

The Jackson County Journal

\$1.50 YEAR IN ADVANCE IN THE COUNTY

NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1933

\$2.00 YEAR IN ADVANCE OUTSIDE THE COUNTY

'NEW DEAL' GOES INTO ACTION WITH LEADERS HOPEFUL

June 28.—President Roosevelt is anxious to have Congress meet before the 15th, before the date for the payment of the first installment on the national debt, and he knew that the money was going to be paid in full. He didn't want to get up and saying anything about it just at a moment's notice. The World Monetary and Economic Conference was meeting in London and we were trying to get the money in time with the rest of the world. And the reason some of the money was just to give ourselves an opportunity to let loose a lot of anti-foreign fireworks about the debt.

But when the date came, and the installments weren't paid—England paid 10 percent, France only 5 percent, Czechoslovakia and Poland and Finland alone paid what was due in full—there wasn't any reason for fireworks. The President accepted what was offered as payment on account, sent a sharp rebuke to France, which is two installments behind, and committed the nation to nothing except what he has said before, that we shall always be glad to listen to any nation which wants to tell us why it can't pay.

New Deal Goes Into Action

What this extra session did was more than any previous peace Congress has ever done in its whole life, however. And now that Congress has passed the burden to the Administration, the New Deal is beginning to get into action.

Under the new Farm Relief act the Secretary of Agriculture has announced that the reduction of wheat acreage is being done to the extent of 100,000,000 acres and that \$150,000,000 will be distributed among wheat growers this year, to cooperate them in what has not been done. This amount will be raised by a processing tax of 30 cents a bushel levied on the rollers, who will not be permitted to pay less than the market price for wheat. They will add the processing tax to the price of flour, which is calculated to add about 1/2 cent to the consumer's cost of a pound loaf of bread.

Federal Home Loans

The Federal Home Loan Bank Board has been set up under the direction of William E. Stevenson. If anyone owning a home has a mortgage on it he can refinance that mortgage under proper conditions at Government funds, up to 80 percent of the appraised value, if the mortgage will accept 4 per cent Government bonds for his money. A check will be maintained for the bank if anyone needs to convert them into cash. Mortgagees will have to pay nothing on the principal of such loans for three years, then pay them off in 15 annual installments at 5 per cent. If the distressed mortgagee needs cash for back taxes or repairs the Government will lend out for both purposes.

Contracts are being prepared now for the spending of the \$3,300,000,000 appropriated for public works. Four hundred million dollars of Federal roads construction is to start at once, as well as the building of all the naval craft which we are allowed under our treaties, amount to another \$200,000,000. The Administration proposes to get the \$2,300,000,000 of additional money into circulation as speedily as possible.

Industry to Resume

Under the Industrial Recovery Act all industrial concerns in the Nation are now organizing themselves, with Government aid, into trade associations for the adoption of standard hours of production, hours of labor and minimum wage scales, in order to get factories going at once. Any industry that won't play can be closed to come in under the rules approved by the majority and the Government. The expectation of Washington is that a million men a month will be put back at work, be-

ZEBULON WEAVER RECEIVES INJURIES IN AUTO ACCIDENT

Congressman Zebulon Weaver and his son-in-law, Harry Hites, were injured near Creedmoor in Granville county Saturday, when the automobile in which they were en route from Washington, D. C., to their home in Asheville crashed into another car and overturned.

Weaver sustained a fracture of his right collar bone and numerous abrasions and bruises. Hites, who was driving the car, sustained a broken leg.

They were treated by Dr. Joseph Thompson, of Creedmoor, and later were taken to the Duke hospital at Durham. Hospital attaches said neither was believed to be seriously hurt.

Aiken Thomas, Northside man, driver of the other automobile, suffered a fractured knee in the accident but was not taken to the local hospital.

The accident occurred about a mile from Creedmoor on the Durham-Creedmoor highway. Thomas drove his car into the highway from an intersecting dirt road immediately in front of Weaver's car, witnesses said.

After striking Thomas' automobile, Weaver's automobile turned over three times.

Mr. Weaver, the popular congressman from this district, is rapidly recovering from his injuries.

For the past several weeks he has devoted his energies to securing sufficient funds for the completion of the purchase of the lands for the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, and the improvement of the Park, assuring that it will be rapidly completed and thrown open to the public, drawing many thousands of additional tourists to Western North Carolina each year. From its inception Mr. Weaver has been one of the principal exponents of the Park and has worked tirelessly for it, as the entire North Carolina side of the park is in his district, and his district, therefore, will be the greatest beneficiary from the park.

