

WAYNESVILLE COURIER.

FRANK M. VANCE, Editor. Waynesville, N. C., March 5, 1888.

MICHIGAN too dry, twenty-eight counties voting for prohibition.

DELAWARE has a new dynamite explosion of dynamite killing four men.

THE Greenview (S. C.) News comes to us with a bran new dress, neat as a pin.

THE village of Lafayette, Kentucky was nearly destroyed by a wind storm recently.

THE best boat train on the Southern Pacific was piloted by two masked men in Arizona Territory.

THE little country called United States is now going to fish and bait where ever it pleases on the continent.

JACKSONVILLE Florida presents President Cleveland with a two hundred and fifty dollar box of cigars and a town lot.

IT is reported that President Cleveland will veto many of the bills for the construction of extravagant buildings.

THE State Guard will hold its encampment at Wrightsville Sound on the Cape Fear River below Wilmington some time in July.

ASHVILLE is wrought up over a slander case, in which Rev. Dr. Pease and the Knoxville Tribune are the parties concerned.

NEWBERN holds another Game Fair commencing the 13th inst. The last was very successful and this promises to be more so. Special rates of travel given.

EVERY thing goes to show that the remaining Republican National Convention is going to be one of the most important ever seen in the history of the land.

THE great strike for some time was that of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and the C. B. Q. R. R. six hundred firemen and engineers retiring simultaneously.

BLAINE insists that he means it, and his friends are insisting that they mean it also. He says he will not. They say he shall. Thus the Republican camp is rent in twain. Let them all keep cool. The Democratic candidate will be elected.

CHAIRMAN Mills of the Ways and Means committee says that so far as is in his power all that he can do will be done in Congress for North Carolina in the matter of internal revenue. There will be a substantial modification of these laws.

IT is now proposed to admit four new States, Dakota, Montana, Washington Territory and New Mexico. The report of the committee on Territories favoring the bill was opposed by a strict party vote. Of course it was a Republican and Democratic, one Republican and one doubtful. This is what hurts the opposition.

THE Committee has finally made its report and a tariff bill presented to the House. It makes a reduction of \$53,000,000, and adds many things to the free list, the principal of which are timber, salt, straw, hemp, etc. The reduction on wool and woolen goods amounts to \$12,000,000, and \$11,000,000 reduction is made on sugar.

THE Internal Revenue is purposely left to come in on a separate bill. It is believed the Republicans as a party will oppose both bills.

THE Address of the State Democratic Executive Committee will be found in another column. The campaign marked out is longer than usual, and it is useless to disguise the fact that much hard work is to be done. The State is Democratic, honestly and justly, but the Republicans seek to make up in the South what they lose in the North if Protection is to be their watchword. Every disaffected element will be encouraged, every means used to secure a restoration to power and the disastrous days of 1868-9.

THE high-tariff advocates seem to be sorely distressed lest foreign wool should be admitted free of duty and their hearts ache for the poor farmer. What they are afraid of is that free wool will bring free woolen goods. Sheep raising in this part of the country has been almost abandoned because there is no profit in it. The great grazing lands in the West have broken down the price of wool and mutton. Not so many years ago our farmers got 40 cents per lb. and more for their wool; now they are lucky to get half that price. The tariff has not caused the drop. Foreign wool, like fine lin from ore, is almost indispensable in the composition of fine goods and with a lower duty on it our factories could do a heavier trade and send them to foreign countries and compete in price with England, Germany or France.

FOUR years ago the Republicans carried the eleventh Congressional district of Michigan by 7,475 majority; in 1886 the same candidates ran and the Republican majority fell off to 2,243. A few weeks ago the Republican sitting member died and a special election was held last Tuesday to choose his successor. For several days it was in doubt who had been elected, but latest returns show that the Republicans pulled through by about 200 majority. The Democrat proposes to contest on account of the balloting practiced by some Republican mine owners and capitalists. The fight was distinctly on the issue and the Democrats are jubilant over the splendid showing they made. Michigan has been falling away from the Republicans for years and along with Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Illinois, may be classed among the very doubtful States in November next.

not are quite sure that the people will stand themselves to be misled by the sometimes made in Republic

can journals charging the Democratic party in North Carolina with no executive capacity in the management of state finances, and that the party is "getting away" with the people's money in reckless and extravagant legislation.

