

# The Jackson County Journal

\$1.50 Year in Advance in The County.

SYLVA, NORTH CAROLINA THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1932

\$2.00 Year in Advance Outside The County.

## Feature Sylva In Broadcast Over WWNC

Sylva was featured in the weekly broadcast from station WWNC, Sunday afternoon, in a program sponsored by the Asheville Rotary Club.

Harry Buchanan, former mayor of Sylva, representing Sylva and Jackson county; Mayor Ottis Green, of Asheville; Dr. W. K. Chapman, president Sylva Rotary club, and F. Roger Miller, chairman of the inter-city relations committee of Asheville Rotary club, were the speakers.

Mrs. Frank LaBar, Jr., at the Imperial theatre pipe organ, gave several pipe organ selections. The speakers were introduced by Mr. Miller.

Mayor Green in extending the greetings to all participants in the program and to Western North Carolina, said:

"I welcome this opportunity to express my gratification in the fact that the city of Asheville has been privileged to cooperate with other communities in the Rotary series of broadcasts featuring the resources and attraction of western North Carolina. The programs have been both informative and inspiring. I am sure I speak for the people of Asheville in extending congratulations to all who have participated.

"Every community has its local problems, but every community is vitally concerned in the welfare and prosperity of the entire mountain region. In the final analysis, our interests are mutual, inseparable and best served by cordial, wholehearted and united efforts on the part of all our communities and all progressive people.

"Western North Carolina is so rich in natural resources that it has been described as a vast treasure-land of potentialities. The development accomplished in the past is merely a beginning, when considered in relation to the prospects for the future. Progress and prosperity are certainly assured. Both may be realized in a shorter time and in larger measure, if all cities and sections will pull together.

"For the city administration and for the people of Asheville, I extend greetings and best wishes to all of our neighbors, and pledge anew our determination to devote our best thought and effort to advancement of this land we love—this matchless 'Land of the Sky!'

In a brief speech Mr. Miller traced the early history of Sylva and Jackson county, bringing out the fact that Sylva was founded in the early twenties by General E. R. Hampton and named for William D. Sylva, who was staying with General Hampton at the time. He said that near Sylva lies the Cherokee Indian Reservation, the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, the famous Sapphire Country, Western Carolina Teachers College, and mountains with peaks and ridges averaging 6,000 feet.

Mr. Buchanan described various scenic drives in the Sylva section and invited his hearers to come and see for themselves the scenic beauties of this section.

He said the Sylva club was heartily in favor of the 5-10 year farm program. He thinks this plan will aid the solving of the farm program in western North Carolina.

He said that geographically, Sylva is fortunately located, federal highways radiating from most every direction. Sylva is only 50 miles from Asheville on No. 10. Ten miles from Sylva on No. 10 you reach state highway 112, one of the entrances to the Smoky Mountains National park. A ten mile drive over this beautiful road brings one to the Cherokee Indian reservation. Mr. Buchanan further described the scenic routes in and around Sylva, including No. 106 from Sylva to Cullowhee, at which place is located Western Carolina Teachers College, one of the most attractive spots in Western Carolina.

Mr. Buchanan told his hearers they would receive a cordial welcome in Sylva. He also stated that the members of the Rotary club were heartily in favor of the plans for the up building of Jackson county. Dr. Chapman thanked the Asheville Rotary club and station WWNC for allowing Sylva speakers an opportunity.

## FORTY YEARS AGO

Tuckasee Democrat, May 25, 1892

Mrs. John Forster, of Asheville, is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Cox, of the Glen, Cullowhee, returned today from a trip to Washington.

Mr. M. M. Wike came down today, for the doors of the new school building at the Forks of the River.

Messrs. Cowan, Moore, Long and Bryson returned directly from the Convention at Raleigh, but Gen. Hampton continued his trip to Jamestown, N. Y. He will be home about the tenth of June.

Our weather is cool for the season, the mercury hanging around the frost point for several mornings lately, but we have nothing to complain of in comparison with the wind and flood-stricken west and northwest.

Mrs. Richards, of Elizabeth, N. J., who has been spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. R. L. Madison, left Monday for her home.

