A TRAGEDY OF TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO IS YET UNSOLVED.

A Beantiful Young Lady Mysteriously Murdered in Atlanta, Ga., During the War-Found Dead on Her Bed, Arrayed in Gay Attire.

During the Sherman siege of Atlanta in 1864 a tragedy occurred which has ever since been enveloped in mystery, and which at the time almost caused the besieged people to forget the great army which was pressing into the city. The population of the city was reduced to less than 5,000 civilians, who lived in bomb proofs frequently and who, being cut off from the world, formed a commost part was formed of women and children, the men being absent in the army. The officers and soldiers of the garrison, between the general engagements, would enjoy social reunion with the citizens, and many dances were given by the young ladies for the amusement of their military admirers.

Before the circle around the city was complete there came into Atlanta by the West Point road a young lady giving her name as Miss Jane Moorehead, from Mobile, Ala. Her arrival was somewhat mysterious, as well as her stay in the city. She at once sought occupation in the hospitals, where she came to be regarded as an angel of mercy.

ANGEL OF THE HOSPITAL Her beauty is described as having been great, and she had many accomplishments and was evidently of gentle breeding. She would never refer to her past life, but it came to be believed that her love had died on one of the battlefields of Virginia, and that she had simply resolved to devote her life to the alleviation of the sufferings of the soldiers in the hospitals.

Later on and nearing the end of the siege a ball was announced to take place in one of the houses on Walton street. Miss Moorenead, who never went to a place of amusement, was urged by a captain whom she had met in the hospital to go to the ball. The ladies of her acquaintance also joined in and urged her to take this recreation. She finally consented. When the captain called for her he found her in a full bridal costume, with valuable and brilliant jewelry. It was the first time she had ever so appeared. At the ball she was one of the gayest, and seemed so unlike the sad hospital visitant that it attracted general remark. At 2 in the morning the ball ended and the guests scattered for their homes,

When Miss Moorehead failed to arise by 8 a. m. it did not surprise the lady with whom she boarded, but when 10 o'clock came with to sign of her the door was opened. There Miss Moorehead was found fully dressed as she lay across the bed, her face toward the

STABBED TO THE HEART,

A call did not arouse her, and a touch told that she was dead. Two stabs had pierced scarcely to make a crease in her dress. The sensation which followed was intense. Her Edelity to the wounded soldiers made every one of them feel that she was a sister. The fears of the ladies were aroused at the mysterious assassination.

Who could have been her murderer, and what was his motive? The captain who had been her escort the night before had left her safely at home, and no one thought of suspecting him at the time. The chamber window opened upon the garden. Footsteps leading up thereto showed that it was through this window that the murderer made his way. The fact that not a jewel had been misplaced showed that it could not have been a robber who had done the deed. There were those who invented all manner of theories. The one most generally accepted was that some one, struck by her beauty while at the ball, had entered the chamber in the manner described with improper motive, and, finding himself repulsed, quickly dispatched her. Others believed that the captain, who had urged her to marry him, and finding her obdurate, had committed the deed to prevent her from falling into other hands. While the sensation among the beleaguered people was at its height Sherman's forces entered the city, scattered the people and prevented investigation; but when the people a year Later returned to their homes the talk of the tragedy was renewed. .The captain had been killed meantime in the battle of Jonesboro, and the tragedy passed into memory, and to this day is frequently spoken of .- Atlanta (Ga.) Cor. Chicago Tribune.

Coloring Agates.

A suitable agate, after being thoroughly dried, is immersed in a mixture of honey and water or in olive oil, and kept thus at least three days, exposed to a moderate heat. It is then washed, dried and put in a vessel containing enough sulphuric acid to cover it. The vessel is thereafter exposed to a gentle heat for a varying number of hours, when the porous layers are found to have become much darker in color. The reason of this is that these layers, having become saturated with oil, are acted upon by the sulphuric acid, which decomposes the sugary or oily constituent, and forms in its place a deposit of carbon. It is in this way that banded agate is converted into the onyx, with its black and white layers, used in the production of cameos and intaglios.

Exposure to strong sunlight was long ago found to give a reddish tint to gray colored orates, and this suggested the burning of such stones so as to convert them into carnelians. At Oberstein, likely stones for this purpose are first dried thoroughly, then satposed in an earthenware crucible to red heat. They are allowed to cool slowly, and are then seen to be of a light red color. Not content with imitating the rarer natural varieties of agate, such as onyx and carnelian, German manufacturers have taken to staining agates blue, and all other sorts of color: unknown to the natural stone. Aniline dyes, as unnatural as they are fugitive, have also lately been used for agate staining.-Jeweller's Review.

