THE MORGANTON HERALD

Successor to "The Morganton Star."

HERALD PUBLISHING CO., Publishers.

W. C. ERVIN, - - EDITOR.

JOB PRINTING.

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The Morganton Herald.

State Library

VOL. VIII. MORGANTON, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1892. NO. 6.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Inches.	1 month.	2 months.	3 months.	6 months.
1	$1 00	$1 50	$2 00	$3 00
2	2 00	3 00	4 00	6 00
3	3 00	4 50	6 00	8 00
4	4 00	6 00	8 00	10 00
8	7 00	10 00	15 00	20 00
12	10 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
16	12 00	20 00	25 00	40 00

NORTH CAROLINA.

NEWS OF THE STATE.

Items of Interest from North Carolina Points.

..Mr. J. H. Hyrover, late of Fayetteville *Observer*, is on the editorial staff of the Charlotte *Observer*.

..The Madison *News* says that a citizen of Leaksville caught a carp a few days ago weighing over twenty-two pounds.

..The people of vicinity of Bost's Mills, Cabarrus county, have built a wire bridge across Rocky river, which is the only one of the kind in the State.

..The committee on Public Buildings and grounds has favorably recommended a bill in Congress for a $50,000 government building at Durham.

..James Miller, brother of the late deputy marshal Julius D. Miller, who was murdered several weeks ago, will probably succeed his brother as an officer in the revenue service.

..Gov. Holt has offered $200 reward for the unknown assassin or assassins of Atlas P. Taylor, a prominent farmer of Northampton county, who was murdered near Seaboard April 1.

..Rev. Carter H. Jones, of Knoxville, Tenn., will preach the sermon before the graduating class at Wake Forest in June. Hon. J. W. Bailey, now Congressman from Texas, will deliver the literary address before the societies.

..The Commissioner of Agriculture says he finds much interest in the culture of broom corn. Letters in regard to it are coming in daily. In the West it is an important industry, but in North Carolina there are only little "patches" here and there.

..Reuben Johnson, a white man who lives at Campbellton, a suburb of Fayetteville, was bitten by a dog about two months ago, and hydrophobia developed, and he is now a great sufferer. He bites, snaps and barks like a dog. The doctors are much interested in the case, the *Robesonian* says, and are giving him every attention.

..Benjamin Henderson, the negro postmaster at Fayetteville, has received his commission from the President, and last week he took charge of the office. A postmaster inspector was there week before last and had a conference with the Radicals, and his report must have been favorable to Henderson, the Lumberton *Robesonian* says.

..May 15th to 19th will be commencement week at Catawba College, Newton. Rev. W. S. Creasy, D. D., pastor of the Methodist church of Charlotte, will deliver the address at 11 a. m., May 19th. The marshals for the occasion are G. S. Abernethy, of Hickory, J. W. Foust, Little Rock, Ark.; E. C. Ivey, Newton, N. C.; J. W. Young, Lexington, N. C.; L. N. Glenn, Crowder's Creek, N. C.; C. M. Inman, Yorkville, S. C.; O. M. Boyd, Gastonia, N. C.

..The State *Chronicle* says that Mr. Thomas B Ashford, of Kinston, has invented a machine which makes kindling wood of sawdust. It is of course important to saw-mill men. Mr. Ashford sells rights both to the patent and the use of the machines. The machinery brings the sawdus to a heat of 250 degrees, which extracts all water and sap. The sawdust is then placed in the mixing department of the machine, which sends down like a shower of rain sawdust and kerosene oil, stirring it rapidly together and thoroughly mixing it. The mixed material is then placed in a press, which presses it into small bales sixty by twenty inches, putting bagging and wire around it at the same time. It is then ready for market, and 25 cents worth of it to start fires is equivalent to a dollar's worth of any other fuel. The patents on both the machinery and methods are owned by T. B. Ashford, James W. Russ, of Kinston, and Charles Gehrmann, of Baltimore. County and State rights are for sale.

