JAMES K. JONES.

not voting.

"Minnesota stands only 7 present and

The result of the second ballot was

announced as follows: Bland, 281; Boics, 87; Matthews, 34; McLean, 53;

Bryan, 197; Blackburn, 41; Pattison,

100: Pennoyer, 8; Stevenson, 10; Hill, 1; Teller, 1. Absent and not voting, 160.

The third ballot resulted: Bland, 291;

Boies, 26; Matthews, 84; McLean, 54;

The fourth ballot resulted: Bland,

Bryan was nominated on the fifth bal-

241; Boies, 33; Matthews, 36; McLean,

lot, and on motion of Senator Turpie,

the nomination was made unanimous.

SEWALL NOMINATED.

The Man From Maine Is Bryan's Running-

mate-Convention Adjourns.

CHICAGO, July 11.-The program for

As the hands of the clock pointed to

11 o'clock Chairman White called the

convention to order. There were only

about 4,000 people in the Coliseum. More than half the gold delegates were

present. Contrary to the usual custom,

the proceedings were opened without prayer. A few routine recommenda-tions were made before the names of

the vice presidential candidates were presented. Nominations for the vice presidency were then called for after a motion offered by Senator Jones of Ar-kansas had been adopted limiting nomi-nating speeches to five minutes each.

Voting began amid great confusion. There was a large field of caudidates.

The band then struck up a lively air, while the clerks footed up the first bal-

lot. The result as announced was: Harrity, 21; Teller, 1; White, 1; Pat-

tison, 2; Williams (Massachusetts), 76

22; Harrity, 21; Williams (Illinoiss), 13;

McLean, 250; Sibley, 50; Sewell, 97;

Williams (Massachusetts), 15; Harrity,

Arthur Sewall of Maine was nom

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

age of Silver-Sympathy For Cubs, Etc.

the United States, in national conven-

tion assembled, do reaffirm our allegi-

ance to the essential principles of justice

and liberty upon which our institutions

are founded, and which the Democratic

party has advocated from Jefferson's

time to our own-freedom of speech,

freedom of the press, freedom of con-

science, the preservation of personal

rights, the equality of all citizens before

the law, and the faithful observance of

the constitutional limitations. During

all these years the Democratic party has

resisted the tendency of selfish interests

to the centralization of government

power, and steadfastly maintained the

integrity of the dual scheme of govern-

ment established by the founders of this

republic of republics. Under its guid-

ance and teachings the great principle

of local self government has found its

best expression in the maintenance of

rights of the states and its assertion of

the necessity of confining the general

government to the exercise of the pow-

ers granted by the constitution of the

United States. The constitution of the

United States guarantees to every citi-

zen the rights of civil and religious lib-

erty. The Democratic party has always

been the exponent of political liberty

and religious freedom, and it renews its

obligations and reaffirms its devotion to

pased upon the silver dollar unit.

and of all debts, public and private; the

enrichment of the money-lending class

at home and abroad; the prostration of

industry and impoverishment of the

AGAINST GOLD STANDARD-We

are unalterably opposed to monomet-

allism, which has locked fast the pros-

perity of an industrial people in the

paralysis of hard times. Gold mono-

stitution.

voting, 255.

Blackburn, 27; Pattison, 97; Stevenson,

9; Hill, 1; Bryan, 219; not voting, 162.

46; Bryan, 280.



ASK the recovered dyspeptics, bilious sufferers, victims of fever and ague, the mercurial diseased patient, how they recovered health, cheerful spirits and good appetite; they will tell you by taking SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World! For DYSPEPSIA. CONSTIPATION, Jaundee, Brimus attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Depression, etc. This unrivalled remedy is Heartburn, etc. This unrivalled remedy is sarranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any mineral substance, but is PURELY VEGETABLE. centaining those Southern Roots and Herbs which an all-wise Providence has placed in which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail, will cure all Diseases caused by Derange-

countries will cure ail Diseases caused by Derangeit will cure ail Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver and Bewels.

The SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a
bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the
bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the
bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the
bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the
bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the
bitter of bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the
bitter of the Stormach; Loss of Appetite;
Bowels alternately costive and lax; Headache;
Bowels alternately costive and lax; Headache Regulated in time, froat suitering, wretchedpess and DEATH will ensue.
The following highly esteemed persons attest
to the virtues of Simmons Liver Regulator:
the virtues of Simmons Liver Regulator:
the virtues of Simmons Liver Regulator:
the W. S. Holt, Pres. Ga. S. W. R. R. Co.; Rev.
the W. S. Holt, Pres. Ga. S. W. R. R. Co.; Rev.
the J. R. Felder, Perry, Ga.; Col. E. K. Sparks, Albany, Ga.; C. Masterson, Esq., Sheriff Bibb Co.,
the John J. S. Sheriff Bibb Co.,
the John J. S. Sheriff Bibb Co.,
the John Stephens.
We have tested its virtues, personally, and
how that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness an

before Siminons and the second some than temporary relief; but the Regu-istor not only relieved, but cured us."-ED. TELEGRAPH AND MESSENGER, Macon, Ga. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

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DIOK BLAND STARTED OFF WELL

But Missourl's Favorite Son Lost Steadily After the First Ballot, State After State Joining the Bryan Procession Until the Fifth, When the "Boy Orator of the Platte" Received Several More Than the Five Hundred and Twelve Votes Necessary to a Choice.

Coliseum, where at 12:50 o'clock Chairman Harrity called to order the Democratic national convention. The vast structure is appropriately named after



MARRITY CALLS CONVENTION TO ORDER. for this is a battle royal which promises to add a memorable chapter to Ameri-

The gavel dropped 10 minutes before 1 o'clock on a hall that had a dozen rows of empty seats at the edges farthest from the platform. The appearance of Chairman Harrity, as he stepped for-ward to the desk attired in a slate colored summer suit, provoked a round of applause from the Texas delegation, reinforced by many of the southern white

When Mr Harrity commanded the convention to be in order, his voice easily carried over the tumult to the farthest corner, testing the accoustic qualities of the hall with most satisfactory results. The figure of the chair-

"Gentlemen of the convention, all rise for the prayer," the chairman said, and there was a clatter of chairs as the body in the center of the hall came up to its feet with a considerable concus

sion.
The chaplain, Rev. Dr. Edward Stires, stepped forward and prayed.

Hill Announced For Temporary Chairman After the prayer, Chairman Harrity stepped forward, and after a sharp rap of the gavel, gave the announcement of the selection of David B. Hill as tempo-

rary chairman. Secretary Sheerin of Indiania, for secretary, and John Martin, for sergeant-at-arms, were also announced when the

man. It is as follows: To The Democratic National Convention: The undersigned members of the national committee respectfully recommend that the name of the Hon. John W. Daniel of Virginia be substituted in the commit-tee report for that of David B. Hill of Ne-York, and that Hon. John W. Daniel be

temporary chairman of this con The report was signed by the silver

McDermott Speaks For Hill. Chairman Harrity recognized Dele-



WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN. was restored, but the latter yielded to

"I pay tribute to the Hon. John W Daniel," he declared, and then went on to praise the services to the party of the man who knew no faith except "I am a Democrat." The partisans of Senator Hill sent up a shrill cry when the New Yorker's watchword was flung across the convention.

After several other speeches for and against Hill, the roll call was ordered. The total vote was announced by the chair as follows: Yeas (Daniel), 556;

offered by the gentlemen from Alabama substituting Hon. J. W. Daniel of Virginia for temporary chairman was adopted, and there was a great manifestation of applause.

When the various committees had been appointed the members of them

THE SECOND DAY.

Senstor White Made Permanent Chair-

down to serious business. The crowds were moving towards the Coliseum early in the day, as the time of meeting was 10 o'clock, and the experience of the previous day warned the people that time and patience were required in gaining admission.

