WHOLE NO. 567.

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ROCKINGHAM, RICHMOND CO., N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1884.

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LAURINBURG, N. C. Will practice in Richmond and adjacent count. Prompt attention given to all business. NAMES T. LAGRAND,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, ROCKINGHAM, N. C. Will attend promptly to all insiness intrasted to hi ears. Office opposite Fowlkes Old Postoffice building

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And all kinds of edibles, CHEAP FOR CAR, is our

THE PEOPLE ARE HAPPY

J. W. PARKS Solls Dry Goods, Groceries, Shoes, etc., SO LOW the the natives are astonished. Before buying, call and a my stock of

RY GOODS. GROCERIES. SHORS, CUTLERY, MEL FLOUR, MOLASSES, BACON, SHIP SUPP. And almost everything needed by the people.

Be sure to cal and see me before buring. B fill he J. W. PARE.

Hamlet, I O.

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The Spring Term will begin Monday, January 7, 1894.
Luition, per month, \$3, \$3, and \$4; music extrs, \$1.
Contingent fee, \$1.00 per annum.
R. and \$10-\$13 per month.
For further particular apply to the Principal.

New Mottoes

As the meeting of the Lime-Kiln Club opened, the President announced that the following spring mottoes would be hung on the walls during the coming

"Pay cash."
"Deal on de squar'."

"Sell your dog."
"No man kin sit on de fence an' plant

"Time wasted am shillins lost out of hole in de pocket." "If it am pollyticks against 'taters, take de 'taters.

"An hour wid a saw-buck am more valuable dan an hour wid a statesman. "De man in debt am a swimmer wid

FARM WAGES AND MANUFACTORS A report just made by Statistician Dodge shows that in States where only 18 per cent of the laborers are employed in agriculture the wages of farm hands average \$24 a month, while in States where 77 per cent. are farm hands their wages average only \$13,67 a month. In every State the rate of wages on farms is favorably affected by the presence of manufactories.

There is a demand for two scales of prices for labor—one for temperance men, and one for drinkers. Oh, yes! You drinkers think you ought to be paid twice as much as we temperance men, because it costs you twice as much to live .- Phila, Call.

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IRON WORKS.

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Steam Engines and Boilers.

Traction Engines. Saw Mills with Variable Friction Feed. Wheat Mill Outfits. Corn Mills-Portable.

Separators, Threshers and Horse Powers Respers, Mowers and Rakes Steam and Water Pipes-Brass Fittings

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OF ALL KINDS, AT BOTH WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I have the largest stock of any house in the State, and

WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

JONES & MUTTON Can fill orders promptly for cheap Chairs, Bedsteads, and anything in the Furniture line. So COFFINS, METALIC CASES AND BURIAL SUITS ALWAYS ON HAND. Send for cuts and prices.

White Front, next to Wittkowsky & Baruch, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

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EVERY DESCRIPTION OF CEMETERY WORK NEATLY EXECUTED Prices and Drawings by Mail on Application.

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Examination and Correspondence From All

WATERTOWN STEAM ENGINES.

MARVIN'S FIRE PROOF SAFES.

se on all of our machinery. Send for eironiar of prices.

BREM & McDOWELL, Charlotte, N. C.

BURGESS NICHOLS.

INSTITUTE Furniture, Bedding, Mattresses, Chairs, Etc.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Cheap Bedsteads, Lounges, Parlor and Chamber Suits,

COFFINS OF ALL KINDS ALWAYS ON HAND. A large Stock of Furniture is now being bought in the Northern markets. Prompt attention given to orders

A Robbers' Nest.

A very snug and strong robbers' roost we recently discovered by a couple of Jenver citizens in a gulch near Webster,

They had been visiting in the hborhood, and on returning home had lost their way, and in traveling shout came across a cabin. In it was a ride table, some chairs, a large stove, a good supply of fuel, six loaded revoldge-belts, and several spars. took possession of it for the high with a huge is that fitted into slots in the logs.

The owners had re-One of the men wanted to know shouldn't force the door swer was that it was no would stand as long as About noon the next spants ventured out, and stable, discovered several had been opened, and as of highway robbery. States officials are now

August, and prizes will be offered for with a view to obtain the same indulive stock.

The Bright Light.

