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WORK OF THE WIND

Three Villages in Iowa Almost Wiped Out.

MANY PERSONS KILLED

The List Will Probably Reach Half a Hundred.

SEVERAL COUNTIES LAID WASTE

In One Demolished House An Entire Family of Seven Members Was Found Dead in One Room.

Marshalltown, Iowa, May 25.—The villages of Valeria, Mingo and Santiago, Jasper county, on the Chicago and Great Western railroad, between here and Des Moines, were nearly wiped from the face of the earth by a cyclone last night, and adjacent counties were laid waste with considerable loss of life and great destruction of railway and other property.

Reports received here as to the number of victims say fourteen were killed at Valeria, five at Mingo, four in the country a few miles west of Bon Durant and three at Santiago. The names of some of the killed are: Mrs. Robt. Malley and three children, and two members of the same family were injured but may recover.

At Santiago the following are known to have been killed: Mr. and Mrs Ballenbaugh and grandchild.

A terrible spectacle was presented in one demolished house in Valeria. Seven members of a family named Failous, father, mother and five children, were found dead among the wreckage in one room. Two children named Aikens, two ladies named Dickey and a Mrs. Osborn, were also killed outright, and a number of people in the village and the adjacent county severely injured.

The following buildings were wrecked in Valeria: Chicago and Great Western depot, one drug store, three general stores, post-office, Catholic church, one creamery, two blacksmith shops, and twenty-five dwellings.

A witness of the storm says the approaching cloud looked like an inverted beer bottle and dipped down at Valeria with appalling suddenness and frightful effect, wrenching off oak trees two feet in diameter or pulling them out by the roots as if they were weeds.

The property loss is estimated at over $100,000. Later reports say a man named Chas. Cadlin and his four children were killed. His wife and two sons are also badly injured, the former probably fatally.

The storm occurred between 9 and 10 o'clock, accompanied by a deafening roar, a deluge of rain and hail. Its track was several miles in length and from a quarter to half mile in width. A great amount of live stock was killed and the crops in the path of the storm utterly destroyed. It is not likely the railroad will be repaired so that traffic can be resumed for several days. The death list will probably aggregate twenty-five, as a number of persons are still missing in addition to those reported killed and injured.

The property loss is heavy, but accurate estimates are thus far an impossibility. The list of killed stands to-night as follows:

Jasper county, Ia., 10; Polk county, Ia., 9; Rockford, Ill., 4; Elgin, Ill., 1; North McGregor, Ia., 12; Durango, Ia., 5; Fort Scott, Kan., 2.

The storm wrought its greatest havoc in Iowa, where the counties of Polk and Jasper were devastated by two tornadoes. The loss of life was heaviest there.

Manchester, Ia., May 25.—A cyclone struck Manchester at about ten o'clock last night, leaving a track of six or eight miles in length in ruins Mrs. Ira Howl and Wm. Murray were seriously injured.

Elma, Ia., May 25.—A terrific storm, cyclonic in force, passed over here last night. Buildings were unroofed, trees uprooted and out-houses smashed. Telegraph and telephone poles and wires were demolished and numerous business fronts were smashed in. The town is almost a lake. Hundreds of dollars worth of damage was done but no one was hurt. At Alta Vista, a man was killed and two children badly hurt.

Dubuque, Ia. May 25.—A terrific electric storm accompanied by a deluge of rain swept over this section at midnight, doing immense damage, to railroad property. The rain fall was 2.8 inches and it came as suddenly and in such volume as if a water-spout had burst upon the place. The Mississippi river rose one and three-tenths inches in eight hours and is still rising rapidly. The greatest damage was to railroad property. Not a train has come into Dubuque from any direction since Sunday afternoon.

At Durango, eight miles west, the flood struck the station in which were Mrs. Clark, the agent, and her four children, besides Tom Griffin, a brakeman, Joe Griffin, a car repairer, and several others. They were all on the depot platform when the water struck it and swept it away. It is reported that the four children were drowned and brakeman Griffin missing. Joe Griffin saved himself by grappling telegraph wires and going with the flood until he lodged in a tree. How the others were saved is not stated.