At exactly 10:50 Senator Daniel rapped At exactly 10:50 Senator Daniel rapped for order. The minions of the sergeant-at-arms had some difficulty in clearing the aisles. When all were seated and order was obtained, it was found that the spaces reserved for the New York, Massachusetts, Maine, Maryland and New Jassey delegations were practically New Jersey delegations were practically vacant. The threat of a bolt came home

credentials committee then presented the report. It found the temporary roll Bryan. The announcement was re-ceived with cheers. The committee asked further time to decide the Michi-

T. J. Mahoney, one of the gold delegates from Nebraska, made a brief speech of protest. He and his colleagues, ne said, well understood that they were to be thrown out, and at the head of the delegation they marched out. The report of the committee was adopted by a riva voce vote.

at first demanded a rollcall, but subsequently withdrew it. After a full of some minutes Mr. Marston of Louisiana moved that Sen-

After 10 minutes the chairman aunounced that the convention was in recess until 5 o'clock.

When the convention reassembled the committee on credentials presented its

The chairman put the question on the majority report of the committee on credentials and declared it adopted The report of the committee on permanent organization was then presented



White of California as permanent president of the convention, and Thomas J. Senator White then made a speech, after which the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock Thursday morning.

and Others Make Speeches. tion, indicating a break in the perfect weather thus far enjoyed, and suggestive of the gathering of the storm within

the convention hall. At 10:52 a. m. Chairman White dropped the gavel. The indescribable buzz of thousands of voices gradually subsided and the delegates took their

over to Congressman Richardson of Tennessee, a slender, scholarly appearing man, who announced the committee on resolutions ready to report and called Senator Jones to the platform, who made the committee's report. Senator Jones, who had been in the thickest of

fact that he was a soldier of the late



adjusted a pair of goldbowed spectacles and began to read the financial plank of the platform, which Colonel Charles H. Jones, the St. Louis journalist, had

The report of the minority was read by J. H. Wade of Ohio, a former reading clerk of the house of representawithdrew for organization and the convention adjourned until Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

The gold people rose and cheered, but after the outbreak of Wednesday, these forces were forces were forces.

Senator Ben Tillman of South Carolina mounted the stage to open the great debate in behalf of free coinage. He introduced himself to them by saying that he came before them not as | was much scattered, 9 for Blackburn, 2 the lying newspapers had represeted



him to be." A round of applause from the pit greeted this announcement, but it was drowned in the storm of hisses from the galleries, which was increased to a perfect whirlwind of sibilant sounds as he added:

"I came from a state which was the home of secession." "Secession," he continued, while the galleries hissed, "brought about the war, the war which emancipated the

when he repudiated the denial that this was a sectional contest. "I say it is a sectional issue," he oried, "and it will prevail." Senator Tillman concluded by pledging the solid vote of South Carolina to any good straight silver candidate. As he descended from the stage the

delegates set up a great shout for Hill. But suddenly the commanding figure of

Senator Jones of Arkansas, chairman of

The storm of hisses issued forth again

the resolutions committee, mounted the Scuntor Jones Makes a Speech. He held his hand out for silence. The noise fell away before his strong presence. In clear tones he apologized for appearing before Senator Hill. He had not intended to say a word, he said, but he could not allow the charge of Mr

Tillman that this was a sectional issue to pass unchallenged. "I am a southern man," continued Senator Jones. "I carried a musket during the war. I repudiate the suggestion that this question knows any section." Flying flags, hats and handkerchiefs and the approving rear of 15,-000 throats answered. The New York, Massachusetts and other eastern delegations joined heartily in this rejection of the extreme Tillman sentiment. After this emphatic repudiation of Mr. Tillman's assertion, Senator Jones

left the platform. Ovation to Senator Hill. Senator Hill ascended the platform amid a perfect storm of applause. He shook the hand of the presiding officer, and then, with a smile, bowed his acknowledgment to the shouting, gestioulating crowd. Men on their chairs waiving handkerchiefs, flags and tossing hats in the air. The first volume of applause would no sooner die away than it would again be taken up and cheered and re-echoed through the building.