A European journal relates that a few months since workmen employed upon some constructions on the bank of the river Dnieper, in Central Russis, em-ployed the electric light to enable them to prosecute their labors at night. The brilliant rays of light attracted so many millions of nocturnal moths, beetles and other insects, that from time to time it was necessary to stop work and set al hands to destroying the clouds of winged victims that frequently completely obscured the light. This suggested the idea of employing the electric light to destroy necturnal insects prejudicial to agriculture, and experiments in that direction are to be tried next spring. Not only to insects, but to fish, the light proved fatally attractive. Its rays, directed to the surface of the water, draw together vast quantities of all the fishes found in the Dnieper, and when within the charmed field of illumination they lay crowded together in masses, seemingly blinded and stupefied. The workmen improving the opportunity, made a notable haul of fish.

Good breeding is the result of much As international agricultural exhibi-tion is to be held at Amsterdam next gence from them.

figures of course largely represent the illiteracy that exists among the negroes. There are, CURBERT COMMENTS. however, 128,934 white Miterates in the state CHARLES BARRETT, of Ashburnham, Mass, now 96 years old, had his life insured for \$1.4 of the age of 18 years and upwards,

000 in 1846. Having reached the extreme firm of life, according to the table of mortality on which the insurance company does business, the president sent him the other day a check for the amount of his policy. It is believed to be the only case on record where a man has beaten an insurance company by outliving a death policy.

We now make one-fifth of the iron aus one fourth of the steel in the world and we furnish one-half of the gold and one-half of the silver of the world's supply. Taking all the mining industries of the world, the United States represent 36; Great Brittian, 33, and all other nations 31 per cent of the total. Anglo-Saxondom, therefore, represents 69 per cent of the mining industry of the earth.

The Chicago Live Stock Exchange has resolved that there is no such disease as contagious pleuro-pacumonia in the United States, no foot and mouth disease in Illinois, Iowa or Kansas and that at no time within twenty years have the cattle, hogs and sheep of this country been so healthy as now. It has also sent a delegation to Washington to lobby against all cattle disease legislation,

THE discussion of the red sunsets continues. Probably the volcanic dust theory has the largest number of followers. As a recent scientific writer expresses it, a tremendous volcanio eruption hurls into space dust, steam and gas, and this mighty mass hangs like a cloud over the earth. How long this dust is to envelope the globe is a question, but it is suggested that if the clouds owe their elevation to electrical repulsion there is no reason why they should not stay in the upper air for years, but if they are slowly settling to lower levels the action of the rain drops will drag them down

In New York, Philadelphia, and other commercial centers, the merchants have inaugurated a war on the druggists; and physic has dropped fully forty per cent below the regular rates. The cut rates apply mainly to the patent medicines. The grocers and other merchants who are competing with the druggis a say that the average merchant has to be satisfied with five or ten per cent profit, and there is no reason why the druggist should reap any more. Of course the druggists are mad, but what can they do about it? The war may be only a flurry after all, or it may result in a permanent reduction in the prices of patent medicines. The matter will shape itself according to the laws of trade.

THE entire winter packing of pork in the west is 5,402,064 hogs, against 6,132,212 last year; average weight 251.44 pounds, a decrease of 15.58 compared with last year. The decrease in the yield of lard per hog was 2.18 pounds. The pork production shows 273,858 pounds less than last year. Stocks of meat in the west, including barreled pork, were 113,-000,000 pounds less than a year ago. Exports since November 1 are 47,000,000 pounds less then a year ago, and 145,000,000 pounds less than the average of the seven previous years reported. The outlook for hog supplies indicates about 15 per cent shortage for the summer. The total packing for the twelve months ending March 1 was 9,183,100 against 9,942,-909 the previous year.

Our preparations for a more efficient navy will cause the public to feel interested in the progress of Krupp's latest ventures in the gun line. Several trials have been made with Krupp's six inch guns, thirty-five caliber length. A target representing the sides of an iron man-of-war was constructed of ten-inch hard wood timbers, with iron plates seven inches thick on each side, making fourteen inches of iron and ten inches of wood. The range was 150 metres and the projectile passed entirely through the target and buried itself in the sand hill beyond. It is understood that Krupp is now at work on a gun that is expected to accomplish s'ill greater results. It goes without saying that even the most heavily armed vessels cannot withstand guns of the Krupp stamp. In future ships of war will not be relied upon very largely in attacking a well fortified seaport strongholds.

