

The Jackson County Journal

IN ADVANCE IN THE COUNTY

SYLVA, NORTH CAROLINA, JANUARY 26, 1939

\$2.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE OUTSIDE THE COUNTY

Taxation Problems One Of Worries Of Legislators

(By Dan Tompkins)
Sylvia, Jan. 25.—One of the big problems confronting the present session of the General Assembly is the fact that the county participation in the State Aid to the Blind, Old Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to Dependent Children is not uniform in the State. In some counties the rate is less than 5 cents and in some it is more than 5 cents. The rate is fixed at 5 cents unless otherwise provided. Inversely, the counties where the lower tax rate are low in the amount of the aid to the blind. Also, a 10 percent increase in either the amount of persons receiving the aid or the rate of the increase in the amount of persons would raise the amount of the aid.

Marionette To Be Shown At Cullowhee

Cullowhee, January 19, (Special) Tony Sarg's Marionettes, sponsored by the chapter of American Childhood Education Association at Western Carolina Teachers College, will appear at the college on February 7 in two performances. The puppeteers have been asked by the educational club to give Stevenson's "Treasure Island."

A matinee performance, planned mainly for the children of the training school has been scheduled to begin at 1:30. The evening performance of the same play, to be given largely for the college people and community folk, will begin at 8:00.

The entire training school as the college students are enthusiastic in their anticipation of the miniature crew of wild and lusty buccaneers and the shrewd and irrespressible Jim Hawkins who will hold the stage.

State President To Be Guest Of Enloe Chapter U.D.C.

The regular meeting of the W. A. Enloe Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy will be held on Thursday afternoon of next week, February 2, with Mrs. S. W. Enloe as hostess.

Mrs. A. D. Parker is in charge of the program and the newly elected president of the North Carolina Division U. D. C., Mrs. L. E. Fisher, of Asheville, will be present.

All members of the chapter are urged to be present.

Mrs. Silas Cabe Died

Mrs. Silas Cabe, age forty-eight, who had been ill for a number of months, passed away at her home here, last Friday, about 12 o'clock. Mrs. Cabe, who was the daughter of Mrs. H. P. Ashe and the late Mr. Ashe, was twice married. After her first marriage, to Mr. Weaver Messer, she came to Sylva from Wilnot to live. Several years after Mr. Messer's death, she was married to Mr. Silas Cabe, by whom she is survived. Surviving also are her mother, Mrs. H. P. Ashe, a young step-daughter, Joyce Cabe, two sisters, Mrs. Bessie Gibson, of Hazelwood, and Mrs. Lula Ward, of Wilnot; and by one brother, James Ashe, of Winston-Salem.

Funeral services for Mrs. Cabe were held on Saturday afternoon, at the Baptist church here, conducted by the pastor, Rev. H. M. Hocutt. Interment was in Keener cemetery.

Dr. Smith Speaks To WCTC Students

Cullowhee, Jan. 19, (Special)—Dr. H. P. Smith, director of the training school of Western Carolina Teachers College, delivered an address, "American Democracy as a Way of Life," before the students of this institution here today.

Dr. Smith's discussion was patterned along the line of President Roosevelt's address to Congress on the State of the Union given January 3. The speaker strengthened this idea with a history of the development of the democracy and declared that the fate of our republican form of government rests within the confines of American Schools and Colleges.

He closed with a verbal picture of North Carolina's natural resources, which have been developed by the citizens of this state into a region where democracy can flourish under the impetus of education and service to the Creator.

He prohibited in the county.

Following this, the Jackson representative has drafted for presentation a bill prohibiting the sale of beer and wine in any county except in the incorporated towns where the commissioners of the county find that there is no adequate police force to enforce the laws and regulations contained in the sale of beer and wine and through stringent regulations about their sale in the town. The bill also gives the commissioners of the town or the county the supervision of the place of sale and the right to refuse to issue license or to revoke a license when they see fit.

Miss Burdine Stillwell Passes

Miss Burdine Stillwell died at the home of her sister, Mrs. Roxie Rogers, near Webster, on Tuesday evening, after an illness of long duration.

