

The Montgomery Vidette.

VOL. IV.

TROY, N. C., JANUARY 31, 1889.

NO. 5

THE WEEKLY VIDEETT.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
AT
TROY, N. C.

J. W. MCKENZIE Editor and
Publisher.

ADVERTISING RATES
OF THE
MONTGOMERY VIDEETTE.
TROY, N. C.

INCHES	For 1 month	3 months	6 months	12 months
One	\$ 1.50	\$ 4.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 10.00
Two	2.50	6.50	9.50	15.00
Three	3.50	9.00	13.00	20.00
Four	4.50	11.50	16.50	25.00
5 columns	5.50	14.00	20.00	30.00
1/2 do.	10.00	27.50	40.00	60.00
1 full col.	15.00	39.00	55.00	80.00

TROY MAIL DIRECTORY.

The mails leave and arrive at this place as follows:

FOR LILLESVILLE.

Leaves daily, Sundays excepted, 7 a. m.
Arrives do do do 6 p. m.

FOR ASHERBOVO.

Leaves Tuesdays and Fridays 8 a. m.
Ar. Wednesdays do Saturdays 7 p. m.

FOR FLAGSTOWN.

Leaves Tuesday & Saturday at 1 p. m.
Arrives Saturday 11.30, a. m.

FOR BOSTICK MILLS.

Leaves Mondays Wednesdays and Friday.
Arrives do do do 12, m.

FOR CARTERSVILLE.

Leaves Mondays and Thurs. 7 a. m.
Arrives Tuesd. and Fri. 6, p. m.

FOR COLUMBIA FACTORY.

Leaves Wednesdays and Sat. 1 p. m.
Arrives do do 12, p. m.

FOR ALBERMARLE.

Leaves Mondays & Thursdays 6 a. m.
Arrives Tuesday & Friday at 6 p. m.

FOR QUEEN.

Leaves Wednesday & Sat. at 7.05 p. m.
Arrives Tuesday & Fri. at 7.55 a. m.

F. M. WARNER, P. M.

THE VETERANS.

A Grand Reunion of the Old Soldiers.

The following is culled from the News and Observer's report of the proceedings of the "Veteran's Convention" in Raleigh, on Wednesday of last week:

Preparatory to the regular convention of the Confederate veterans met yesterday morning at Metropolitan Hall at 10:30 o'clock in informal session to organize themselves and decide upon a plan of procedure with regard to bringing the matter of an increase of the pension appropriation before the legislature.

Over one hundred wounded soldiers were present. Probably so many veterans of the late war who lost an arm, or a leg, or were otherwise disabled, were never before seen gathered together. The scene was indeed a pathetic one, and appealed more eloquently to the gratitude of the people of North Carolina than any words they might speak or any petition for aid that they might present.

Capt. W. C. Strouach called the House to order and Mr. E. F. Fenton was then called to the chair and Mr. Hubbard and Mr. Andrews, of the News and Observer, requested to act as secretaries. The committee appointed on the night before made a report, recommending as they had been instructed, that the Confederate pensioners of the State from themselves into a permanent organization for the purpose of securing needed assistance from the State, and that the maimed soldiers of the State ask aid of the legislature on a graded scale according to disability.

Considerable discussion followed the reading of the report of the committee. Col. Hall, of Wilmington, advocated an increase of 5 per cent on the present tax, the increase to be devoted to pensions, while Col. Beansley, of Granville, favored an increase of 1/2 per cent or more. The discussion was engaged in by a number of the veterans present and finally a motion of Colonel Hall prevailed that the chair appoint a committee of three to draught a resolution embodying the sense of the convention to be read at the session of the convention at night in the presence of the members of the legislature, the resolution to recommend an increase of 5 per

cent or more in taxation for pensions. Mr. Fenton having shortly before retired from the chair and Mr. B. Hamilton having been called to preside, appointed on the committee Col. Hall, Mr. D. P. Gould and Mr. M. A. Burns. The convention then adjourned to meet at the hall at 3 o'clock for the parade.

THE PARADE.
At three o'clock p. m. the veterans began to assemble in front of Metropolitan Hall to form into line for the parade. A procession was formed and to the music of fife and drum took up its slow march toward the Capitol. Many of the old veterans showed the marks of many a gallantly fought battle, and though their heads were whitened with the snows of many winters and their forms bent with age and hardships, they still looked the noble, gallant old soldiers that they were.

THE GOVERNOR'S RECEPTION.
The veterans filed into the executive office where a reception was given them by Governor Fowle, who was accompanied by his staff, the State officers, a charming company of ladies and others.