His friends learned with regret of the injuries he had sustained, and waited anxiously for further advice as to his condition, until it was fully established that the injuries were not of a serious nature.

LOVE'S CHAPEL FOLKS PREPARE TO LIVE AT HOME

The Love's Chapel folks are organized and ready to live at home, and enjoy the living by co-operative effort.

Through the efforts of Mrs. H. L. Evans, county home demonstrator, and Ellis Vestal, late county agent, the Lovedale Community Club was organized, some weeks ago.

The club has erected a canning house, on the property of John R. Jones, and has purchased a 72 quart capacity community canning outfit.

On last Thursday some 75 people gathered at the cannery for an all day meeting, bringing lunch and spreading it under the shade trees, at the noon hour. Mrs. H. L. Evans, and Mrs. Emma P. Wallace, State canning specialist, gave a canning demonstration, showing how to get the best results from the newly purchased community equipment.

The women of the community plan to make large use of the cannery during the summer months, and the homes of Love's Chapel section will be well stocked with canned fruits, veg. tables, and berries, when winter comes around again.

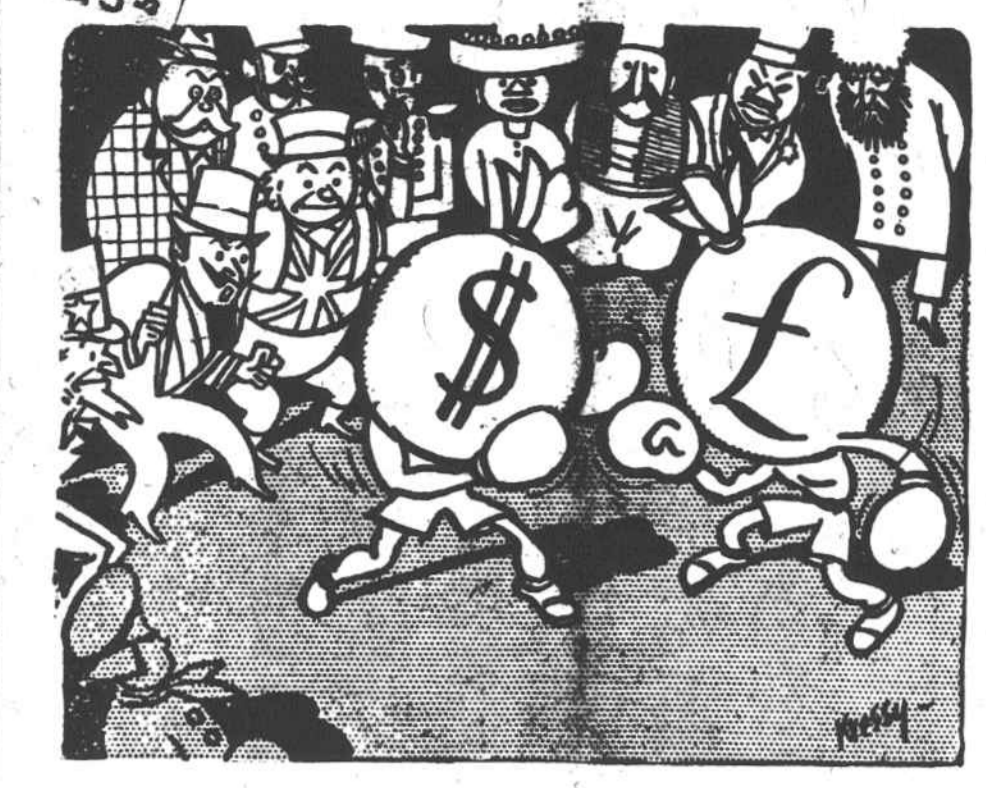
Mrs. Dave Thomas is president of the aggressive and progressive club. Mrs. Lewis Bargarner is secretary. Other officers are, chairman garden committee, Mrs. T. M. Davis; chairman canning committee, Mrs. John R. Jones; chairman sewing committee, Mrs. Owen; chairman social committee, Mrs. Grady Henson; chairman young people's division, J. D. Parker, Jr.; chairman nature study club, Miss Maudie Cooper.

giving now.

