

The Jackson County Journal

2.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE IN THE COUNTY

SYLVIA, CAROLINA, THURSDAY AUGUST 10 1937

\$2.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE OUTSIDE THE COUNTY

Congress Hopes To Be Able To Recess Until October

Washington, August 10.—The first session of 75th Congress is now at the point of adjournment as the 150th anniversary of the Nation is about to be celebrated by the observance of the Constitutional Sesquicentennial. It is expected that the session will go down in political history not so much for what it has done as for what it refused to do.

All of the Representatives and a third of the Senators come up for reelection next year. In the Southern States, where victory of the Democrats in the primaries has always been tantamount to election, they have only a year or so in which to build their fees before the Spring primaries.

There is one reason for opposition to the suggested recess until October, so that the Administration's proposals be cleared off the slate and the business of the second session which is tax revision. Another reason is that if they took a recess, the boys would have to pay their own fares home and back, whereas if they adjourn they can collect ten cents a mile from the Treasury, both ways.

The whole future of the New Deal is wrapped up in the answer to question whether the electorate still remains overwhelmingly behind the President or backs up Congress in its bid for independence. Thus the second session of this Congress may well be the most important political importance since the first has been.

There are other reasons for something like a recess. It is believed that the fortunes of the United States may become so involved in the war situation in Asia as to draw public interest and attention away from the exclusion of all domestic matters. Nobody publicly goes so far as to even breathe the word that the United States may be called to take a hand on China's side in the conflict between Japan and the United States.

It is known that the State Department is very much concerned, and is busy in getting up to war against the contracting fighting ship, munitions and supplies at our Pacific naval bases, the Army and the Marine Corps are getting into the act and the Government is buying up new military airplane factories in its own factories and in private contractors.

All these facts up to the certainty that the "cash and carry" provision of the Pittman Neutrality Resolution give Japan all the advantage, the fact that the people of the Pacific coast and Hawaii still fear Japan as an enemy getting ready to strike without warning, the recent expressions from Japanese leaders regarding their demand for independence and the fact that the American policy of America to do all the power to maintain the integrity of China, and you have the making of a pretty little war scare.

The situation of international affairs here have been that Great Britain is steadily concerned over the Chinese situation and that that is the British government has been determined to Mussolini, determined to remove the friction between Italy and Italy in the Mediterranean and so leave England free to fight her interests in the Far East. This is distinctly in China and against Japan's.

It would be a show-down, it is believed that the United States and Great Britain should stand shoulder to shoulder on the side of China and against Japan.

It is a series of events since the Labor Party has been set up under the American Constitution has outlasted any other system which was in existence in the world in 1787. It was the first government ever set up in which the people as a whole held attention from many of the ablest political leaders.

The Labor situation is beginning to take on political aspects, with the Presidential campaign of 1940 in the offing. The retirement of Mr. Roosevelt's friend, Major George L. Berry, U. S. Senator from Tennessee from the presidency of Labor's non-Partisan League, and the election of John L. Lewis to succeed him, is regarded here as a move toward putting a new Labor Party into the field in 1940.

TODAY and TOMORROW

REVOLUTION . . . human rights

I have not been able to scare myself as so many of my friends do, with fear that the United States of America is leading for a revolution. We are not going to have another Revolution in America unless and until some man or group with power to enforce their will upon the rest of us undertakes to deprive us of our liberties as human beings and free citizens. If that ever happens, then there will be utterances and gestures, some of them from high places, which indicate annoyance because we still, as a people, refuse to take orders to do things about which we have not been consulted, but nothing which I can take seriously as a threat to our fundamental liberties.

Let those be actually menaced, and we will see a revolution—at least a revolt against whoever tries it—and it will be short, sharp and decisive: with the people of the United States reasserting their rights.

LIBERTIES . . . protection

What are the rights which so many fear are in danger? They are set down in the first ten amendments to the Constitution. That "Bill of Rights" is worth rereading. If I were a schoolmaster I would have my pupils read it aloud every morning, so they would grow up knowing that they are free American citizens whom no authority, least of all one which they themselves or their forebears has created, can push around with impunity.

