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VOL. 1. SOUTHERN PINES, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1898. NO. 1.

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# THE ELECTIONS.

## Roosevelt Carries New York for the Republicans

## BY A PLURALITY OF 18,494.

## The Keystone State Elects the Entire Republican Ticket.

## VOORHEES WINS IN NEW JERSEY

### He Will Be Backed by a Legislature That Will Elect a Republican to Succeed James Smith in the National Senate—Delaware, Too, Will Elect a Republican Senator—Democrats Elect Two Congressmen in Maryland—Swallow's Small Vote in the Pennsylvania Contest—Nebraska's Fusion Governor and Republican Legislature.

New York, Nov. 9.—Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican nominee, has carried the state by a plurality over Augustus Van Wyck of 18,494 votes. The Republican vote shows a falling off as compared with that for Governor Black, in 1896, of about 14 per cent. In the municipality of New York the old time Democratic majority was approximated, Van Wyck's vote being about 80,000 greater than that of the Republican candidate. This latter result was helped in some measure by the result in the borough of Brooklyn (Kings county), which in 1896 gave Black a plurality of 23,052, but yesterday gave a Democratic plurality of about 16,879. Brooklyn is the home of Judge Van Wyck.

The returns from many counties up the state are incomplete, and in some cases are missing altogether. The indications, being computations upon the figures at hand, point to a Republican plurality in the counties above Harlem of about 100,000, to offset which the Democrats can produce only the 80,000 plurality of greater New York.

The soldier vote will not be counted until Dec. 1, but it is not likely that the ballot from the camps will ma-

GOVERNOR-ELECT ROOSEVELT.

terially alter the result. There would seem to be the greater probability that the majority for Roosevelt will be increased.

According to the returns, the senate will stand: Republicans, 27; Democrats, 23. This will give the Republicans a majority on joint ballot of 30, enabling them to elect a Republican successor to United States Senator Murphy, Democrat. The assembly is Republican by a plurality of at least 26. The Republicans claim 88 assemblymen against 62 Democratic.

Every condition was favorable to the polling of a full vote in all parts of the state. In this city there was no fulfillment of predictions of trouble at the polls. The state deputies, authorized by act of the last legislature, were most in evidence in the east side districts, where the cheap lodging houses are located. The number of arrests made was below rather than beyond the usual record of a general election, and in many cases the occasion was found to be in the carelessness of registration clerks. Fights at the polls were few and easily quelled. There was no friction between deputies and police, one lending assistance to the other in the preservation of order.

All Colonel Roosevelt's associates on the Republican state ticket are elected with him. There appears to be a loss of four Republican congressmen in the Brooklyn districts, the Second, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth; and Congressman Quigg, who had a majority of about 9,000 at the election last year, has been defeated by William Astor Chanler. In the Albany district, the Twentieth, Glynn, Dem., has been elected to succeed Southwick, Rep.

## THE RESULT IN MARYLAND.

### Democrats Succeed in Electing Two of the Congressmen.

Baltimore, Nov. 9.—Full and semi-official returns from the city of Baltimore and partial returns from the balance of the state make it reasonably certain that Maryland has returned four Republican and two Democratic congressmen, after an extraordinarily close but entirely listless election. This is a Democratic gain of two. The successful are: John Walter Smith, Dem., First district, by a majority of about 900; William B. Baker, Rep., Second district, by from 200 to 400; Frank C. Wachter, Rep., Third district, by 59 majority; James W. Denny, Dem., Fourth district, by about 600; Sydney E. Mudd, Rep., Fifth district, by about 600; George A. Pearre, Rep., Sixth district, by about 3,000. The Democrats succeeded in obtaining a majority of the popular vote in Baltimore city for the first time in six years, and there is but little doubt that they would have sent five congressmen to the next national legislature if an active and aggressive compaign had been made. The entire delegation, with the exception of Messrs. Mudd and Baker, are new timber, and all are looked upon as favoring a gold standard of currency.

'Tis the lack of love that makes miserable many a life.

There is no path for us to pursue in which we will not meet disappointments and misfortunes. Our life, at the best, is a pilgrimage, and perils surround it all the way.

## THE MIDNIGHT PINES.

(WRITTEN FOR THE FREE PRESS.)

By night they whisper secrets, they stand
dreaming in their sleep,
And the wind that moves their branches
wings from the dreaming deep;
In the fanting zephyr of midnight, in the
dusky dark o' night—
And their plum'd heads are nodding, like
wide-winged birds of flight.
Ho! the dreams, giant dreams,
They dream as they stand dreaming where
the southern starlight gleams.