..The Shelby *Aurora* of last week gives an account of a terrible tragedy which occnrred in Rutherford county, Saturday, April 10th. Sunday morning Charles Atkins and his son Weldon Atkins had a quarrel, which terminated in the father driving his son away from home. That afternoon about three o'clock the son returned home, when the difficulty was renewed. Both parties were drinkiug some that day. The father was partly undressed and had on neither coat nor shirt when he chased his son thrice around the house. The son outran the father, and when twelve or fifteen feet distant, picked up a stone weighed about one and a half pounds and threw it at this father. The stone hit the father in the head, fracturing his skull and causing Charles Atkins' death Monday night. The son got his money and left immediately after giving his father the fatal blow. He took the 3. C's train Sunday night, going west. The lad was nineteen years old; his slain father was forty-two and leaves a widow and seven children to share a heritage of shame. The son has not yet been arrested. Our correspondent at Item says the father provoked the trouble. His letter leads one to inter that the father intended to chastise the son, who ran and picked up a rock, but this is not clear.

EAVES DOWNS MOTT.

A Monkey and Parrot Tune at the Republican State Convention.

From the *News and Observer's* account of the Republican State Convention, which met in Raleigh last Thursday, we cull the following:

The election of a permanent chairman was announced in order and V. S. Lusk, Esq., of Buncombe, was placed in nomination by Henderson (colored) of Rowan. Mr. Hancock, of Craven, nominated H. L. Grant, of Wayne. Mr. Grant declined in favor of Mr. Lusk and he was elected by acclamation and was conducted to the chair by Delegate Henderson and Mr. John Nichols.

Mr. Lusk then addressed the Convention, reading a prepared speech from manuscript. He arraigned the Democratic State government for the past twenty years and painted a dark and lurid picture of wrongs and oppressions. He characterized the election law as an outrage upon an unfortunate and helpless people. He declared that the despot's heel was upon the soil of North Carolina. His speech was a continued series of bewailings, which might well be likened to a chapter from Lamentations.

At the close of his speech he declared the convention ready for business. Then came the tempest.

The temporary secretaries were made permanent officers, and it was moved that the convention proceed to elect a State Chairman of the Executive Committee for the ensuing two years.. This was met by opposition from Mr. M. L. Mott, who declared that it was unusual, and not the business for which the convention was called. He demanded that the call signed by Chairman Eaves be read. The call was read by the Secretary. It was a call to elect delegates.

Mr. Mott then contended that this was not the time to elect the chairman. It should be done at a future day. If this was done today there would be a full State ticket nominated to-day also. It had not been indicated in this call that anything would be done to-day save the election of four delegates to the Minneapolis convention. The party was not going to stand any deceiving or any "clap trap." Mr. Mott claimed that the proposed action was contrary to precedent and called upon the chair to rule the motion out of order.

A considerable spat followed, participated in by various delegates in which the Eaves-Mott forces were brought into full play, the former favoring the immediate election of the chairman, and the latter favoring the election of delegates first. John Williamson said it was in the minds of the people that the revenue ring officers were exercising too much power in this convention.

Mr. Powers, of Richmond, demanded that Williamson retract his imputation with regard to revenue officers, or else that he be made to leave the convention.

Williamson said he would retract anything he had said which was personal, but he insisted that the office holders were dominating the convention.

Mr. Lehman also protested against Williamson's language.

Mr. Mancock of Craven got the floor amid great disorder and attempted to make a speeeh, when Williamson asked him if he didn't hold an office in the New Berne custom house. He answered that he did, whereupon Williamson replied that he ought to be at home attending to his business.

The confusion here grew very great, 20 or 30 delegates standing on their feet and shouting.

Mr. C. A. Cook of Warren moved to lay the previous question on the table which upon being put was declared lost. The confusion grew stormy while the previous question was loudly called for and the chair taking his seat in disgust remarked that after the convention got through witn the row it might proceed to business. As the storm continued to rise chairman Lusk pounded the table till he broke the gavel. The voice of the gentleman from New Berne was loud above the others as he ran about the hall gesticulating and John Williamson moved to send him back to New Berne.

Mr Lehman in the interest of hormony finally withdrew the call for the previous question. This was greeted with further jangling which increased all the time and for ten minutes half of the convention stood upon its feat and roared.

Finally order was partially restored and Mr. O. J. Spears who had the floor some time was able to proceed but he did not get far and no sort of order was restored till delegate Henderson of Cabarrus, the orignal mover, withdrew the motion to go into the election of State Chairman.