"I believe," declared Senator Hill "that the course for us to take is to declare for international bimetallism and



JOHN W. DANIEL

W. J. Bryan of Nebraska Nominated For President on the Fifth Ballot. cleared for the balloting which began when the Democratic national convention reassembled at 11 o'clock. The real struggle opened with the delegates wrought to an intense pitch over the sensational developments of Thursday night when, after the platform had been adopted, the Bryan wave swept through the convention and threatened for a time to stampede it then and there. It had disturbed all calculations and had thrown the ranks of other candidates into confusion. If the convention had not been compelled to adjourn at mid-night on account of the electric lights giving out, the eloquent young Nebras-kan would have undoubtedly been nom inated for president. Bryan's great speech, favoring the adoption of the platform as submitted by the majority of the committee on resolutions, turned an overwhelming tide in his favor, and, as before stated, had the vote been taken Thursday evening, he would have won

Chairman White, who had recovered his voice, stepped to the front of the stage. Running his eye for a couple of seconds over acres of people, he glanced down at the delegations in the pit and with a heavy whack of the gavel called the convention to order.

The chairman then announced that the first business was the call of states for nominations. Thereupon Mr. Harrity of Pennsylvania, the chairman of the national committee mounted his chair and placed in nomination ex-Governor Robert T. Pattison. Delegate Miller of Oregon added to

the list of nominations the name of Sylvester Pennoyer of Oregon. The names of Bland, Bryan, Blackburn, Boies, Matthews, McLean, Pattison and Pennoyer were before the convention. There was no other nominations, and Chairman White announced that the rollcall of the states for the nomination of president would proceed. A rustle

of excitement swept over the hall, suc-ceeded by an intently eager quiet. Then Alabama was called and the chairman said that five of her delegates being gold standard men desired to vote for that "splendid type of the New England Democracy, William E. Rus-sell of Massachusetts, but under the rules he cast their 22 votes for Horace Boies." The announcement brought out a banner bearing the likeness of her governor from the Iowa section and

cheer after cheer greeted it. The 16 votes of Arkansas, announced for Bland by Senator Berry, gave the supporters of "the great commoner," as he designated him, opportunity to yell, which they improved. California's vote for Boies, 1 for Campbell, 2 for Bryan and 2 for Matthews, and Blackburn's name was given a cheer, while the others failed of recognition. The result as announced by the read-

McLean, 54; Pattison, 95; Pennoyer, 10; Blackburn, 83; Campbell, 2; Tillman, 17; Russell, 2; Stevenson, 12; Hill, 1; Teller, 8; absent and not voting, 185. The second roll was begun and furnished a sensation at the outset, for Alabama shifted her 32 votes for Blanto Bryan, and the young Nebraskan's friends waived their handkerchiefs. Bryan gained 3 in the California delegation on a poll. Colorado's votes for

Vice President Stevenson captured one of Bland's votes in Florida. Wyoming changed her 6 votes from Blackburn to Bryan. John McLeau los 4 in the District of Columbia and Bryan captured 3 of them. The name of financial servitude to London. It is Minnesota on the second call brought a not only un-American but anti-Ameriatentorian shout from Daniel Lawler.

United States only by the stiffing of that spirit and love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the rev-FREE COINAGE DEMANDED-We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full fegal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public

demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract. We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by the law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

AGAINST BOND ISSUES-We are opposed to the issuing of interest bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace and condemn the trafficking with banking syndicates which, in exchange for bonds and at an enormous profit to themselves, supply the federal treasury with gold to maintain the pol-

icy of gold monometallism. Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money, and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or individuals. We, therefore, denounce the issuance of notes intended to circulate as money by national banks as in derogation of the constitution; and we demand that all paper which is made a legal tender for public and private debts, or which is receivable for duss to the United States shall be issued by the government of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin.

