SUMDAY. - The formal surrender of Santiago and occupying of the same by the American troops. The surrender includes 17,000 rifles and several mod ern coast defence guns. The American flag raised at high moon with impressive ceremonies. Santiago will not be turned over to the Cubans for the present. The harbor of Santiago was opened and steam launches from the Brooklyn, New York and Vixen entered the harbor. Great activity among the troops at Tampa. Arrangements for the Porto Rican expedition discussed at the

White House. Monday, -Gen. Miles with some artillery and troops left Siboney, Cuba, for Porto Rico. A state paper issued by direction of President McKinley and cabled to Gen. Shafter for the establishment of a government for Santiago and adjacent country. A dispatch t Washington stated that the number yellow fever cases was 200. Bombard ment of Manzanillo. Gen. Augustical! ed upon to surrender by Gen. Aguinal do, but declared his intention of carry ing on the fight. Mobs burn public buildings in Spain. Col. W. J. Bryan's regiment has started for the front.

Tuesday-News from Cuba indicates a growing contempt by the American troops for their Cuban allies. Gen. Garcia declined an invitation to attend the ceremony of raising the American flag over Santiago. A shooting scrape among private soldiers at Jacksonville. Admiral Sampson claimed the seven large merchant vessels in Santiago harbor as prisoners of the navy and wanted to put prize crews on same, but Gen. Shafter chaimed them as prisoners of the army and refused to recognize Admiral Sampson's claim. Gen. Toral dejected over the surrender. Flag lowered at Caimaneri and troops surrender to the Americans. Another expedition sailed for Manilla. Moving troops to Fernandina, Fla. Gen. Shafter asked the government to hurry the immune regiment to the front.

WEDNESDAY. - Gen, McKibben has established a thorough system of patroling of Santiago. Two Cubans disguised as refugees attempting to provoke the Spaniards in the streets to riot were arrested at Santiago. Dispatches from the East say that Manila is read to capitulate upon a real show of force and intention to bombard the town. The surrender of Santiago not sanctioned by Blanco, and it is stated Gen. Toral will be courtmartialed when he returns to Spain. News comes from Santiago by way of Kingston, Jamaica, that Gen. Garcia, of the insurgent army, has been killed. Germany's neutrality unquestioned at Washington, in fact a perfect unanimity of good feelings exist. Philippine natives illtreating Spaniards. Gen. Miles cabled the authorities at Washington that he had been delayed at Santiago. The American and Spanish soldiers at Santiago are meeting and mixing on the most friendly terms, and a general feeling of good fellowship is evinced everywhere. The commander of the forces at Guantanamo refuses to surrender. The expedition from Charleston to Porto Rico sailed at 7 o'clock. The government has awarded the contract for transporting the Spaniards to Spain to the Spanish trans-Atlantic Company at \$585,000.

THURSDAY. - General Miles finally started on the Port Rican campaign. Postoffice communication established between Santiago and the United States by order of the President. The President considerably exercised over General Miles delay in starting. Military postoffice to be established at Porto Rico by order of the postmaster general. Second expedition reached Manilla. Gen. Aguinaldo's cabinet took the oath of office at Bacor in the presence of 5,000 natives. Reported death of Gen. Garcia not true. General Garcia withdraws his troops to the hills and declares his intention of carrying on the campaign independent of the Americans. Carlists causing considerable alarm in the province of Catalonia, Spain. It is reported that Admiral Dewey may decide to attack Manila without waiting General Merritt's

FRIDAY .- News was received at Washington that General Aguinaldo had declared a dictatorship and martial law over the Philippines. A visit at the State Department by the German Ambassador. A brief report from Admiral Sampson declaring the success of the expedition to Nipe. Lieut. Hobson, the hero of the Merrimac, arrived at the Navy Department. Large military force gathering at Newport News, Va., preparatory for the Porto Rican invas-Governor of Santiago. Another prize boat captured. The Spanish Minister of Public Instruction is authority for the statement that peace will shortly money and courteously receive Ameribe concluded. The American troops are | can customers. advancing on Manila. Gen. Blanco issued a proclamation expressing faith in the army at Santiago and declaring their surrender perfectly honorable. The Junta expresses great appreciation of the generous conduct of the Americans. Hospital train arrived at Cincinnati from Tampa with 135 sick soldiers. Transport No. 21 sailed from the Charleston port with the Sixteenth Pennsylvania regiment and companies D and C of the Sixth Illinois. Admiral (amara's fleet reported at the here, who are officially connected with Spanish penal colony Ceuta, opposite Gen. Blanco, believe the story.' Gibraltar. The movement of troops for the Porto Rican campaign began at Chickamauga.