A special train, Engineer Hunt and Conductor Kelly going west yesterday morning, jumped the track near Bryson City, the engine turning over and blowing up, killing Engineer Hunt instantly, while the fireman escaped with only slight injuries. Engineer Hunt was a young man, married to a young lady of Morgan town within the last year, thus investing his tragic death with more than ordinary sadness.

Dr. Wolff's fine mare "Molly," well known nearly all over this county, being ridden by Mr. T. C. Bryson, broke through the bridge across Scott's Creek, near the kaolin factory yesterday, badly fracturing her left leg. The Doctor is using his utmost skill to save her life, but it is feared that she cannot recover. She is a valuable animal and the pet of the Doctor's family, having been in their service for many years.

A convention of the democrats of the ninth congressional district is called to assemble in the town of Waynesville on Wednesday, the 15th day of June, 1892, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for congress, and an elector on the presidential ticket for the said ninth district of North Carolina. E. R. Hampton, W. B. Ferguson, G. H. Haigler, S. J. R. Colvard, A. H. Hayes, J. C. Erwin, H. A. Gudger, Thomas A. Wood, M. A. Newland, E. M. Hunnicutt, executive committee.

State Democratic Ticket: For Governor, Elias Car, of Edgecombe; for Lieutenant-Governor, R. A. Dougherty, of Alleghany; For Secretary of State, Octavius Ooke, of Wake; For Treasurer, Donald W. Bain, of Wake; For Auditor, R. M. Furman, of Buncombe; For Superintendent of Public Instruction, John C. Scarborough, of Johnston; For Attorney General, Frank I. Osborne, of Mecklenburg; Presidential electors for the state at large, C. B. Aycock, of Wayne; R. B. Glenn, of Forsythe; For Judge of Ninth District, George A. Shuford, of Buncombe.

## DEPRIEST MAKES VISIT TO SYLVA ON WEDNESDAY

George W. DePriest who is a candidate in the Republican primary for the United States Senate, running in opposition to Jake Newell was in town yesterday, completing his tour of the State in the interest of his candidacy.

Mr. DePriest is a wet. He favors ending the depression by either making a loan of 20 billion dollars on 25 years time to the common people, or by going from the gold to the silver standard. He states that his candidacy has met with great response from the membership of his party in the State. Mr. DePriest is a resident of Shelby, and former postmaster of that city.

He gives as his platform: 1. Modification of the National prohibition law or resubmission. 2. Necessary reforms in the banking laws to give full guarantee and protection to depositors. 3. Full and complete payment of

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## John Nance Garner



The Speaker of the House of Representatives was born on a ranch in Red River County, Texas, November 22, 1869. He went to country schools, studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1890, was a member of the Texas House of Representatives from 1898 to 1902 and was elected to Congress from the 15th Texas district in 1903, serving continuously since then. He was married in 1895 to Ettie Rheiner. He was elected Speaker of the House in the present Congress.

## Many Candidates In Race For Nomination Saturday

All Democrats are urged to attend the primary election, on Saturday, at which the State and county tickets for the general election will be chosen by direct vote of the people. Under the law, and the Democratic plan of organization, every Democrat has a voice in choosing the candidates of his party.

The State contest is waxing warm with J. C. B. Ehringhaus, Lieutenant-Governor R. T. Fountain, and Tax Commissioner A. J. Maxwell contesting for the gubernatorial nomination. All three candidates are claiming the lead in the voting; but political writers generally concede Ehringhaus the edge, and believe that the tide has been swinging toward him for the past couple of weeks. Most of the newspapers believe, however, that a second primary will be necessary in the gubernatorial contest.

For the short term Senatorial race, Senator Cameron Morrison, Robert R. Reynolds, Frank Grist, and Tam Bowie are waging a contest. The people will have an opportunity to vote twice in the senatorial race, as both long term and short term candidates are to be chosen. For the long term Senator Morrison is opposed by Reynolds, Bowie, Grist and Arthur Simmons. The Morrison forces, according to the informed writers, both in Raleigh and Washington, have become uneasy during the past few days and have been looking with trepidation upon the large crowds that have been coming out to hear Bob Reynolds. The probability is that here, too, will be a second primary.