The state records show the fact that the Democratic party in North Carolina during the past decade has managed the state finances with ability and fidelity to the people. The state debt has been settled, and capital seeks investment within our borders. The state has control of the North Carolina railroad. The debts will soon pay the debt due on it, and contribute a large sum toward the expenses of state government. Railroads have been built with our own capital and the investments of non-residents brought largely confidence in the safety and success of the enterprises under the wise governmental policy of the Democratic party. State taxes have been reduced from 80 cents per \$100 on property under Republican rule in 1869 to 20 cents per \$100 in 1886 under Democratic rule. It cost over \$400,000 to run the Republican legislature in 1868-9, and not quite \$60,000 to run the Democratic legislature in 1885. When the Republican party had an opportunity to display its great love for education in North Carolina, it expended on schools, as reported, the sum of \$38,981.86. In 1885 under Democratic rule, the amount they expended was \$630,552.32.

Can any man say his business interest demands a change? Has not the Democratic party in North Carolina been faithful in the discharge of its duties to the people? Will the interest of any citizen be promoted by turning the government over into the hands of the Republicans? Since we have enjoyed a large measure of happiness and prosperity under the influence of Democratic rule, the people we feel quite sure, will not be inclined to turn the party out on account of the cries of malcontents, who want a change with no higher motive than to be in office themselves.

Democratic State Executive Committee. RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 25th, 1888. To the Democratic party of North Carolina:

At a meeting of the Democratic State Executive Committee held in this city on the 23rd of February, inst., it was resolved that the Democratic State Convention be held in the city of Raleigh on Thursday, the 20th day of May, 1888.

The said Convention will be held for the nomination of candidates for the offices of Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney-General, three Justices of the Supreme Court—one for the vacancy now filled by appointment of the Governor, and two to take their seats in case the number of Justices shall be increased by the vote of the people—and two Electors for the State at large, and for the election of Delegates to the Democratic National Convention to be held in the city of St. Louis on the 5th day of June next. Also, for the adoption of a platform of principles and the transaction of such other business as may come before it.

It will be observed that the State Convention is to be held earlier this year than usual. This was necessary in order that the delegates to the National Convention, to be held the week after, may be selected. The National Convention is called earlier than usual in order that the party may be better organized and a more thorough campaign made in behalf of its nominees and its great principles. The same advantage attends the earlier meeting of our State Convention and nomination of its candidates.

The State committee respectfully urge upon the county committees throughout the State to take early action for the call of their county conventions, in accordance with the plan of organization which is published with this address, giving full notice of meetings in the different townships, so that primaries may be fairly held and fully attended. Thus the firmness of all nominations and other business done must be universally conceded. It is obviously important that every county shall be represented in the State Convention by one or more of its own citizens, but if for any reason one cannot attend, provision has been made for the representation of the county by any person appointed by the chairman of the county convention, or in case of his failure to appoint, by one appointed by its secretary. For purposes of efficient organization it is desirable that all vacancies in the different committees be filled at once by active and zealous men.

At the recent meeting of the State committee it was made my duty to call special attention of the chairman of county and Congressional executive committees to the necessity of immediate steps to provide for the election of delegates to the National Convention from the different districts. If it shall seem impracticable to call conventions to meet in some of the districts for this purpose, it is suggested that the call may be effected by authorizing delegates to the State Convention from such districts to meet in Raleigh on or about the 20th of May, in district conventions and elect delegates to represent the district at St. Louis.

We have reason to know that our adversaries will make desperate efforts this year to restore the State to Radical rule with all its attendant evils. Let true men and good Democrats attend the conventions of our party, resolved to present for the suffrages of the people men of character, integrity and recognized fitness for the offices to which they are nominated, and only such, and the continued supremacy of the white race, and the autonomy of the Democratic party will be assured for another term of years.