A REVENUE TARIFF -- We hold that tariff duties should be levied for purposes of revenue, such duties to be so adjusted as to operate equally through-out the country and not discriminate between class or section, and that taxation should be limited by the needs of the government, honestly and economically administered. We denounce as disturbing to business the Republican threat to restore the McKinley law, which has twice been condemned by the people in national elections, and which, enacted under the false plea of protection to home the fifth day of the Democratic national industries, proved a prolific breeder of convention included the nominating trusts and monopolies, enriched the few speeches, the balloting for vice presit the expense of the many, restricte dent, the naming of the notification trade and deprived the producers of the committees, the assembling of the na-tional committee and probably the elec-tion of a chairman to conduct the camgreat American staples of access to their

natural markets. Until the money question is settled. we are opposed to any agitation for further changes in our tariff laws, except such as are necessary to meet the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse decision of the supreme court on the income tax. But for this decision by the supreme court, there would be no deficit in the revenue under the law passed by a Democratic congress in strict pursuance of uniform decisions of that court for nearly 100 years, that court having in that decision sustained constitutions objections to its enactment which had previously been overruled by the ablest judges who have ever sat on that bench. We declare that it is the duty of congress to use all the constitutional power which remains after that decision or which may come from its reversal by the court as it may hereafter be consti-McLean, 111; Clarke, 50; Sewell, 100; Sibley, 163; Pithian, 1; Daniel, 11; Bland, 62; Blackburn, 20; Williams (Illinois), 22; Boies, 20. Not voting, 258. tuted, so that the burdens of taxation may be equally and impartially laid, to

the end that wealth may bear its due The second ballot resulted: Sibley, 113; Sewell, 37; McLean, 164; Williams proportion of the expenses of the government. Massachusetta), 18; Bland, 288; Clarke, KEEP OUT PAUPERS - We hold that the most efficient way of pro-Pattison, 1; not voting, 255. Total, 930. The third ballot resulted: Bland, 215; tecting American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper la bor to compete with it in the home market, and that the value of the home 19; Clark, 22; Pattison, 1; Daniel, 6; not market to our American farmers and artisans is greatly reduced by a vicious nated for vice president on the fifth monetary system which depresses the ballot and the convention adjourned prices of their products below the cost of production and thus deprives them of the means of purchasing the products of our home manufactories, and as 'abor Ringing Designation For the Free Coincreates the wealth of the country, we demand the passage of such laws as PREAMBLE-We, the Democrats of

may be necessary to protect it in all its We are in favor of arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employes and recommend such legislation as is necessary to carry out this principle. The absorption of wealth by the few, the consolidation of our leading railroad systems and the formation of trusts and pools require a stricter control by the federal government of those arteries of commerce. We demand the enlargement of the powers of the interstate

tions and guarantees in the control of railroads as will protect the people from robbery and oppression. REPUBLICAN WASTE - We de ounce the profligate waste of money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation and the lavish appropriations of recent Republican congresses, which have kept taxes high, while the labor that pays them is unemployed and the products of the people's toil are de-pressed in price till they no longer repay

commerce commission and such restric-

the cost of production. We demand a return to that simplic ity and economy which befits a Democratic government and a reduction in the number of useless offices, the salaries of which drain the substance of the

these fundamental principles of the con-FEDERAL INTERFERENCE-We denounce arbitrary interference by fed-MONEY QUESTION - Recognizing eral authorities in local affairs as a viothat the money question is paramount lation of the constitution of the United to all others at this time, we invite at-States and a crime against free institutention to the fact that the federal contions, and we especially object to govstitution names silver and gold together ernment by injunction as a new and as the money metals of the United States, highly dangerous form of oppression by which federal judges, in contempt of and that the first coinage law passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the monetary unit and ns, become at once legislators, judge admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio and executioners, and we approve the bill passed at the last session of the We declare that the act of 1873, de-United States senate and now pending monetizing silver without the knowledge in the house of representatives, relative or the approval of the American people, to contempts in federal courts, and prohas resulted in the appreciation of gold viding trials by jury in certain cases of and a corresponding fall in the prices of contempt. commodities produced by the people; a No discrimination should be indulged heavy increase in the burden of taxation

by the government of the United States in favor of its debtors. We approve the refusal of the Fifty-

third congress to pass the Pacific railroad funding bill and denounce the efforts of the present Republican congress to enact a similar measure. AS TO PENSIONS-Recognizing the