Considering the quantity of tea used in this country, one would naturally suppose that our people would know something about tea, but the fact is, they know next to nothing Most of our tes comes from Chins, but it is the inferior grades, the spurious stuff which has been artificially colored. The really good tea is either consumed in China or is sold abroad at fancy prices. The emperor of Russia imports ten at \$40 per pound, and it is a common thing for wealthy people to pay \$10 per bound for it. When good tea is secured you should use one full teaspoonful for each person and one for the pot; boil the water in a clean kettle, and when it boils put the required quantity in a teapot and pour on the boiling water, allowing it to stand about fifteen minutes. Then pour into a fine china teapot to serve at the table, Never make the tea in anything but a china or

Wire reference to the early life of Usman Digna, the Suakim correspondent of the London Times writes that he was originally a broker and trader, and principally a slave trader. in Suskim and Jeddah, where he received a severe financial blow, when, some six years ago, a British cruiser captured two slave dhows full of victims on the way to Jeddah. Osman Digna's trade then fell from bad to worse, his house property in Suakim was all mortgaged, and he became hopelessly involved. Being of no great distinction by birth, his selection by the Mahdi to lead a religious rebellion is attributed to the secident that Osman Digna met the Mahdi. who formed a high estimate of his ability and influence, acquired through shecessful trading, If this history be trustworthy, passions for other objects than holiness are the key note of Osman Digna's character and motives, and it is against all probability that he will cast his goods and his position into the broken balance of battle. He is no ignorant fanatic, and he cannot himself believe the myths which be multiplies in order to control his followers.

Ix 1830 there were 6,239,958 persons over 18 years of age who could not write. There are prebably now 7,000,000. Over nine per cent of the whites in this country can not write; 70 per cent of colored persons in the United States anot write. Of males over 21 there are 2. 150,000 that can not write. One voter in seven, in other words, cannot write his own name. Not over three-fourths of the voting population is capable of reading and writing, says Senator Blair, with such facility as to make these arts a source of intelligent suffrage. About threefourths of the illiterate voters are found in states that have a large colored population. In Georgia out of 321,438 males over 21 years of taker took proofs of various millinery cuts and age, there are 28,571 whites and 116,616 blacks who can not write. A little over 45 of every who can not write. A little over 45 of every one kundred are illiterate, although the ratio filliteracy in this state is not as high at it is in Alabama, Louisiana, South Carolina or Mississippi. This state has 145,087 illiterate force of features alone, any more than voters. There are in the state 446,083 persons she can be witty only by the help of over 10 years of age who can not read. These speech.

SUMMARY OF CONGRESS.

Mr. Harris mayed to Hake the bill to admit Dakota falso the Union as a State made a special order for the following Thursday. Mr. Vest, of Missouri, said the friends of the bill spoke of Dakota as an elysium, but he would be able to show that it was nothing of the sort, and that the conditions tild not exist which would Warrant its admission into the Union. Several Senators said they understood that the question of admitting Dakota was righted as a political one. Mr. Harrison's motion was lost... The rest of the day was given to debate on the

rest of the day was given to debate on the bill to increase the salaries of district judges to \$5,000 a year and on the education bill, regarding it as contralization in its most concentrated form. Messus. Vance. Riddleberger and others spoke in favor of it.

A bill was reported favorably for the read-justment of compensation for the transporta-A bill was reported favorably for the readjustment of compensation for the transportatian of mails on railroads... A bill was introduced for the adjudication of pension claims
.... The bill fixing at \$5,000 a year the salaries of United States district judges was passed
... A joint resolution was passed providing
for the payment of laborers in government
employ the same wages for holidays as for
other days.

The Senate passed the bill reported from the committee on Indian affairs for the allot-ment of land in severalty to Indians on the reservations to extend the laws of the States reservations to extend the laws of the States and Territories over the Indians....Bills were introduced to establish a bursen of fine arts in the Smithsenian institution; to regulate the ferms of bills of lading, and the duties and liabilities of ship-owners and others, and to provide for the sanitary inspection in Egypt of rags to be shipped to the United States.

States.

The Senate passed Mr. Hawley's bill offering \$25,000 reward for the recovery of the Greely pairty, with an amendment exempting the United States from any responsibility for the party undertaking the task...Mr. Brown introduced a bill to require the payment of \$35,555.42 in cash to reimburse the State of Georgia for expenditures made for the common defense in 1777,...Mr. Palmer, from the committee on woman suffrage, reported fay: committee on woman suffrage, reported fav orably a resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution giving women the right to

Mr. Ellis asked and was refused consent to introduce a joint resolution appropriating \$300,000 to be immediately available, to be expended to prevent the overflow of the city of New Orleans. Several members opposed the resolution on constitutional grounds. The resolution was lost by 95 to 115, but by unanimous consent it was reintroduced by Mr. Ellis and referred to the committee on appropriations. Bills were introduced to promote the efficiency of the revenue marine service; providing a uniform rating for invalid pentions. sions; to secure cheaper correspondence by telegraph; to regulate the carriage of pas-sengers by see; for the revision of the pat-ent laws.