Little attention has been paid, except by the candidates, themselves, to the race for lieutenant governor, which is between D. F. Giles, David P. Dellinger, and A. H. (Sandy) Graham.

Folks in Jackson and the adjoining counties have been watching closely the contest for the nomination for commissioner of labor, as John D. Norton, former register of deeds and former clerk of the county is

seeking the honor. He has five opponents—W. Henry Davis, R. R. Lawrence, B. Fritz Smith, Clarence Mitchell and A. L. Fletcher.

Secretary of State James A. Hartness is being opposed by Stacy W. Wade, former Commissioner of Insurance.

State Auditor Baxter Durham has Chester O. Bell and George Adams seeking to replace him in his office. Attorney General Dennis G. Brummitt and Peyton McSwain are contesting for the attorney generalship. E. C. Mason is seeking to replace Stanley Winnorne as a member of the corporation commission; while D. W. Morton is opposing Insurance Commissioner Dan C. Boney, who is seeking renomination.

There is a powerful stir from one end of North Carolina to the other over the gubernatorial and senatorial contests, and almost as large a primary vote is expected as that of two years ago when Senator Simmons and Josiah W. Bailey joined battle.

The county contests, while being waged in a friendly manner, are attracting much attention among the voters. For Representative, Prof. Robert L. Madison, founder of Western Carolina Teachers College, and pioneer educator, and Dan Tompkins, publisher of The Jackson County Journal, are the candidates. The two men are warm personal friends of many years standing and will allow no bitterness to enter the contest.

In the shrievalty the race is between Sheriff John J. Maney, who is being opposed by Hamilton Bryson, for renomination. Mr. Maney is serving his first term in the office. He is a citizen of Qualla township, or was until he moved to Sylva, following the last election. Mr. Bryson is from Savannah township. He is a member of one of the pioneer families of Jackson county, and has many friends in all parts of the county.

J. Donald Cowan, present commissioner of finance, who is serving his

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## Urge Farmers To Grow More Livestock In W.N.C.

Lenoir Gwynn Farm, Haywood County.—Assurance that there is an ample market for all the livestock the 18 mountain counties in Western North Carolina can produce was given 1,500 farmers who gathered here May 25 for a huge livestock field day and demonstration.

Speakers urged the farmers to produce enough livestock to supply the annual demand of their own counties amounting to 50,000,000 pounds. It was shown that although this section is suited for livestock raising that it imports far more meat than it produces. The farmers, in launching the mammoth livestock program

which is designed to bring a new day of prosperity to the mountain country were urged to build first toward their home market and then to produce quality livestock for outside markets.

Plans for regular sales days are being worked out so the packers can have their buyers on the ground when the farmers have a large enough supply to make up earload lots. This can be done more easily for lambs and beef cattle than for hogs as there are practically none for the market now. It was pointed out that the beef and sheep men should encourage hog

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## TODAY and TOMORROW

(By Frank Parker Stockbridge)

### Food

I am glad to pay my respects to Gus Waser, the Los Angeles hotel chef who won first prize in a national contest for the best dinner menu by offering a list of comestibles without a single French name among them. Here is the purely American dinner which Gus submitted:

Grapefruit and orange cocktail; cream of tomato soup with crackers; roast chicken with dressing; new peas and mashed potatoes; butter biscuits, salad of lettuce and asparagus tips; pumpkin pie and coffee.

It would be hard to beat that, either for its Americanism or for its appeal to the appetite. It makes me hungry to write it down.

### Anolastan

Opposite Washington, in the Potomac River, is an island of a hundred acres or so which was the popular playground of the boys with whom I went to school in my teens. Fifty years ago Anolastan Island was a deserted waste, covered with second-growth timber and underbrush which almost hid the ruins of the mansion which George Mason of Gunston Hall built there before the Revolution. You got to the island from the Virginia side of the river over a crumbling causeway which was submerged at high tide. The short and easy way was to swim across the Potomac from Littlefield's wharf, carrying one's clothes out of water with one hand. A boy who couldn't do that couldn't travel with our gang. When we got there there wasn't anything to do but play pranks.

Now the Roosevelt Memorial Association has bought Anolastan Island and given it to the United States. It will be known as Roosevelt Island and become a public park, to which no automobiles will be admitted. I am glad to learn that it will be kept in the wild state in which I knew it and that birds and rabbits will still find it a refuge.