For the committee, R. H. BATTLE, Chairman. B. C. BECKWITH, Secretary.

To the Tourist. Each summer sees a rush of visitors from the East and Central States to Colorado—to Denver, Colorado Springs, Manitou, Pike's Peak, Garden of the Gods, Cave of the Winds, etc. The rush is something wonderful, and the crowd is really amazing. A very large majority of these go for health and pleasure, to

see the grand, majestic works of nature and enjoy the exhilarating climate of the pure, light mountain air. The South affords many inducements to the tourist, and, in some respects, is a better field for the pleasure and health seeker. The true mountain air is not so stupendous, but far more accessible and picturesque. Our scenery is more varied, more bewitching, and one can travel so much more cheaply and comfortably. There is no section in the United States more conducive to health than the mountain region of Western North Carolina. Its medical springs are superior to any in Colorado; its forest-covered peaks, reaching heavenward as high as Mt. Washington; its ice cold rivulets in every cove and valley and its numerous waterfalls are not surpassed anywhere, either in the Adirondacks or Rocky mountains.

Hundreds of visitors from the semi-tropical countries south spend the heated term with us, and a goodly number of the Eastern and Northern tourists would do so could they but realize the many superior inducements offered. Now that excursion rates are offered, the expense is but nominal, and there is room for all. Come and see us. Come and spend a few weeks in our Sky Land Region, partake of our hospitality, enjoy our glorious climate and you will never wish to return to the icy blizzards of the frozen North.

Plant Out Fruit Trees. The following letter, written by our fellow citizen of Haywood, to the Form and Home will be found interesting and instructive.

Having read an article in the October number of your valuable paper on planting apple trees, by a Professor in the University of Virginia, and as I claim to have had better success than he, and as my plan of operation differed from his in some important points, I venture to give you my experience and my views on the subject, hoping I may thereby be of some assistance to some one who may anticipate planting an apple orchard next spring.

Your correspondent says first and last that he bought his trees of Franklin Davis & Co. Perhaps I may be more fortunate than he, as I got my trees at home, and I feel bound to advise all who have the same opportunity to do likewise. We have two very reliable and successful nurseries in Haywood county—those of Mr. Geo. E. Boggs at Waynesville and Mr. J. A. May at Pigeon River, where the very best rooted trees of the well known established varieties can be bought at very reasonable prices.

I bought last spring six hundred and fifty (650) apple trees of Mr. Geo. E. Boggs. I was rather late getting them out—did not finish till late in April. Only two trees out of the whole lot died. I measured a good many shoots, and found some of them to be six feet long. A great many were four feet long, and I think they would average over three feet. Mr. Boggs believes in selling only first class stock—the inferior stock he destroys. Having tried his trees sufficiently, I can unhesitatingly recommend him to all wanting fruit trees and sound advice in the matter of fruit planting and culture.

I had the holes dug for my trees about 15 inches deep and about 18 inches in diameter. When ready to set them out, I uncovered a few trees at a time—being careful not to let the roots dry in the wind or sun, and trimmed the roots carefully. I then trimmed the leaves in proportion to the roots, being careful not to let the root have too much sap to support. If the trees are year-olds (and that is the best age) it will sometimes be best to cut off the stem some. If they are two year-olds, it is best to cut them back severely, sometimes to a mere pole, being governed by the character of root. I do not believe in planting three-year-old trees, and I do not think nurserymen ought to offer them for sale or even to give them away to their friends. In setting the trees, the setter should hold the tree in position while the assistant shovels in the dirt. Some top soil should be thrown in the bottom of the hole; the roots should then be regulated and well covered with fine top soil free from tan or dry trash. When the hole is in full the setter should tramp well the dirt around the tree, after which the hole should be filled up with top soil if possible.

Watering the trees is expensive, troublesome, causes delay in setting, and, I think, worthless. My trees were ploughed and hoed three times during the summer.

