O. DICKERSON, Clerk Superior Court, Rutherford County, March 31—6w

CENTRAL HOTEL,

Hickory, N. C.

D. A. REESE, Proprietor.

Located on the Western North Carolina Railroad, within a few hours' ride of that magnificent and romantic belt of mountains and a place of much sought after by all in pursuit of health and pleasure.

Rooms carpeted, and every comfort added necessary for the first-class entertainment of the traveling public. April 14, 1882.

MILLINERY

Spring Arrival.

MISS C. V. DICKERSON respectfully announces the arrival of an entirely new stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

to which she invites the attention of her many friends and the general public.

Her Stock of Millinery is complete in every branch, consisting of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats, Bonnets, and shapes of every style and fashion.

Assorted Plumes, Feathers and Tips, Ribbons and Trimmings of all shades, Figured and Fancy Gauze,

Collars, Cuffs, Neckties, Ruffs, Rusches, Handkerchiefs, Bows, Hosiery, Misses' Corsets, Etc.

Three-Button Kid Gloves—only 50 cents. Zephyrus—all shades.

Artificial Flowers—a complete and beautiful assortment.

Calling Goods—Crape and Crape Flowers.

Mail and examine for yourselves. No trouble to show my Goods. April 14, 1882.

LAND SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Superior Court of Rutherford county, N. C., in the case of Mrs. Letitia Mitchell et al. ex parte, for sale of lands for division, I will sell at Auction, at the court house in Rutherfordton, on Monday, the 22d day of May next (it being Monday of court),

Two Tracts of Land.

No. 1 contains 514 acres, and is known as the Twitty Old Field, and lies near town—might be laid off into building lots

No. 2 contains 834 acres, and lies 23 miles northwest from Rutherfordton, on the Asheville road. This tract is nearly all timbered land.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash; balance six months, with interest from date, with approved security.

A. L. GRAYSON, Commissioner. April 4, 1882.

ESTRAYS

TAKEN up by the undersigned, at Allen's Mill Place, 3 miles east of Rutherfordton, two yearlings—one a muly, stubby-horned, white-spotted red steer, and the other a black and white brindle-spotted heifer, not marked. Said cattle have been at my house since January 19th, 1882. The owner will come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

H. B. MORGAN. March 13th, 1882.

A. H. NABERS

Still To The Front.

A New and Splendid Assortment of All Kinds

of Merchandise.

COME AND SEE MY STOCK.

EVERYTHING YOU WANT AT LOW PRICES.

A large Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GLASS-WARE AND CROCKERY.

800 BUSHELS OF CORN.

Large Quantity of Bacon and Lard.

Superior Family Flour.

A. H. NABERS, Brittain, Rutherford county, N. C. April 14, 1882.

BARGAINS ALL THE TIME.

AT THE POPULAR SALESMAN'S OF

TOMS, GILKEY & REYNOLDS

are selling at cost. Also a full line of Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, together with a carefully selected stock of Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery, Etc., Etc.

All of which they are selling at astonishingly low prices. Call and be convinced. April 14, 1882.

NEW GOODS!

GOOD GOODS,

CHEAP GOODS!

AT W. J. HARDIN'S.

I am now receiving and opening daily an entire new stock of Merchandise of every description, and cordially invite my numerous friends and customers to an inspection of the same, being well assured that I can offer superior inducements to the public, both as to prices and quality of goods.

My stock consists of every variety and style of Dry Goods, Ladies' Dress Goods in endless quantities and patterns; Cashmere, Delaines, Prints, Muslins, Ginghams, Cambrics, Sheerings, Linens, Plaids, and white goods of every description.

Men's and Boys' Hats at panic prices. Men's, Boys', Ladies' and Misses' Shoes clear down to the state.

Notions—A general assortment. Clothing—Spring and summer suits, to suit the million. Shirts, laundered and unlaundered. Pants, Coats, Vests, Half Hose, Cravats.

Hardware and Cutlery—Axes, Angers, Saws, Planes, Chisels, Braces and Bits, Drawing Knives, and all sorts of table cutlery; Remington's celebrated Firearms; Hoes; Ames' Shovels, Rakes, Plows and Stakes, Nails, Tacks, Screws, &c.

Nothing which will in the least offend the religious or political belief of any one will be permitted and trashy, degrading nonsense will be rigidly excluded.

Every Story, long or short, and every Sketch, and every Poem, will be carefully selected from the best original productions of the best active, living writers.

In the fifty-two numbers included in the year, no less than twenty six long Stories, four hundred and five hundred short Stories, as many Poems, and innumerable Items of Prose and Verse, Humorous Articles, Answers to Correspondents (the latter a pleasing feature), will be furnished.

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For Six Months, 26 Numbers..... 1.00

For Four Months, 17 Numbers..... 1.00

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For Ten Dollars we will send four copies for one year, to one address, or each copy to a separate address.

For Twenty Dollars we will send eight copies to one address, or each copy to a separate address.

The party who sends us Twenty Dollars for a club of eight copies, all sent at one time, will be entitled to a copy free.

Centers-up of clubs of eight copies can afterward add single copies at \$2.50 each.

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Write name, town, county and State plainly.

JAMES ELVERSON, Proprietor and Publisher of "SATURDAY NIGHT," Philadelphia, Pa.