

The Southport Leader.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF SOUTHPORT AND BRUNSWICK COUNTY.

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PRICE FIVE CENTS.

WEEKLY NEWS SUMMARY.

HAPPENINGS IN THIS COUNTRY FOR THE PAST WEEK.

Thursday, May 7.

The weather throughout Virginia was quite cold last night and it is thought that the vegetables, tobacco, and fruit crop has been somewhat damaged by frost.

Allen & Co's bank and Welch & Brown, of Scottsdales, Ky., have failed. The amount of assets and liabilities is unknown.

The American Wheel Company's works at Sydney, Ohio, were destroyed by fire early yesterday morning, involving a loss of \$100,000 and throwing two hundred men out of employment. The insurance was less than \$60,000.

Yellow fever has appeared in Cuba and permission has been applied for, at Washington, to build docks at Mobile, Ala., and Pensacola, Fla., at which vessels may lie while being disinfected and fumigated.

The Chilean steamer Itata was seized on Tuesday night at San Diego, Cal., by U. S. Marshal Gordon. She was manned by the insurgents and had loaded forty head of cattle, twenty-five head of sheep and three thousand pounds of dressed meat and would have taken on Remington rifles and ammunition yesterday.

Friday, May 8.

A collision occurred yesterday morning on the Pan-Handle road, four miles west of Denison, Ohio, between the limited mail train bound west and a passenger train. The baggage master of the passenger train was killed, the engines and four cars were demolished, and engineers and firemen were but slightly injured.

Property to the value of \$500,000 was destroyed by fire at Long Island City on Wednesday night.

The Chilean insurgent steamer Itata which was seized Tuesday by U. S. Marshal in San Diego harbor sailed out on Wednesday night with the Marshal on board. He was sent ashore about eight miles below the city.

Each of the two candidates for city treasurer in Waynestown, Ind., received 323 votes. In order to decide who should hold the office, a foot-race was held, the distance being 200 yards. The candidates were William Simms and Frank Hollowell. Simms was ahead until within three feet of the goal when he tripped and fell. Hollowell fell over him and crawled in first amid vociferous applause.

Saturday, May 9.

R. G. Dunn & Co's weekly review of trade says that the actual outgo of about \$14,000,000 in specie during April and not far from \$9,000,000 for the first nine days of May has caused some weakness in the markets. The Bank of England has advanced its rate $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. Failures for the week 212 against 185 for the same time last year.

National Bank Examiner Drew ordered the Spring Garden National Bank of Philadelphia to close its doors yesterday morning.

Fire at Galveston, Texas yesterday morning destroyed the entire repair shops of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad. Four locomotives, five freight and six passenger cars and a great lot of workmen's tools were also burned.

The Elyton Land Company at Birmingham, Ala., has voted a subscription of \$100,000 to the stock of the million dollar steel company now being organized in that city.

Robert Aldger, a prominent citizen of Charleston, S. C., died yesterday evening of apoplexy. He was president of the Coesawa Phosphate Company.

Sunday, May 10.

Forest fires in Wisconsin and Michigan are doing immense damage to standing timber, especially in the latter State where fires are raging in both peninsulas.

McBride Bros. & Co., doing business under the name of the Union Pacific Tea Company have assigned. Liabilities unknown. The firm had ninety-five branches in different parts of the country.

President Harrison and his party arrived at Salt Lake City early yesterday morning, and were taken all over the city by the citizens. The entire city was gaily decorated in honor of the occasion.

Banks in New York now hold \$4,763,950 in excess of the 25 per cent rule.

Exports of specie from New York during last week amounted to \$7,492,365.

A shipment of 25 cars of iron pipe was made yesterday from Birmingham Ala., for Baltimore, by way of the R. & D. R. R.

Monday, May 11.

The schooner Robert and Minnie, was captured Saturday afternoon about 3 miles from San Pedro, by Deputy Marshal Anderson on board the tug Falcon. She was towed into San Pedro by the tug. Pilot Dill who took the Itata out, and Burch who was on the Robert and Minnie, have been arrested.

Sixteen thousand men have been thrown out of employment in New York by the lumber dealers of that city who have declared a lockout.

Severe forest fires are raging in portions of New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Report says that a train containing one hundred men on their way to fight the fires in Potter county, Pa. was wrecked in the burning woods, the cars destroyed and many of the men fatally burned.

Five masked men held up a train on the Santa Fe railroad near Wharton, O. T. Saturday night. They boarded the train at Wharton, detached the engine and express car, proceeded two miles south and robbed the car of all the money it contained.