The old veterans filed by and shook the hand of each one of the party, who stood in the inner apartment of the Governor's office. The reception over, the procession was re-formed and marched back down Fayetteville street to Metropolitan Hall, where they halted and gave the "rebel yell" with a vividness that brought back to some of those who heard them the memory of many a brave charge made by the gallant Confederate soldiers in the struggle for the lost cause.

In the procession was Mr. Albert Bkes, of Granville, a one-armed veteran, who wore the soft same old gray jacket in which he was shot down. Two balls struck Mr. Ekes at the same time, one piercing his left breast, the other shattering his left arm so that it had to be amputated. The old jacket still bore both the bullet-holes.

The procession was led by the veteran drummers of the 14th and 47th regiments. The Wake County Confederate Survivors' association also formed part of the line. Mr. J. S. Carr, president of the convention, was in the procession. On reaching Metropolitan Hall the veterans dispersed to meet again at 7 o'clock.

AT COMMONS' HALL.

At 7 o'clock p. m. all the disabled soldiers, together with ex-Confederate soldiers and the members of Wake County Confederate Survivors' Association met at Metropolitan Hall, where the committee on programme and the Governors Guard in full dress uniform joined them and escorted them to the hall of the House of Representatives, where the delegates were assigned seats. The galleries were packed with ladies and the hall and lobbies were thronged.

At 7:30 o'clock, in accordance with arrangements, Col. L. L. Polk presented Julian S. Carr, Esq., the specially invited presiding officer of the convention. Col. Polk said:

Ex-Confederate Soldiers, Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the request and on behalf of the disabled soldiers, it has been made my pleasing duty of presenting as the presiding officer of this convention one who has endeared himself not only to the disabled soldiers here assembled, but to every heart which throbs with a feeling of love for North Carolina and sympathy for her surviving soldiers. I present the Hon. Julian S. Carr, of Durham.

Mr. President Carr, upon taking the chair, said:

Fellow-Soldiers of a Cause we all loved but which was lost, Ladies and Gentlemen:—My position burdens me with embarrassment. Especially so, since the honorable gentleman, our fellow-soldier, who presented me and who I am proud to tell you was as gallant and brave upon the field of battle as he is complimentary and courteous upon the platform, has found it in his heart to say such kind things about me, and, because, since your complimentary invitation to preside over this honorable convention came to me, I have scarcely had an hour that I could call my own.

Added to this the further fact of my inexperience in presiding

over public meetings, I trust your patience and charity may be vouchsafed to me this evening, at least to the extent of my frailties.

Mr. Carr then proceeded to deliver his address, which sparkled with the rarest gems of rhetorical beautiful and poetic thought and was a most magnificent tribute to and appeal for the brave soldiers of the lost cause.

Capt. S. A. Ashe, president of the Wake county Confederate Survivors' Association then introduced Col. T. C. Fuller who delivered the address of welcome.

Col. Fuller at the close of his remarks introduced Gov. Fowle, who said:

Disabled Soldiers of the Confederacy:—I hold in my hand a cane which was recently sent to me which was cut from the heights of Gettysburg; it was cut where Pettigrew halted on those heights, and when I look upon it, it fills my heart with peculiar emotions, for when Pettigrew halted the soldiers of North Carolina stopped and when Pettigrew and North Carolina stopped the entire South knew that her cause was lost.

Gov. Fowle spoke in a most feeling manner of Gens. Lee and Stonewall Jackson, and when he mentioned the reception of these disabled, blind, one-armed, one-legged delegates in his office yesterday evening there was not an eye in the hall which did not glisten with a tear of deep emotion.

He said many had given up their lives upon the altar of their State, their memory must be honored and preserved, but the living maimed must be cared for, the General Assembly must do it. Gov. Fowle addressing the members of the General Assembly said that in the name of the great State he so dearly loved from his infancy and which had so honored him these maimed soldiers must not be left to suffer.

Col. E. D. Hall, of Wilmington, submitted the following report of the committee appointed at the meeting held yesterday morning at Metropolitan Hall.

Resolved, That the committee of the veteran soldiers of North Carolina do respectfully but most earnestly petition the General Assembly of North Carolina to add five per cent to the annual tax levy for the purpose of adding to and extending the pension list of disabled soldiers and the widows of disabled soldiers.

Resolved further, That this convention take such steps as may be necessary to organize a permanent association of Veteran Ex-Confederate Soldiers of North Carolina.