The convention then proceeded to elect delegates and H. P. Cheatham was elected by acclamation. On succeeding ballots the following were elected: E. A. White, J. C. Pritchett and Jno. C. Dancy, colored.

When a motion was finally made to go into the election of State Chairman, it was amended so as to provide for the nomination of two electors for the State at large This was first taken up and resulted in the choice of J. S. Blackburn, of Ashe, and C. M. Bernard, of Pitt.

The election of chairman was proceeded with about 10:30 p. m., and the stormy scenes of the afternoon were renewed. John B. Eaves and V. S. Lusk were placed in nomination. Dr. Mott, M, L. Mott, O. J. Spears and others were in the front leading their forces on for Lusk, while the friends of Eaves were shouting, gesticulating and running about.

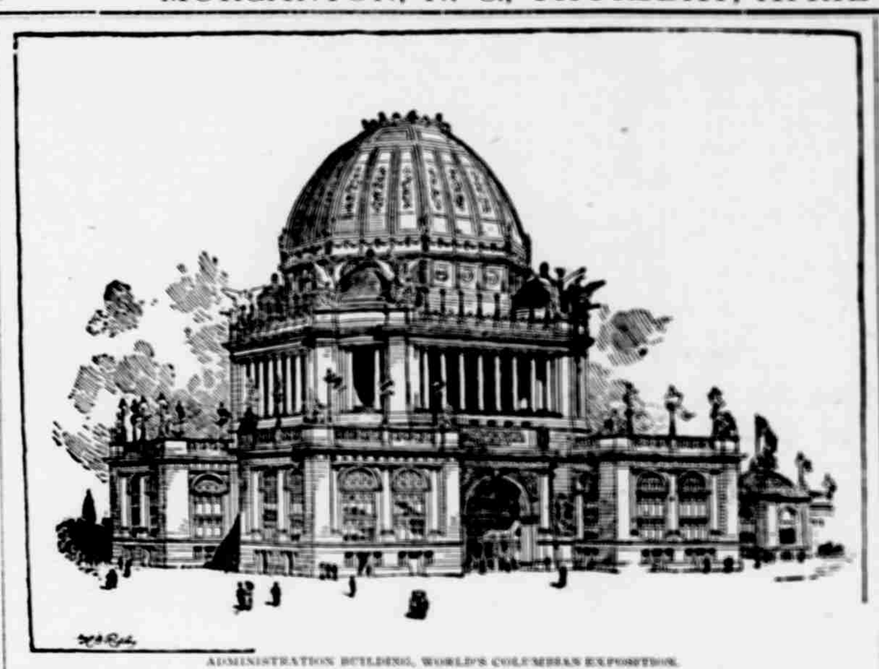
Spears in addressing the convention intimated that Eaves had had the name of Charles Price cut from the tickets in a certain county when he ran for Supreme court Justice.

This was reiterated by M. L. Mott. Eaves came forward to reply, but some of his friends forcibly prevented him from speaking and carried him behind the scenes.

The ballot was finally begun about 11 o'clock and resulted in the election of Eaves.

The ballot resulted Eaves 167, Lusk 50.

The convention next proceeded to complete the organization of the new Executive Committee, and did not adjourn till after midnight. No State ticket was nominated.



ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

THE ADMINISTRATION BUILDING.

Worlds Columbian Exposition

By popular verdict the Administration Building is pronounced the gem and crown of the Exposition palaces. It is located at the west end of the great court in the southern part of the site, looking eastward, and at its rear are the transportation facilities and depots. The most conspicuous object which will attract the gaze of visitors on reaching the grounds is the gilded dome of this lofty building. This imposing edifice will cost about $450,000. The architect is Richard M. Hunt, of New York, President of the American Institute of Architects, to whose established reputation it is a notable contribution. It covers an area of 260 feet square and consists of four pavilions 84 feet square, one at each of the four angles of the square, and connected by a great central dome 120 feet in diameter and 220 feet in height, leaving at the centre of each facade a recess 82 feet wide, within which are the grand entrances to the building. The general design is in the style of the French reanaissance. The first great story is in the Doric order, of heroic proportions, surrounded by a lofty balustrade and having the great tiers of the angle of each pavilion crowned with sculpture. The second story, with its lofty and spacious colonnade, is of the Ionic order.