In Dubuque the damage to streets and sewers is considerable. A relief train has been sent to Durango.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 25.—Indianapolis suffered from a severe wind and rain storm during the early hours of this morning. Two inches of rain fell and the streets were flooded.

Chicago, Ill., May 25.—A storm of unusual severity struck Chicago at 2:15 o'clock this morning. Basements in the down-town districts were flooded and considerable damage was done. During the short space of ten minutes, from 2:20 to 2:30 o'clock nearly an inch of water fell.

Elgin, Ill., May 25.—A tornado visited this section this morning. John Keogh, engineer of the State Insane Asylum, was killed by a falling chimney. The Elgin Sewing Machine and Bicycle factory was blown down and many farm buildings were leveled.

Rockford, Ill., May 25.—Four killed and many injured, a number of them fatally, is the result of the syclone which swept through this section last night at midnight, besides great loss to property and the complete destruction of crops. Mrs. Godfrey Hill, livin near Monroe, was beheaded while going down into the cellar to escape the storm. Her daughter, Elsie, was also instantly killed and her husband, who is a prominent Grand Army man, was dead from injuries received. A party in the house were blown across the street and injured. The house was completely demolished.

Near Egan City, Mrs. Izanora Bird was instantly killed and her five children badly injured, two probably fatally.

Near Leaf river, Mrs. and Mr. Geo. Garner were both seriously injured.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 25.—A cloudburst at North McGregor, Iowa, resulted in great destruction of property and the probable loss of several lives. One body has been recovered from the debris. A mile of tracks on the St. Paul road are under water and trains between Milwaukee and McGregor only are running, the connection west being broken. A small telegraph office at McGregor was completely washed away.

The reports received from agents of the St. Paul company are to the effect that large quantities of drift wood descended from the town down the creek. This quickly filled the low lands, carrying away telegraph poles, all the company's tracks between the main town and North McGregor, where the roundhouse is located, the area being about a mile in extent.

AN ASTROLOGIST'S PREDICTIONS

The Wall Street Spell that Binds Cleveland Is to Be Broken.

The following we clip from the Wilmington Messenger:

Chadbourn, N. C., May 20.

Will you do me the personal kindness to publish the following:

I am not a politician and take no stock in such matters, but I am an astrologist and I constantly watch the stars, and by them find out the destiny of men and nations. I will not attempt to explain to your readers the science of astrology, for they cannot understand it. But I am going to tell you what the stars have to say.

Ever since the first of April there has been a strange movement among the stars. They say that Grover Cleveland is a man of greater destiny than Napoleon Bonapart. He is going to suddenly change his views on the financial question. He has been under the spell of a powerful hypnotist for the past few years, who has been employed by Wall street and the bankers of Europe to influence him. This powerful spell is going to be broken by a most mysterious influence, I cannot understand. The next Republican National convention is going to break up in a big row. The next Democratic convention is going to declare for the unlimited coinage of silver 16 to 1. Grover Cleveland is going to be nominated by acclamation and will be elected by 100 electorial votes, and his third administration will astonish the whole civilized world. Jule Carr is going to be elected Governor of North Carolina by a majority of 75,000 votes. The Populists and Democrats are going to fuse and sweep the State from the mountains to the sea-shore. Cuba is going to gain her independence in six months and Spain is going to get into a short but lively war with the United State, on the first day of August the United States gun boats will vigorously bombard the city of Havana. Gen. Weyler will be killed in this terrific battle.

The English, French and German press will be exceedingly hostile to the United States. There will be wars and rumors of wars but the United State will steer clear of war during the closing months of summer and during fall months there will be unusual phenomena both on land and sea and the whole world will be in a state of intense excitement. The churches all over the United States and Great Britain and Ireland will be thronged with worshippers and preachers everywhere will be proclaiming the advent of the millennial dawn.

Please don't put this in the waste basket for it contains the language of the stars. Don't call the author a crank or pronounce this sensational. Tell all of your readers to save the copy of the paper containing this article and tell them to watch.

DE CASTRO, Astrologer.

SENATOR PALMER FEELS BLUE.