### WAR NOTES.

Gen. O. O. Howard has gone to Santiago with the paymaster's corps. Clara Barton telegraphs that the vel low fever patients at Siboney are doing

Rev. Sam W. Small has been appointed chaplain of the Third regiment of volunteer engineers.

the defense works are being actively

pushed at all the Spanish ports. The expedition to Puerto Rico will witness a further development of bal- bale had been presented to President

loon operations in warfare. Six or seven fine steamers in the harbor of Santiago at the surrender fall as grizes to the navy and army.

Gen. Toral's letter to Gen. Shafter in regard to the surrender of Santiago was a masterpiece of mistification.

The soldiers at Chickamauga Park celebrated the surrender of Santiago with a grand jubilee meeting.

The hospital ship Solace has arrived at New York with 150 wounded Ameri can and Spanish officers and men.

"Habberjohn doesn't seem to have a very lovable nature." "Well, no. 1f Habberjohn were at a banquet and some one should discover that there were thirteen at the table, all eyes would instinctively turn toward Habberjohn as the one to go."-Indianapolis Journal.

That's What It Will Cost Our Government to Get the Spaniards Home.

A Murderous Chinaman Blows Up a Powder Factory-Satisfied With Germany's Neutrality---General Garcia Reported Dead---Veterans Meet in Atlanta-- A Mississippi Mob's Work-- The American and Spanish Soldiers Hobnobbing at Santiago -- IlleTreating the Spaniards.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special)-Ar-1 BLEW UP THE POWDER MILL. rangements practically have been concluded by the government for the transportation of the Spanish prisoners at Santiago, from Cuba to Spain. The contract was awarded to the Spanish | Explosive Company, of Oakland, Cal., trans-Atlantic Company, represented | were blown up by a murderous Chinaby J. M. Ceballos & Co., of New York. The company agrees to carry the pris- stables who were trying to arrest the oners from Cuban ports to Spain at the rate of \$20 for each enlisted man, and \$55 for each commissioned officer, subsistence to be furnished by the company on the army ration basis, as provided for in the government's adver- | defled the officers who went to arrest tisement for bids. The award provides also that the company shall have five ships at Santiago in nine days from the 21st instant, two in 17 days and | giant powder, barricaded himself, and of the prisoners in 21 days.

Work of a Murderous Chinaman -- Six Lives Lost.

The works of the Western Fuse and man. Five deputy sheriffs and conmurderer were killed. The celestial, who was employed in the works and who caused the awfui explosion, had killed a fellow countryman in a quarrel over a Chinese lottery ticket. He then him. The murderer fled into the magazine, which contained five tons of

Natural Wealth, Industries and Population of Eastern Caba.

THE SURRENDERED TERRIFORY

The territory in Eastern Cuba, surrendered by General Toral, embraces about one-third of that province, certainly its most valuable part, if one considers its marvelous fertility as a sugar and coffee district and its inexhaustible deposits of iron ore and manganese iron. The harbor of Santiago de Cuba is one of the largest in the West Indies. Its importance from a naval and military standpoint is of the highest order. Whoever holds that harbor commands Eastern Cuba, The harbor is to Eastern Cuba what the harbor of Havana is to Western Cuba. It is the key to the district at all times. The Morro and Le Socapa forts, if evident that the Cubans were greatly modernized, can make for any fleet the disappointed at the step taken by the entrance to its harbor an impossibility. As a coaling station, as a refuge in the confidently counted upon having Sanhurricane season, its perfectly landlocked harbor holds first rank. plunder, as they had in succession its geographical position makes the sacked Baiquiri, Siboney and El Caney. harbor an absolute esssential to the province for six or seven months of keen when they ascertained that they the year, when the soft and imperfect were not to be permitted to take posroads of the interior and coast sections session of the city upon General Toare wholly or nearly impassable, owing rai's surrender. to the copious tropical downpour. The city of Sautiago during the rains is almost cut off from the interior, save by a short and unimportant section of railway. It communicates by sea with neighboring ports on the island, and ships to the world without, sugar, coffee, dye and other woods, iron ore,