The four great entrances, one on each side of the building, are 50 feet wide and 50 feet high, deeply recessed and covered by semi-circular arched vaults, richly coffered. In the rear of these arches are the entrance doors, and above them great screens of glass, giving light to the central rotunda. Across the face of these screens, at the level of the office floor, are galleries of communication between the different pavilions.

The interior features of this great building even exceed in beauty and splendor those of the exterior. Between every two of the grand entrances, and connecting the intervening pavilion with the great rotunda, is a hall or loggia 30 feet square, giving access to the offices and provided with broad, circular stairways and swift-running elevators.

Above the balcony is the second story, 50 feet in height. From the top of the cornice of this story rises the interior dome, 200 feet from the floor, and in the centre is an opening 50 feet in diameter, transmitting a flow of light from the exterior dome overhead. The underside of the dome is enriched with deep panelings, richly moulded, and the panels are filled with sculpture in low relief, and immense paintings representing the arts and sciences. In size this rotunda rivals, if it does not surpass, the most celebrated domes of a similar character in the world.

Industrial March of the South.

N. Y. Herald.

The rapid strides which the South is making in industrial and material prosperity are shown by the striking figures presented by Mr. Carroll D. Wright, United States Commissioner of Labor, in an address at Nashville.

In ten years—from 1880 to 1890—cotton mills increased in number from a hundred and sixty-one to three hundred and thirty-four, spindles from a half a million to two millions and the value of products from sixteen to fifty-four million dollars. During the same period the capital invested in woolen manufactures increased from four to ten millions.

In 1880 the banking capital of the South was ninety-two million dollars; in 1890 it was a hundred and seventy-one millions. The total capital invested in manufactures and establishments of all kinds rose from a hundred and seventy-nine millions in 1880 to five hundred and fifty-one millions in 1890.

These proofs of Southern progress are a matter for congratulation in the North as well as the South.

Another Prize Problem

If Moses was the son of Pharaoh's daughter, what relation would Moses be to the daughter of Pharaoh's son?

The *Queen* will give an elegant Mason & Risch or Steinway Fine Toned Upright Piano to the first person answering the above problem correctly; an elegant Gold Watch for the second correct answer; a China Dinner Set for the third correct answer; an elegant Silk Dress Pattern for the fourth correct answer and many other valuable prizes, all of which will be announced in the March issue of the *Queen*. Valuable special prizes will be given for the first correct answer *from each State*. Each person answering must enclose fifteen two cent U. S. stamps for "THE CANADIAN QUEEN MILITARY SCHOTTISCHE," *just out*, together with a copy of the *Queen*, containing a beautiful water-color reproduction, "Seven, He Loves," and full particulars of our Educational Prize Competitions. The object of offering these prizes is to increrase the circulation of this popular family magazine. *By sending to-day you may secure a valuable prize.* Address *The Canadian Queen*," B" Toronto, Can.

Hints to Young Men.

A very valuable and interesting little pamphlet with the above title has been issued by the University. It contains practical suggestions how to get an education, what to study, and how to become speedily fitted for law, medicine, journalism, teaching, business agriculture. Any one can obtain a copy by addressing President Winston, Chapel Hill, N. C.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by John Tull, Druggist.

Do Not Suffer Any Longer.

Knowing that a cough can be checked in a day, and the first stages of consumption broken in a week, we hereby guarantee Dr. Acker's English Cough Remedy, and will refund the money to all who buy, take it as per directions, and do not find our statement correct. For sale by John Tull, Druggist, Morganton, N. C.

Many rise in the morning with a headache and no inclination for breakfast This is due to torpidity of the liver and a deranged condition of the stomach. To restore healthy action to these organs, nothing is so efficacious as an occasional does of Ayer's Pills.

Can't Sleep Nights

Is the complaint of thousands from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Dr. Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles. Sold on a positive guarantee at 25c. and 50c. For sale by John Tull, Druggist, Morganton, N. C.