Eat Plenty of Onions.

No family ought to be without onions the whole year round. Plant old onions in the fall, and they will come up at least three weeks earlier in the spring than by spring planting. Give children of all ages a few of them raw, as soon as they are fit to be eaten: do not miss treating them with a mess of raw onions three or four times a week. When they get too large and strong to be eaten raw, then boil or roast them. During unhealthy diseases prevail, onions ought to be eaten in the spring of the year at least once a week. Onions are invigorating and prophylactic beyond description. Children do not die of diphtheria or scarlatina, anginosa, etc., where onions are freely eaten.—Hall's Journal of

New England Weather.

City Man-What effect have these heavy rains on your farm, Mr. Hayseed?" Mr. Hayseed-Well, I've kinder concluded I'd try raisin' fish for the market instead of garden truck.-Lowell Citizen.

HOW DOCTORS CONQUOR DEATH.
Doctor Walter K. Hammond says: "After a long experience I have come to the epuclusion that two thirds of all deaths

Lie in re a wall a di ..

WHAT DRESS COSTS.

OUR YOUNG LADIES COME HIGH, BUT THEY MUST HAVE PRETTY THINGS.

A Nice Little Debutante Gives Some Details - Dresses That Cost 8300 - Must Have a New Rig for Each Ball-Tea Gowns, Slippers, Etc.

"Pa, I want \$200 for my Patriarch's ball

"Thunder! my dear. Didn't you get a new one for the Assembly ball? Do you want a new gown every week? When your mother was a girl she wore a white muslin frock to every ball of the season."

"Yes, papa dear, but you know Shakespeare says, 'Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,' and it's my first season, and you wouldn't have me look like a fright."

"Oh, yes, that is very pretty, but doesn't the same gentleman remark somewhere that 'Our purses should be proud, our garments.

"But he didn't live in New York, papa, and go to Delmonico balls." And then poor papa, being nothing but a meek American milliongrumbled and fumed a little, and finally put two crisp greenbacks into a little rosebud hand, and, with a kiss as light as thistle down and after calling him "you darling old dear," she ran away.

An unwilling but interested listener to the

interesting conversation, I began to wonder what it cost to dress a young lady of fashion. At the rate of \$200 a week it would be over \$10,000 a year, and as my income was only half that and my lady love a person of fashion I pondered. I asked a young married man at the club how much his wife spent a year on her clothes. I know I put the question meekly, but he howled at me to "go to thunder with my impertinence," and so I went-or, rather, I went to visit aged female relative. She told me that clothes had gotten beyond her, and said all she knew was that her granddaughter could "dance a \$300 ball dress to ribbons in a night." Then I became frightenel, and so consulted a nice little debutante who volunteered to post me on clothes.

"Of course there is no limit to the amount you can spend on clothes," she began. "If you want to go to Worth and Pingat, or, in fact, to any of the fashionable Paris dressmakers, you will be obliged to pay a pretty reasonable price. I have a very nice wardrobe this year, and it cost papa just \$3,000. When we came home from Europe I brought just two Paris dresses, because, don't you know, if you can't say, 'Some of my things. are imported,' you are really nobody. One was a perfect love of a ball dress, you know. I wore it the other night, that pale yellow tulle, all embroidered in silver, with the big vellow sash and satin bodice. It looked very simple, but it cost me \$300, and then papa had lots of duty to pay on it. It was made from a special design and the design destroyed, so that it could not be duplicated.

"Then I brought over a carriage dress, I haven't worn it yet-I'm waiting until the other girls wear theirs, then I shall come out in mine. It was quite a cheap gown; only cost \$150. It is in four shades of fawn and of silk and velvet, made in one of those long directoire redingotes that are so much worn, with a sash of crimson. It was made for the Princess Somebody, I believe, but she would not pay her last bill, so they sold it to me for half price. You need not say anything about that, though."