Under Joseph B. Eastman, formerly Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and now Federal Coordinator of Railroads, the task of reorganizing the railroads into regional systems, and in general trying to make them more efficient, has been started. One of the first things the railroads did

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BATTLE OF THE CURRENCIES



U. S. Is Well Represented At London Conference

(By Frank Parker Stockbridge)

The World Monetary and Economic Congress, now in session in London, represents sixty-six out of the seventy organized nations of the globe. Fifty-seven of them are members of the League of Nations, namely:

Abyssinia, South Africa, Albania, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Iraq, Irish Free State, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Liberia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Persia, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Salvador, Siam, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, Uruguay, Venezuela and Yugoslavia.

The nine nations in the conference not members of the League are Argentina, Brazil, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Egypt, Hedjaz, Iceland, the United States of America and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics—in our language, Russia.

Three Big Objectives

The main purposes of this great international convention are, first to try to find some way by international action to raise the prices of commodities in foreign trade; second, to remove or modify the barriers which stand in the way of the free flow of goods from one nation to another; third, to arrive at some common basis of money so that there will no longer be great disparities between the values of the currencies of different nations.

On those general proposals all of the important nations except France, and practically all of the minor nations are in agreement. If France can be whipped out line it should be easy to work out the details.

France "bad boy" at London

France, as is always the case in international conferences, is the "bad boy" of the London meeting. France always goes into such conferences with a complete program—all in France's favor—and protests loudly that she won't play unless she has her own way. She usually winds up by accepting the majority verdict and then going home and lamenting loudly that she has been robbed.

France started those tactics at the beginning of this conference, insisting that the moneys of the world be immediately stabilized at their present ratios. That did not suit the English, who would like to keep the dollar much higher to the pound than it is now, nor the Americans, who think the pound ought to get back to its old dollar value or higher. But the French delegation circulated the report that an agreement had been reached and dollar prices began to tumble. France wants, in short, to keep the franc just where it is, and if the pound goes much higher the French will have to go off the gold standard, like the rest of the world.

On the other hand the Japanese are opposing stabilization because they want to keep the yen cheap.

U. S. Ably Represented

Every nation has sent its ablest men to the London conference. There are seven prime ministers among the delegates. There is no ground, however, to fear that the American delegation will be outsmarted. There are few able men in America than Secretary of State Cordell Hull, former Governor James M. Cox,

Chairman E. B. Jeffress Says Highway No. 106 Will Be Completed In Near Future

YOUTH ROBS HIS GRANDDAD OF 6c

Robert Manley, young man of Ragsdale, is in jail here charged with highway robbery, growing out of his grandfather, Thomas Turner, of Whittier, having been held up and robbed of his pocket book.

Mr. Turner entered the yard of his home, in the night, when he was grabbed from behind, choked, and his pocketbook taken. Only six cents in money was in the purse at the time.

Sheriff Maney's department got busy on the job, and young Manley, a grandson of Mr. Turner was arrested and placed in jail on the charge.

TODAY and TOMORROW

(By Frank Parker Stockbridge)

SILVER . . . does a stunt

The British government paid a \$10,000,000 instalment on the war debt to the United States by giving us 20,000,000 ounces of silver bullion, which was accepted, under the new currency law, at 50 cents an ounce. It cost Great Britain only about \$7,200,000 to pay this amount, since the market price of silver was 36 cents an ounce. But, on the other hand, Uncle Sam can coin that same silver into 23,790,000 silver dollars, since the silver dollar contains less than an ounce of silver. Thus a debt has been paid with less than the sum credited to the payer, and the creditor gets more than twice as much as the amount received!

Under the law the Secretary of the Treasury is required to coin at least 10,000,000 silver dollars from the bullion received from England, and he may coin the rest or not as the President directs.

Money is a funny thing, and few of the people who make a lot of fuss about it understand how it works.

NATIONS . . . large and small

When President Roosevelt sent a telegram to the heads of 54 different nations asking them to cooperate in disarmament most folks thought he must have included every nation on the globe. But there are 66 nations represented at the World Monetary and Economic Conference, and still there are a few which were not invited.