P. P. P. stimulates the appetite and aids the process of assimilation, cures nervous troubles, and invigorates and strengthens every organ of the body. Nervous prostration is also cured by the great and powerful P. P. P. Its effects are permanent and lasting

☞ THE HERALD Office for Job Work.

THE SUNFLOWER.

There is Hardly Another Plant in the World Which Serves so Many Uses.

Washington Star.

In return for the corn which Uncle Sam proposes to teach the Russians how to eat, it is seriously suggested that we shall adopt a few hints from them respecting the usefulness of the sunflower.

There are regions in the West which might be most profitably utilized for the cultivation of this plant, which has been found so valuable for food purposes in the empire of the Czar that 750,000 acres in that country are annually planted with it.

Two kinds there are chiefly—one which bears small seeds used in making oil, while the other produces big seeds, which are consumed in enormous quantities by the common people in the same way that peanuts are eaten here, except that they are devoured raw.

There is hardly another plant in the world which serves so many uses, every part of it being valuable for one purpose or another. The oil is so nutritious and agreeable in flavor that in Russia it has to a certain extent superseded all other vegetable oils.

It is obtained by passing the seeds beneath mill-stones, so as to crush the shells, sifting them to separate the kernels, and finally pressing the latter in bags of horse-hair cloth. The cakes left after the oil has been expressed are excellent fodder for cattle.

The shells are employed for heating, special ovens being made to burn them in, while the stalks have almost replaced fire-wood, being gathered and dried in stacks in the fields. A ton of the latter is obtained from each acre cultivated. They make a very hot and quick fire.

The seed cups are utilized as food for sheep. A big one, when ripe, will yield 2,000 seeds. The largest and finest seed cups are selected in the autumn and hung by their stalks in a dry place.

In the following spring the seeds are shaken out of them and dried in ovens for planting. At harvest time the flowers are gathered as fast as they are ripe and spread upon the ground to dry. Then the seeds are beaten out of them with a small stick by whipping each cup.

Finally the seeds are dried in the sun or in kilns and are assorted by means of screens into different sizes.

An acre planted with sunflowers yields 2,000 pounds of seeds, from which 250 pounds of oil may be obtained; 10,000,000 quarts of this oil are produced by Russian mills.

Who knows that the time may not yet come when small boys in this country will gobble sunflower seeds at the circus just as they now consume the festive and odoriferous goober?

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at Tull's Drugstore.

Much Wise.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Dr. King's New Liver Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. John Tull Druggist.

Exhausted vitality, nervousness, lost manhood, weakness caused by overtaxation of the system, will be cured by the powerful P. P. P., which gives health and strength to the wreck of the system.

MR. ELIAS CARR.

Repudiates the St. Louis Platform—He Will Not Be Put in a False Position.

To the Editor of the Farmer-Southerner.

Mr. M. L. Battle, in his communication to the *Southerner* of the 9th inst., states that "in no particular does the St. Louis platform differ from the Ocala platform," and further asks "If Elias Carr will repudiate his own handiwork?" I simply desire to call Mr. B.'s attention to two planks from each platform as parallel below:

Ocala. 1890.	St. Louis. 1892.
1. "We demand that the money issued shall be so issued in future as not to build up one industry at the expense of another."	1. Same as Ocala.
2. "We further demand a removal of the existing heavy tariff tax from the necessities of life, that the poor of our land must have."	2. "Denounce the protective system as a source of oppressive class legislation and a public job, and demand such modification of the present tariff laws as will prevent the exaction from the people of more than a fair and reasonable profit upon the cost of production, to the benefit of the producer and consumer, and not to the enrichment of the few at the expense of the many."
3. "We demand the free coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of sixteen to one, upon the same terms and conditions as the coinage of gold, and we demand such legislation as shall prevent the demonetization of any legal tender money by private contract."	3. "We demand the free coinage of silver and gold upon the basis of 16 to 1, without waiting for the action of any other nation, and we demand such legislation as shall prevent the demonetization of any legal tender money by private contract, or any other device, and we demand that the volume of the currency be so increased as to furnish a sufficient volume to transact the business of the country, and that the laws of the States relating to the issue of money be so amended as to prevent the issue of money by corporations, and that all the money of the people, when issued, be issued only to the people."
4. "We demand that the National and State banks be prohibited from issuing money, and that the National currency be made a charge upon the people, and that the National banks be required to keep the full amount of their circulation in the Treasury of the United States, ready for redemption, and that the people's money be loaned to the people at a low rate of interest, and not to corporations at a high rate of interest."	4. "We demand that the National currency be gradually retired and that no National bank be allowed to issue any money, but that all such currency be issued by the Government of the United States, and that the Government issue no more interest-bearing bonds, but that all such bonds be called in and paid as rapidly as the revenue of the Government shall be applied to their payment, and we demand that the interest-bearing bonds now held by the National banks be taxed to the full extent of the law, and we demand that the telegraph and telephone, like the railroads, be controlled and operated in the interest of the people."