Hon. T. L. Clingman was called for and responded in a few happy and facetious remarks. He warmly endorsed the movement to increase the pensions of the wounded soldiers.

Col. W. H. S. Burgwyn was called upon and spoke a few eloquent words in eulogy of the bravery and chivalry of North Carolina.

Col. Polk was loudly called for and made a ringing speech. His words were at times vivid and eloquent and were a noble tribute to the "lost cause" and the noble men who fought for it.

Col. Beansley, of Granville, upon repeated calls took the stand and seconded the resolutions presented by Col. E. D. Hall.

From a private letter we learn that Rev. W. B. North has been employed at the State University to take Dr. Mangum's place as professor. Dr. Mangum, who was stricken with paralysis in December, is still in a critical condition. Rev. W. B. North was sent to Chapel Hill station by the North Carolina Conference of the M. E. Church, South, and will no doubt for the time fill the Doctor's place with fitness, he being one of our most promising young preachers. —Burlington News.

The big hog owned by Mr. J. H. Mills, which was mentioned some time ago was slaughtered the week before Christmas. The gross weight was 806 pounds and the net weight 716 pounds. This is the largest hog of the season. Pitt county as usual takes the lead in porkers. —Greenville Reflector.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our regular correspondent.]

Representative Springer, backed by 143 of his colleagues, has given the Republican Senate an opportunity of showing how sincere the great interest they are constantly expressing for the territories really is. If they accept Mr. Springer's bill as passed by the House, South Dakota with two Representatives and Montana with one will be admitted as States by Presidential proclamation just as soon as the voters accept the constitutions already formed, and North Dakota, Washington and New Mexico may be admitted by Congress as soon as their constitutions are formed. If they reject this bill they postpone for months the admission of any of the territories.

Senators Gorman, Vest, Vance and others are vigorously combating the growing sentiment among the Democrats in the House to accept the Senate tariff bill as better than no legislation on the subject. They argue that the Senate bill is more objectionable than the existing law, as it increases the duties on articles in which the masses are directly interested—notably iron, cotton and wool. They contend that when the bill is referred to a conference committee, the Democratic conferees should be instructed to take a firm stand in behalf of the necessities of life, and let the Republicans take all the responsibilities of framing a tariff bill to suit themselves in the next Congress. The other side of the question is represented by Representatives Wilson, of West Virginia, and Catchings, of Mississippi, who are of the opinion that the Republicans would be greatly disappointed if the House should agree to the Senate bill, and for that reason they favor doing so, as the measure contains some good things and is therefore better than no bill. They contend that as long as the Republicans claim to have carried the election on their tariff ideas that they should be allowed to pass their bill. That this is the status of the matter at this time. But those who are in positions to know say that the Senate bill will never be considered by the House.

The old adage that "a house divided against itself will fall," is likely to prevent the passage of a bill admitting Utah as a State, notwithstanding the fact that a Democratic caucus of the House has agreed to pass it. Governor West, of Utah, is here working hard to prevent the passage of such a bill, and Delegate Caine, of the same territory, is vigorously working in its favor. Both being Democrats, what they have to say on the subject is carefully listened to by their party associates.

An amendment giving a bounty of one cent per pound on all sugar produced in this country has been added to the Senate tariff bill, but it required a vigorous use of the party whips to bring the Republican Senators into line, and even then Senator Quay voted against it.

General J. C. Black, Commissioner of Pensions, will, it is thought, be appointed Judge Advocate General of the Army, unless it shall be shown that he is ineligible, which is claimed by some prominent men.

Senator Morgan has given "granney" Blair another tongue lashing. Some people would get tired of such treatment, but Senator Blair seems to thrive on it, indeed he almost looks disappointed if he has anything to say and does not receive some abuse. He often gets it from his own party as well as from Democrats.

The active fight that Mr. Blaine is giving McKinley in his fight for the Speakership is having its effect. His chances are now regarded as best by close observers, but if Blaine should get "turned down" by Harrison it will cause a big tumble in McKinley stock.

There are nearly 250 nominations pending before the Senate, the most of them for postmasters. There is no reason why they should not be confirmed except that the Republican's want to keep the places for Harrison to fill.

Tom Reed, of Maine, is much discomfited at the manner in which Blaine is undermining his strength in the Speakership canvass. Blaine never forgets or

forgives an injury, and nothing is too small for him to undertake in order to get even with people.

On Saturday afternoon last, the President and Mrs. Cleveland received a visit from Vice President and Mrs. Morton. The latter have been in the city for several days. They are stopping at the Normandie, a new hotel in a fashionable quarter, the success of which was assured by Blaine having taken up his winter residence there.