And the dreams they dream are joyous, of
good omen, and you hear
Their lips say words you do not know; and
delicate and clear,
You hear the croon of laughter blithe, so
softly as a child
Might laugh—and then so still! the solemn
sombre wild
Just listens, listens, listens—dear Lord
the silence! Hark!
The dreaming pines are smitten sigh the
dumbness of the dark.

—ALFRED ERWIN.

## Sugar Factories in the South.

(Savannah News.)

A rumor is current to the effect that the Havemeyers, otherwise the Sugar Trust, are contemplating the erection of one or more sugar refining plants in the South. Indeed, the rumor goes to the extent of saying that representatives of the trust have examined sites and terminal facilities at Norfolk, with a view of removing the Brooklyn Sugar Refinery to that place.

It seems that the argument in favor of bringing the cotton mills to the South in order to save transportation charges ought to apply to the removal of the sugar refining factories to the South also. All of the cane sugar that will ever be produced in this country must necessarily be produced in the South, and some of the best climates and soils for sugar beets are to be found in the South. The South is, furthermore, several days' sail closer to the sugar-producing West Indies than the present sites of the great factories. In short, to transfer the refineries to the South would be coming as close as possible to bringing the mills to the fields.

## OUR STATE PAPERS.

No truer exponents or defenders of true principles, no more valiant fighters in the cause of good Government have taken part in this campaign than the weekly, or what is styled the country, papers of this State. The *Post*, indeed, has found in them the most constant, the most courageous, the most unselfish element in this great conflict, always at the front, never hesitating or failing to discover or demoralize the enemy. They have been more than sentinels—they have been either in, or in front of the main line in every assault. Not one has jagged, or fallen by the wayside.

The *Post* has drawn upon them from day to day, and in no way have we rendered greater service to the cause in which we are engaged. We are grateful for the opportunity of doing so, and doff our hat to the Stonewall Jacksons of the campaign, for verily have they been General Simmons' great right hand in the fight. They have done it not only without immediate reward, in far too many cases at actual sacrifice, but without the hope of reward other than that satisfaction in conscience in having contributed to the cause of Christian civilization, the peace and prosperity which alone white supremacy can give to this State and country. God will bless, as the people ought to well support this earnest, persistent, irresistible force in the cause of Peace on Earth, good will to men, for that is what, after all, this contest means.—Raleigh *Post*.

## Manufacturing vs. Agriculture.

(Sanford Express.)

The continuous low price of cotton furnishes food for thought if it does not furnish money with which the farmers may pay their debts. North Carolina is not a cotton State and her farmers cannot raise cotton to compete with the Gulf States. Five cent cotton will not pay for the making of the staple. There can be some money made by farming in this State. Here and there are examples. There is, however, no profitable money crop. In half dozen counties fine tobacco can be grown, which brought the farmers handsome prices until the tobacco trust laid its greedy and damnable hands upon it. In half dozen others fine corn grows; in some others peanuts and rice. In the sand hill section fine fruit grows. In the seaboard and piedmont sections cotton grows but not nearly so well as it does in South Carolina.

North Carolina is not a great agricultural State, but it is better than any one of the New England States from which we buy some things that we eat. It can and perhaps will be made a great manufacturing State. It has magnificent water power and can make for itself a better name than the sample State where a little of everything and not much of anything is found.

The Omaha Exposition, which closed last week, had the Spanish-American war to contend against during its earlier days, and later political distraction operated against it, yet withal, it was a decided financial success. It is stated in the report of the managers that in round numbers 2,600,000 people passed through the exposition gates during the five months of its life, contributing about $1,800,000 for that privilege. The stockholders will have over $400,000 to divide among themselves, and nearly 80 per cent. in dividends will be paid. This is another evidence of the greatness of the West. It is safe to say that no other section of this country could have made such a record as that.—Charlotte *Observer*.

The hunters are enjoying this beautiful weather, and the poor birds and rabbits are having to hustle for their lives.

## A GREAT LIGHT EXTINGUISHED.

### Death of Hon. R. F. Armfield, of Statesville—an Able and Distinguished North Carolinian.

(Charlotte Observer, 10th.)