A bill reported back and passed, making it

to assume to be an officer or employed of the United States. ... The House passed a Senata bill authorising the State of Colorado to take lands in lien of the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections, found to be mineral lands, and to secure to that State the benefit of the act and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agricultur MR. Down spoke in favor of his bill pro viding for the retirement and recoinage of the trade dollars. The bill provides that until June 1, 1886, trade dollars shall be reved at their face value in payment dues to the United States, shall not be again paid out. Holders of trade dollars on the presentation of

o any reasorer (

The trade dollars received in any nations depository are to be recoined into standard dollars. The trade dollars are to be regarded and treated, when received at the mint, as allver bullion, and their bullion value shall be deducted from the amount of value shall be deducted from the amount of bullion required to be purchased and coined by the act of February 22, 1878. The bill was unanimously reported by the committee.

Mr. Miller, of California, reported favor ably from the committee on naval affairs, with an amendment, the joint resolution authorizing the secretary of the navy to offer a reward of \$25,000 for rescuing or ascertaining the fate of the favor resolution. ing the fate of the Greely expedition ... A memorial was presented from the legisla-tive assembly of Utah, protesting against leg-islation by Congress without full investigation, and making accusations against Gover-nor Murray... The Blair educational bill was debated, Mr. Hampton making an extended

address in its support.

Mr. Anderson offered a resolution provid ing that Congress should adjourn on the 2d of June. It was referred to the ways and means committee....At its evening ses means committee...At its evening session the House paged twenty-three pension bills. Among them was one giving a pension of \$50 per month to the widow of Major-General James B. Steedman, and a bill granting a pension to Mrs. Sarah E. E. Seelye, who served as a soldier for three years under the assumed name of Franklin Thompson, and, when sick and about to be sent to the hospital, deserted to escape the detection of her sex. detection of her sex.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

HOLMES.—Judge Oliver Wendell Holmes, fr., will deliver the Memorial Day address in LANGTRY.—Mrs. Langtry is evidently pros-pering. She has mortgages on New York real estate amounting to \$93,000, to say noth-

ing of other investments.

TABOR.—Mr. Tabor, the millionaire ex-Senator, is in hick again. He has struck another rich vein in one of his mines. It is said that he wants to be governor of Col-

BONNER.—Robert Bonner, proprietor of the New York Ledger, is sixty-two years old. His-wealth is estimated at over \$7,000,000. His interest in the Ledger is worth \$50,000

CULLOR.—United State Senetor Cullors of Illinois, is no society man. He prefers to sit in his own cosy room, in dressing-gown and slippers, instead of going to stiff and starched receptions. Ruskin.—John Ruskin, the eminent English art critic, is described as being five feet five inches tall, with an iron-gray beard extending up to his eyes, a low and retreating forehead and long unkempt hair.

HALSTEAD.—Hurat Halstead, editor of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, improves the occasion of the recent Mississippi flood to formulate his views as to what should be done to the river: "It must be lighted and have the snags-pulled out, have its natural outlets restored, be humored occasionally with dredges, and then let alone. VANDERBILT,-W. H. Vanderbilt owns 930

840 shares of railroad stock, worth \$58,750,-000, railroad bonds worth \$26,337,420, govern-ment bonds worth \$70,580,000, and other securities worth \$5,900,000. His wealth equal the \$200,000,000 of the duke of Westmi and the income from it is six per cent, while that of the duke is but two, so that he is clearly the richest man in the world. SITTING BULL.—Sitting Bull is paying his first visit to the realms of civilization, and recently got so far east as St. Paul. The other night the chief and his nephew visited the Pioneer Press office and were surprised, though they didn't show it, by the telegraph, telephone fire allows going steam heaters at though they didn't show it, by the telegraph, telephone, fire-alarm gong, steam heaters, etc.
The chief sent a telegram to his son in Chicago, saying that he had been sirk, but was much better, and received an answer pight away. The telephone broke him all up, and forced the first exclamation from him, and he laughed for the first time in many moons. The nephew was placed at an instrument in one room and litting Bull in another room, 100 feet distant. The chief listened, started, grinned, and then exclaimed: "Waukan!" (evil spirit). In the composing room an accommodating proofthe pictures as great prizes.