Tuesday, May 12.

The establishment of Francis H. Leggett & Co., wholesale grocers in New York was visited Saturday afternoon by a disastrous fire which was not extinguished until \$400,000 damage had been done.

The U. S. Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, in the case of the Pullman Palace Car Co., against the State, which taxes the car company. It has also decided the case of the Western Union Telegraph Co., in Massachusetts, against the company.

The Italian Consul at New Orleans, Pasquale Corte, has been recalled by his Government, in order that he may furnish full particulars of the recent killing of the Italians in that city.

The latest report says that the Charleston and the Omaha have received orders to pursue and if possible, capture the insurgent steamer Itata.

Wednesday, May 13.

A reception was tendered ex-President Cleveland yesterday, in the Mayor's office at Buffalo, N. Y. It is said that he shook hands with about 2,000 people.

A portion of the porch of Antler's Hotel, Colorado Springs, gave away while President Harrison was speaking there yesterday. Thirty men were precipitated to the ground, twenty five feet below. No one seriously injured.

James K. Turner of Lansing, Mich., who was a candidate for Governor during the last campaign has made an assignment. He is largely interested in manufacturing and farming interest in Michigan and is rated as a millionaire several times over.

Eight more soldiers have been arrested at Walla Walla, Wash., making sixteen in all that have been arrested in the matter of lynching a gambler in that city some time ago.

It is estimated that the loss to oil tanks and oil property during the late forest fires in Pennsylvania have cost oil men over \$150,000.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

LEADING TOPICS OF THE WEEK AT RALEIGH.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 12.—The Alliance people are taking renewed interest in their work as far as the development of their order is concerned and the weeding out of worthless members. They intend to have unity of action and an even more perfect organization. The coming summer this new department will be held in the various States. Two will be held in North Carolina, most probably at Charlotte and Goldsboro, as those points have admirable railroad facilities. Of course there will be an immense attendance at those meetings, which are to be called by Mr. Elias Carr, the president of the Alliance in this State.

North Carolina has applied for many thousand feet of floor space at the World's Fair and the exhibit will be twice as great as the famous one the State made at New Orleans. The Richmond & Danville railway will have an exhibition of the resources of the country along its line in North Carolina, and this will adjoin the exhibit which the State will make. The Governor will in a day or two call a meeting, at some date in June, of the board of control of this State's display at the World's Fair. This meeting will be held during the session of the board of agriculture whose members are on the board of control.

The Soldier's Home was formally opened and became a State institution yesterday. A procession escorted Gov. Holt to the Home and in well chosen words he declared it open. He took occasion to pay a well deserved compliment to Mr. William C. Strouich, of Raleigh, to whom, more than any man, the existence and success of the Home are due. The place is very comfortable and the veterans who are its inmates appear to be entirely at home. The efforts of the ladies of the State are relied upon in large degree to maintain the Home. In accordance with the plan of organization a board of lady managers has been chosen as follows: First Congressional District, Mrs. T. J. Jarvis; second, Mrs. O. W. Farrar; third, Mrs. Thomas H. Sutton fourth, Mrs. J. B. Batchelor; fifth, Mrs. J. Turner Morehead; sixth, Mrs. H. C. Jones; seventh, Mrs. J. P. Caldwell; eighth, Mrs. Geo. P. Erwin; ninth, Mrs. H. A. Gudgeon.

Memorial day was well observed. There was a large procession, in which a battalion of troops and many veterans took part. An address on Gen. S. D. Ramsour was delivered by Gen. W. R. Cox. Secretary of State Coke was Chief Marshal.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows met at Oxford this evening, with the largest attendance on record. Grand Sire C. M. Busbee, of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, is present. Dr. John H. Pool is Grand Master. The order now has 2,850 members in the State, in 74 lodges, a gain of 752 in membership and 14 in lodges during the year. The Grand Lodge will establish an orphanage.

Four hundred thousand blanks are being sent out by the Department of Agriculture to the various counties, to be filled out by the tax listers. These will give accurate statistics as to the crops growing, of the stock raised and of the amount of farm or household supplies purchased. A clearer idea than ever before of how the farming people stand as to profit or loss in farming. Ideas now on that question are vague.

The trouble in regard to the text books on temperance, of which mention was made last week, will probably be remedied by the adoption of one of the books, costing only 20 cents and perhaps another costing not over 30 cents. The first will be used almost exclusively, it is said. Of course only about one half the children will require books as they will not be sufficiently advanced and will be taught orally.