Says There Is No Chance for the Gold Men in Illinois.

Washington, May 25.—Senator Palmer returned from Illinois Saturday much discouraged over the Democratic outlook in that State.

"The free silver men," he said, "will run everything in Illinois; I didn't see many people while there, but from those I did see I judge the sound money Democrats have little heart in the situation.

"Altgeld is a candidate for re-election and will run everything to suit himself.

"I don't know whether there will be a bolt of sound-money Democrats. What they lack is a leader. Morrison will not lead, Stevenson is dumb, and I tried to lead them last year, but they wouldn't follow me. The situation is certainly discouraging."

MR. PLATT SAYS HE WILL FIX IT.

New York, May 25.—Ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt said last night: "The business men of the country may confidently rely upon it that their views will be expressed at the St. Louis convention, both as to the maintenance of the gold standard and as to the nomination of a candidate who can appropriately stand on a gold platform. New York will present such a candidate and and the vote of this State will be cast for him almost unanimously."

RUSSELL AND THE SAMPSON COUNTY POPULISTS.

Clinton, N. C., May 23.—(Special)—Some years ago Judge Russell spoke here. Soon after he began speaking an old rockaway carriage was drawn by several men in front of Russell. On the top of the rockaway was a monkey which danced to the music of a hand organ played by an Italian who was also on top of the carriage. Russell got down and left town hastily, being very much frightened. Among the Populists who took part in thus ridding the county of this man whose chief desire is to promote race trouble, were O. F. Herring, C. Patrick, and Frank Hargrave. There were some fifty of them. Russell spoke on a stand, and the monkey was drawn right up under his nose.

One thing is certain: Whatever may be the result of the election, the Populists of Sampson cannot be persuaded to vote for Russell.

CARR-CLARK-M'RAE

Three Strong Democrats Mentioned for Governor.

EITHER CAN BEAT RUSSELL

Congressman Woodard Is Also Talked Of.

Washington, D. C., May 25.

Congressman Shaw returned to the city Saturday, and reports a feeling in Fayetteville among Democrats that Russell will be overcome. Mr. Shaw says as far as he, personally, is concerned, he thinks the strongest man who could be put up against Russell would be ex-Judge James C. MacRae. He says that Judge MacRae is a liberal, well-equipped, and forceful man, and if nominated would overcome Russell with his splendid gift of argument. But Mr. Shaw added that he thought the favorite in his part of the country for the Democratic nomination was Col. Julian S. Carr. By the bye, Col. Carr is expected in Washington to-morrow, on his way home from Philadelphia. Col. Carr comes in response to an invitation from Vice-President Stevenson to attend the marriage of his daughter.

* * *

Touching the recent visit of Major W. A. Guthrie to Washington, it has given rise to some little gossip among some Democrats here. While I have heard that he would not mind getting the endorsement of the Democrats for Governor, yet it has been shrewdly observed by an old Democrat here, who has cut his eye-teeth in North Carolina politics, that the best thing that Maj. Guthrie could do for his country would be to jump in and beat Tom Settle for Congress. The gentleman who said this is a man of long head, and added that stranger things have happened. I was in Charlotte a few days ago and found there quite a strong Clark element. In fact Judge Clark seems to have been the only one mentioned there to me in connection with the governorship, many saying that he could poll more votes than any man in the State, and there are quite a number of Democrats here who say the same thing. But the rumor comes distinct and clear that Judge Clark has absolutely refused to let his name be used under any circumstances. The name of Congressman Woodard, also, is not unfrequently heard here in connection with the nomination. Mr. Woodard's course here this session has been so admirable that it would seem that his district could not spare him from Congress, he being now, from natural fitness as well as from term of service, probably the most useful and well-equipped all-round man in the delegation.