No woman can be handsome by the

NEWS SUMMARY

Eastern and Middle State REV. HENRY MORGAN, a well known Bosto 1 preacher and lecturer, is dead.

A FIRE in New York destroyed the Electric Candle company's factory, causing a loss of about \$300,000. Six children were poisoned near Meadville, Penn., by sipping the juice of a tree which they had tapped. Two of the little ones died.

JOHN JAY CISCO, a prominent New York banker, and for eleven years assistant United States treasurer at New York, died the other day aged seventy-sight years. He left an estate valued at \$2,000,000. THE Rhode Island Democratic State Central committee filed the vacancies left in the State ticket by the resignation of Amass Sprague and C. E. Gorman by the nomination of Elisha Matthewson, for lieutenant-governor, and Francis Iz C. Reilly for attorney general.

A SILL providing for the public whipping of wife beaters was defeated in the Massachu-

JAMES PRATT, a seeman, arrived in New York a few days since on board a Pacific Mail steamer. He was the only survivor of a brig's crew of eight men who had been wrecked in the Guif Stream. Pratt was second mate of the brig, did was rescued after almost incredible hardships, his companions dying in a small boat one by one. JAMES NUTT, the slayer of Dukes at Union-town, Penn., has gone to Leavenworth; Kan., to take charge of his mother's farm. A WILD scene of disorder occurred in the New York State assembly at Albany during consideration of the nine bills relating to New

York city. For some time a termic ingreat prevailed, members yelling at the top of their voices, and the scene is said to have been unparalelled in the annals of legislation. Augustus Schell, for many years a prominent figure in the social, business and political life of New York, ex-collector of that port, and during the Greeley campaign chairman of the national Democratic committee, died the other day in his seventy-sec-

By the bursting of a dam about a mile and a half above Ansonia, Conn., an immense body of water was freed and swept down the valley with a deafaning roar and a force which carried away everything in its path. Fortunately the people in the factories and houses in the course of the flood had feedlyed sufficient warning of the impending disaster to seek safety on high ground. The torrent that burst from the dam opening was five feet high, and about three hundred feet wide. A number of shops, dwellings and barns, and a stone arched bridge in Ansonia were carried away, and an estimated pecuniary damage of \$250,000 was caused. By the bursting of a dam about a mile and of \$250,000 was caused.

Five men at Clarion, Penn, started in a small rowboat with a large circular saw aboard. When passing over the big falls near the mouth of the Clarion river the boat capsized and Hamilton Walker, William Watson and David Fair were drowned. Ar a sale of Jersey cattle in New York aighty-two imported animals brought \$49. 360, or an average price of \$601.97 for each animal. The sale was made noteworthy by the fact that \$6,200, the highest price ever re-ceived for a Jersey animal at auction, was paid by the Hon, Henry L. Pierce, of Boston, out of Bessy of St. Lambert. Mr. Pierce also paid \$5,800 for a cow by Stoke Pogis III., out of Jessamine of St. Lambert. DURING a fire near Boston a number of

fancy pigeons, valued at \$5,000, were roasted alive. One pair of a fancy breed had just been sold for \$350. DESIRE BOUDGIR, who returned to Dover, N. H., and pleaded guilty to killing a man, for which crime his father was a waiting sentence to death, was sent to State prison for three years.

BARNUM'S much talked about white ele-phant arrived in New York a few days since on an ocean steamer. He is described as a slate-colored animal, with pink spots. Foreign.

day was celebrated in holiday fashion in Ber-lin. Many buildings throughout the city were gaily decorated, and thousands of people need the streets about the palace, and greeted the emperor's appearance at the windows with prolonged cheers.

Ar a consistory held in Rome the pope created two cardinals and twenty-one bishops. THE whole country surrounding Khartoum was reported to be in the hands of the False Prophet's followers

Prophet's follows:

THE imperial tribunal at Leipzig has sequestrated the property of the Polish poet Kraszewski until the carges of high treason against him have been tred.

