\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE IN THE COUNTY

SYLVA, NORTH CARO LINA, MARCH 16, 1939

Vashington, Mar. 15 (Autocaster) The President and his counsellors are sill looking across the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. The Senators and Representatives in Congress are sharp.y divided as to whether external r internal affairs call for the chic attention of the United States.

There is almost a hundred percent agreement that the nation should gut is military, naval and air defence. into first-rate condition, proof of which is found in the almost unanimous vote to appropriate 500 million dollars for the War Department, the largest peace-time fund ever granted for that purpose. The President has asked for another 139 millions for supplementary Array purities, and probably will get in

Whire Congress and the Executive risagree is on the question of the nation's foreign policy. There is a fee ng that Mr. Roosevelt is "stirring up the animals" by his frequent utterances aimed at the dictatorships

He did that again in his speech before Congress in celebration of the 10th anniversary of that body wher he took a crack at the dictaters y asking whether the United State should sit passive while religious freedom was suppressed in other nations.

May Reveal Secrets

No sane person believes for a moment that Mr. Roosevelt wants to lead the United States into a foreign war, but the belief that his frequent derinciations of the governments of the very nations from which the country has most to fear are at least provocative, is freely expressed and deploted by even his most devoted

The demand on Capitol Hill for a full revelation of the international situation as it affects the interesta of the United States is increasing It is not minimized by such statements as that made on the floor by Senator Lundeen of Minnesota that Mr. Roosevelt, in his confidencia: talk with members o. the Committe. on Military Affairs, disclosed "stuninng secrets" which, if made public, would shock the nation.

The feeling that the public should be taken into complete confidence on anything which so vitally affects every lody is strong, and the possibility grows that a stenographic report of the President's talk with the Sen ters may be made public.

Meaname the movement for a Constitutional amendment prohibiting Congress from declaring war without a popular referendum, except in case of actual invasion, has been revived.

Recent disclosure of the activities of Japanese spies on the Pacific Coast are stirring up international distrust. The disclosure by a high Ar., officer that German aviators were using in the attack on Parce long a new kind of air-bomb charged with liquid oxygen, capable of kill ing everybody within a quarter of a mile from where it strikes, has furnished fresh impetus to the program of a bigger and stronger air force

The removal of the general head quarters of the Army Air Corp from Langley Field, Virginia, to Scott Field in Illinois, as scon as the new buildings can be finished, is part of the general program of shifting the more vulnerable points of national defense away from the seaboard and into the interior, where they will be safer from air raids from overseas.

Building Huge Roserves

Part of that program is the building up of huge reserves of war ma terials in the Mississippi Valley, an of enrolling some ten thousand industrial establishments, mostly in the same region, to be prepared to turn out implements of war on short notice. Also, as part of the grea. hew te ense program, interest in th Flo. la Ship Canal has been revived, on the principle that it will provide a sale, sheltered water route from the Mississippi Valley to the Atlan-

tic Coast intime of war. The War Department has reported to Congress that the Florida Canal would be of vital importance to commerce in peacetime as well as in war, and the United States Geological Survey has revised its finding as to the effect of the canal on the water supply of South Florida shallow surface wells within a few ty existing laws which have tended miles of the route of the canel.

FIRE COMPANY HAD TRAINING SCHOOL WEBSTER SENIORS NATIONAL CAPITAL 2 CALLS, MONDA: CLUB TO GIVE PLAY

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Carden, a four room structure, ir East Sylva, was artirely destroyed y fire Monday not ning. The house and contents, with the exception of sixteen cans of foca a total loss, no insurance having been carried.

The Sylva Fire Department promptly answered the call, but as to water was available, the flames and gained too much headway to be extinguished. The fire was said to have caught trum an inside flue. The same altertion, a call to Dillsboro was a wavered by the fire company, but in this case, too, the ire had progressed to far to be put out, and the world bouse of James Mason was destroyed.

Tols was the stre within a cen in the car may, considerable damage - den done to he dwelling notes, out pied by Lon Cunningham, in Mast Sylva, on Alonday afternoon of last week.

Sunday Schools Of Tuckaseigee Association Hold Convention

A large number of delegates atended the convention of the Suniay schools of the Tuckaseigee Bapist Association, hast Sunday, at East Fork church. Beginning with a devotional service, conducted by D. G. Bryson, at 2 o'clock, the delegates heard an address by Roy. T. F. Deitz on the subject, "what a County-Wide Revival will Mean to Our Suniay Schools", special music by the Last Fork Quartet, and a demonstraion of an intermediate department

Sunday Schools of East Fork Green's Creek, Hamburg, Jarcett memorial, at Diliscoro, Lovedale Ochre Hill, Savachah, Scott's Creek Sylva, Tuckaseigee, White isoca vebsier, Zion Hill, North Fork and Culiowase had prepresentatives at ne meeting.