In conclusion I would advise all expecting to plant fruit trees to deal with reliable parties, but to get their stock as near home as possible, and thereby avoid the damage through freezing, drying, bruising, &c., to which the trees are liable by delay in shipping several hundred miles. As I look upon the fruit business as one of the most important features of our highly-favored section, I hope all engaged in it will exercise the best care and judgment in the selection and propagation of varieties, and will post themselves thoroughly on all matters pertaining to this industry.

Mr. Geo. E. Boggs is constantly engaged in propagating and experimenting with varieties heretofore untried to find out what are best suited to our climate and conditions, and he no doubt will be instrumental in hastening the great fruit boom which will inevitably come and which will be most potent in bringing about a glorious future for Western North Carolina. Our salubrious climate, productive and responsive soil, superior elevation and mild winters come to make conditions unsurpassed for acorns of magnificent, beautiful, healthful, luscious, and, therefore, world renowned fruits. J. S. M. GWYN.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather last Friday evening, the entertainment at the Academy was well attended. Miss Kilbee was at her best, and gave several splendid readings and recitations that were heard with both pleasure and profit by her listeners. The entertainment was given in behalf of a school library, and the result showed that a lively interest was taken in the movement, and we hope that ere long we shall have a first class public school library in Franklin.—Franklin Press.

Educational Department.



We desire short, crisp articles from all our teachers. Whether your sphere is in the academy, the public school, or in the home, we will give you our success, your trials and your discouragements as well. Let us go stronger by active associations.

Waynesville Academy. Interesting School Exercises.

We were of a party of several that witnessed the rhetorical exercises at the academy building Friday afternoon last by the schools of Prof. Robinson and Miss Ella Keeler. The program consisted of Declamations, Recitations and Compositions, and we were very well pleased with the manner in which the pupils acquitted themselves. The absence of instrumental and vocal music tended to detract from the interest of the afternoon, and the room afforded little stimulus or encouragement to the pupil.

The exercises were opened with a declamation by Conella Shelton, followed by Charles Campbell and Willie Ferguson. David Guldner read a composition on railroads. Joseph Ferguson, Obera Rogers, Frank Miller, Garland Ferguson, James Campbell and Adora Smathers spoke their "pieces" without a break, and Homer Ferguson deserves special notice for the creditable manner in which he declaimed. The Class Recitation, "The Cobbler," by the little pupils of Miss Keeler's school, was excellently well done. Sam Welch read an essay on our new railroad and James Ferguson, Claude Peacock, Lee Rogers and Harley Ferguson each a creditable declamation. Julius Welch has several elements of a successful speaker, and little Annie Guldner's "Dead Kitten" was recited admirably and with a pathos that brought a sad remorse to our conscience for youthful barter to the feline race.

FRATERNITY. Published by the request of Miss Sallie L. Thomas, of Waynesville, N. C.

FROM F. E. WILLARD'S ADDRESS. When I first saw the ocean and the Alps, St. Peter at Rome and the city of Jerusalem, the Sistine Madonna and the Apollo Belvedere, there was a tugging at my heart, and a sigh too deep for tears as I felt repeating to myself, "This is so great, so noble, so small, so best on earth, I cannot realize its meaning."

At this hour I am in the presence of one of God's mightiest spectacles of the world, and I feel that I am too great for me. It is high, I cannot attain unto it. For today the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union has gathered in our midst, and I feel that I am too small for them. The women who gathered here, from all parts of the world, are here to do a noble work, and I feel that I am too small for them.

What I feel God would surely surely wish to be the human heart! The bloodless warfare of today, where women share the field with men, makes us forget the past.

So veterans of the Blue and Gray, who fought from sea to sea, and whose blood has been the purpose of God's true, his judgment stands revealed. The names of war have rent the veil, and to his high decree, One heart, one hope, one destiny, one flag from sea to sea.

Beloved comrades, my heart is more deeply stirred by the potency and promise of this hour than it has ever been before. I believe God would pronounce on us the promise of his blessing. We have proved by deeds that this is indeed a nation; that war issues divide no longer the hearts which God hath joined. Here upon Southern soil, let us unite by day in exercises on the one side, and class-diggers upon the other.

