

The Montgomery Vidette.

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NO. 22

ADVERTISING RATES OF THE MONTGOMERY VIDETTE.

TROY, N. C.

Term	For 1 month	3 months	6 months	12 months
One	\$1.50	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00
Two	2.50	4.50	6.00	10.00
Three	3.50	6.00	8.00	15.00
Four	4.50	7.50	10.00	20.00
Five	5.50	9.00	12.00	25.00
Six	6.50	10.50	14.00	30.00
Seven	7.50	12.00	16.00	35.00
Eight	8.50	13.50	18.00	40.00
Nine	9.50	15.00	20.00	45.00
Ten	10.50	16.50	22.00	50.00

TROY MAIL DIRECTORY.

The mails leave and arrive at this place as follows:

For LILSVILLE.
Leaves daily, Sunday excepted, 7 a. m.
Arrives do do 6 p. m.

For ASHEBORO.
Leaves Tuesdays and Fridays 8 a. m.
Arrives do do Saturdays 6:30 p. m.

For FARGO TOWN.
Leaves Saturday 12 m.
Arrives Saturday 11:30 a. m.

For BOSTICK MILLS.
Leaves Mondays Wednesdays and Friday 1 p. m.
Arrives do do do 11 a. m.

For CARTHAGE.
Leaves Mondays and Thursdays 1 p. m.
Arrives Wednesdays and Fridays 11 a. m.

For COLUMBIA FACTORY.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays 1 p. m.
Arrives do do 12 p. m.

For ALBEMARLE.
Leaves Tuesdays and Saturdays 7 a. m.
Arrives do do 4 p. m.

The Best That I Can.

"I cannot do much," said a little star,
"To make the dark world bright!
My silver beams cannot struggle far
Through the folding gloom of night!
But I'm only part of God's great plan,
And I'll cheerfully do the best that I can."

"What's the use," said a fleecy cloud
"Of those few drops that I hold?
They will hardly bend the lily proud,
Though caught in her cup of gold!
Yet I'm apart of God's great plan,
So my treasures I'll give as well as I can."

A child went merrily forth to play,
But a thought, like a silver thread,
Kept winding in and out all day,
Through the happy, golden head,
Mother said, "Darling do all you can,
For you are a part of God's great plan."

She knew more than the glancing star,
Nor the cloud with its chalice full!
How, why, and for what, all strange things were—
She was only a child at school!
But thought, "It's part of God's great plan,
That even I should do all I can!"

So she helped a younger child along,
When the road was rough to her feet,
And she sang from her heart, a little song,
That we all thought passing sweet,
And her father, a weary toil-worn man,
Said, "I, too, will do the best that I can."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

On Saturday Speaker Carlisle closed the general debate on the Mills tariff bill with a ringing speech for revenue reform. Referring to the opposition of some of the New England members of the measure he said:

"Gentlemen from New England predicted in 1864 that the duties fixed by the law of that date would ruin their textile industries. In 1877 all of the New England members voted for a still further reduction of 20 per cent from what they had called the ruinous low tariff of 1864. In the free trade period, as the Republicans call the decade from 1850 to 1860, the wool manufactured products increased 46 per cent, and wages 37 per cent. The increased product in New England was 62 per cent. In hosiery the product increased 421 per cent. In cotton the product in New England increased 71 per cent. Upon boots and shoes, upon which the duty had been reduced 16 per cent, the increase in New England was 83 per cent; the product in 1860, in New England was more than the entire product of the Union in 1850. This is what the Republicans from New England saw under a low tariff. Within eleven years after the passage of this bill the members from New England will vote for a still further reduction, or, if they did not, the people would send somebody here who would."

And now that the general debate on the tariff bill is over, few people are under the necessity of

asking which party has the best of the contest thus far. The Democrats have won an intellectual and political battle, and the Republicans know it. They hesitate to accept a challenge to a direct vote on the Mills bill without amendment, and they have taken Mr. Randall's bill as an expression of Republican opinion, only because they are utterly unable to formulate a bill of their own upon which to place their faith in the coming campaign before the plain people of the country.

The Mills bill may not pass, although the outlook is very favorable for it just now. But the Democrats who have that measure have the satisfaction of knowing that they have furnished the issue upon which the Presidential election will be contested. Mr. Mills is very confident that his bill will pass the House, so confident that he proposed to the Republican leaders of the house that they should introduce the substitute which they propose offering for the bill and take a vote on it and immediately thereafter on his bill shutting off all amendments as well as the debate by sections.