* * *

Senator Martin, of Virginia, is catching it hot, especially from Richmond, for having voted to take up Butler's bond bill. It will be remembered that when the Jones free silver amendment came up Martin voted with the gold men; but this last vote seems to have puzzled, at least, the gold men of the Virginia capital city. Some say that he voted to get in the silver bandwagon before it was too late. Although Virginia is claimed as a free silver State, and Senator Daniel is claimed to be the most popular man in Virginia, a prominent citizen and erstwhile Democrat of Richmond gives me the startling estimate that it is quite likely that the State will go Republican. This gentleman says that out of about 19,000 votes in Richmond, about 12,000 are Democrats, and that out of this 12,000 only 2,800 voted at the recent primaries. He claims, moreover, that at least 1,500 gold Democrats in Richmond, who have always voted the Democratic ticket, will this time vote for McKinley. But the silver men from Virginia pooh-pooh this and say that the Old Dominion will come to time as usual.

* * *

Some little attention has been called to the resolution of Representative Grosvenor asking for a list of the employees that will be affected by the recent civil-service ukase of President Cleveland. Notwithstanding the fact that public opinion touching civil-service may not be expected to go backward, yet it is not doubted that should the Republicans get into power they will try to find some way so to worry the incumbents as to make way for the hungry horde.

* * *

One of the most interesting colloquies that has taken place in the Senate for some time was that Saturday between Allen, of Nebraska, and Gray, of Delaware. It was a sort of a platonic dialogue dealing with the silver question in the most elementary incisive, simple and instructive way. That colloquy should be in the hands of every North Carolina voter and may be found in Saturday's Congressional Record.

W. E. CHRISTIAN.

BLACKBURN SCORED ONE.

A Man Who Had Tried to Defeat Him Forced to Bite the Dust.

The air is full of talk that the administration is telling the Texas Representatives that no one but gold Democrats are to be appointed postmasters in that State, and it seems that a man who has been duly recommended for the postmastership at Rome, Ga., is not to be nominated because he has declared himself for silver. If this is to be the policy of the administration the fate of T. J. Glenn may be a lesson, says the Washington Post.

Mr. Glenn is a Cleveland-Carlisle gold standard Democrat, and in this capacity did everything in his power to defeat the election to the Senate of his fellow-Democrat, Senator Blackburn, in Kentucky, last fall. His reward came when he was nominated to be postmaster of Carlisle last January. Previous to this, however, Senator Blackburn had asked Postmaster-General Wilson not to select him, and Senator Lindsay, partisan of the administration as he is, had not only also protested against the appointment on the ground that the man had been unnecessarily bitter and venomous in his fight against Blackburn, but had actually received a letter from the Postmaster-General, saying that the appointment would not be made. Ten days after this letter was written the nomination was sent to the Senate.

The curious part of the story is that there was presented to the Senate Postoffice committee, by a western Senator, a petition addressed to Secretary Carlisle. It was signed by some twenty Democrats of the Kentucky town, and said that if Mr. Carlisle wanted the President's policy to be carried out in that district he must see that Glenn was appointed. Upon that petition alone Senator Blackburn rested his case, and the Senate Postoffice committee, without a dissenting voice, decided against the appointee. Before further action was taken, Senator Lindsay communicated with the President, and yesterday the nomination was withdrawn. The new appointee in Glenn's place is a well-known lady resident of Carlisle, Mrs. Phoebe Mann, who will be promptly confirmed.

BLACKBURN ON A THIRD TERM.

He Says Cleveland Has Put Carlisle and Russell Out as Decoys.

Wm. E. Curtis writes from Washington to the Chicago Record:

"There will be two conventions, two nominations and two platforms at Chicago," said Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, today, "and Grover Cleveland will be at the head of one of the tickets.

"Do I think he will be elected? Such a thing is impossible. He could not carry one of the Southern States. He will be supported only by the money class. The men who have bought the bonds he has issued will vote for him, and he is entitled to their votes, but the people who pay the interest on these bonds will vote for some one else. The President's bump of self-esteem is very much more developed than his bump of caution, and he is going into the campaign dependent upon a very narrow following."

"Is Carlisle a candidate?"

"No. My esteemed fellow-citizen who has mismanaged the finances of this government in such a complete and comprehensive manner is only a decoy which Cleveland has sent out in the west, just as Billy Russell is the decoy he has sent out in the east to attract the attention of the public until he gets ready to disclose himself."