Read it. Read that no one has power to interfere with the churches or the practice by everyone of the religion which pleases him. No power can forbid you to speak your mind on any subject, by voice or print. Our rights are secure to assemble peacefully, to petition the government for redress of grievances, to bear arms, to be secure against search and seizure of our persons or property without due warrant—read the whole list. That is only part of it.

I think that whenever any authority tries to deprive us of those liberties there will be a revolution in America—but not till then.

DICTATORS

Washington
Many of my timorous friends who do not fear a popular uprising—a revolution—have a bad case of the jitters over their conviction that the nation is heading for a dictatorship in the European fashion. I do not share that fear, either.

We had a dictator once. His name was George Washington. In 1777, when the American Revolution against King George III was going badly, the Continental Congress voted to give the Commander of the army complete control of the whole country, to conscript citizens for soldiers, to commandeer food and supplies, to confiscate property and to give orders which had the force of law, and to use any means he desired to carry them out.

Washington, armed with those powers, such as no other American ever had, before or since, won for the people the liberties which the British King had denied them. He could have kept those powers and made himself an absolute ruler. Instead, he presided over the Convention of 1787 which framed the Constitution, carefully planned to prevent the concentration of power in any one man or in the Federal government, but making the people as a whole the supreme authority.

GOVERNMENT . . . balanced

The system of government set up under the American Constitution has outlasted any other system which was in existence in the world in 1787. It was the first government ever set up in which the people as a whole held attention from many of the ablest political leaders.

The Labor situation is beginning to take on political aspects, with the Presidential campaign of 1940 in the offing. The retirement of Mr. Roosevelt's friend, Major George L. Berry, U. S. Senator from Tennessee from the presidency of Labor's non-Partisan League, and the election of John L. Lewis to succeed him, is regarded here as a move toward putting a new Labor Party into the field in 1940.

That Lewis will be its candidate is doubtful, but he will be the dominant force.

Bishop Will Dedicate Cullowhee Church

The handsome, new Methodist church at Cullowhee will be dedicated, on Saturday, August 22, with appropriate services.

Bishop Paul B. Kern will conduct the service of dedication, and will preach at 11 o'clock.

All former ministers at the church have been sent special invitations to be present, among those who are expected to be there are Rev. Mark Q. Tuttle, Rev. L. B. Abernethy, Rev. Robert M. Hardee, Rev. E. C. Wilderhouse, Rev. A. W. Lynch, Rev. Mr. Folger, Rev. Elzie Myers, Rev. S. H. Hilliard; and possibly other four pastors of the church.

The new church and parsonage were recently completed under direction of the pastor, Rev. C. G. Heffner, and a building committee composed of W. E. Bird, chairman; R. C. Sutton; treasurer, H. T. Hunter; S. W. Enloe; David H. Brown, Mrs. Frank H. Brown; and Mrs. L. A. Ammon.

Under the Constitution a few strictly limited powers are delegated to the Legislative Executive and Judiciary branches of the Federal Government, and all other powers are reserved explicitly to the states or to the people.

Our system works because of the checks and balances provided by the division of powers. The Constitution is the supreme law of the land. All laws passed by Congress must conform to its restrictions. The Supreme Court has the sole power to measure laws by the Constitutional yardstick and decide whether Congress has exceeded its powers. And the sole duty of the Executive is to see that the Constitutional laws of Congress are enforced. None of the three branches may delegate its power or infringe on the powers of either of the others.

ALLEGIANCE . . . Constitution

Every public official, civil or military, in the United States, has to declare his loyalty to our institutions, usually under oath. So do the officials and soldiers of every other nation have to swear fealty to their respective rulers.

In the British Empire they must pledge themselves to be loyal to King George. The Japanese swear to be faithful subjects of the Son of Heaven, the Mikado. In Germany loyalty is pledged to the Third Reich, which is the National Socialist Party, the present government. Italian officers give their oaths to the King, who has delegated most of his authority to Premier Mussolini, whose word is the King's law.