Here she paused for a moment and I asked her if her dresses were as costly as those of the Misses de Batteur up the avenue. "I should hope so! Why, those girls employ a \$5 dressmaker, and do all the plain

wing themselves, and their father dresses the whole five of them on \$3,000 a year! I do not think I am at all extravagant, but I could not dress on \$600 a year." Then we came back to the subject of her

clothes and what they cost. "Some sweet little dancing gowns, one for each of the Delmonico balls, only cost me \$100 each. I have a specially nice one for the Patriarchs to-morrow-a white silk crepe leise, with an accordion plaited skirt all tucked with white satin ribbon, and a jardiniere of lilies of the valley down one side and about the waist of the brocade, and an

empire sash of cloth of silver. Ghormley "Then there is one for the New Year's ball, of light red Brussels net, all caught up with tiny black humming birds, and one for the last assembly, of rose pink gauze, made a la Grecque—awfully sweet gown! I have just seven of them. I need a fresh one for each ball, you know, and then I wear each one four or five times at small dances and the opera and dinners. With my imported dress, that makes only eight ball dresses-

not at all extravagant, do you think?"

After assuring her that I would not do such a thing, we proceeded. "Well, you see, I needed two new street costumes, so I went down to Redfern, and he turned me out two beauties for \$150 each, both with hats and jackets to match. One is that dark green and black cloth gown that fits like a glove. I wore it yesterday, you remember-big buttons down the front

and long, straight flaps to the polonaise.

Directoire, you know. Everything is directoire and empire this year. I have a plain cloth jacket with that and a little velvet toque, with a prince's feather in it. This blue cloth, touched up with the silver braid, is the other dress. I wear it with a long boa." But when I asked about the coat to go with it I was informed that none was required, because the gown was lined all through with champis skin, and was as warm as a sealskin without the bulk of the latter. So do not imagine when you see one urated in sulphuric acid and afterward ex- of your feminine friends walking about without a jacket, and the thermometer down to zero, that she is silently freezing. She isn't.

> twofold purpose of giving her warmth and rounding out her angles. "My tea gowns were marvelously cheap. You know that green and pink brocade, all, bordered with humming birds' wings, so bizarre?" continued my tutor. "Well, I only paid \$83 for that. A perfect bargain I call it. Then I have that morning dress of pink and white flannel made Marguerite fashion, and the one of pearl gray cashmere. They cost me \$30 each. I had them made at home. I should like two more tea gowns. I hear one of the Van Vantry girls has seven,

If she hasn't a chamois lining to her dress she

has one of cotton batting; but this latter

but I cannot afford it this year, shoes and stockings cost so much, you know." It was quite shocking to hear that ball slippers of satin were \$12 a pair, and you could pay more for them if you wished. seasons, when diphtheria and like contagious Swell walking shoes, with patent leather tips, were either \$5 or \$8, and house slippers and as for silken stockings, \$3 and \$4 were the prices always paid for plain ones, and I was told you could dance a hole in the

heels in one evening without much trouble. A church dress is quite necessary. It is the fashion to be very plain at church, and the women, I believe, try to see who can dress the plainest. A black alpaca, with a very quiet short seal jacket or a cloth with scroll braid, is the correct thing, and a small velvet or cloth bonnet, without strings. This rig, without the sacque, can be procured for something like \$50.—New York Herald.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for bruises cuts, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, from coughs, pneumonia and consumption, might be avoided if Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption were only carefully used in time." This wonderful Remedy is sold under a positive guarantee by Dr. W. M. Fowlkes & Co.

cuts, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money retunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Thomas S. Cole. lly Thomas S. Cole.

FROM HOOF TO CAN.

The Lightning Processes of Turning Animals Into Solid Food. Mr. Libby said to me:

"The timekeeper has just been down giving t to me for putting you up stairs. He said: It's a shame to put that young lady up there in all that grease. Give her nicer work. Who is she? I told him I was just obeying orders and knew nothing about you. Come on now, and I'll show you the whole process of making a cow into a can of corned

We passed down into the slaughter houses, saw some high stalls and a man with a mallet passing from one to another. There was that "dull, sickening thud," a gate was lifted, a steer jerked up by the hind legs and its throat cut. Then it was pulled clear up out of sight to bleed and be drawn.

The next time it appeared the hoofs and head had been taken off ready to skin. At least a dozen men waited their turn for au animal to come down on the endless chain hanging still by the hind legs. The hide was removed. The next men split the backbone and the two halves were passed on to be

washed and wiped. After this process the two halves awung into a chute and down an incline plaue to the cutting room. Here the first man made a cut between the fourth and fifth ribs; another followed with a saw and separated the fore from the hind quarter. The hind quarters went on to the cooling rooms to be shipped for dressed beef, while the fore quarters were thrown on the cutting blocks. Passing from one cutter to another, every man making a certain cut, the whole piece was cut up, stripped of the bones, and sent to the curing rooms to be made into corned beef.

