

Post Office.—We take the following extract from the editorial columns of the Raleigh Standard of a late date. We advise the people of this county to send up names and have postmasters appointed immediately.

We understand that hereafter packages containing letters and papers, heretofore delivered by route agents and mail carriers at the old postoffices, where there were no legally authorized postmasters, will not be delivered any longer. The law must be enforced, and hereafter no mail matter will be delivered at or for postoffices where there is not a postmaster or postmistress legally appointed.

We trust the people in all parts of the State will at once go to work and have postmasters and postmistresses appointed who can take the oath. Works of charity and humanity towards Confederate soldiers or their families will not prevent a person from taking the oath. Let the names of persons be sent to M. A. Jobe, Special Agent, Raleigh, who will forward them to the department and have them appointed.

Letter from Judge Underwood.

United States District Court, }
ALEXANDRIA, VA. April 14, 1866 }
Editors of the National Intelligencer:

GENTLEMEN: In your paper of this morning I observe a very incorrect and perverted report of one of my recent opinions in a *habeas corpus* case.

In that opinion I did not express a doubt of the legality of the late peace proclamation, nor was its legality of the late peace proclamation, nor was its legality called in question by any one connected with the case; nor did I express the opinion that the writ of *habeas corpus* could not be executed in one State while the rebellion was not suppressed in another, but the very contrary opinion.

My opinion simply was, that the late peace proclamation did not pretend to revoke the previous proclamation of President Lincoln suspending in certain cases the writ in the States lately in insurrection, and I stated, that the peace proclamation did not include Texas, and that it had not and was not intended to have so broad and general an application as the petitioner supposed, and therefore refused to grant his prayer.

JOHN C. UNDERWOOD.

Study of Salt.—Above all subjects study thine own self. For no knowledge that terminates in curiosity or speculation is comparable to that which is of use; and of all useful knowledge, that is most so, which consists in the due care and just notions of ourselves. This study is a debt which every one owes himself. Let us not then be so lavish, so unjust, as not to pay this debt: be spending some time at least, if we cannot all, or most of our time and care, upon that which has the most indefeasible claim to it. Govern your passions, manage your actions with prudence, and where wise steps have been made, correct them for the future. Let nothing be allowed to grow headstrong and disorderly; but bring all under discipline. Set all your faults before your eyes, and pass sentence upon yourself, with the same severity as you would do upon another, for whom no partiality hath biased your judgement.—Bernard.

HOW TO DISPOSE OF MUTILATED Currency.—A great many persons are at a loss to know how to dispose of ragged and mutilated currency that accumulates on their hands. It is the easiest thing in the world, and without any expense. When you get three dollars worth on hand, put it in a small package, pin a paper band around it with your name, post office address and amount; then put it in an envelope and address it to the "Treasury of the United States, D. C." In a few days you will receive new currency in return. It goes and returns free of postage.

"Keep cool," as the bull-frog said to the toad. "Keep dark," as the robber said to the moon. "Keep still," as the debtor said to his brother borrower. "Look out," as the rat in the hole said to her young one. "Shot up," as the lobster said to the oyster. "Button up," as the tailor said to the youngster. "Hold your jaw," as the dentist said to the man whose tooth he was about to extract. "Go a(h) head!" as the rhymist said when spurring his brains. "We hear enough," as the culprit said to the Judge, on hearing a part of his sentence.

We clip the following bold outrage from the Norfolk Day-Book of April, 18th.

Outrage.—A few days ago, a negro man, at Deep Creek made his appearance at the store of Mr. Carr, in a state of intoxication. He soon became very impudent abusive in his language, and on being ordered out of the store by Mr. James Carr, the son of the proprietor, he cursed and swore beyond measure. Mr. James Carr caught up a bar of iron with which to strike him, but the negro jerked it out of his hand, when Mr. Carr took the door-bar and knocked him down.

Logan Hurst, Esq., the Delegate for the county and a magistrate, rode up about this time, and said he would issue a warrant for the arrest of the negro, if it could be served. Notwithstanding the fact that the negro was accompanied by a large crowd of friends, some gentlemen present offered to act, when the warrant was issued, and the negro taken into custody. His friends at once left in search of reinforcements, and soon returned with a large crowd, and threatened, if the negro was not turned loose, they would burn every house and building on Deep Creek. Prudence suggested his being released, which was done; but the gentlemen present, determined not to be outdone in this way, soon beat up the surrounding country for recruits, returned to Deep Creek, and recaptured the negro.