manganese and fruits. Santiago before the war had an estimated population of 71,000, of whom more than three-fourths were Spanish negroes and their descendants, the whole being the descendants of the African slaves sold in Cuba, the last of Cuba is in a vast majority. Some thousands of whites hitherto have been Spanish officers and soldiers, naval enough to complete the transportation | threatened to blow up the magazine if | chants and planters. While the maany one came to arrest him. Deputy jority are of Spanish or Cuban descent, to stop. As the Irene refused to obey The ships will fly the colors of Spain | Sheriff Charles White, after a consul- | many are English, French, Germans | a shell was sent across her bow and a and will be manned. probably, entire- tation with the others, determined to and Americans. Many Spanish officers small boat went to-discover what she ly by Spanish crews. It was remarked break down the barricade, not believ- married Cuban wives, and many upon was doing. The German admiral proas one of the curious developments of | ing the Chinaman would keep his prom- retiring on their pensions settled in | tested and insisted that German ships

TURNED INTO CONTEMPT.

The American Troops Thoroughly Disgusted With Their Allies. Santiago, de Cuba (By Cable). - A fact which is impressed more and more every day upon the men and officers is the increasing strained relations between the Americans and General Garcia's Cuban soldiers. Indeed the situation has now reached a point where there is practically no communication between the armies and their relations border on those of hostility rather than the relations which one would suppose should exist between all. When Gen. Shafter announced his decision not to let the Cuban Junta enter the city of Santiago, deep mutterings were heard among General Garcia's men. It was American commander, for they had tiago turned over to them to loot and Consequently their disappointment was

The Cuban soldiers now fully realize that there is a rising sentiment against them in the army. They hear nothing but words of scorn from our men as they pass lugging their bacon and hard tack into the woods. Even our officers no longer conceal their disgust for their allies, and it is understood that the warm friendship displayed toward them at first has now turned into contempt, for the Cubans have neither fought nor worked.

Another Incident.

The Hong Kong correspondent of the whom were freed about twelve years London Daily Mail says: "United ago. The black element in eastern States Consul Wildman informs me that as the German cruiser, Irene, was passing Mariveles, off Manila recently, officers and sailors, and the rest mer- the United States gunboat Hugh Mc-Cullough was sent after her to ask her

Gen. Aguinaldo Declares Dictatorship and Martial Law Over the Philippines.

# SPANISH MINISTER SAYS PEACE WILL SOON BE EFFECTED.

Admiral Sampson Cabled the War Department that the Nipe Expedition Was a Success Gen. Blanco Issued a Proclamation. Gen. Wood Appointed Military Governor of Santiago. Aguinaldo's Ornaments. Americans Complimented.

vanced to Janho, only two miles from army at Santiago capitulated "with all the Spanish lines surrounding Manila. honors of war owing to the exhausted The California troops have been thrown out by General Aderson to form the advance of the attack in force. South Manila is to be captured first. The Colorado and Utah batteries are being army the King of Spain, the Spanish government and the whole country places the trust of defence at any cost ships. The Tenth Pennsylvania Volships. The Tenth Pennsylvania Vol-unteers, with the rest of the artillery, tory and the honor of Spain's Immacu will land at Malabon, just north of late flag." Manils. Brigadier General Francis V. Green, formerly colonel of the Seventy-first Regiment, of New York, is in command of the advance, General Anderson remaining at Cavite.

Bombarding Malato Fort. The insurgents are gradually getting artillery into action against Pondo, Santa Meso and Malato. The fighting is desultory. The Spaniards have been driven from the trenches outside Malate and the irsurgents are strongly en. July 22. -Expedition to Nipe has been trenched near the walls of the fort. entirely successful, although the mines The insurgents have begun-to bombard have not been removed, for want of Malato fort, and have struck the telegraph company's cable house.