The assortment is wonderful-every part is utilized. The bones go to the fertilizer; the shank bones to a factory for making knife handles, etc.; the suet and fat into tallow; the hoofs to a glue factory; kidneys, hearts, etc., are canned into minced scallops or sold to local dealers; tongues are disposed of in the same way, and the oxtails are cooked After curing, the corned beef in large

pieces is shipped in barrels, the smaller pieces being cooked and canned by the packers. The hind quarters of beef, after being cooled, are shipped in refrigerator cars to all parts of the country. One department con-

tains supplies for the local trade, the best beeves being dressed in halves and bought by Down in the basement immense engines run

night and day, also an ice machine by which any cold temperature is maintained in the cooling rooms. Going into these the thermometer was found to stand below freezing point. Hundreds of barrels of meat lay in the store rooms ready to ship. Twelve gundred cattle are handled every day and converted into marketable form. In the tin shop all the cans are made in a

dozen sizes and shapes. A pattern shears cuts out a can at one clip; another cuts and stamps and turns the edges of the top and bottom. A third machine grasps the strip in its iron embrace and seams it while a man s the machine and solders the seams. The tops and bottoms are fitted on; the round cans fed to a revolving soldering machine, which drops them when soldered, and the square ones are soldered by hand. Scrap tin is cut up into caps by another mechanical arrangement. And the useless scraps are sold, the tin melted off to be used again.

After labeling the cans are packed in boxes and the nails driven in with a machine that fastens a whole row at one blow. It is all machinery-machinery; the use for merely mechanical men is dying out constantly, and a new race with intelligence enough to guide the mechanism of machinery is taking their

One of these days there will be a brainy man or woman (why not?) who will make a patent labeler and varnisher. Then a supercilious, well dressed young woman, who would scorn the position of typewriter, will stand and feed a machine that turns out blue topped cans with all the wriggling yellow lines put straight, and all the constellations. of yellow stars performing their prescribed orbits.-Nora Marks in Chicago Tribune.

To Write on Glass. A correspondent writes in and wants to know how to make an ink with which he can scribble or draw on glass. There are several methods. A very sure one is to go to a store ers of large quantities. Will sell where inks are sold and buy a bottle of fluid made for that purpose. The writing may be done by applying to the surface some appropriate varnish, and one or two kinds appear to have a special adaptation for this purpose. A good matt varnish is made by dissolving in two ounces of other ninety grammes of sandarac and twenty of mastic, adding onehalf to one and one-half ounces of benzol, according to the fineness of the matt required, the varnish being applied to the cold plate. After it has set the glass may be heated to insure a fine and even grain, and to render the glass transparent again after it has been written upon it is only necessary to apply with a brush a solution of sugar or gum fectly easy to write with pen or pencil. The and other goods in proportion.

TERRIBLE. colds for most other cities. Delays | call for PACE'S CHEAP CASH STORE, are dangerous. Dr. Acker's English and judge my goods and prices for your-Remedy for Consumption will al- selves. ways relieve, and may save your life.

only in case she is very thin, when it serves a **D**! BULL'S THE PEOPLE'S REMEDY, PRICE 250 Salvation Oil "Kille all Pain."

COLD CREAMBALLA HAY FEVER HEAD Try the Cure

Ely's Cream Balm Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Al-

lays Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste, Smell and Hearing. A particle is applied into each nestril and is agreeable. Price 50c. at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS,56 Warren St., New York.

THE CURRENT" CHICAGO. The grown Literary and Family Journal of our time, Clean, perfect, grand! Over 600 brilliant contributors. Myearly; 6 mo., \$2.50. Buy it at your newsdealer's—Send 10 cents for sample copy.

If You Are Sick

With Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism Dyspep-sia, Biliousness, Blood Humors, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Female Troubles, Fever and Ague, Sleeplessness, Partial Paralysis, or Nervous Prostration, use Paine's Celery Compound and be cured. In each of these the cause is mental or physical overwork, anxiety, exposure or malaria, the effect of which is to weaken the nervous system, resulting in one of these diseases. Remove the CAUSE with that great Nerve Tonic, and the RESULT will disappear.