O manner folk, of narrower souls, Heirs of noble thought, Stir not the campfire's smoldering coals, Blood-trenched by those who fought; Let out of heaven a fire shall yet burn, and fire shall yet consume. On those who once again would set Discord 'twixt South and North!

Shall we not tell them that we women come no longer to bear the bitter strife of tongues, heaving the partisan press to lead issues sleep and denunciations to be not less ready to forgive as soldiers of the cross than are soldiers of the sword; and Christians to emulate the reconciliation of which this convention is the life of the chief fore-runners, and the happiest ones?

The following resolution was passed by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union held at Nashville, Tenn., November, 1887: Resolved, That with a deep sense of the significance of this act, we women representatives of thirteen States, and the Territories do most solemnly urge upon all political parties and partisan papers the duty of avoiding in the pending Presidential campaign, the personal vilification and abuse that characterized the last, and we call upon them to consider the fact that the women of the North and the South have clasped hands in concord and co-operation, which is the most practical proof that war issues are dead and that the hand should be raised from reviving them for campaign purposes. We protest, as women, against this outrage upon the growing spirit of fraternity, and reiterate the cry of the great general, and the cry of the great general, "Let us have peace!"

Waynesville Market.

There's no particular change to note in prices this week. Business runs quiet, and merchants are rearranging and fixing up preparatory for the spring trade. Good butter is still scarce. Green apples are not offered, but few indifferent ones to be had. Fine sweet potatoes bring \$2.00 per bushel. Onion sets would sell well. Irish potatoes are more plentiful. We quote:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Items include Flour, Family, per cwt. \$2.25; Corn meal, per bushel, 86c; Bacon, per bushel, 10c; Butter, 20c; Eggs, per dozen, 15c; Chickens, per pair, 15c; Potatoes, per bushel, 15c; Chestnuts, 75c; Corn, 15c; Hay, per ton, \$13.00; Beef, alive, per pound, 5c; Beef, dead, 9c; Apples, per bushel, \$1.00; Salt, per sack, 90c; Hides, green, per pound, 5c; Hides, dry, 10c.

DON'T.

Let that cold of yours run on. You think it is a light thing, but it may run into catarrh, or into pneumonia, or consumption. Catarrh is disgusting. Pneumonia is dangerous. Consumption is death itself.

The breathing apparatus must be kept healthy and clear of all obstructions and offensive matter. Other wise there is trouble ahead. All the diseases of these parts, head, nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, can be delightfully and entirely cured by the use of Bucher's German Syrup. If you don't know this already, thousands and thousands of people will tell you. They have been cured by it, and "know how it is themselves." Bottle only 75 cents. Ask any druggist.

W. T. LEE

Takes pleasure in stating to his friends and the public in general, that he is still to be found at his place of business, and is now offering for sale,

Cheap for Cash,

the most complete line of Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Dry Goods and Staple Groceries ever offered to the people of Haywood county. He does not boast of the quantity of stock, but can safely guarantee the quality of all his goods.

THE DUTCH

Have taken Holland, and Justice & Rhinehart

Waynesville Book Store

And everybody of every kind and size is invited to call when in need of anything in the line.

BOOK AND STATIONERY

We also keep a general stock of Pictures and Frames, Toys, Fancy Goods, Dolls, Candles, Nuts, Raisins and a great many other things. We sell strictly FOR CASH, but at reasonable prices.

JUSTICE & RHINEHART,

Waynesville, N. C. NEW HOUSE. NEW ROOMS.

Merchant's Hotel,

Located in center of town, convenient to business houses and depot. Good sample rooms. Attentive servants. Fare last the market affords.

J. WILLIS,

PROPRIETOR.

REEVES HOUSE,

Waynesville, N. C. Brick, centrally located, twenty rooms, single and double suites.

White Sulphur Springs.

Open all the year round. Rates to our own county people 25 cents a meal. Rates to transients and regular business reasonable. Respectfully, A. J. REEVES, Proprietor.

Battle House,

Waynesville, N. C. Invites the custom of the public.

Railroad News.