Our news columns tell of the death of Hon. Robert Franklin Armfield at his home in Statesville yesterday morning. He had been in declining health for six or eight years, and his death was not unexpected. Judge Armfield was born in Guilford county July 9th, 1829, and was therefore in his 79th year. He was reared on the farm and was educated at Trinity College. He taught school in his early life, and afterward studied law with Hon. John A. Gilmer, settling at Yadkinville, where he commenced the practice of his profession. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1861 from Yadkin county and resigned from that body to enter the Confederate army; enlisted with Company B, Thirty-eighth Regiment, North Carolina State Troops, and was elected first lieutenant; was afterwards elected lieutenant colonel of the regiment, was wounded at Shepherdstown in October, 1862, and was at home on furlough was elected solicitor of his district, on which account he resigned from the army. In 1865 he moved to Wilkesboro, where he practiced law until 1890, when he removed to Statesville, where he lived until his death. In 1874 he was elected to the State Senate from Iredell, Alexander and Wilkes, and was chosen President of that body, in the absence of a Lieutenant Governor, and presided over it throughout the session. He was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, and to the Forty-seventh, and was afterward appointed to the Superior Court bench, was elected to it at the next ensuing election, and served upon it with great distinction.

It is putting the case conservatively to say that Judge Armfield was one of the very ablest men in the State. When in his prime he was perhaps the very foremost criminal lawyer in the State. Before a jury he was simply overwhelming. As a Judge he was great. In appearance he was singularly commanding, carrying a massive head and having a face which told the most casual observer that he was in the presence of greatness. There was no more delightful conversationalist. He was full of anecdote and reminiscence, his wit was the keenest; as a recounter he was unapproachable. An omnivorous reader, and having a memory which was a marvel, he was self-educated rather than a product of the schools, and while first of all things a lawyer, and a master of the [illegible] general knowledge.

So great a man and so engaging a personality are rarely found. When the true history of the State is written, it will be recorded in it that Judge Armfield was among the very foremost of North Carolinians, living or dead.

## A MINE OF WEALTH.

When American capital and enterprise have been at work a little while in Cuba and Porto Rico Spain will open her eyes at the mine of wealth that for centuries lay untroubled at her feet. She may not mourn her lost opportunities for developing a people, but she certainly will regret her lost chance for big receipts in the shape of taxes. It will be part of her reproach among nations to see her former colonies grow rich and prosperous under her eyes, but forever out of her reach.—Baltimore *American*.

## ARE AMERICANS LOSING INDIVIDUALITY?

"Are the American people losing their individuality?" queries Joe M. Chapple, publisher of *The National Magazine*, in the November issue. "The onward tide of corporate and concentrated interests in the past few years has certainly presented a serious problem. Without the temper of a demagogue or with any indulgence in ill temper, the wide-awake people of the United States are pondering and thinking. Even the swirl of excitement occasioned by the war cannot obliterate a growing condition of affairs, that must be remedied in some way, or it means a revolution that will be serious and far-reaching. The American people are equal to the question, and will eventually evolve the correct solution. As long as capital is congested in certain centres and corporations swallow up and engulf every appearance of personality and individuality there are going to be deserving ones to suffer and others less deserving prosper, more because of fortunate circumstance than from individual effort or merit in either case. *The National Magazine* is no alarmist, and does not seek the role of 'reformer;' but these conditions deserve sympathetic consideration. The average person is endowed or inspired with an impulse to do good in the world. The betterment of mankind is an appeal that always meets a hearty response. Sympathy is one of the most susceptible forces in human nature if it could only be properly developed. But there—no need of despair and rant—a silent and deep-running undercurrent—a quiet and unostentatious force is at work which will cause the pendulum to swing back from a maddening craze for corporate monopoly to the more equitable, old-time opportunities once offered the individual in life."

God never made a lazy man. Money, the devil and a soft brain make lazy people, and they are not very good workmen, after all. A lazy man is a poor job, even after he is finished.

It is easy enough to talk about economy; it's the practising of it that counts.

# FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

## Later Returns Show Democratic Gains in the Lower House.

## SILVER WINS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

### Nine Other Democrats Also Elected in the Keystone State—New Jersey Gives Two Democratic Congressmen and Maryland a Like Number.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Chairman Babcock, of the Republican congressional committee, claims that the Fifty-sixth Congress will be composed as follows: Republicans, 185; Democrats, [illegible]; Populists, 6; Silver Republican, 1. Senator Kerr, of the Democratic committee, claims that the opposition will have [illegible], and perhaps 181.