Paine's Celery Compound

JAS. L. BOWEN, Springfield, Mass., writes:—
"Paine's Celery Compound cannot be excelled as a Nerve Tonic. In my case a single bottle wrought a great change. My nervousness entirely disappeared, and with it the resulting affection of the stomach, heart and liver, and the whole tone of the system was wonderfully invigorated. I tell my friends, if sick as I have been, Paine's Celery Compound

Will Cure You Sold by druggists, \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. Sold by druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

For the Aged, Nervous, Debilitated.

Unequalled for all Fancy and Art Work.

At druggists and Merchants. Dye Book free.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt.



A Dress Dyed

A Coat Colored Garments Renewed

AND HYPOPHOSPHITES Almost as Palatable as Milk.

hites is much more effencious. Remarkable as a flesh producer. Persons gain rapidly while taking it. Physiciaus to be the Finest and Best prepa-

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA. DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS. The great remedy for Consumption, and Wasting in Children. Sold by all Druggiste.

Wholesale and Retail DEALER IN

2.000 vards Pant Goods. \$1,500 worth of Shoes. 500 dozen Keer's Thread. 2.000. Balls of Ball Thread. 10 gross Diamond Dyes. 200 boxes of Tobacco. 35 gross Snuff. 25 Sacks of Coffee.

10 bbls. each Sugar and Molasses. 250 bbls. Flour. Lard, Fish, Salt, Canned Goods, Candy,

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, HATS,

Special Inducemens to the WHOLESALE TRADE and buy-

MEATBY THE BOX,

Sledge-Hammer Motto of Cash on Delivery,

I propose to always LEAD in prices and let others "run after." I am still selling acacia. A varnish of sugar is regarded as (at the rate of 100 bbls, per month) that an even better surface for this purpose, and good common Flour at \$2.25 per sack, is easily made by dissolving equal parts of (\$4.25 for 5 to 10 harrels). Very fine Flour Made With Top Lever. Price \$75 white and brown sugar in water to a thin at \$5.25 to \$5.50 per baarel. Full 200-lb syrup, adding alcohol and applying to hot sacks Salt at \$1.00 each. Good Coffee 18 glass plates. The film dries very rapidly, to 20 cents. Granulated Sugar 12 lbs for and furnishes a surface on which it is per- \$1.00. Good Coffee Sugar 14 lbs for \$1.00, best results are achieved by the use of India I am still general agent for the CARY ink, with sugar added.—Detroit Free Press. WAGONS, the best one-horse wagon sold in the State at the price. Price reduced to \$30.00, cash, with bed; without bcd. \$27 Two thirds of all deaths in New cash. Special prices to merchants. They York city are from consumption or are first class farm wagons and warrented oneumonia. The same proportion to give satisfaction. Come to Hamlet-

LANDS FOR SALE.

railroad, 4 miles from Rockingham. Price \$1 per acre.

9 acres of land inside the incorporation of the town of Rockingham, with two dwellings and a good barn. Land in a high state of cultivation. Will be sold cheap, 275 ACRES, one and a half miles from town, at the low price of \$4 per acre. Four settlements, with dwellings and outhouses, on it. Terms made easy. O ROOM HOUSE on Pearl street, in o good condition. Lot 170x50 feet, 60 ACRES six miles northeast of town, on which is a good vineyard of scuppernongs-10 acres in bearing vines. 1 tract land, 140 acres, 11 miles from town, nown as the Elisha Long place.

1 lot nown as the Alley lot. I lot nown as the livery stable lot. 1 lot on Washington street with two stores on same, 40x75 feet. 6 acres, with house on same, one mile from town.

1 tract of 50 acres, 1} miles from town. and on good terms.

A. M. McAULAY, Real Estate Agent.

To the Ladies.

I am now fully prepared to do all kinds by skilled workmen. of Millinery work. Dress making and Hat trimming a specialty. Give me a trial and be convinced. Terms reasonable. Patronage respectfully solicited.

SALLIE A. BOSTICK, Bostick's Mills, N. C.



dyes ever made, and to give more brilliant and durable colors. Ask for the Diamond, and take no other.

CENTS. A Child can use them!

THE LEFEVER ARMS COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS OF

Automatic Hammerless

Guns.

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL

So disguised that it can be taken, iligested, and assimilated by the most tensitive stomach, when the plain ell unnet be telerated; and by the combination of the oil with the hypophes-

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by stion in the world for the relief and ours of GENERAL DESILITY, WASTING

THOS, B. PACE, HAMLET, N. C.