The Supreme Court is expected to adjourn Saturday for the term.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

GATHERED BY THE "LEADER'S" SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 11.—The sailing instructions for the commanders of the Revenue Cutters Bear and Rush were mailed by the Treasury Department Saturday, but it is thought that supplemental instructions will be telegraphed to either Portland or Seattle, after Mr. Harrison returns, at both of which ports they are ordered to stop on their way from San Francisco to Behring Sea. Secretary Foster refuses to say what is the nature of the instructions sent.

Secretary Noble has gone to St. Louis, where he expects to be kept for about ten days by pressing private business.

The copyright law goes into effect July 1, but the Treasury Department has already sent a circular letter explaining its provisions to all customs officials.

Secretary Blaine has been spending a few days in New York, but he will be on hand to welcome Mr. Harrison, although it is extremely doubtful whether he feels disposed to do as much for Mr. Harrison's son, Russell.

Mr. Harrison will, barring accidents, get back to Washington this week, and he will find lots of work waiting for him. There is the reciprocity treaty with Venezuela, which only needs his proclamation setting a date for it to go into effect; the Spanish agreement for reciprocity with Cuba and Costa Rica; the partly negotiated reciprocity agreement with San Domingo, several matters pertaining to the purchase of Indian lands; some weighty questions of finance, including Secretary Foster's idea of continuing the 4 per cent bonds after they mature next September, at 2 per cent, and piles of unimportant routine business, to say nothing of Behring Sea matters, which are understood to have reached another acute stage.

Senator Morgan, a democratic member of the Senate committee on Foreign Affairs, is one of the many prominent men who believe that a war between the United States and Great Britain is bound to come in the near future, and that whatever may start it, its real object will be for commercial supremacy on the American continent. Senator Morgan says: "We are surrounded, as it were, by a cloud of British influences. We feel them on Behring Sea, and in the eastern fisheries; in the Nicaragua Canal—everywhere about us she is reaching out to hinder or to injure us." The revolution in Chili may bring on trouble with England. The United States has been requested by the President of Chili to use its good offices as mediator between his government and the insurgents, and if it be true that England is secretly supporting the insurgents, as has been charged, it will probably resist the attempt of the United States minister, Patrick Egan, (who on account of his connection with the Irish Home Rule struggle is not in good odor with the British government anyway) to bring about peace upon any other terms than the success of the insurgents.

Representative Hooker, of Mississippi, is in town, and while he will not admit the probability of the Alliance defeating Senator George for re-election, he does admit that the democrats will have to fight to defeat the Alliance, and that for the first time in that State the Democrats are to organize clubs in every voting precinct of the State. This last statement speaks for itself. From Alliance sources I learn that the election of an Alliance man as successor to Senator George is considered almost a certainty.

"The Farmers' Alliance," said a republican from Ohio, "is going to upset somebody's calculations in our State this year. It is growing so rapidly that it will have a State ticket in the field this fall, and the probabilities are that its candidate for governor will be Representative Williams, a former republican, who is an able man and a hustler. If, it drew equally from the

old parties it wouldn't affect the result, but from the best information I can gather the Alliance gets at least two republicans to one democrat, so that if it polls a large vote it is easy to see what the effect will be. It will not only give the democrats the governorship, but a U. S. Senator as well, for the legislature elected this year will elect Sherman's successor."

I called on several Alliance men to see if I could get confirmation of the above, but if they knew of any movement to put an Alliance State ticket up in Ohio, this year, they declined to say so, contending themselves with corroborating the statement as to the rapid growth of the organization and saying that the question of nominating a State ticket was one to be settled by the Order in the State.

FOREIGN NEWS CONDENSED.

All the printers in Vienna have struck for nine hours work and pay for overtime.

The State bonded warehouse at Rotterdam, with most of its contents, was destroyed by fire on Friday morning last. Loss estimated at \$1,250,000.

A rebellion is reported as having taken place in Honduras on Wednesday last, the rebels capturing the city of Comacruel. Government troops afterward recaptured the city inflicting great loss among the rebels. The leader, Gen. Bardales, was among the killed.

The Customs committee of the Chamber of Deputies, Paris has decided that the duty on wheat shall be reduced to three francs, to hold good for one year. The duty on flour was reduced six francs.

William Jacques and his daughter, from Newton, Mass., while out driving last week in Florence, Italy, were stoned by a mob of people who pursued the carriage. The young lady was severely injured.

Schreiner & Sivers' celluloid factory at Offenbach, Hesse, has been destroyed by fire. Five hundred men were thrown out of employment.