MORE TELLER TALK

Sentiment in Favor of His Nomination Growing.

AMONG THE DEMOCRATS

He Is in Favor of Free Silver and a Low Tariff.

Washington, D. C., May 26.

A member of the Administration and a prominent member too, talking yesterday to a North Carolina Democratic Congressman, said that though he was a gold man, he yet did not hesitate to say that the Convention at Chicago would be controlled by the silver men, and that Teller was the logical man. It was noted that Teller had announced in one of his speeches that he was against a high protective tariff and that he would have voted against the McKiney bill had he not, in his zeal for silver, consented to vote for it. Moreover, Mr. Teller had said in another speech that the Force bill was the most disgraceful measure that had ever crossed the threshold of the Senate. Mr. Hill, an official in the land office of Illinois, and brother of Congressman Hitt, is here and said yesterday that Teller would carry every Republican in Illinois. Senator Dubois said yesterday that if the Democrats did not nominate Teller, they would lose one of the greatest opportunities they ever had and the one they had now. Such is some of the flotsam and jetsam talk that draws attention to the Teller trend. In thus mentioning him here, there is, of course, no advocacy or non-advocacy of him but simply an attempt to give a glimpse of the panorama of public opinion as it passes.

* * *

The Virginia people here grow more red-hot touching the vote of Martin, of Virginia, to take up the Butler Bond bill. It was taken up by a vote of 29 to 27 and thus Martin's negative vote would have made it a tie. The Democrats of Richmond are trying to imagine a reason for Martin's vote, and believe that he will yet be recorded against the bill when it comes up for final passage. By the bye, Senator Aldrich stated yesterday that he thought the gold men would by strenuous effort yet defeat the bill. They say that not every one of the silver men are for it and cite Wilson, of Washington, who changed his vote as partly proving this proposition and Hitt is quoted as having said yesterday that the vote upon the bill by no means tested a man's loyalty to silver, but that the bill involved repudiation. This notion of repudiation is the one that is now being issued to defeat the measure. At any rate, it is likely that Butler will have a harder road to travel than was expected from his first vote of 34 to 20. And he is not altogether blameless in the matter, not because he has not been in dead earnest, but because he has permitted himself to be bamboozled and outpointed instead of acting upon his own judgment. For example, yesterday, at 2 o'clock, when his bill came up as unfinished business, Hale, of Maine, asked him to give way for one hour and a half in order to let the General Deficiency bill to be gotten out of the way. Hale kept on until 6 o'clock, when Butler rose and addressed the chair in an unheard voice. Gorman, the slick trickster, rushed down toward the front and moved quickly to adjourn, and Butler was left high and dry. He has lacked the pertinacity and relentlessness of, say Dubois, and has been too much after the yielding order of Peffer. He will have to adopt the stiff tactics of Allen, of Nebraska, if he wants to hold his own against such a clique as Hill and Hale and Frye, and Allison and Chandler and Aldrich and the rest, who laugh in their sleeves at him, while they cajole him away from his bearings by smooth words.

W. E. CHRISTIAN.

$3,000 GIFT TO THE UNIVERSITY.

Commons Hall to Be Started and Board Furnished at $8.

Chapel Hill, N. C., May 26.—(Special)—Mrs. Frederick Baker, of New York, has given the University three thousand dollars to equip Commons Hall at the University and provide board at cost for students. The hall will be opened next September with accommodations for 200, and the charge will be $8 per month, which is hoped to be reduced to $6 after a while. There will be twenty student waiters, who will get board for their services.

The Mason Farm (1,000 acres) located a mile and one half from the University and recently bequeathed to it by Rev. and Mrs. J. P. Mason will be used as a poultry, dairy, stock and truck farm to supply the tables in Commons Hall.

President Winston says that Commons Hall will have western beef daily and the best food in the State by the cooks.

This a great thing for the University and a great thing for the hundreds of needy boys in North Carolina who are eager to go to college, but lack means.