General Merchandise.

Now in Stock and to Arrive. 12,000 yards Calico, Ginghams, and other Dress Goods.

Notions, Clothing, &c. Now is the time for those who buy for cash to lay in their Summer supplies. I am offering

Sugar and Molasses by the barrel, Coffee by the Sack, and all Heavy Groceries in quantities just as low as they can be dewered here from Wilmington or Charlotte. With a large stock, and my

Very Respectfully, THOMAS B. FACE. 300 acres of land on both sides of the

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them re-turn again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

to \$350.

The only Hammerless Gun in the world

with compensated action to take up wear

in every direction. Automatic Safety

THE LEFEVER ARMS CO.,

Syracuse, N.Y.,

Blocking triggers. Rebounding loc s.

Send for new illustrated catalogue

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICHNESS. A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to falled is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK Market Market Market

Shoes and Harness!

W. JONES is still at his old stand A. and is doing first-class work in his line. Boots, Shoes and Harness made and repaired in the best possible manner and at lower prices than they have ever been All the above property will be sold cheap known in this market. Good hand-made

Wagon Bridles at \$1.00;

other bridles at corresponding low prices.
A full stock of Harness and Bridles always on hand, and made to order on short notice A. W. JONES.

Of Interest to Ladies We will send a FREE SAMPLE of our wonderful specific for female complaints to any lady who wishes efficacy before purchasing. Bend stamp for BAKER REMEDY GO., Box 104, Buffalo, N. Y.

000

Charlotte, N.C. CHICKERING PIANOS. Arion Pianos. Bent Pianos.

MATHUSHEK PIANOS.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS. Waterloo Organs. Packard Organs. MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS.

At low prices and on easy terms. WRITE ME FOR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

The Largest Stock of Furniture in THE STATE.

MECKLENBURG

E. M. ANDREWS, Charlotte, N. C.

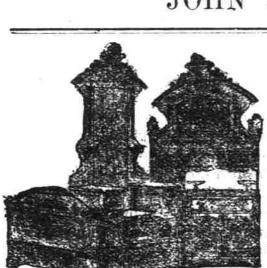
IRON WORKS. CHARLOTTE, N. C.



Manufactures and Keers in Steck

Steam Engines & Boilers AND MACHINERY OF A L KINDS.

Repairs Promptly Attended To. JOHN WILKES, MANAGER.



B. Nichols,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Before buying elsewhere, be sure to get my LOW PRICES FOR

CHEAP and FINE GOODS of the LATEST PATTERNS.

B. NICHOLS,

WEST TRADE STREETCHARLOTTE, N. C.

A COMPLETE NEWSPAPER! "THE PRIDE OF THE NORTH CAROLINA PRESS."

Do you want to aid in building up a paper that shall reflect the greatest credit on North Care. lina, no matter where it may be seen? Then patronize THE WILMINGTON MESSENGER A LARGE EIGHT-PAGE PAPER.

Do you want a reliable paper, giving you all the news of the world-a Demo-rable newspaper that equals the hest- has the largest circulation, and has for twenty one years been a part and factor in the growth and development of the Old Forts State? Then subscrite for

THE WILMINGTON MESSENGER CAMPAIGN RATES:

Cash in advance. Both Papers are large E glit Page theete. Send Partel Cash with the address of fix persons and receive sample copies of THE Property.

RESERVE YOUR ORDERS FOR

JOB PRINTING

UNTIL YOU CONSULT

Recken jeb

For Samples and Prices of Work. FULL STOCK OF STATIONERY. Our work and prices will compare favorably with any in the State.

RICHMOND COUNTY

REAL ESTATE ACENCY

WILL BUY AND SELL LANDS and all kinds of Real Estate. All property placed in the hands of this Agen-cy will be advertised free of cost to sellers. Strict attention given to all business, and the interests of patrons carefully guarded. Surveys made and plats or charts furnished to parties purchasing through me. Property ronted and rents collected on reasonable terms. Correspondence solicited. Address A. M. McAULAY,

Rockingham, N. C.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo.
Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising
contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

Hamlet Woolen Mills Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cassimeres, Jeans, FLANNELS,

LINSEYS, COTTONADES, &C Wool carded cheap for cash or on shares.

WOOL WANTED, for which we will pay cash or exchange goods. Address all communications to G. J. FREEMAN,

Proprietor Hamlet Woolen Mills, Hamlet, N. C.