An increasing interest in the Suniay Schools of the association is vork.

rnoon, April Stn, beginning at 2:00 tinue for two weeks.

John R. Jones Returns From Hospital

Mr. John R. Jones, who has been il in Biltmore Hospital, Asheville, for several weeks, has improved sufficiently to return to his nome on he Cullowhee road, last Saturday.

Altogether, the atmosphere of Washington is more warlike than it ias been at any time since 1918, ith all sorts of wid speculation eard everywher about our foreign

The United 3 ... Ambassador to spain, Claude Brayers, who has been caying in France close to the forder, has been sent for to make a port to the Siste Department and he President, possumably bearing a the question whether this coun--y should give official recognition, o the new Franco government of Spain, as England and France seem about to do.

Independence Questionable The question which worries Washngton is whether the new Spanish sovernment will really be independent, or merely a puppet with Hitler nd Mussolini pulling the strings, nd providing in Spain a jumpingif place nearer to the United States man any other part of Europe, there great ale pases might be

stablished. In internal affairs, by all odds the nost important event of the year so ar is the decision of the Supreme court that the sit-down strike is nlegal and that employers are free to discharge workers who take part in such seizure of company property or other illegal uses of force. That decision is believed to point toward m early revision of the Labor Relaions Act, in which the rights of employers and the limitations of the authority of the Labor Relations

30ard will be more clearly defined. The chance of such legislation is increased by the efforts being made by both Administration and Connow stating that it would affect only gressional leaders to repeal or modito hamper business expansion.

The Pendragon Literary Club of he Cullowhee Training School will ive a three act play, "Forever True", larch 24, in the Training School aditorium. There will be two per-! ormances, at 1:30 in the afternoon, and at 8:00 o'clock in the evening. The college band, directed by Mr. George Tracy, will play. Taking part in the play are Warren Hooper, Opal Youngblood Gordon Bryson, Davis Zachary, Virginia Mikels, Robinette Tritt, and Columbine Tritt Middleton.

Watch Those "In-Between" Days

Believe it or not, more automobile accidents occur in good weather than

The reason, says the National Conservation Eureau, accident prevention department of the Association of Casualty and Surety Executives, is that drivers are keenly alert when rain, snow or sleet make roads hazardous; but they "let down" when it

To be more vigilant when there is ice on the road, or rain, snow or sleet reits the windshield, is the right attitude for accident-free driving hazards are intensified by abnormal climatic conditions, and call for extreme care. But it is equally dangerou, to "let go" too much when weath it hazards are absent.

To "let down" is good, but the business side of a steering wheel is never the best place to practice it, say the National Conservation Bureau's safety expects. Drive relaxed, and villacut strain, but alert and with your car siways under absolute

Hendersonville Preacher Helding Meeting At Church Of God.

Pov L. J. Stone, of Hendersonnoted, according to leaders in the ville, is assisting the pastor, Enoch Jamison in a series of meetings in The next meeting will be held at the Church of God, in Rhodestown. scott's Creek churen on Sunday aft- The meeting began and will con-

Mr. Jamison invites the public to attend the meetings.

Bryson City Attorney To Speak At Savaanah Church

Atterney McKinley Edwards, of Bryson City, will make a talk in the interest of Sanday Schools, at Old Savannah Church, Sunday, March, a bull of each breed will be on dis-19th at 2 P. M.

The senior class of Webster high chool will present the play, "Troule In Paradise", on Friday evening, March 24, at 8:00 o'clock, in the chool auditorium. The cast of char-

cters is as follows:

"Spec" John Martin, Leo Cowan; Wild" Bill Hanlon, Wayne Buchnan; Phil Bradley, Winston Cabe; Tubby" Davis, J. D. Morgan; Prof. Fish" Salmon, Lyle Jones; Porter looks, Fichard Morgan; "Freshnan" Joe Hamilton, James Potts; fean Harmon, Doris Jones; Daisy viorris, Sue Cabe; Alice Hamilton, dna Owens; Doris Green, Gladys she; Sophie Carr, Lavenia Rogers; unt Mildred Moore, Nan Buchanan; liss Whedbee, Ruth Buchanan midrew "Enowball" Jackson, Roy chanan; l'aye Barron, Marie Bar

North Carolina Cows Going To The Fair

North Carolina probably will b represented at The New York World's Fair, according to word just received rom the American Guernsey Cattle

"Mona of Garden Creek", owned by Mr. Arthur Osborne of Canton has been selected by the Guernsey Representatives as eligible to be one of the thirty Guernseys chosen from among the best of the breed to form the Guernsey contingent in the hero of 150 Purebreds that will be on display from April until October in The Dairy World of Tomorrow, a Dairy industry Exhibit sponsored by The Borden Company.