These (Ocala) demands were unhesitatingly engrafted into the State Democratic platform and later re-enacted at Indianapolis. I had the honor to be upon the committee at Ocala that formulated them, reporting unanimously upon these two planks. As yet I have seen no authority or reason for eliminating these planks from the Alliance platform, while on the contrary abundant reason for our endorsing a party which is pushing the Alliance in an innocuous and false attitude by demanding ownership after securing national and State governmental control of railroads and completely ignoring the tariff question, that most important of all reform measures, the present status of which makes possible all trusts and combines that enrich the few and impoverish the many. Truly yours,

ELIAS CARR.

The Work of North Carolina Women at the World's Fair.

The Lady Managers appointed to collect specimens of work of the women of North Carolina, for exhibition at the Columbian Exposition, to be held in Chicago, desire to be placed in communication with experts in all lines of work, both usual and unusual.

They invite correspondence and suggestions on all subjects pertaining to the work they have in hand.

For the better prosecution of the details of this work, they have arranged it into the following Divisions. The name and address of the Lady Manager in charge is given with each Division, so correspondence on the various subjects can be addressed to the lady in charge of that Division, and thus expedite work:

DIVISION A.—Colonial Display, Curios, ancient and modern.—MRS. GEORGE W. KIDDER, Wilmington.

DIVISION B.—Drawing, Paintings, Etchings, Crayon work, Pottery and Home Decorations, Wood Carving, Sculpture, &c.—MRS. CHARLES PENCE, Salisbury.

DIVISION C.—Needle Work, Taxidermy, Feather Work, Leather Work, Fish-Scale Work, &c.—MRS. STELLA DUFFER, Wilmington.

DIVISION D.—Press Work, Literature, Inventors and Inventions, Statistics, &c.—MRS. ROBERT R. COTTEN, Falkland.

The competition at Chicago will be both National and International, and the standard of excellence very high. Consequently the Lady Managers urge upon the people on this occasion to exert any former efforts in their respective lines of work.

The Chairman of the Council-lor, Mrs. Robert R. Cotten, will take pleasure in replying to inquiries on any subject not mentioned in the above classification, which relate to the subject.

The March number of *Babyland*, the mothers' nursery guide, contains an article on "Getting the Teeth—First and Second," by the medical editor, Dr. L. M. Yale, which corrects certain misapprehensions as to the teething process and the troubles which are popularly supposed to accompany it. Similarly helpful medical articles are "The Care of Delicate Children," by Dr. H. D. Chapin, and "Cuts and Scratches," by Dr. H. Power. An alleged "sure cure" for diphtheria is also discussed by a competent medical writer. Of most general interest, perhaps is a curious article on "What Shall be Done with Him?"—an amount a completely unmanageable though not at all vicious boy, which is sure to give rise to considerable discussion. In the "Mothers' Parliament" we find letters on such topics as "Our Children's Playmates," "An Aid to Sleep," "The Duties of an Invalid Mother," "A Cause of Protruding Ears," "Sleeping on the Stomach," "Answering Children's Questions," etc. There are descriptions of many media controversies and nursery novelties, and the usual questions and answers in the department of "Nursery Problems." $2 per year. Address for sample copies The Babyhood Publishing Co., 5 Beekman Street, New York.

Is Life Worth Living?

Not if you go through the world a dyspeptic. Dr. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets are a positive cure for the worst forms of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. Guaranteed and sold by John Tull, Druggist, Morganton, N. C.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

THE EXHIBITS WILL ECLIPSE ANYTHING THE WORLD HAS EVER SEEN.