Rev. John W. Stagg, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, Charlotte, spent Sunday and Monday with us and charmed everybody by his bright sunny disposition, delightful manners and powerful pulpit oratory. He preached Sunday night to a chapel full of people, on the text "He could not be hid." It was a striking picture of life and of man's power and weakness, with climatic delineation of the sufficiency of Jesus' teachings to satisfy human yearnings. Everybody wishes to hear him again.

CHARRED BONES IN A FURNACE

A Methodist Pastor Is Charged With Murder in Salt Lake City.

Salt Lake City, Utah, May 25.—A local paper prints a story which may develop into a sensation. Foul play is claimed in the somewhat mysterious disappearance of Miss Henrietta Clausen, who has not been seen since September last. She was at that time taking care of the apartments of Rev. Francis S. Herrmann, pastor of the First Scandinavian Methodist church, in this city. A recent inspection of the grate of the furnace in the building reveals two razors and a butcher knife, garter and belt buckles, and charred bones. The bones have been turned over to physicians, and the police department is making a rigid investigation.

Miss Samuelson, a friend of the pastor, also disappeared last January. The last heard of the pastor he was at Kansas City on his way to Iowa.

A warrant was sworn out last night for the arrest of Rev. Herrmann upon information charging him with murder. The warrant is signed by D. H. Wenger, city magistrate, upon the complaint of John Hanson, who is the last man that saw Miss Clausen before her disappearance from the city.

Under date of May 9 Mr. Herrmann wrote a letter from Kansas City to the present Presiding Elder of the church above named, inclosing a pawn ticket, which is claimed by the police department to have been given for a gold ring and gold watch, the property of Miss Anna Samuelson, who disappeared on January 29 last. A box containing poisonous drugs has been found in the room formerly occupied by the pastor.

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In investigating Herrmann's record the police have reached the opinion that Herrman has a record of crime little less extensive than that of the notorious Holmes.

His first wife died in England, under suspicious circumstances. He was pastor of a Scandinavian church at West Superior, Wis., in 1890 and 1891, and there married a highly respectable woman,, who in less than a year died very suddenly, with her two weeks' old baby. An inquest was held, but nothing beyond a suspicion of foul play was elicited. Herrman soon married again, and came to Salt Lake in 1894 with his wife. A baby was born, and the mother and child died suddenly a few weeks after.

Then his acquaintance with Miss Clausen commenced, and it is charged in the complaint, which has been sworn to by John Sanson, a member of the church here, that he murdered and cremated the body in the heating furnace in the church basement.

He was engaged to marry Miss Samuelson in February of this year, but she disappeared, and it is charged that he poisoned her, and carved up the body in the church cellar. It is believed he has murdered seven persons.

Miss Clausen came to Salt Lake from Omaha seven years ago. She was a native of Sweden and, as far as known, had no relatives in this country, but she had many friends here, and was considered a respectable girl.

Miss Samuelson was employed as a nursery governess in a good family here, and left her place to be married to the preacher. She has an aunt and other relatives living here, and was a member of Herrman's church. The church officers say that Herrman was suspended recently for embezzling church funds, confessed his guilt in that regard, and was waiting a hearing before the annual Methodist conference. He was a fine-looking man, and very generally liked.

He is represented as having a great liking for the study of medicine, anatomy, and kindred subjects, and often delivered disquisitions on the human form. Photographs and descriptions of the man have been sent all over the country, but so far the police here have no tidings of him. When he left Salt Lake, on May 15, he purchased a ticket to Kansas City.

NEWBERN FOR FREE SILVER.

The Democratic primaries were held in the five wards of the city of Newbern Saturday. In the First ward a resolution was unanimously passed instructing the delegates in favor of free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1. In the Third ward a similar resolution was passed. In the Fifth ward a resolution was passed instructing the delegates to vote for none but free silver delegates to the State convention, and farther instructing them to vote as a unit, and to do all in their power to promote peace and harmony. In the Second and Fourth wards no resolutions were offered.

The crop of whortleberries in Sampson are said to be larger this season than were ever before known.

THE SUGAR BOUNTY

The Validity of the Appropriations Sustained.

SUPREME COURT DECISION

Action of Comptroller of the Treasury Reversed.