Mr. Osborne's herd at present contains about 150 animals and continuous regular official testing has with 1937, the cattle and swine popbeen done since 1921-and many ulation was up 4 per cent; cows and State records have been made. "Mona of Garden Creek" is the daughter of "Mildred of Garden Creek" and has cent. a very fine producing record.

The Dairy World of Tomorrow is to be one of the striking exhibits at the 1939 Fair. Here 150 dairy cows, each a queen on the basis of her type and performance, will be on exhibit. These cows will be selected by the Breed Associations representing the ollowing breeds-Jersey, Gurnsey, cows and heifers, (2 years and over Holstein-Friesian, Brown-Swiss and for milk) 381,000; swine, 1,155,000; Ayrshire. These cows will be milked sheep, 60,000; chickens, 9,829,000; three times daily on a Rotolactor-steers, (one year old and over) giving the public a chance to observe 24,000; bulls, (one year old and over) the most modern methods in hand- 16,000. ling milk. In addition to the cows mentioned, representative calvés and

May Run For President



NEW YORK, M. T. . . District At torney Thomas E. Dewey, 27, whose successful prosecution of James J. Hines on charges of conspiracy is the policy racket has brought his into the limelight as a possible R publican candidate for president United States.

Mythical Farm Hasn't A Horse

Raleigh, March 16 .- North Carolina's "mythical farm" has a livestock population of one mule, one milk cow, four hogs and 33 chickens.

These are the findings of S. M. Hines, farm census supervisor of the North Carolina Department of Agriculture, who bases his information on the state-federal livestock report To be exact, the composite farm in the state wouldn't have but twotenths of a horse and two-tenths of

The January livestock report indicate a general increase of all farm animals, except sheep. Compared heifers kept for milk, up three per cent; horses and mules, up less than King's Judge of Garden Creek" and one per cent; chickens, up five per

. Kind

in the state is composed of approximately 82 acres.

The present livestock population at present follows:

Horses, 70,000; mules, 310,000;

There are approximately 301,000 farms in North Carolina, according to the latest census.

TOMORROW

By Frank Parker Stockbrldge

ROADS · · automobiles There couldn't be any roads before men invented the wheel and made roads necessary. Nobody knows how long ago that was, but it was before the Indians came from Asia to America, for they knew nothing about wheels until the white men came, 400-odd years ago,

and brought horses and wheels. It was a long time after that before we had anything that could be called a good road anywhere in America. Probably we would have had good roads earler if the railcoads had not been invented. Thomas Jefferson's project for a great system of national highways had hardly got well started before people began to build railroads and roadbuilding practically stopped for almost a century.

Nothing that we would call a good road today existed on this continent until the invention of the automobile compelled folks to improve their roads. We've got a lot f good roads today, but not nearly enough, and few of them as good s the best roads of Europe.

IONEERS Ford I have a deep personal interest 1 roads for two reasons. My first merican ancestor, John Stockridge of the Plymouth Colony, was he first wheelwright in New Engand. He came over from England a 1629 inresponse to a call from ne colonists for, an artisan who ould not only build wheels for veicles but knew how to build a water wheel.

He built the first grist mill and he first sawmill in the colony. He was also chosen as "pathmaster" of Plymouth, in charge of highways. 1 sometimes think I inherited some of his interest in wheels and roads to run them on.

As a very young man I was an arden cyclist, and took part in the movement to build cycle paths along every highway. I abandoned the picycle for a horse and buggy. When Incidentally, the composite farm ine motor-car came in I owned one of the first American cars, and found out from personal experience just how bad a road could be. .

> I took a hand, in 1912, in organizing the movement for Federal Aid for Highways, which has resulted in the great national road system of today. We couldn't get Congress interested until after Henry Ford had sold enough of his cars to farmers so that they no longer regarded automobiles as rich men's playthings, and wanted good roads for themselves.

ROMANCE . . . Romans To me there is more romance in

an old road than in an old house. So many people have travelled over it that the old highway seems to echo with the clatter of hooves and the chatter of human beings who once rode over it but are long since departed. The best, if not the only- good

roads of ancient times were built by the Romans. I drove a few years ago at 80 miles an hour over a part of the Appian Way, leading south from Rome into Campania, with only a thin skin of modern concrete laid over the ancient stone pavement laid down nearly 200 years before Christ.

There is romance, too, in the ancient Roman roads of England and France. From 55 B.C. on, the Romans were building paved roads to tie their far-flung empire together. Watling Street, the most famous of the ancient British Roman roads, is still a main highway, and many miles of its first foundations are still as solid as when Caesar's legions built them. AUTOMOBILES . . engineering

Probably more highly-trained engineerng talent is engaged in planning and building motor roads today than in any other single field. The combination of speed and safety is not impossible. European countries where modern highways have been built have practically no legal speed limit. But they have separate traffic lanes and no cross

In the thickly-settled parts of American an approach to the ideal road conditions is being made. There still remains much to be

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