just claims of deserving union soldiers, we heartily indorse the rule of the present commissioner of pensions, that no metallism is a British policy, and its name shall be arbitrarily dropped from adoption has brought other nations into the pension roll, and the fact of enlistfinancial servitude to London. It is ment and service should be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and discan and it can be fastened on the

ability before enlistment. NEW STATES-We favor the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona into the Union as states, and we favor the early admission of all the territories having the necessary population and resources to entitle them to statehood, and while they remain territories we hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any teritory, together with the District of Columbia and Alaska, should be bona fide residents of the territory or district in which their duties and private, and we favor such litigaare to be performed. tion as will prevent for the future the

The Democratic party believes in home rule, and that all public lands of the United States should be appropriated to the establishment of free homes for

American citizens.

We recommend that the territory of Alaska be granted a delegate in congress, and that the general land and timber laws of the United States be extended to said territory. THE MONROE DOCTRINE - The

Mouroe doctrine, as originally declared and as interpreted by succeeding presi dents, is a permanent part of the for-eign policy of the United States and must at all times be maintained. SYMPATHY FOR CUBA-We extend our sympathy to the people of Ouba in her heroic struggle for liberty and independence.

TENURE OF OFFICE-We are opposed to life tenure in the public service. We favor appointm upon merit, fixed terms of office and such an administration of the civil service laws as will afford equal opportunities to all citizens of ascertained fitness.

We declare it to be the unwritten law of this republic, established by custom and usage of 100 years and sanctions by the examples of the greatest and wisest of those who founded and have maintained our government, that no man should be eligible for a third term for the presidential office.

IMPROVE WATERWAYS - The federal government should care for and improve the Mississippi river and other great waterways of the republic so as to secure for the interior states cheap and easy transportation to tidewater. any waterway of the republic is of suffi-cient importance to need aid from the government, such aid should be ex-tended upon a definite plan of continu-ous work until permanent improvement

SUBMITTED-Confiding in the jusso Ball'This—Confiding in the justice of our cause and the necessity of its success at the polls, we submit the foregoing declaration of principles and purposes to the considerate judgment of the American people. We invite the support of all citizens who approve them and who desire to have them made effective through legislation for the wife. fective through legislation for the relief of the people and the restoration of the

country's prosperity. Marion Messenger. To be told you are no gentleman gives mortal offense and is answered by a blow or a challenge to deadly combat, it may be. And

yet, are we all gentlemen? Let us see what constitutes a gentleman. It is to have good manners. But what are good manners? Why to be polite and courteous in our demeanor, and especially towards those of the gentler sex. 'Tis said that all the world loves

lover, and every novelist, from Sir Philip Sidney to Walter Scott, has striven to paint his heroes as perfect gentlemen. To chivalry we are indebted for the highest J. P. CALDWELL, Editor. then known type of gentlemen in the gallant knight. But a true NORTH CAROLINA'S LEADING be not only brave and polite, but the soul of honor and sincerity. show courtesy or kindness to the rude and impolite"? Yes, for his

Then some one may ask, "Should gentleman be so insincere as to own sake as well as for theirs. Because there is a law of our nature that makes us become like our manners and makes us love those to whom we show love, and hate those whom we have injured. But this is a very practical age, and the first question asked when a new course of action is proposed is, "Does it pay?"

Does it pay then in dollars and cents to have good manners? Aye, best investment a young man can make, especially is this true in the profession of law and medicine

chant who had a good business, a polite competitor came into the neighborhood. If good manners

neighborhood. If good manners then are so valuable, how can they be acquired? Is it only those who have a long training, from association, in the best society who can be said to have good manners?

Unquestionably this is a great advantage in giving ease and grace of manners. But true politeness is not monopolized by any station in life and is within the reach of all. Morality and pie'y make true politeness because from the heart. Let every one, especially the young, strive to cultivate an obliging disposition by omitting no opportunity to do a kind or unselfish act, and he will soon find his reward. the laws of the states and rights of citifind his reward.