He was brought to Norfolk and taken before Capt. Johnson, of the Freed men's Bureau, who said he had no jurisdiction in the case, and he must be tried by the Civil Courts. He is now in jail in Portsmouth, and we hope will soon have a hearing. When threatened at Deep Creek with Civil Law, this negro cursed the Courts and all belonging to them. The sooner all the negroes find out that they are amenable to Civil Law, the better it will be for all parties concerned.

A FACT SETTLED.—The Loan Bill which has passed the two Houses of Congress, settles the fact that there is to be no great or rapid reduction of the present "green-back" circulation. Not more than ten millions of dollars are to be retired within six months from this time, or more than four millions in any month thereafter.—*Norfolk Day Book.*

Latest News.

BATTLE IN MEXICO.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—Dispatches dated March 24, have been received to day from Mazatlan. The French army, 1,100 strong, reinforced from Tepic, attacked General Carono at Rubi, three miles from Mazatlan. After a severe battle the Frenchmen were entirely defeated, with a loss of 700 killed and wounded, and 350 were scattered, and the rest returned to Mazatlan. All the streets in Mazatlan were barricaded, and there was little doubt but what the Republicans will soon occupy that place.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, CANADA, April 20.—The Fenian prisoners at Cornwall were remanded until Wednesday next, the government awaiting important evidence. A special despatch to the *Globe*, from Eastport, Me., says General Meade announces his determination to line the coast with fifty thousand men if necessary, to prevent Fenian mischief. The meeting of Parliament has been postponed until June.

IMMENSE REVENUE.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The receipts from customs, internal revenue and miscellaneous sources, for the present fiscal year, will be over five hundred millions of dollars, or nearly one hundred and seventy-one millions and a half more than those of the previous year.

FROM MEXICO.

NEW YORK, April 20.—Passengers who left San Francisco on the 20th ultimo, give further particulars of the collision between the Liberals and the French, at Mazatlan. The French troops marched out of the city to give the Liberals battle. The fighting was very severe, no prisoners being taken on either side. The officer in command of the French was killed.

The last advices from the seat of war state that reinforcements were en route for the French at Mazatlan. The Military situation at Acapulco remained unchanged. The U. S. gunboat *Saranac* was lying in the harbor on the 6th inst.

A negro man, who gives his name as Hill, was arrested by the military authorities and brought to the city this morning on suspicion of having murdered a child, about two year old, by choking. The worst part of the story is, that he is thought to have been the father of the boy. Hill lived in the Northern part of this county, about 17 miles from the city, and has been turned over to the civil authorities. Progress.

The confederate dead around Franklin, Tennessee, are being removed to a beautiful lot near the town, given by Mr. John McGavoc for the purpose. It is to be adorned with shrubs and evergreens.

Job Work

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WITH

Neatness and Despatch.

AT THE

STAR OFFICE.

BLANKS

OF ALL KINDS

On Hand,

OR

Printed to Order.

AT THE

SHORTEST NOTICE.

PRICES

MODERATE,

TO SUIT THE TIMES

WANTED,

500 lbs Beeswax,

5000 lbs Rags,

500 lbs Feathers,

5000 lbs Bacon

At the Cheap CASH STORE,

L. P. ERWIN.

May 2-66-1f.

CHARLOTTE PRICES CURRENT.

Cotton.—18a19, gold.
" 24a25, currency.
Corn.—\$1 45 per bushel.
Flour.—\$14a15 per barrel.
Wheat.—\$1 75a2 00 per bu.
Oats.—1 00 per bushel.
Peas.—1 40a1 50 per bushel.
Tobacco.—75a80c per pound.
Coin.—Gold 25c premium.

A LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post Office at this place, May 1st, 1866.

- A
Anderson, John
Anderson, Miss Margaret Z.
- B
Bailey, A. C.
Bennie Phillip
Bolens, Berry
Bradley, Mrs. Nancy Broyles, J. McB.
Bradley, Mrs. Amanda Burge, Wm. P. Burgis J. C.
- C
Cantrell, Henry
Carson, Mariah C.
Carson, Miss Louisa Chase, Chester
Cochran, James R. Colclough, Miss M.F.
Covington, Wm. P. Caldwell, Rev. I. A.
- D
Davis, P. R.
Dunwoody, David
Dunwoody, David M.
- E
Ervin, Miss Nancy
Engle, J. F.
- F
Farnsworth, A. D.
Fowler, Belle (sold)
- G
Goode, P. D.
Grady, Banister & Co.
- H
Howell, Patton
Huckbay, Miss Sarah Hyder, A. L.
Hamilton, Miss M. H. Harman, Joseph Haras, Noah
- J
Johnson, Pleasant
Justice & Miller.
- L
Leeds, Sam'l P.
- M
Meltin, Miss Mollie
Migins, James
- P
Phifer & Allison
Padgett, Miss Eliza
- R
Reid, Dr J T
Russel, Mrs Mary
- S
Simmons, Asbury
Shenck & Son
- T
Twitchy, Miss Alice
- W
Wren, John
Watson, J W

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say they were advertised.