The sixty-six include, to be sure, Canada, Australia, New Zealand and India which are members of the British Commonwealth of Nations, but they do not include the tiny Republic of Andorra, the other miniature nation of San Marino, or the Danzig Free State. Neither is Monaco-Monte Carlo in the list; it is half the size of New York's Central Park and has 25,000 inhabitants. But Iceland has the same standing in the London gathering as the United States. It is about the size of New York and has a population smaller than Savannah. It has been an independent nation since 1918.

CONGRESS . . . in a new role

We used to think of Congress as the Board of Directors of the United States, with the President taking orders from it. The Congress just adjourned seemed more like a stockholders' meeting, ratifying the proposals and actions of the directors.

In this time of change, perhaps we are in for a new conception of the relations between the different branches of the Government. As matters stand now, the President with his cabinet and expert advisers, have authority to do just about anything they please. In theory, Congress can withdraw the powers granted

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BOARD WILL ELECT SCHOOL COMMITTEES ON SATURDAY

The county board of education of Jackson county will meet at the court house in Sylva on Saturday, July 1, for the purpose of electing the school committees for the several school districts of the county.

As soon as this is done, and the State School Commission gives its approval, teachers for the county schools will be selected.

Mr. E. L. McKee is in receipt of a letter from Chairman E. B. Jeffress, of the State Highway Commission, stating that Highway 106 will be completed in the near future.

The letter states that the surfacing will be continued on the improved portions of the road, and that surveying parties will soon be in the field locating and mapping out the portions of the road that have as yet not been graded preparatory to surfacing.

Mr. Jeffress has repeatedly stated in the last few months that the commission will complete Highway 106 out of the first federal aid money received by the State, and the letter to Mr. McKee is in confirmation of the repeated verbal statements already made.

North Carolina will shortly receive more than nine million dollars of federal money for road improvement, under the reconstruction program of the administration, and it is out of this fund that the commission will complete 106.

The news that this, the most important highway of them all, so far as Jackson county people are concerned, will be included in the program for the immediate future will be met with general rejoicing in this county.

The completion of 106 to Cullowhee will be accomplished as soon as far is applied to the macadam surface, and Western Carolina Teachers College will be put in highway construction with the rest of the State. That is one objective. The next objective is to promote the development of Jackson county's great trucking region, by connecting it up with the State Highway system. The Sapphire country of Jackson county will be connected with the county seat. There will be formed a great trunk line highway running from the South into and through the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, and connecting with highways to the middle west. This is imperative, if Jackson county is to reap her part of the benefits from the park.

Another, and perhaps the most important objective in completing 106, is to connect up Jackson county into one community. Too much of the business of the county is going to other counties and to other states, business that should be kept in this county, for the enrichment of all our people.

At last, the goal toward which the people of this county, who have vision, have been driving for a quarter of a century, is in sight. 106 is about to be completed.

SYLVA PEOPLE RALLY TO AID OF FIREMEN

The business people have most generously answered the call of Sylva's volunteer fire department for assistance in securing funds for the purpose of allowing members of the department to attend the Firemen's State Convention.

A call was made through the papers, a short time ago and members of the department followed it up with personal calls upon the people of the town, in their offices and stores, and found the response most generous, assuring that the trip to the convention can be made.

The following firms and people have contributed to the fund:

- Harris Clay Co., Sylva Paperboard Co., Parsons Tanning Co., Sylva Supply Co., Jackson County Bank, Sylva Pharmacy, Stovall's Fruit Store, The Leader, Jackson Hardware Co., Massie Furniture Co., C. C. Cagle and Son, Cogdill Motor Co., Medford Furniture Co., Jackson County Journal, Sylva Billiard Club, Hole In The Wall, Sylva Feed Store, R. E. McNeely & Son, Cannon Bros., Western Carolina Telephone Co., The Print Shop, R. U. Sutton, D. D. Perry, O. J. Lessley, Raymond Glenn, W. H. Madison, Roy Morris, A. L. Shepherd, J. H. Patterson, E. M. Lloyd, Chas. Evans, J. D. Moore, J. A. Parris, E. A. Robinson, G. M. Edwards, Col. Ridley, I. H. Powell, R. W. Enloe, Dr. McGuire, A. D. Cowan, Dr. W. K. Chapman, J. R. Long, D. D. Robinson, L. C. Moore, Frank Fricks, Dave Karp, T. W. Fernald, A. J. Hevonor, Claude Allison, M. Y. Jarrett, V. V. Hooper, J. B. Ensley, E. O. Mashburn, Felix Picklesimer.