DISPATCHES from Cavite say
the entire regiment of First
California Volunteers have ad-Captain General Blanco has issued a

> Americans Complimented. The London weeklies devote them selves to a discussion of what the Speaker terms "compulsory imperialism" and complimented the behavior of the Americans at Santiago.

The Nipe Expedition. The following message has been received at the Navy Department: "Playa, defending the place,



SCENE OF THE PORTO BICAN CAMPAIGN UNDER GENERAL MILES.

Aguinaldo's Ornaments.

General Aguinaldo has issued an absurd proclamation dealing chiefly with official insignia. He, as president of arrival at Porto Rico. (Signed) Same the Philippine ministry, is to wear a son. gold collar, with a gold triangular pendant, engraved with the sun and three stars, and to carry a gold whistle, as well as a stick with a gold handle and a tassel of gold. The badges of innumerable other officials are minutely dealt with in the proclamation.

Aguinaldo Declares Dictatorship. The following telegram has been to ceived at the War Department: "Hong Kong, July 22. - Secretary of the Navy: The following is for the Secretary of War or the Adjutant General: Aguinaldo declares dictatorship and martial law over all the islands. The people expect independence. (Signeb) Anderson.

It Was All Yellow Stuff. Major John J. Bubb, commander at Fort McPherson, denied that any Spanish prisoners had escaped from the military prison at the barracks.

Bryan's Train in a Wreck. The third section of the train carrying William J. Bryan's Third Nebraska Regiment to Jacksonville, while back- ing movement in favor of the intervel ing into the depot at Macon, Ga., was tion of France, and that steps are run into by a switch engine. A caboose about to be taken to formally invite at the rear end of the Pullman car, in France to take Catelonia, of which which were Major Scharman, of the Barcelona is the capital, and which has Third Battalion, and several officers, was stove in. Nobody was injured,

Entered Upon Peace Negotiations. The Madrid correspondent of the London Daily Mail says: "Senor Sagasta told a representative of El Imparcial that the government had already entered upon the preliminary stage of peace negotiations.

May be Added to Our Navy. The committee appointed by Ad. zette, Berlin, from Shanghai, asserts miral Sampson to examine the wreek that the relations between the of the Reina Mercedes, reports that and Americans at Manila are very the vessel can be raised and added to friendly. the American navy.

Rebels Have the Swelled Head. Dispatches from Cavite say that the rebels have "swelled heads" and are likely to cause the Americans trouble.

Protectorate Will Not Be Allowed. The Berlin correspondent of the London Daily News says: "The powers, with the exception of Great Britain, have agreed not to allow an American annexation of the Philippines or an Anglo-American protectorate over the islands."

To Abolish the Censorship. Directors of leading newspapers waited upon Senor Sagasta and urged him to abolish the existing state of siege and censorship.

Caught by the Mayflower. The British steamer New Foundland. loaded with food supplies, was captured by the Mayflower off Cienfuegos, into which harbor she was heading, and a prize crew on put board of her and sent to Charleston, S. C.

Santa Fee Train Held Up. The south-bound Santa Fe passenger and nobody on the train injured except department.

without loss on our part. The Anna; olis and Wasp afterward proceeds from Nipe to assist in the landing

"Thank God," Said the Queen. A special dispatch from Madrid savs "The arrival of Gen. Polavieja has in creased the persistent talk of a caloue crisis. The Queen Regent is credited with exclaiming: 'Thank God!' when she knew he was coming. Opinions differ as to whether a semi-military cabinet would make for peace or for a continuance of the war, but all are

Will be Converted into Cruisers. The four prize steamers Guide, Cala lina, Miguel Jover and Buena Ventura, may be converted into cruisers.

To Give Catalonia to France, Advices from Madrid say that tele grams from Barcelona report a grow an area of over 12,000 miles, under her

The Weekly Bank Clearings. The total bank clearings for the week in the United States were \$1,152,800 653; per cent increase 5.0. Exclusive of New York \$476,031,503; per cent increase 5.5.

Very Friendly.

Postal Facilities at Santiago.

The President has issued a general order opening postal communication between the United States and the Santiago district.