### Gold

One way of putting the unemployed at productive work is to set them prospecting for gold. That is not so fantastic as it may sound. There are gold deposits in many places which easily yield enough to pay good wages to people who know how to get the gold out.

In Denver and other Colorado cities schools for gold diggers have been started. Half a dozen experienced placer miners are showing the unemployed how to wash the sands of the South Platte river for gold. Here, inside the city limits of Denver, every Spring and Summer since gold was first discovered there in 1858, miners have been panning out \$1.50 to \$2 a day of gold per man.

In the Republic of Bolivia, where there is probably more undeveloped mineral wealth than anywhere else in the world, the government is allotting five acres of mineral land to any unemployed Bolivian who wants to work it.

Activities like those actually add to the world's wealth, and they emphasize the lesson many of us had forgotten, that all wealth comes from the soil and it isn't safe to get too far away from Mother Earth.

### Fires

The city of Berkeley, California, has adopted an innovation in charging for the services of its fire department when the fire to which it is called resulted from a violation of the fire code or the protective orders of the department. That is sound common sense, and it ought to help make people more careful about taking chances with the fire laws.

More than half of the fires in the past year in America, a recent report to the National Board of Underwriters stated, were of incendiary origin. Landlords and tenants, hard pressed for money, set fire to their premises to cheat the insurance companies. A general tightening up of the laws against arson and of the penalties for this form of fraud has been going on in many states.

We have more fires than any other nation because so many of our buildings are still of wooden construction. It will take us another four or five hundred years to become as nearly fireproof as France or Germany.

## Program For Relief Given By President

Washington, D. C., June 1.—It would be hard to state the program which Congress and the Administration are working on and have partly put into effect, for the rehabilitation of finance and industry and the effort to bring about an end of depression more concisely than was stated by President Hoover in his letter to Richard S. Parker, President of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

There are some points in the program as laid down by Mr. Hoover on which there is not complete agreement. On most of this program there is no partisan difference between Republican and Democrats, although there is maneuver for political advantage in the matter of details of how the program is to be carried out. Mr. Hoover's list of remedies as stated by himself follows:

(a) The quick honest balancing of the Federal budget through drastic reduction of less necessary expenses and the minimum increase in taxes.

(b) The avoidance of issue of further Treasury securities as the very keystone of national and international confidence upon which all employment rests.

(c) The continuation of the work of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation which has overcome the financial strain on thousands of small banks, releasing credit to their communities; the strengthening of building and loan associations, the furnishing of credit to agriculture, the protection of trustee institutions and the support of financial stability of the railways.

(d) The expansion of credit by the Federal Reserve Banks.

(e) The organized translation of these credits into actualities for business and public bodies.

(f) Unceasing effort at sound strengthening of the foundations of agriculture.

(g) The continuation of such public works in aid to unemployment as does not play a strain on the taxpayer and do not necessitate government borrowing.

(h) Continuation of national, community and individual efforts in relief of distress.

(i) The introduction of the five-day week in government, which would save the discharge of 100,000 employees and would add 30,000 to the present ill.

(j) The passage of the home loan discount bank legislation, which would protect home owners from foreclosure and would furnish millions of dollars of employment in home improvement without cost to the Treasury.

(k) Financial aid by means of loans from the Reconstruction Corporation to such States as, due to the long strain, are unable to continue to finance distress relief.

(l) The extension of the authority of the Reconstruction Corporation not only in a particular I called attention to last December—that is, loans on sound security to industry where they would sustain and expand employment—but also in view of the further contraction of credit to increase its authority to expand the issue of its own securities up to \$3,000,000,000 for the purpose of organized aid to "income producing" work throughout the nation, both of public and private character.

The desire of probably the great majority of members of both Houses to attend the Presidential conventions may result in speeding up the work of Congress so that a final adjournment can be taken before the date of the Republican convention, June 14th. It is now regarded as reasonably certain, however, that whether or not Congress finishes its work by that time, it will not take a recess and then come back later in the summer, but will sit right through until the budget and enacting a satisfactory revenue bill has been completed.