Emerson says "A beautiful form is better than a beautiful face; a beautiful behavior is better than a beautiful form-it gives higher pleasure than statues or pictures; it is the finest of the fine arts."

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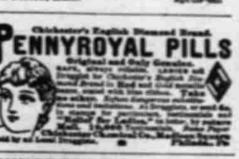
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profession of law and medicine and in mercantile life.

Of course a young man must have in his character the foundation stones of truthfulness, honesty and industry. But let him be ever so honest, truthful and industrious, yet if he be rude and impolite, farewell to his prospects of success in any of the callings when he is brought in close contact with his iellowmen.

We once knew a country merchant who had a good business, and industrial that his private practice after the total of the total of the country in the local of the country in the local of the country were and industry. It is purely vegetable without a failure. It is purely vegetable with a failure. It is purely vegetable with the isolatory you when to stop, we fail the local or you want while taking "factor" under the foundation of the current of the country of t

From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on the and open to inspection, the



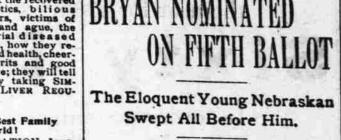


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when there was no competition, and free from theorems as the day you treat you treat chew or amount. whose trade all left him as soon as | Cured By Baco-Cure and Gained Thirty





CHICAGO, July 7 .- All roads lead to the that where Roman gladiators contended,

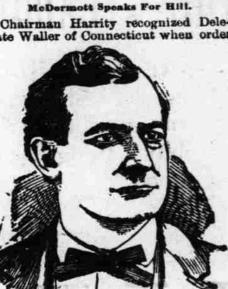


can political history.

minutes, while the ushers swept the aisles clear of knots of conferring dele-

"What is the pleasure of the conven-tion?" asked Mr. Harrity, calmly. Mr. Clayton of Alabama then presented the minority report of the na-tional committee, nominating Senator Daniel of Virginia for temporary chair-

members of the committee.



Mr. McDermott.

nays (Hill), 349. The chair then stated that the motion

CHICAGO, July 8.—The second day of the convention opened bright and cool, with the continuance of that refreshing breeze which has made the work by day endurable and has given delegates a chance to sleep with comfort under blankets during the scant hours allotted to rest The shouters seemed to rest content with the showing already made and are allowing the workers to settle down to serious business. The crowds

with a realizing sense, but it was explained that the delegations were still in conference, discussing the situation.

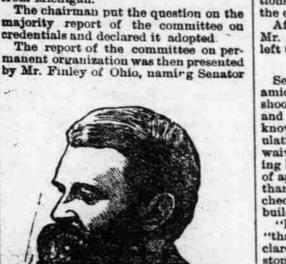
After the prayer, Senator Daniel announced that the next business of the

day would be the reports of the com-Chairman Atwood of Kansas of the correct, save in Michigan and Nebraska. It recommended the seating of the Nebraska delegation headed by J. W.

Ex-Governor Russell of Massachusetts

ator Ben Tillman of South Carolina be requested to address the convention. No one heard the motion on account of

completed report, admitting to seats the contesting delegates from the Fourth and Ninth congressional districts of Michigan and recognizing the right to their seats of all the other delegates from Michigan.



THIRD DAY'S WORK. The Platform Reported-Senator Tillman CHICAGO, July 9 .- Lowering clouds hung over the city at the beginning of the third day of the national conven-

At 10:55 the Rev. Mr. Dean of Cedar Rapids, In , the Episcopalean minister who delivered the opening prayer Wed-nesday, performed the same service Thursday. He prayed that the convention might take action for the good of its country and the glory of God.
Chairman White handed the gavel

the silver fight since the forerunners of the convention began to assemble in Chicago, is a familiar figure to this con-He looks like a soldier, and but for the



MRS. WILLIAM J. BRYAN. onfederacy, might be a strong presidential possibility. He is a strong presi-man with a fierce silver moustache and chin whiskers and white hair, which falls over all of the top of his head. He

ing clerk was as follows: Bland, 228; Bryan, 105; Boies, 88; Matthews, 27; Teller were again hissed and cheered.