In America we do not swear loyalty to any one man or party or any government. No man is required to take an oath that he will obey the President, support whatever govern-

No Blister Rust Found In County

Work on the prevention of White Pine Blister Rust in Jackson County has progressed rapidly since the project opened July 12. More than 8,500 acres of land has been examined in the area south of Cashier's, and 3,655 acres of white pine mapped.

No blister rust has been found on any pines in the county, although a few land owners have reported that their pines are dying. H. A. Whitman, Jr., agent for the project in this county, and the crew of 22 men are on constant lookout for any blister rust both on pines and gooseberry and currant leaves. Blister rust spreads first from diseased pines as far as 200 miles away to currant and gooseberry plants; then these bushes in turn spread new spores to neighboring pines 1000 feet away. Where there are no gooseberry or currant plants present the disease cannot spread, as one pine cannot infect another.

All land owners are asked to cooperate with the Blister Rust crew when they interview for currant or gooseberry bushes and allow these bushes to be destroyed. When an owner pulls his own bushes, he is asked to report it to the Asheville office, at 604 County Bldg., or to the one when they make the interview. Owner cooperation of this sort is encouraged.

Over 100 bushes have already been pulled, at 5 locations, and the cooperation at these places is appreciated.

JAMES ROOSEVELT AND HOEY WILL BE SPEAKERS

James Roosevelt, Governor Hoey, Senators Reynolds and Bailey, are among the prominent speakers who will address the Young Democratic Clubs of North Carolina at their annual convention in Winston-Salem on September tenth and eleventh.

The entire Congressional Delegation from North Carolina will take part in the program. It is expected that a large number of young democrats from this county will go to the convention.

New York, N. Y.—In the decade between 1920 and 1930 the New York population in New York City showed an increase of 114.9 per cent.

ment happens to be in power, or be faithful to any particular political party. Instead, every person in office, every legislator, every judge, every executive, every officer of the Army or Navy, takes the same oath of fealty that the President himself takes, pledging loyalty to the Constitution and to the nation of which it is the supreme law.

Recreation Experiment Being Tried At W.C.T.C.

DUNLAP VACATIONS HERE

Chairman Frank Dunlap, of the State Highway and Public Works Commission, has returned to Raleigh, after having spent several days with Commissioner E. L. McKee, at High Hampton Inn, in Cashier's Valley.

While here, Mr. Dunlap made a study of the highway needs of this and adjoining counties. He not only went over the main highways but also made numerous trips over the secondary roads, in order to thoroughly familiarize himself with the mountain country, by which he was tremendously impressed.

CEMETERY CLEANING

The Cullowhee cemetery will be cleaned of all weeds, and the graves put in order on next Tuesday, August 17. All persons having relatives buried there are requested to be at the cemetery on that date.

BALSAM

(By Mrs. D. T. Knight)
Mr. and Mrs. Jim Queen, Miss Anna Laura Ensley and Gerald Queen, of Gastonia, are visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Bryson and son, Clifton, attended the singing, in Waynesville, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Norris, Miss Elizabeth Norris and Mrs. W. S. Christy went to Junaluska, Sunday, to hear Bishop Moore preach.

Mrs. J. R. Rork and Mr. Robert Rork attended confirmation service at the Episcopal church in Waynesville, Sunday.

Mrs. A. D. Lewis has returned from Nacogdoches, Texas, where she went to visit an uncle who was very ill and who passed away July 29th.

Balsam is enjoying the best season she has had in several years. Tourists are everywhere. Every cottage is full. Balsam Lodge and Balsam Hotel are filling up with tourists from many states, and also several foreigners. The Wednesday and Friday night dances are growing in popularity.