The Carlists are creating con-derable alarm in the province of Catalonia

General Wood Appointed. has been appointed military governor of Santiago de Cuba, succeeding General McKibben, who returns to his old duty, and who is on the sick list.

Col. Bryan Arrives in Jacksonville. The Third Regiment of Nebrasks Volunteer, in command of Col. William J. Bryan, has arrived in Jacksonville. Fla., on six special trains, over the Plant System.

## the war that the United States governise. Accordingly, the entire rosse Cuba and became land owners and had a right to enter the harbor without ment should enter into a friendly con beaded for the door. True to his word, planters. tract with a company, many of whose | the Chinaman fired the giant powder, The rich alluvial soil of eastern Cuba Dewey declined to recognize. It is revessels are auxiliary cruisers to the killing five officers and blowing himself has made it the chief sugar producing ported that Admiral von Driedrichs, Spanish navy, and some of which have to atoms so small that but one piece has centre in Cuba. The black soil has a who is in command of the German varying depth of from 12 to 16 feet. | squadron at Manila, interviewed Capt. been captured or destroyed by the navy | been found. ISLAND OF CUBA The Portion Surrendered to the United States is East of the Black Line Running from Ascerraderos to Boca del Sagua.

of the United States. On the basis of 24,000 and 1,000 officers, it will cost the prisoners.

Veterans in Atlanta.

The Confederate Veterans reunion opened with 40,000 visitors. Governor rium in Piedment Park. The speeches of the day were rounded with praises of heroic deeds and achievements of the sons of the South in the present war, and the names of Hobson, Bagley, Schley and Blue were cheered to the echo. Gen. Chas. E. Hooker, of Mississippi, the orator of the day, was dress was well received.

Friendly Feelings Exist.

Hundreds of American and Spanish soldiers who but c few days ago were of Santiago, meeting and mixing on the most friendly terms. A general feeling of good fellowship is evinced everywhere, victors and vanquished apparently being equally rejoiced that the strife and bloodshed are over, and that ion. Gen. Wood appointed military the horrors of the siege are ended. Quaint stores, with gaudy displays of

> Garcia Reported Dead. A Kingston, Jamaica, cable to the New York Evening Post, says: "Cubans arriving from Siboney bring reports of the death of General Garcia. They make a mystery of it, saying that it should not be known in Cuba yet, or in the United States for reasons of

Miles Detained.

Gen. Miles did not sail Monday, as announced, for Porto Rico, but it is stated at the War Department he will leave shortly with one brigade of inof a strong naval escort.

\$500 for the Benefit Bale. The first bale of new cotton was sold Dispatches from Madrid State that auction in New York. The first bid was \$200, while the buyer, President William V. King, of the cotton ex-change, paid \$500 for the cotton. The by H. &. B. Beer, of New Orleans, to not bear the idea of being turned down be sold for the benefit of the United States hospital fund.

> Advices from Honolula indicate that the coast defence vessel Monterey will the coast desence vessel Monterey will mander at Guantanamo, refuses to be Canada for the purpose of adjusting the take possession of the Caroline Islands, included in the "capitulation" of San-relations between the United States before reaching Manila.

How Peace Could Be Hastened The Madrid correspondent of The London Standardsays: "The prospects on June 28th, have arrived at Seattle, of peace could be much promoted if the Wash., on the City of Seattle, bring-United States were to control properly ing with them gold dust and drafts the impatience and ambition of both estimated at \$6,000,000. Of this the Cuban and Philippine insurgents." amount \$180,000 was dust.

Frisco Train Held Up. The Frisco passenger train, between Wichita, Kan., and St. Louis, was held | was caught by the anchor of the Massaup by two masked men at Andover, ten chusetts near Aguadores. The finding

Germany's Neutrality. the alleged complications between the which might serve as a foundation for the reports of such complications. On Atkinson delivered the address of wel- the contrary it is learned that there has come. A great ovation was given Gen- been recent communications between eral Gordon. Much disappointment the two governments of a kindly nawas expressed at the unavoidable ab- | ture, and that at no time since the war sence of Mrs. Jefferson Davis. The begun has there been greater reason interest of the day centered in the first | than now exists for confidence in Germeeting of the veterans at the audito- many's neutrality in the war between

-From Baltimore Morning Herald.