UNITED STATES MINISTER SARGENT, in proposing the toast to Emperor William at the dinner given on the occasion of the opening of the American Exchange in Berlin, a two sams ago, said: "Emperor William is entitled to the veneration of all foreigners who live around him. He will continue immortal in history. him. He will continue immortal in history. He is already admired by mankind irrespec-tive of territorial boundaries." A GAMBLING house for women has been un-

earthed in Paris by the police. Twenty-siz women were discovered in the place gam-ANARCHY prevails in Crete, and numerous murders of Christians by Moslems and of Moslems by Christians are reported from various ports of the country.

A PRINCE of the royal family of Annam has been hanged for promoting the massacre of Christians. THE Canadian government has been in-formed that extreme destitution exists among the Indians in the northwest territory, and

that twenty deaths from starvation have oc-It is officially stated that last year at Ermsleben, a small town of Prussian Saxony, 403 persons were seriously ill and sixty-six died from trichinosis. The disease was caused by eating raw pork, which all came from one

GENERAL GRAHAM'S force advanced on Tamanieb, near which the recent battle with Osman Digna's Arabs took place. The Arabs offered a brief resistance, firing upon the British squares from behind rocks and then fleeing to the open country. General Graham moved into Trima nieb and burned it. After exploring the neighborhood it was stated he would return with his troops to Suakim. The campaign was declared at an

South and West PROMINENT veterinary surgeons, in consultation at Neosho Falls, Kansas, united in declaring that the trouble with the cattle in that State is not the dreaded foot and mouth

A TORNADO near Columbia, S. C., demol-ished several residences and a large number of barns and outhouses, uprooted trees, and destroyed everything in its track. The storm extended into the adjacent county of Lexington, where great damage was also done. GREAT damage to property has been done by the bursting of levees along the lower Mississippi, and many telegrams have been sent to Washington from the overflowed region appealing to the national government for heip.

More than twenty leves along the lower Mississippi have given way, and the state of affairs was reported as the most disastrons known since the war. The breaks in the various levees let in large volumes of water, which overspread the country, inun-dated plantations, and ruined the cotton and sugar crops. The national government was appealed to for aid, as many people were left entirely destitute. A NUMBER of persons were killed, many more were injured and great damage was done to property by tornados in portions of Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee. In Ken-

SAN FRANCISCO has just experienced the severest shock of earthquake since 1868. The people were very much alarmed and rushed out of their houses. The shock lasted fifteen seconds, and several buildings were badly damaged.

A HEAVY fall in wheat at Chicago caused an excitement almost amounting to 8 panic. Nearly 100,009,000 bushels of wheat changed hands during the day. hands during the day.

During the recent heavy tornades Mrs.
Brachton and two children were killed in a cabin at London, Kr., and a brakeman's neck was broken; at Budd, Ky., several passons were killed and many more injured, and at other points in Kentacky, Chief Indiana, the Carolinas and Georgia, more or less lives; were last and great damage was caused to busing the Levinal mail filleds in the tighty of Dayton Chief and process.

Five children of James Wilson (colored), living near Brunswick, Ga., ate pork for dinner, subsequently became ill and after lingering in great agony several hours died. Their parents claimed that they were the victims of trichina in the pork, and the planters in the county were much exercised in consequence Many, however, were inclined to the belief that the children were poisoned by their parents, and this theory was strengthened by the fact that the parents persistently refused to divulge where the pork was obtained.

A GREAT crowd of 10,000 persons attacked to divulge where the pork was obtained.

A GREAT crowd of 10,000 persons attacked the jail at Cincinnati in an attempt to lynch William Berner, whose trial for the self-confessed murder of William Kirk had ended in a sperdict of mere manslaughter. An immense indignation meeting citied by the crowd's marching to the jail and attempting to force sai entrance. The militia was called out, and in the firing which followed one man was killed and others injured. Such excitement which prevailed in Cincinnati life not been known there in a long time.

Washington.

The pension appropriation bill, as reported by the committee on appropriations to the House, appropriates \$20,004,500, and provides that any balance of the appropriation for the current fiscal year that may remain an expended on June 30 shall be reappropriated. This balance is estimated at \$60,000

FURTHER nominations by the President:
David J. Brewer, of Kansas, to be United
States circuit judge for the Eighth judicial
circuit; Julius C. Burrows, of Michigan, to
be solicitor of the treasury; Colonel David S.
Stanley, Twenty second infantry, to be brigdier-general; Major John M. Wilson, corps
of engineers, to be lieutemant-colonel of enginbers; Chauncey B. Sabin, of Tesas, United
States district judge, eastern district of Texas. AT a prolonged caucus of the Democratic Congressment a resolution was passed that the Morrison tariff bill should be taken up for and reasonable time for debate allowed, and after such debate a bill should be passed for the reduction of duties and war tariff axes. The resolution was declared not to bind the individual action of Democrats. Out of the 191 Democratic members of the House 171 were present, and the caucus lasted