A FILIBUSTERING CASE DECIDED

Supreme Court Has Adjourned Leaving On Docket Smaller Number of Cases Than at Any Time Since 1876.

Washington, May 25.—The United States Supreme court adjourned today for the term after delivering 22 opinions.

During the term the court has disposed of 487 cases, leaving 535 on the docket, a smaller number than have remained at the close of any preceding term since the close of the term in 1876. In addition to those finally disposed of argument has been heard in 28 cases in which opinions were not rendered.

The most important of the cases which go over is that involving the constitutionality of the California Irrigation law.

Among the opinions rendered to-day was one sustaining the validity of the appropriations to carry out the sugar bounty features of the McKinley and Wilson tariff acts by a unanimous opinion affirming the decision of the Circuit court for the Eastern district of Louisiana and reversing the action of Comptroller of the Treasury Bowler, who refused to permit the payment of the bounties on the ground that the act was unconstitutional.

The cases involved were those of the United States, plaintiff in error, vs. the Realty Company and Andrew H. Gay respectively. The opinion of the court was delivered by Justice Peckham. Both were test cases. The realty company was one of a class coming under the terms of the appropriation to those who had manufactured a certain class of sugar previous to the 28th day of August, 1894, and upon which no bounty had previously been paid. The repeal of the bounty clause in the act of '90 by the act which took effect on the 28th of August, 1894, and which prohibited the payment of the bounties thereafter, prevented the company from obtaining the money on the warrant which had been issued to it prior to that date. There were comparatively few people coming under the class in which the company stood, and the appropriation made for the payment of that class was little less than $250,000.

The plaintiff in the other suit, Gay, is one of a class coming under the second portion of the act of 1894 he being among those who complied with the provisions of the Bounty law as contained in schedule E, of the act of October 1, 1890, by filing notice of application for license and bond therein required, and who would have been entitled to receive a license as provided for in said act and a bounty of eight-tenths of a cent per pound on the sugar actually manufactured by him during the period commencing August 28, 1894, and ending June 30, 1895. The amount of bounty claimed by Gay is between $8,000 and $9,000. The persons forming this class are numerous, and the appropriations for them amounted to $5,000,000. Comptroller Bowler had based his action largely upon a decision by the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, that the sugar bounty clause of the McKinley act was unconstitutional. The Supreme court, in its opinion to-day, said that for the purposes of the cases it was unnecessary to decide whether such legislation is beyond the power of Congress, but that in either case the appropriations of money in the act of 1895 to manufacturers and producers of sugar, who had complied with the act of 1890, were within the power of Congress to make and were constitutional and valid.

Another important opinion was delivered by Chief Justice Fuller, in the case of the U. S. vs. J. H. V. S. Wiborg, Captain of the Horsa and others. The case is the one which was recently advanced by the court at the instance of the Attorney General for the purpose of securing a decision of the court as to the construction of our neutrality laws, and their effect in preventing filibustering expeditions against friendly powers. Wiborg was the captain of the Horsa and, with his associates, is accused of attempting to land arms surreptitiously in Cuba. They were found guilty under the neutrality laws in the United States court at Philadelphia. To-day's opinion held that the decision of the Pennsylvania court was correct on the point that the expedition was a violation of the neutrality laws. The judgment of this court was affirmed as to Wiborg but reversed as to the mates Johansen and Peterson, on the ground that they were ignorant of the purpose of the expedition. Justice Harlan concurred in the reversal of the judgment affirming the sentence against Wiborg, the captain of the Horsa.

WANTED—A LEAN AND HUNGRY MAN.

If it be wise in a political convention to consider other recommendations for a candidate than the old Democratic qualities of honesty, capability and fidelity to the Constitution, would it not be well for the State Democratic convention, in selecting a candidate for Governor, to consider the physical qualities, and pick a man who is thin in flesh, lank and long-winded. Russell is as a prize hog, and would blow like a porpoise in a July stump tussle. Give him a man for a competitor, like Cassius, lean and hungry looking, that thinks much and does not sleep o' nights. Fry the fat out of Russell, and make him blow like a bellows.—Elizabeth City Economist.