Interesting Notes Gleaned About the World's Columbian Exposition.

..The World's Fair appropriations by foreign countries, so far as reported, aggregate more than $2,500,000.

..The Canadian Pacific railway will exhibit at the Fair a model passenger train, and also models of the fine ocean steamers in that company's service.

..A Choral building, 160 by 260 feet, and costing $100,000, will be erected near Horticultural Hall. It will be devoted to musical attractions chiefly large choruses.

..A herd of live elk will be taken from Idaho to the Exposition. In the Montana exhibit will be shown about 200 specimens of wild animals and birds, native to that State, and set up by a skilled taxidermist.

..Minnesota will supplement its World's Fair appropriation of $50,000 by $100,000 raised by subscription. Nearly three-fourths of that amount has already been secured. Hennepin county, in which Minneapolis is situated, has contributed $25,000. Minnesota will expend $75,000 for a building.

..The Secretary of the Treasury has instructed collectors of customs at all United States ports that the transportation of articles intended for exhibit at the Exposition must be facilitated in preference to all other importations. Exhibits from foreign ports are already beginning to arrive at New York in considerable numbers.

..Idaho will show some splendid specimens of mica in the Mines Building. It has ledges of mica eight feet thick and apparently inexhaustible. Sheets of it as large as 10 by 12 inches, without a flaw, and as thin as tissue paper, are not uncommon. It is proposed to have some of the windows in the Idaho building glazed with mica.

..From the Royal Nurseries for Ireland John Thorpe of the Bureau of Floriculture has received information that two cases containing 1,550 plants have been shipped to the World's Fair. The announcement came through Alexander Dixon & Co., who maintain the nurseries. Mr. Thorpe believes that his floral display will eclipse anything of the sort which the world has ever seen.

..Several additions have recently been made to the appropriations made by the States and Territories, which now aggregate $3,850,000. Maryland and New York, respectively, have voted $100,000 and $300,000; New Jersey has increased its appropriation of $200,000 by $50,000; Iowa its $50,000 by $125,000, and Massachusetts has doubled the $75,000, which it had already appropriated.

..It has been finally settled that the shoe and leather industry will have a separate building at the Fair. Representatives of that industry have assigned the site offered them, and will erect, at an expense of $100,000, a building, measuring 150 by 600 feet, in which they will show an almost endless array of leather products, and every process in their manufacture from the raw hide to the most finished article.

..The corporation of rifle manufacturers at Liege, Belgium, has addressed a petition to the government asking for a subsidy to enable it to make a worthy exhibit of its branch of industry at the Chicago Exposition. At Liege about 40,000 persons are employed in the manufacture of arms, but during recent years it is said that the productions of Liege have diminished in prestige. The manufacturers are now trying to re-establish their arms in favor, and to this end want to make a fine exhibit at Chicago.

..It is proposed to run from New York to Chicago, at the time of the dedication of the Exposition buildings, ten special trains ten minutes apart, each train to have elaborate decorations and music. It is believed that fully 5,000 people will want to make the trip. It is the intention to have in New York, both preceding and succeeding this triumphal procession, imposing ceremonies of a commemorative character. These include a civic and industrial pageant representing modern progress, a street pageant representing the landing of Columbus and historic scenes from his life, unveiling of a Columbus statue in Central Park Prominent citizens of New York, including members of Spanish and Italian societies, are perfecting the plans.

..Mrs. Palmer, President of the Board of Lady Managers, is in receipt of communications through the State Department showing that the women of Russia are greatly interested in the woman's exhibit at the World's Fair. Secretary Blaine, at Mrs. Palmer's request, had asked the appointment of an imperial commission of Russian women to collect an exhibit of woman's work in the empire. Minister Smith, who presented the request, informs Secretary Blaine that the request was received most graciously and the commission was appointed with Mme. Vishnegradski, wife of the minister of finance, as president. Mme. Vishnegradski is greatly interested in the peasant lace industry of Russia, and has already had considerable correspondence with the Board of Lady Managers on the subject of an exhibit.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

DAVENPORT FEMALE COLLEGE

LENOIR, N. C.

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