Affairs at Manila. According to advices brought by the Empress of India from Hong Kong, the chief news of the moment is that Manila is ready to surrender. Not that given a cordial reception and his ad- the archbishop and captain-general are ready to capitulate before they are compelled to do so, but that the backbone of resistance is unquestionably broken and upon a real show of force and intention to bombard the town, if the officials do not give in, the Spanshooting at each other wowd the streets | iards will haul down the Spanish flag.

Mob's Deadly Work.

A mob at Westville, Miss., stormed the Simpson county jail, killing W. T. Patterson, who was confined there on the charge of murdering Lawrence Brinston. The building and the body wares, are opening rapidly, and the of the prisoner were burned. The body storekeepers eagerly accept American of the unfortunate man was literally riddled with bullets. Patterson killed Brinson in April, 1897, as the result of a quarrel. He had had four trials, but always escaped sentence on a technicality, and the mob intervened, wearied by the law's delay.

Toral to be Court-Martialed. The Madrid government has received dispatch from Captain General Blanco in which he announced that he had not state, and give no particulars except authorized the capitulation of Santiago that he was shot. Spanish refugees de Cuba, and asserting that the place was surrendered without his knowledge.

As a result, General Toral will be rigorously tried by court martial. First Porce Rican Expedition. The first expedition for the Porto Rican invasion has left Charleston. Each of the ships carried vast quanti-

were 1,000 head of mules. Schley's Cousin Commits Suicide. Freeman Bohley, cousin of Commo-Tampa, Fla. Prof. Schley's friends that his disappointment at not getting in the navy preyed upon his mind and despite his sunny disposition, he could

by a kinsman.

Refuses to Capitulate. General Parreja, the Spanish commander at Guantanamo, refuses to be

tiago de Cuba. More Gold From Dawson. Seventeen miners who left Dawson

Cable Found by Accident. The last cable from Santiago de Cuba

Sugar cane has been growing there | Chichester, of the British cruiser Im-Inquiries by the Associated Press in without replanting from ten to twenty mortalite as to what he would do if the government \$535,000 to transport the official quarters, at Washington, as to years, and two yearly crops of fine cane Germans interfered with the bombard are raised with a minimum of labor and | ment of Manila. Capt. Chichester reexpense. Coffee does very well. A plan- plied that only Admiral Dewey and United States and Germany in the tation matures in six years. Once pro- himself knew that.' Philippines, failed to elicit anything ducing, it is a small gold mine to its owners. Cattle do well and have proved very prefitable.

The forests of eastern Cuba are almost unexplored. They cover its mountain sides and abound in the choicest of | between General Aguinaldo's secretary. tropical mahogany, hard cedar, lingum | Legardo, and a prominent native white vitae and dyewoods. The minerals of eastern Cuba deserve special mention. In the olden days much copper was got not far from the city of Santiago. That industry seems to have been abandoned for the more profitable one of iron ore and managanese iron. The first exists in practically inexhaustible quantities. A few words in conclusion on the climate of eastern Cuba. The old-time Spanish discoverers divided climates in mountainous section in the tropics into three classes. First, the tierra, calliente, or hot lauds, all lands on the coast, and extending about 2,000 feet above the sea level. From 2,000 to 4,-000 feet the tierra templada, or temper-The temperate climate, potatoes, corn | 227,000 as now organized. and many vegetables including valuable fruits and woods, not forgetting certain kinds of coffee and cane. The

cold climate, woods, the vegetables of northern climates, wild hogs, and mountain game. The coasts are hot and generally unhealthy. The acclimated natives stand it, having their bouts of malaria, trop- | eral Toral "is alleged to have written ical dysentery and other ailments. Oceasionally vellow fever kills them.

acclimated whites. Acclimation, properly so called, is a matter of years.

Ill-Treating the Spaniards. Advices received at Madrid from the Philippine Islands say that the natives | Second Illinois Regiment, was shot are ill-treating 4,000 Spanish prisoners, three times at Jacksonville, Fla., by but that it is hoped that the friendly Private Henry McClain, of the First offices of the French government will North Carolina Regiment. Lake is in rescue many of the Spaniards.