THE Senate confirmed the nominations of William M. Bunn, of Philadeiphia, to be governor of Idaho Territory, and Sumner Howard, of Michigan, to be chief justice of the supreme court of the Territory of Ari-

Born houses of Congress passed the joint resolution, reappropriating for the aid of sufferers by the Mississippi river floods the \$125,000 not expended on the sufferers by the

THE supervising inspector-general of steam vessels reports that 5,441 steamers were inspected during the calendar year ended De-cember 31, 1883, being an increase of 275 over the number inspected the previous year. The number of officers licensed was 24,278, an increase of 1,907. The loss of property by accidents amounted to \$2,908,318, an increase of \$1,322,806. The number of lives lost was 177, which was 134 less than were lost the A GREAT surprise was given to the Senate

in the shape of a message from President Arthur nominating A. A. Sargent, United States envoy extraordinary and minister to Germany, to fill the same position in Russia as successor of the late Minister Hunt.

The nomination was not sent in with the message containing names of nominees for a nber of small positions, but was made the subject of a special communication; hence, some of the Senators did not know of the proposed transfer of Minister Sargent until the message was laid before them. In the executive session, late in the afternoon, with only a brief dis cussion, the nomination was confirmed with out referring R to a committee to consider and report. Mr. Bargent had been savagely attacked recently by the German government organs, and his relations with that government had be some the latter of the comment had be some the latter of the had be ome strained and unit i

The mount Arraur has sent to Constitute the construction of naval vessels. He saw the construction of naval vessels. He sug-gests that provision be made for the building f three new steel cruisers four gunbeat and the completion of the four double turreted monitors. He suggests such action as will enable the government to construct its ordnance on its own territory.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC

MARK TWAIN is dramatizing his story "The Prince and the Pauper." MISS ELLEN TERRY, who is Henr Irving's leading support, is said to get \$1,000 Sizes REEVES, the English tenor, pr Sizes Regyrs, the English tenor, proposes to make an American tour, as a close to his artistic career.

Proce the suther of the "Bad Boy" stories, receives a percentage from the receipts of the drama of that mane.

The opera company engaged by Townson's Percy for the Spanish Fore, New Orleans, will play there twenty works.

Ristori's repertory for America consists of Medea, Lady Macbeth, Marie Antoinette, Elizabeth and Marie Stuart.

Will C. Cowper and Lucian G. Chaffin.

WILL C. COWPER and Lucian G. Chaffin, of the Buffalo Express, have jointly written a play on the "Fedora" order. Critics of Florence, where Arna Dons, and Danish singer, recently made her debut in opera, find in her another Christine Nilsson. MISS JENNIE YOUNG is winning in London

much kindly appreciation of her concert lec-tures, especially those on "Burns" and "Long-fellow." Allison and George Rignold have taken the International theatre, London, and will make a specialty of American plays and

EDWIN BOOTH'S new home in Boston will not be finished until late in the spring, and as the actor spends his summers at Newport he will not occupy it until fall. MLLE. NEVADA, the prima donna, achieved a brilliant success on making her debut at the Theatre des Italiens in Paris recently. The udience was large and distinguis JOACHIM, the violinist, will direct the per formances of some of the more important works of Johann Sebastian Bach at the un-veiling of Bach's statue at Eisenach in June.

"GASPARONE," the last productica of Carl Millocker, composer of "The Beggar Stu-dent," having made a decided bit in Berlin, has been secured for production in this coun-try by Manager Duff of New York. The country managers have called so per-sistently for a company playing M. H. Gil-lett's farce named "The Professor" that the Madison Square management have determin-ed to put it upon the road again next season, with the author in the principal part, as be-fore.

THERE are reports of wonderful excitemen in California over the Mapleson opera. Four thousand people, it is said, were turned away from the doors when Gerster sang in "Faust," and the clamor for admission was so great that seats were arranged on the stage in th

How Devil's Bridge Got its Name.