For the past four days the Republicans of the House have been caucusing and conferring, but up to this writing they have agreed to nothing except to oppose the Mills bill. The measure will now be laid aside for ten days, a truce of that length having been agreed upon by the leaders of both sides, and in the mean time the House will proceed with other business. At the end of that time it is probable that the consideration of the bill by sections will begin.

Senator Voorhees was given a public reception last Thursday night by the Indiana Democratic association of this city. The Virginia, Pennsylvania and Maryland associations and the District of Columbia Democratic club attended in a body. There were music and fire-works, and nothing lacking in the way of unanimity of endorsement and support. The Senator delivered a rousing speech in which he defended his war record. He said:

"I stood by the principles of my government. I stood for its honor and I stood for its liberty. I stood for the Union of the States, and I stood likewise for the right to discuss every measure of administration for war as well as for peace. I voted for every supply and for every dollar that went to feed and clothe the soldier in the field. That is my record. I recall here what the Indiana soldiers will not forget, that when the money of this government depreciated until the soldier was not being paid more than \$7 or \$8 a month although \$15 was promised him, I made a movement in Congress to increase his nominal pay so that the actual value of what he received should be equivalent to what had been promised."

The House Pension committee has reported in favor of removing the limitation from the arrears of pension act. It is estimated that if this bill becomes a law it would require \$150,000,000.

Indian Commissioner Atkins, who is going to resign for the purpose of entering the canvass for the Senate from Tennessee, has been requested by Secretary Vilas to defer his resignation until after the letting of the Indian contracts. It is expected that the contracts will all be awarded by the fifth of June.

The Democratic delegates from this district to the St. Louis convention favor the nomination of First Assistant Postmaster-General Stevenson, of Illinois, for Vice-President.

Slavery has been abolished in Brazil. The Brazilian Senate passed the bill, on May 14th, abolishing slavery which was passed by the Chamber of Deputies the preceding week.

An exchange says: It is a pity Mr. Love, who was nominated for Vice-President on the ticket with Mrs. Lockwood, will not accept the nomination. It was so sweet for the ticket of the Woman's Rights party to be headed by Lockwood and Love.

The Graduating Class of the State University consists of 19 members.

The Black Flag.

Wilmington Star.

It is apparent now what is to be the character of the Republican campaign in 1888. It is to be two-fold.

First, all Northern Democrats who were not extreme war men are to be set upon as traitors. In this way it is hoped to break them down at home and weaken their advocacy of tax Reform. The bitter assault of Ingalls upon Voorhees was the opening of the fight on this line.

Second, the South is to be attacked all along the line. The war issues are to be revived. The hellish fires of hate are to be rekindled. The most bitter attacks upon the character and intentions of Southern white men are to be made day after day in news papers, on the hustings, in the Congress, in campaign documents. There is no doubt of this. Sherman's speeches, Ingalls's venom, Foraker's flourishes, all show that bile and bluster, rabid Republicanism, a campaign of lies and defamation, of perpetual disunion and eternal hate are the weapons relied upon by the vile demagogues who love a party triumph more than country and office, more than honor or truth. Nothing but race riot, war and anarchy will placate the varlets and satisfy the howling demons of the bloody shirt. It is on this line of accursed ruin and dishonor that the marplots and conspirators are moving. They are preparing to unite the whole North, if possible, against the "Solid South," and to force the issue of negro domination upon the whites of the later section. Lieutenant John Sherman and Judge Advocate Ingalls and Corporal Foraker and Sergeant Frye and Marker Tuttle are the advance guard of the grand Republican Army of invasion and extermination. On their bloody-shirt banners are stained—"No Quarter for Southern Whites."

The recent excellent speeches of Senators Eustis and Gibson, of Louisiana, show that the designs of the enemy are fully understood and will be fully exposed. We will perhaps refer to these speeches again. We only give one brief passage from the short but excellent speech of Mr. Eustis:

"I would inform the Senator from Kansas that the mode and manner in which that election has been conducted, being a State election, is none of his business, whatsoever."

"Mr. Ingalls—We think it is."