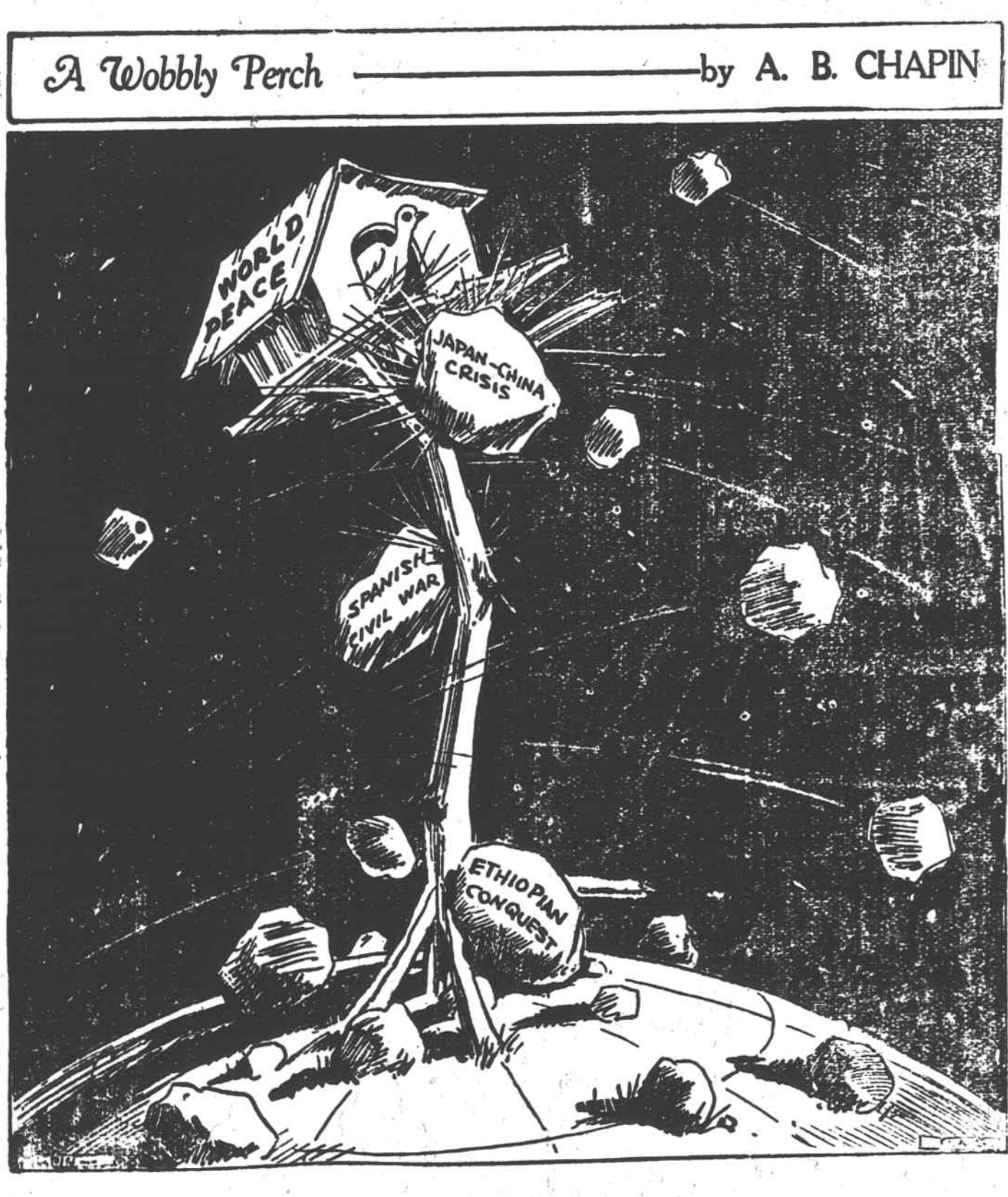
QUALLA

(By Mrs. J. K. Terrell)
Revival services conducted by Mrs. Velma Chambers, of Winston-Salem, closed Tuesday morning.

Several parents attended the opening of Qualla school, Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Patterson, Misses Margurite and Lois Townsend, of Maxton, who are stopping at "Green Acres", attended services at Qualla, Sunday.

Mr. Jim Baker and family, of Murphy, called at Mr. J. E. Battle's Sunday.