An old sea captain of the Vineyard tells the following story to a Boston Globe reporter in relation to the name Devil's Bridge: "It was going when I was a youngster. Many years ago my father told me about the island being visited by the devil, and the people in those days believed what I am telling you. 'The old fellow,' said my father, landed on the east side. There, right over youder—you see that point of land was seen several days by the

a memento he left one of on the rock where the City struck. My father, I can sen one beautiful summer's day took me his smack out to Devil's Reef Bridge an pointed out to me, which on a calm da can quite distinctly be seen, the took print upon one of the most promin rocks."

who reside on the souther it is said he took his de

THE JOKER'S BUDGET.

WHAT WE FIND IN THE HUMOROUS PAPERS TO SMILE OVER.

HOW WE DO THINGS.

"I see it stated that the author of 'Kathleen Mayoumeen' is starving in Baltimore.

"Don't believe it; the same report was published once before, and it turned out that he was not in great want, but only

in very poor circumstances."
"But this time there seems to be some foundation for the rumor." "Indeed?"

"Yes, it is given as a fact. Don't you think something ought to be done?"
"Indeed I do, I will this very day take steps toward starting a movement." o get up a fund to erect a monun his memory."—Philadelphia Call

FIRST-NIGHT PREPARATIONS.

Hall Janitor—"Ine incides is out of order, but I can get it fixed in time for the performance. Traveling Theatrical Manager-"Don't do it. We are to stay here a week and want the first night to be a brilliant

popular success. Janitor-"But how can it be if the hall is as cold as a barn?" Manager—"Easy enough. At every opportunity the audience will clap their hands and stamp their feet to keep warm."—Evening Call

Yes; he is poor, but awfully proud." "What is he proud about?" "I don't know. It comes natural." "He certainly cannot boast of birth,

breeding, learning or fortune?" "No; but he is proud from the top of his head to the soles of his feet; in fact, the proudest man I ever saw.' "Indeed!" "Yes, sir. If that man were starving, and too weak to stand, he would start a

report that he was laid up with the gout."-Philadelphia Call. FULLY PREPARED FOR THE SITUATION.

"It is my duty to inform you," said the superintendent of a New England railroad, as one of the train conductors entered his presence, "that the salaries of all train men are to be cut ten per cent, with the beginning of the month." "Yes, sir," was the calm reply.

"I am glad you take such a cheerful view of the situation." "Oh, I've been expecting it for aix months past," said the conductor. "I have put all my real estate in my wife's name, clapped a chattel mortgage on all my personal effects, and raised \$200 on a pank-note which the indorser will have to pay. Make the old cut thirty per cent, if you want to, for this is the only

time in my life I've been in a position to beat my creditors,"- Wall St. News. IN FLORIDA.

Strange Customer-"How do you sell strawberries now?" Florida Grower-"One dellar apiece,

Grower-"That is the regular price. You know it is very early in the Customer-"See here, I have no time for joking."
Grower—"Pon my honor, that is what I get for them. Have been selling

Customer-"Oh! nonsense."

strawberries at that price all the week to guests at the same hotel where you are stopping." Customer—"I am only stopping at that hotel for the day. I live about 25 miles up the railroad. Been a resident of this State for twenty years. Grower—"Oh! I beg your pardon, 1 mistook you for a Northern invalid.

The price is six cents a quart,' INCLUDES A MORAL

"Ah! old man, how are you coming on?" said one young chap to another on "First rate How yourself?" "Good! By the way, I believe I wed a dollar of you last week ""
I might as well return it."
Borrowed a dollar of pited, in an ated surprise

rotten all al "Well-erpression that of, but I mus "Ah-erremembe

But his frie

crowd and was

The moral of nan says he word for it and don't or you may lose your me A lady with a daughter of age, gave it out that she was only to

At a party one evening she was a ing of her daughter and a land marked: "How old did you say Mary was?"

"Mary is just past twenty."
"Ah! I should think she was older than that.' "Yes, everybody takes her to be old than she is, because you see Mary has such quiet ways. Good evening, Dr. Jones," she said, as an old gentlemen came up, "we were just talking of Mary, and the lady was quite surprised to be me say she was so young; you know she

s only twenty." .

Merchant Traveller. A Dakota Blizzard.

"Of course, madam, of course; for I have heard you tell it for the last ten

years, at least, and I have every confi-

lence in anything you would say."-

A Dakota paper gives the following description of the approach of the recent blizzard: Until about 41 p. m. the day was sunny, pleasant, and with a temperature as mild as spring. The streets were filled with people, and ladies were

promenading !