Advice just received at the State Department from Samoa indicate that Germany has got into a rum-pus with U'ele Sam that will have to be apologized for or else a war may follow. Secretary Bayard is reticent on the subject, preferring to await particulars in regard to the reported insult to the American flag by German officers.

Not Discouraged.

Chauncey F. Black, President of the Democratic Societies of Pennsylvania is not at all cast down by Democratic defeat in the Presidential election. President Cleveland received a majority of the popular vote, and Mr. Black does not regard the result of the contest as any reason of discouragement to the Democracy. He says: "On the contrary it is a great and splendid victory. We lose, through the operation of an antiquated electoral system, official power in federal Government, and with it the various patronage which is generally a source of political weakness. On the other hand we have polled a majority of the people of the United States against unjust taxation and in favor of industrial freedom. The power of the tariff superstition has been broken and its hideous idols have been smashed in their own temple. The Democratic outlook for the future was never brighter than it is this day. We have only to keep our Democratic societies alive and active and to carry the gospel for free government and pure to every class of people, and more especially to the conservative agriculturists, to make our final triumph sure and lasting. I believe that with honest endeavor in this direction all around we can promise you, for 1892, a tidal wave like that of 1854, which will sweep down forever the Bourbon Federalists, with all their false pretenses and all their schemes of public plunder. You will remember that in 1872 the Democrats suffered something more than a Bull Run disaster, but in '74 they had their Gettysburg, and in '76 their Appomattox. With a system of Democratic societies, properly sustained and extended, I feel as certain as that I now live that the Democratic party will go back into executive power in 1892, with an overwhelming majority behind it, to remain there at least for a quarter of a century to come."

Messrs. J. T. Patrick and P. M. Wilson, Commissioners of Immigration of North Carolina, who are members of the committee to select a place for holding the Permanent Southern Exposition leave next Tuesday for New York, Boston and other Northern cities on a tour of prospecting. Some Northern city is to be selected. They will be joined at Norfolk by other members of the committee. —News and Obs.

State Senator Blair's resolution, adopted Saturday, requesting our representatives in Congress to do all in their power to secure the passage of the Cowles bill repealing the tobacco tax, expresses the sentiments of the democracy of this State. It will be adopted as it was in the Senate wherever there is a majority of democrats in North Carolina. —News and Observer.

W. H. Riesner,
Salisbury, N. C.,
Manufacturing Jeweler and
Engraver.

Dealer in Watches, Diamonds, silver-ware, Jewelry and Clocks.

Also the largest line of Spectacles, Eye-glasses &c. in the State. I make a specialty of fitting Spectacles and guarantee a perfect fit.

No. 39

S. A. SCHLOSS & CO.,

21 and 23 MARKET STREET.

Wilmington, N. C.

AUCTIONEERS,

And Wholesale Jobbers of

Dry Goods, Notions,

Clothing, Hats, Shoes &c.

No. 4 m.

WEST & CO.,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

GROCERS,

And Dealers in

FOREIGN FRUITS, CANDIES,

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

Consignments of Country

Produce Solicited.

No. 127 Market Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

No. 4 m.

WORTH & WORTH

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Offers at Wholesale and at Low

PRICES.

—FULL LINES OF—

Groceries and Provisions,

Consisting of

Coffee, Flour, Sugar,

Molasses, Bacon,

Stauff, Soap,

Lard, Nails,

Hoop-Iron,

Cheese,

Crackers &c.

Shipments of cotton and

specimens, for which we

promise Full Market

Prices.

No. 35

NOTICE.

By virtue of a mortgage deed executed by Z. T. Wright and wife, and duly recorded in the Register of Deeds' Office for Montgomery county, in book "H" page 224, I will sell, on Monday, the 27th day of January, 1889, at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door, the tract of land conveyed in said mortgage, which lies in the town of Troy, adjoining the lands of W. C. Douglass and others. It being the house and lot upon which Z. T. Wright now lives. Said tract is subject to said mortgage. This 6th day of Dec. 1888.

A. B. FORQUHAR, Mortgagee.

Brown & Blair, Attys.

PATENTS

Copyrights, and Trade-Marks obtained and prosecuted for the inventor. We have a special office in Washington, D. C., for the purpose of securing patents in all the States and Territories. Our fees are low and our services are prompt. We will also draw and file applications for patents in all the States and Territories. We will also draw and file applications for patents in all the States and Territories. We will also draw and file applications for patents in all the States and Territories.

C. A. SNOW & CO.,

Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.