Roster of Spanish Prisoners. The War Department received a dispatch from General Shafter, saying that the roster of prisoners had been autry and some artillery under convoy ties of amunition, and on No. 21 there handed in by General Toral and that the Madrid, as all of the cables from Cubs total is 22,789 men.

A Home to be Offered Cevera. A movement has been started at Port in front of the exchange building at dore Schley, committed suicide at Tampa to present Admiral Cervera a home on Tampa Bay, in recognition of who have been intimate with him say his humane and chivalric treatment of Hobson and crew, and a desire to save him from insult and possible death should he return to Spain. Canadian Commission Appointed.

The President has appointed a com-

on the part of Great British and and Canada. Public Buildings Burned. MADRID, Spain (By Cable). - The increase in the octori rates, or duties on produce taken into towns, is causing turbulence in the rural districts. The

and flour, and attacked and set fire to a number of public buildings. Cerro Gordon Williams Dead. General John S. Williams, ex-United

populace of the province of Huelno has

rebelled against the import of corn

Augusti Will Not Give Up. Dispatches from Manila say an important interview has just been held man and the Spanish commander, Captain Augusti. The insurgents' representatives urged General Augusti to surrender the city, asserting that 50,-000 insurgent surrounded Manila and were able to enter it at any moment. The captain-general replied that he must fight, however hopeless the Span-

Total Strength of the Army. The total enlisted strength of the regular army to date is about 44,000 men, being about 18,000 short of its legal complement. The volunteer army consists of 183,000 men, and is only 17, ate climate: from 4,000 to 7,000 and 000 short of its maximum authorized 8,000 feet the terra fria, or cold climate. | strength, under the two calls issued by The coastal climate produces all the | the President. The total strength of fruits and vegetables of the tropics. | the army, regular and volunteer, is

Spanish View of the Surrender. A semi-official note has been published at Madrid, explaining the circumstances from a Spanish standpoint of the surrender of Santiago de Cuba. It declares that the letter which Gento General Shafter," is apocryphal, as the telegraph version contains a state-The temperate zone, with the hill ment which it is impossible for General Toral to have made, because it is unclimate of Cuba, is the place for all untrue that his government authorized

him to capitulate.

Shooting at Jacksonville. Private Thomas G. Lake, of the the hospital, but is not seriously wounded. McClain is under arrest.

Blanco Isolated. Gen. Blanco is completely shut off from communication by cable with

are under American censorship.

Heavy Penalty for Zola and Perreaux. The second trial of M. Emile Zola and M. Perreaux, publisher of the Aurore, on the charge of libel brought against them by the officers of the Esterhazy court-martial, was concluded at Varsailles in the Assize Court. M. Zola and M. Perraeux were each sentenced to a year's imprisonment, to 3,000 francs fine and to pay the costs

mission to meet a similar commission Not in Sympathy with Them. The Cuban Junta is not in sympathy with the insurgent generals in their endeavor to create strife between the United States and the Insurgents.

of the suit.

Manzanillo Bombarded, A special dispatch from Havana

dated Monday, says: "Seven American warships heavily bombarded Manzanillo. Three steamers of the Menendez Line were set on fire. Several gunboats that were in the harbor issued forth in defense of the town, but were stranded.

The patriotic German-Americans in New York, anxious to show their fealty miles east of Wichita. One man was of the cable was accidental. It has been killed and several hundred dollars were decided to buoy the cable for future and civil wars, died at his home in Mt. I tional government with a modern bat- those on the engine. Sterling, Ky. to the land of their adoption, are agithe commander general of the army

agreed that it would at any rate put au end to the present inverebrate policy

Captured by the Maple. The Spanish sloop Domingo Aurell of about 20 tons, was captured by the United States auxiliary gunboat Maple and towed into Key West.

A dispatch to the Frankfurter (in-

Carlists Creating Alarm.

A number of Carlist papers have been suppressed. It is said Senor Sagasta and the authorities dare not arrest of molest the Carlists. General Wood, of the Rough Rivers.

Postoffice at Porto Rico. Postmaster General Emory Smile train was held up near Saginaw, eight has made another extension of the miles north of Fort Worth, Tex., by postal service in establishing Postal masked men. Nothing was obtained Rico as a military station under the