The Berlin correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph says that the Marquis di Rudini, the Italian Premier has signed a treaty renewing the Dreibund for five years.

The municipal authorities of Heidelberg have decided to build a crematory at an expense of 44,000 marks.

Herr Hoffman, late Mayor of Posen, in Posen, has been sentenced to two years' imprisonment for forging and destroying public documents.

The gold and silver beaters at Schwabach, Bavaria, have struck, and business in the town is greatly depressed in consequence, as the manufacture of gold and silver, lace and similar articles are the principal industries of the place.

On May 7th, there were over 600 cases of grip being treated at the Metropolitan hospitals in London.

The Government of Peru has officially accepted the invitation of this Government to participate in the World's Columbian Exposition, and has appropriated \$25,000 for preliminary expenses.

William E. Gladstone is on the sick list and his family physician, Sir Andrew Clark, has been called in.

An explosion in the hold of the British steamer, Tancarville, while in dock at Newport, England killed eight men and injured twenty-five others. The steamer was badly damaged.

A telegram from the City of Mexico says that the Chilean steamer Itata is sailing under difficulties and that the Charleston is gaining on her.

The latest report from W. E. Gladstone's residence is to the effect that he is still feverish but otherwise making progress towards recovery.

A dispatch from Tokio, Japan says that an attempt has been made at that city on the life of the Czarowitz of Russia. The attack was made by a Japanese, with a sword. The Czarowitz was severely wounded but defended himself gallantly.

M. E. CHURCH DEDICATION.

EXTRACTS FROM THE SERMON BY BISHOP C. B. GALLOWAY.

Sunday last, May 10th, was the day set apart for the dedication of Southport's beautiful Methodist Church, by Bishop Charles B. Galloway, of Mississippi. The congregation began to assemble long before the appointed hour and soon every available seat was taken, chairs were brought in and the church crowded to its utmost capacity. Many people were present from outside the city for the purpose of taking part in the impressive services.

The services opened at the usual hour, with an anthem sung by the choir. Hymn No. 697 was then sung by the congregation. Rev. Mr. Anderson of Arkansas led in prayer and read the first lesson. Second lesson was read by Rev. C. P. Jerome, followed by the singing of Hymn No. 690, Great is the Lord our God. While the collection was being taken up, a voluntary was played by Prof. Schloss. Bishop Galloway then announced as his text the 8th verse of the 26th Psalm, "Lord, I have loved the habitation of thy house and the place where thine honor dwelleth." He spoke feelingly of King David's concern for the services of the House of God, not claiming that his prowess had accomplished the greatness of the church but ascribing everything to the power of God. He described what immense preparations had been made by David for the building of the Temple how he had given an amount equal to about £18,000,000 from his own private purse toward its erection, described his grief when told by God that he could not construct the Temple, for God would allow no one to build it whose hands had been stained with blood, how David charged Solomon, his son, to build the Temple. He then spoke of the reverence of the Jews, even when in a foreign land, for the Temple, the reason being that it was the palladium of their hopes and liberties. The Bishop spoke of his love for his native land and said that no one is a greater believer than he in climatic influences but it is the Protestant religion that has made us, as a nation, so great. What would our country be were it not for our religion, our churches. The cleanest money any one can give is for the building of a church. If the day should come to abolish the churches, that day would herald the speedy downfall of the country. What was the result of the abolishing of the church by the French Government?—The Reign of Terror. Spiritual religion would die out of the world without the churches. A vital relation exists between the spiritual life and the material structure. If we were to cease to build we would begin to die.

The churches are the forts at the entering in of the stream of life to drive back the enemy. An avoidable absence from church is an inevitable sign of spiritual decay. People should be in their seats at church every Sunday, for they help their pastor by their mere presence, holding up his hands as Moses' hands were held up of old. If they love the Master's cause they love his worship. Every church is a voiceless witness that God keeps his covenant with his people. We may tear down or move from the old or insignificant churches into new, but we take the Bible with us as the Jews of old did the Ark from the Tabernacle to the Temple. Even the mere fact of sitting in a church, week day or Sunday, has a quieting and restful effect. The first place to which one would go in sorrow is to the church. The Bishop spoke touchingly of the old moss covered church in which he had preached his first sermon, saying that its memory was as dear to him as that of his old home. It would always remain to him the most beautiful church, and he had preached in churches from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from Canada to the halls of the Montezumas. Churches ought to be beautiful, at once the most beautiful and the most cheerful places in the

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