M. J. CARPENTER, P. M.

IN PRESS

TO BE ISSUED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

A YOUTH'S HISTORY OF THE Great Civil War.

1 vol. 16mo. Illustrated.

Price, \$1 50

The undersigned have in press, and will issue as soon as possible, the above work. It is designed to furnish the youth of our country a candid and impartial History of the Great War through which we have just passed from a Democratic standpoint. The minds of the youth of our country are being poisoned and mis-educated by the false and partial histories of the Abolitionists, and it is of great importance for the welfare of our country that the real Disunionists, as they are now proving themselves to be, shall be properly portrayed. The great importance of a sound juvenile literature has long been felt and acknowledged, and as this is the first attempt to furnish it, the publishers respectfully solicit the encouragement of the public and the assistance of the Democratic press. It will be just such a book as every Democrat, North or South, will desire to place in the hands of his children to give them a correct idea of the late war and its causes.

All orders will be filled according to the date of their reception, and the book will be sent post-paid on the receipt of the price, as soon as issued. The trade will be supplied at the usual discount. Address: VAN ERIE, HORTON & CO. Publishers, No. 162 Nassau Street, New York.

We shall feel thankful to all editors who will copy the above, and it will also entitle them to a copy of the book as soon as issued.

F. D. WOOD,

Silversmith and Jeweller,

[BECHTLER'S OLD STAND]

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, on the shortest notice, Repairing Watches, Clocks &c. &c.

May, 2-66-1f.

RICHMOND

Type Foundry.

THE ONLY MANUFACTORY OF TYPE OR SOFTENERS SOLD SOUTH OF BALTIMORE.

The Proprietors of the above Foundry have also united with their Foundry a complete

PRINTER'S FURNISHING WAREHOUSE.

Having on hand, or furnishing to order every article requisite for a Printing Office,

FROM A BODKIN TO A TEN CYLINDER PRESS. Type and Printing Material from any Foundry North furnished when required.

We can and will manufacture in Richmond as good an article, and at the same specimen prices as any Foundry North.—We respectfully solicit the patronage of the South.

HENRY L. PELOUZE & CO.

We refer you to every Printer in this City. We also desire every Newspaper in the South to copy this advertisement for one month sending us one copy of their paper, and receive their pay for such advertisement upon purchasing five times the amount of their bill from us. March 2-66. 1m. H. L. P. & CO.

PROSPECTUS OF THE

Rutherford Star.

The undersigned propose to publish, in the village of Rutherfordton, a weekly Newspaper to be called "THE RUTHERFORD STAR."

It is our desire to make THE STAR a welcome visitor to all those who feel an interest in the prosperity and welfare of our country as a whole, and the perpetuity of our institutions, as handed down to us by our noble ancestry, a FEDERAL REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT.

Our people have but lately emerged from a gigantic civil war, waged by and between Sections of a once glorious Union, and more desolating to our particular section, than anything that has ever happened on this continent, and it is to be hoped, than ever will again.

While there is life there is hope, and notwithstanding the great changes wrought by the late civil war, we shall encourage the people to honesty, industry and economy, we shall take special pains to keep them posted with all beneficial improvements of the age, so that they may once more enjoy bountiful stores, prosperity and happiness. We shall from time to time publish such laws, both State and National, as our people are directly concerned in, and shall likewise use our influence to establish a sound circulating currency, so much needed at the present time.

We shall be governed by principles and not men, for according to our honest conviction, the present condition of our country is owing to the abandonment of principles, we mean the abandonment of those fundamental principles upon which the Government of the United States was reared.

We shall favor and encourage the development of all our resources, Agricultural, Mineral &c., and likewise such internal improvements as will most likely be beneficial to the Country, and especially the extension of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Rail-Road west.

As to Politics, we are TRUE CONSERVATIVES, believing neither in the FIRE EATERS of the South, nor the RADICALS of the North, but in the Constitution, the Union, and the enforcement of all Constitutional laws, whether State or Federal, and a ready and willing obedience to the same.

The STAR will be published every Wednesday at the following rates, (strictly in advance,) payable in currency or produce at market prices.

One Copy 12 months, \$2.00
" 6 " " 1.00
" 3 " " .50
J. B. CARPENTER,
R. W. LOGAN.