Through the cooperation of President Hunter and Western Carolina Teachers College, a training program for training WPA recreation workers in Jackson county is being conducted on a scale that has not been attempted elsewhere in the State.

Recreation leaders are attending classes in physical education, sociology, art, and music at the college during the morning hours. Miss Alice Benton, head of the physical education department of the college, is serving in an advisory capacity from the standpoint of program planning. A modern recreation center, to be operated by NYA leaders, will open near the college campus, in the fall.

Leaders in the work state that the recreation heads throughout the State are watching with interest the Jackson county experiment, believing that it will provide a recreation program, based on the cultural pattern, that will more nearly adequately meet the needs of the community than that tried elsewhere.

Mrs. Helen Dillard has been recently appointed as County Supervisor of Recreation, under the WPA. She succeeds Mrs. Julia Chapman, who resigned in January. Heads of the work in Raleigh state that Mrs. Dillard's experience and preparation, as well as her knowledge of and interest in Jackson county, make her an asset to the recreation program.

The Recreation Lay Committee has been reorganized, with Mrs. E. L. McKee as chairman; and sub-committees have been appointed. This group, which serves in an advisory capacity, is composed of the following people:

Mrs. E. L. McKee, Mr. J. Claud Allison, Dr. H. T. Hunter, Mrs. J. D. Cowan, Mr. Dan Tompkins, Mr. John Seymour, Mrs. Kermit Chapman, Mrs. D. M. Hall, Mr. C. C. Buchanan, Mr. M. B. Madison, Mr. Reginald Enloe, Mr. T. N. Massie, Mr. Paul Buchanan, Mrs. Walter Jones, Mr. A. J. Dills, Mr. T. A. Cox, Mrs. John N. Wilson, Mrs. Mannie Sue Evans, Mr. Garland Laekey, Mrs. Howard Clapp, and Mrs. Grover Wilkes.

Mr. and Mrs. Estes Hoyle and son Emory, of Thomasville, are visiting among relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Snyder of Sylva, Mr. and Mrs. John Norton, and Mrs. Vincent Jenkins of Whittier called at Mr. R. F. Hall's.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Thomas and Mrs. Crawford Ayers visited relatives at Bryson City.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Quiett of Florida are guests at Mr. W. M. Quiett's.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Martin and son Frank, of Bryson City and Mr. and Mrs. Von Hall, of Dillsboro, called at Mr. J. C. Johnson's.

Mrs. H. G. Bird, who has been seriously ill for the past week is improving.

Mr. Church Crowell of Enka was a Qualla visitor, Sunday.

Mrs. Edd King and Mrs. Lillie Willis of Los Angeles, Mrs. J. R. Messer, Mrs. J. K. Terrell and Miss Annie Terrell visited at Mrs. D. C. Hughes', Saturday.

Messrs. D. M. Shuler, H. G. and Hugh Ferguson, and Misses Lillian Ferguson and Mary Penland made a trip to Highlands and other points of interest.

Mrs. G. A. Kinsland called on Mrs. Chas. Worley.

Mrs. D. M. Shuler visited relatives at Ela.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Shuler have returned to Lynchburg, Va., after a visit with relatives.

Mrs. M. B. Henson of Whittier visited Mrs. J. K. Terrell.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Thomas of Asheville and Mrs. A. D. Raby of Etowah, Tenn., visited Mrs. H. G. Bird.

Several Qualla children had their tonsils removed, at the clinic at Sylva. Rev. Ben Cook, of Rich Mountain, was elected pastor of Shoal Creek Baptist church.

Mr. L. L. Shaver and family and Mr. S. P. Hyatt and family, of Glenville, were guests at Mr. J. L. Hyatt's.

Mr. Grady Crawford of Columbia, S. C., was a Qualla visitor.

Mrs. Troy Gutter and son, Larry, who have spent the year in Idaho, have returned to Qualla.

Mr. C. P. Shelton, Rev. James Appleby, of Maxton, Mrs. A. C. E. Brown, of Yakima, Wash., and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Brauss of Dayton, Ohio, who are stopping at "Green Acres", called at Mr. J. K. Terrell's.