Miss Stillwell, who was the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Stillwell, was born in Jackson county sixty-three years ago, has spent her life here. She is survived by four sisters, Mrs. Rogers, Mrs. Jack Carpenter and Mrs. Eettie Allman of Webster, and Mrs. Cordell Carpenter, of Robbinsville, and by one brother, John A. Stillwell, of Webster, besides a large number of other relatives. The funeral service was held at the Webster Baptist church, of which Miss Stillwell was a member, this afternoon at 2 o'clock and was conducted by Rev. W. N. Cook, the pastor of the church, and Rev. T. F. Deitz.

Nephews of Miss Stillwell served as pallbearers and interment was in the Stillwell cemetery.

Cathey Chapter To Have Programs On Cities

The B. H. Cathey Chapter United Daughters of the Confederacy will present studies of interesting cities its program during this year. The city of New Orleans being the subject for the meeting on the afternoon of February 2. Mrs. Mary Carter Brinson, now of Hendersonville, who lived for a number of years in New Orleans, has been invited to be the speaker for the afternoon.

The meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Walter Jones.

QUALLA

By MRS. J. K. TERRELL

Mr. Jess Blanton and Mrs. Chas Ward went to Deep Creek Monday. Mr. M. L. Blanton returned with them stopping at Mr. D. M. Shuler's. He will spend awhile. He is slowly improving after an illness of several months.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Battle, Mr. Jack Battle, Mrs. D. C. Boyce and other relatives visited Mr. Paul Battle at the Harris Community Hospital where he had an operation for appendicitis Sunday morning.

Mr. M. W. Eitz, of New York has been spending several days at his Qualla farm.

Mrs. Ottmer Rhoem and Mr. Dock Snyder, of Hayesville, visited their Qualla farm last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Martin, of Bryson City, Mr. and Mrs. Miller Hall, of Whittier, Mrs. Hansel Bradley and Mr. Terry Johnson, of Cherokee, called at Mr. J. C. Johnson's.

The Home Demonstration Club met with Mrs. Frank Battle Tuesday. Officers were elected for the new year.

Miss Gertrude Ferguson, of Almond school faculty, spent the weekend with homefolk.

Mrs. W. H. Hoyle and Mrs. J. K. Terrell called on Mrs. J. H. Hughes.

Name I to High Court



WASHINGTON, D. C.—Felix Frankfurter of Massachusetts, professor of the Harvard Law School, who was named by President Roosevelt to be an Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court. Frankfurter was named to the vacancy created by the death last July of Benjamin N. Cardozo.

Mrs. John Hurst Dies

Mrs. Mary Hurst, wife of John Hurst, died at her home here, Saturday, Jan. 14, and was buried on Sunday afternoon, in the Franklin cemetery, on Long Branch, near Dillsboro. The funeral service was conducted at the home, by Rev. H. M. Hocutt, pastor of the Baptist church here. Besides her husband, Mrs. Hurst is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Mattie Hurst Dillard, and by three sons, Weaver Hurst, Carl Hurst and Earl Hurst, all of Sylva.

Eight Causes Given For Fires In Homes

Use of defective equipment or carelessness causes most of the fires which destroy hundreds of farm homes in North Carolina every year, says David S. Weaver, agricultural engineer of the State College Extension Service.

He lists eight specific causes for the majority of fires in homes: (1) poorly constructed or defective flues and chimneys; (2) inflammable roofing material which ignites when sparks settle on it; (3) lightning; (4) spontaneous combustion; (5) careless use of smoking materials; (6) improper handling of kerosene and gasoline; (7) defective stoves and furnaces; and (8) lack of safe and adequate wiring for electricity, or the wrong use of electrical appliances.

Weaver suggests that the homeowner make an analysis of the fire hazard by going from room to room with a paper and pencil and check over the above mentioned items. The kitchen, the basement, store-rooms, attics, closets and stairways offer the greatest problems, for it is there that most of the fires start.

A number of questions are asked

TODAY and TOMORROW

—by—
**FRANK PARKER
STOCKBRIDGE**

ROPE treasures After being tied to the surace of the earth for countless ages, mankind has begun in the past few years to explore both the heights above and the depths beneath.

We fly high above land and sea with the ease of the birds and at far greater speed. In submarine boats we swim under water like the fish.

There are still higher heights and deeper depths about which we know nothing. While one group of scientists explores the stratosphere in balloons, another group is trying to discover what lies at the bottom of the ocean's deepest valleys.

The Carnegie Institution of Washington has made a steel rope seven miles long, with which its explorers are bringing up specimens from the bed of the sea.