The completion of the Carolina, Knoxville and Western railroad is assured and so is the fact that

McCracken & Company

ARE SELLING—HATS, BOOTS, SHOES

Family Groceries

Cheaper for cash than any firm in western North Carolina. A first-class

SHOE SHOP

Is run in connection with the store.

F. M. DAVIS, JR.,

Practical House and Sign Painter, McIntosh Block, opposite the Court House.

ATTENTION, Farmers.

Corn, Wheat & Country Produce

Wanted, for which I will pay highest market price in merchandise. A full and complete stock of

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

D. C. Cunningham, Proprietor. FRANKLIN, North Carolina. Table supplied with the best market affords. First-class Livery and Sale Stables in connection with the house.

Waynesville Academy,

Waynesville, N. C. Superior Instructions in all Departments.

Ample facilities for a thorough knowledge of NORMAL TRAINING, HIGHER MATHEMATICS, NATURAL SCIENCES, &c.

Pupils enjoy the benefits of healthful location, good society, religious and moral instruction.

THE BEST INSTITUTION AT MODERATE COST.

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MANUFACTURER OF—SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, &c., Waynesville, N. C.

I keep constantly on hand a good supply of saddles, harness, &c. Work made to order and repaired done on short notice.

A Complete Tannery

Is connected with the establishment, and the highest market price paid for HIDES.

HIDES

Taken in exchange for leather or stock.

RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

To get ready for the boom, raise something to sell. Buy your

Garden and Field Seeds

From Mrs. Reeves, who has a greater variety than anyone in town; grown by D. M. Ferry & Co. and by our own county people. She would call attention to a

General Stock of GOODS,

At as low figures as any one. I have some special bargains in

Ladies' and Men's Hats.

—Also buy all kinds of—COUNTRY PRODUCE.

NEW BRICK STORE,

Main street, Near the new Court House, Waynesville.

T&G TARIFF

Is going to be reduced. The price of FRESH GROCERIES

Has already been lowered to BOTTOM FIGURES AT THE CHEAP CASH STORE OF

J. R. HYATT'S,

Waynesville, North Carolina.

1888. Every Lady Should Take It. 1888.

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LITERATURE, ART AND FASHION. SKETCHES OF NOTED PLACES AND PEOPLE. SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED ARTICLES, TALES AND NOVELS BY FAMOUS AUTHORS. NUMEROUS WORK-TABLE PATTERNS.

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Howell & Rogers

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In Waynesville. Boots and Shoes of all grades and the latest styles at any price you want. A warranted Brogan for \$1.25. Ladies' Common Sense Gaiter, buttoned, at \$1.35.

Our Stock of Hats is Complete

And will astonish the natives to know how cheap we sell them. They range from the commonest Wood at 25 cents to the finest Stray at \$4.00. We will open in early spring the best selected line of Canton Alpine Stray that will be in Waynesville this season.

Ladies' Dress Goods a Specialty. Tricots, Cashmeres, Worsted Goods, Flannels, Ginghams, Prints, &c., Jerseys, Shawls, Hosiery and Gloves. Gent's Furnishing Goods and Ready-Made Clothing. Wool Suits for \$6.00. See them and be convinced that you will get a handsome cent in value for every dollar you spend with us.

Groceries at Rock Bottom Figures.

Good Rio Coffee, 4 1/2 lbs. for the dollar. Sugars, Tea, Rice, Groceries, Soda, Leaf Lard, Bacon, Flour and Home-Made "Bread" Tobacco, Cigars, Patent and Family Medicines, &c., always on hand at the lowest prices.

Hardware,

Nails, Axes, Table Cutlery, Horse Shoes, Hoes, Spades and Grub Blades, Dog Hooks, Bits, Screws, &c. 1000 "Carrots" Oil at 20 cents. It was bought at 50 per cent. less than regular price while the Standard Oil Company was "on strike" the opposition. We will at all times be pleased to have on old time's and patrons call on us, for we are always in a good humor and have the best fire in town.

FRANK S. STOW, C. S. WHITE.

STOW & WHITE.