Mr. Eustis—It is only, sir, when the credentials are presented to this body of a Senator who claims to have been elected by virtue of that election, and he offers himself to have the oath of office administered, that this body has any jurisdiction or powers whatever to inquire into that election. It is only that fact and that circumstance which invests this body with any power whatsoever to pass judgement upon the legality or regularity of a mere State election; therefore I denounce as scandalous, vituperative and unparliamentary the language which has been used by the Senator from Kansas with reference to the people of Louisiana.

"Sir, there seems to be a preconcerted conspiracy among the Republican leaders to question the legality of elections in the South for no other purpose than to be able to show, and convince the Northern people that Democratic administration placed in power by the sufferages of the American people is not legally elected."

Briefly.

The Meetings of the great evangelist Rev. R. G. Pearson, are drawing tremendous crowds in Asheville; from two to three thousand in the night meetings. He announced his text one night, and as he preached the words, "For what is a man profited if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?" a drunken man in the audience vociferated "Hell fire!" Mr. Pearson requested the ushers to take the man out. As this was being done the evangelist remarked that the Devil had overshot himself that night. It is said that in a few words, he then dealt the liquor traffic such a blow as has hardly been heard to fall from the lips of man.—Biblical Recorder.

Death of Rev. Dr. N. H. D. Wilson.

From the News and Observer.

In the death of Rev. Dr. N. H. D. Wilson, which occurred yesterday, as announced elsewhere, the Methodist Church of North Carolina loses one of its ablest and most faithful ministers, and the State at large one of its most eminent divines. Dr. Wilson was conspicuous for piety and rare loveliness of character. He was strong intellectually and yet with all his strength was as gentle as a woman. He was an indefatigable worker, and made his influence felt for good, not only in church circles, but in all other circles as well, wherever he went. He was a strong tower, indeed, to those he taught in the way of righteousness and a shining light to those he led in the upward path that hath its end in Heaven. His loss will be great both to the church he loved and to the State, for which a noble minister about holy things falls asleep the community as a whole loses an exemplar that it cannot afford to part with. The ways of God, however, are not as our ways and the decrees of Providence, while inscrutable to us, must be acknowledged just.

Belford's Magazine.

Messrs. Belford, Clarke & Co. will issue this month the first number of a new monthly magazine, to be devoted to politics, fiction, poetry, general literature, science, and art. In politics the new magazine will give an independent support to the Democratic party and to the present administration. It will advocate the extinguishment of the surplus, not by squandering it in extravagant expenditures, which are usually merely a thinly disguised form of widespread corruption, but by a reduction of taxation. It will advocate consummation of this reduction by a reform of the present iniquitous and burdensome tariff in the direction of free trade or of a tariff for revenue purposes only; such reform to be effected in the interest of the farmers, the working-men, of the great mass of the population, as opposed to the manipulators of rings and trusts, and other monopolists whom the present tariff enables to accumulate vast fortunes at the expense of the general community. These and other political and social questions of general interest will be treated in a popular manner, suitable to the pages of a magazine which is intended to reach all classes of the people.

As editor-in-chief, the publishers are glad to be able to announce that they have secured the services of Col. Donn Piatt, a gentleman of long and varied literary experience, both as a journalist and as a lecturer, and also a patriot well-known throughout the land by reason of his connection with the history and politics of the country during the past twenty-five years. He will be assisted by a staff of sub-editors; and also by a large number of able contributors. Price \$2.50 a year, or 25 cents per number. All business communications should be addressed to the publishers, 384 and 386 Broadway, New York City. Contributions and editorial correspondence should be sent to the Editor, at the same address.

"Decoration Day."

The years that have elapsed since the close of the civil war have served to obliterate all sectional feeling, and a united and prosperous nation joins in keeping green the graves of all its beloved dead. It is in this spirit that the publisher of the New York Family Story Paper has had written a thrilling and pathetic romance, particularly appropriate to this national holiday, entitled "Faithful Leonore; or, His Grave Kept Green." In the same paper will also be found a weekly installment of the "Life and Adventures of a Showman" of P. T. Barnum, written by himself, and equally interesting to the young folks as well as heads of families. These are rare literary treats, and those of our readers who are not already enjoying them will do well to obtain No. 766 of the New York Family Story Paper of their news dealers or send direct to the publisher, Monro's Publishing House, Nos. 24 and 26 Vandewater Street, New York, and receive the paper for 4 months for one dollar, postage free.

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