One of the most interesting discoveries so far made is that there are greater concentrations of radium far down under the ocean than have yet been found on dry land.

Since every river has been depositing the minerals washed down from the hills into the sea for millions of years, it is probable that the greatest store of treasure on earth lies miles under water. Whether much of it can ever be recovered is a problem to which there is as yet no answer.

JESUS service In awarding the American Hebrew Medal for 1938 to President Roosevelt for the most outstanding service of the year in promoting better understanding between Jews and Christians, the committee of eminent citizens and clergymen of all creeds said they selected Mr. Roosevelt.

They selected him because by all his words and actions since he has been in the public service he has promoted better understanding among all races and creeds, because in the past year he took the initiative at every crisis in Jewish affairs and did by the agricultural engineer to stress fire prevention: "Do the members of your family have habits which are conducive to good fire control? Do they use kerosene or gasoline in starting fires? Are they careless about smoking conditions? Are the oily greasy rags used about the garage put into metal containers or immediately burned, or are they allowed to accumulate as a possible hazard? "Are the children allowed to play with matches? Is the electric iron disconnected immediately when the ironer leaves the ironing board? "Many simple habits conducive to correcting fire hazards may be instilled into the minds of members of the family by a general discussion of fire hazard problems."

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THIS WEEK IN WASHINGTON

Washington, Jan. 23. (Autocaster)

The refusal by a coalition of Republicans and Conservative Democrats in the House of Representatives to give the President the full amount that he asked for carrying on the W.P.A. until midsummer, and the tag attached that none of the money they did authorize may be paid to anybody having Civil Service status, was the opening gun in what promises to be a long-drawn-out battle between the Executive and a Congress newly conscious of its power and determined to assert its independence.

It was also, as many observers see it, the first gun in the Presidential campaign of 1940.

With 81 more Representatives and eight more Senators than last year, Republican leaders feel that they are strong enough to make their influence felt, especially if they can count on the help of the anti-administration elements in the Democratic party.

The Republicans think they can claim credit for putting over the first economy move in this Congress.

Much of the Republicans hope for 1940 is based upon the fact that in addition to capturing an unexpectedly large block of seats in Congress, the party regained control of all the New England states, leading states in the corn and wheat belt—the La Follette "stronghold" of Wisconsin—and the industrial states of Ohio, Michigan and Pennsylvania, as well as the legislature of the state of New York.

Have Local Majorities In the eleven states in which the Republicans took over power from the Democrats they also elected a majority of the county, city and town governments. These local offices added to the state patronage give the Republicans, the National Committee estimates, 150,000 more political jobs to hand out to party workers than they had last year. In Pennsylvania alone, for example, there are 45,000 jobs at the disposal of the state government, 30,000 in Ohio.

Since national political parties are built upon and derive their strength from state and local organizations, control of the patronage in seven-teen states, most of them among the most populous, and four hundred county governments as well as numerous cities, give the Republicans the nucleus of such a party machine as they have not controlled since 1930.

Old-time political observers are commenting upon the about-face in party policies, as evidenced by the fact that the staunchest supporters of state's rights today are the Republicans.

A clear-cut issue on this matter of state rights is about to be joined on the initiative of the rock-ribbed Republican and traditionally independent state of Vermont.

Already Had Contract

Last Summer Congress enacted a flood-control law. The State of Vermont had already negotiated a contract with the Army Engineers to build a dam at Union Village. The Secretary of War refused to sign the contract, asserting that the Federal Government had the power to go into Vermont and take lands and build dams for any purpose without the consent of the state, and that he intended to do just that.

That enraged Vermonters so that when Governor Aiken asked his legislature for an appropriation of \$67,000 with which to fight the asserted encroachment upon Vermont's sovereign rights, it was voted without delay. The governors of the other New England states have joined in the movement to bring about the repeal of the provision of last year's law which grants such rights to the Federal Government without the consent of the states, and a merry-battle seems imminent.

As the proposals for strengthening the national defense are studied and Capitol Hill hears from increasing numbers of citizens favoring swift and positive action in that direction, some of the pledges and promises about economy seem about to be broken.

If the people want to spend money for national defense, there is a growing feeling in Congress that it ought to be spent. There is nothing the average Representative or Senator likes more than to spend money where it will do him or his friends some good.

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Memories

SATURDAY MORNING CHORES



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