For [illegible] is a list of congressmen-elect compiled from the latest newspaper dispatches. It shows that the Republicans have elected 185 members, while the Democrats, silver Republicans, Populists and all others have elected 156 members. There are 8 doubtful districts yet to be heard from.

| | Dem. Rep. | D'ht or Fus. | ful. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ala. | [illegible] | 9 | .. |
| Ark. | [illegible] | 6 | .. |
| Cal. | [illegible] | .. | 1 |
| Colo. | [illegible] | 2 | .. |
| Conn. | 4 | .. | .. |
| Dela. | 1 | .. | .. |
| Flor. | [illegible] | 2 | .. |
| Geo. | [illegible] | 11 | .. |
| Ida. | [illegible] | 1 | .. |
| Ill. | 15 | 7 | .. |
| Ind. | 9 | 4 | .. |
| Iowa | 10 | .. | 1 |
| Kan. | 7 | 1 | .. |
| Ky. | [illegible] | 8 | .. |
| La. | [illegible] | .. | .. |
| Me. | [illegible] | .. | .. |
| Md. | [illegible] | .. | .. |
| Mass. | [illegible] | .. | .. |
| Mich. | [illegible] | 7 | .. |
| Minn. | [illegible] | .. | 1 |
| Miss. | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| Mo. | [illegible] | 1 | .. |
| Neb. | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Nev. | [illegible] | 1 | .. |
| N. H. | 2 | .. | .. |
| N. J. | 6 | 2 | .. |
| N. Y. | 14 | 18 | .. |
| N. C. | 7 | 7 | .. |
| N. Dak. | 1 | .. | .. |
| Ohio | 13 | 6 | .. |
| Ore. | 3 | .. | .. |
| Pa. | 30 | 19 | .. |
| R. I. | 2 | .. | .. |
| S. C. | [illegible] | 7 | .. |
| S. Dak. | 2 | .. | .. |
| Tenn. | 2 | 8 | .. |
| Tex. | 1 | 12 | .. |
| Ut. | [illegible] | 1 | .. |
| Vt. | 1 | .. | .. |
| Va. | [illegible] | 10 | .. |
| Wash. | 2 | .. | .. |
| W. Va. | 3 | 1 | .. |
| Wis. | 10 | .. | .. |
| Wyo. | 1 | .. | .. |
| Ariz. | .. | 1 | .. |
| Okla. | 1 | .. | .. |
| Total | 185 | 166 | 8 |

[illegible] is a list of the congressmen-elect from Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Maryland.

Pennsylvania—Galusha A. Grow and Samuel A. Davenport (at large), H. H. Bingham, Robert Adams, Jr., *Wm. McAleer, James R. Young, A. C. Harmer, Thomas S. Butler, Irving P. Wanger, *Daniel Ermentrout, Marriott Brosius, *Laird H. Barber, William Connell, *S. W. Davenport, *Jawes W. Ryan, Marlin E. Olmstead, C. Fred Wright, Horace B. Packer, *Rufus K. Polk, Thad. M. Mahon, *Edward D. Zeigler, Joseph E. Thropp, Summers M. Jack, John Dalzell, William H. Graham, Ernest F. Acheson, J. R. Showalter, *Athelston Gaston, *Joseph C. Sibley, *James K. P. Hall.

New Jersey—Henry C. Loudenslager, John J. Gardner, *J. S. Salmon, James F. Stewart, R. W. Parker, *William D. Daly, Charles N. Fowler, Benjamin F. Howell.

Maryland—*John W. Smith, William B. Baker, Frank C. Wachter, *James W. Denny, Sydney E. Mudd, George A. Pearre.

Delaware—John F. Hoffecker, Rep.

Those marked (*) are Democrats.

### Full Returns Elect Gaston.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.—Official footings last night of the vote of Crawford and Erie counties, comprising the Twenty-sixth congressional district, gave the Democrats another congressman from Pennsylvania, Gaston, Dem., having a plurality over Higgins, Rep., of 21 votes. This makes ten Democrats elected from the state, a gain of seven. The present delegation stands 27 Republicans and 3 Democrats, while the delegation to the new congress will be composed of 20 Republicans and 10 Democrats. The Twenty-sixth district is now represented by Sturtevant, Rep.

### North Carolina's Congressmen.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 11.—Latest returns show the election of the following congressmen: First district, Small, D.; Second, White, R.; Third, Thomas, D.; Fourth, Atwater, Ind. Dem.; Fifth, Kitchen, D.; Sixth, Bellamy, D.; Seventh, Kluttz, Dem.; Eighth, Linney, Rep.; Ninth, Crawford, Dem. In the legislature the Democrats will have 30 members out of 120 in the house and 42 out of 50 in the senate. The Democrats elect all of the judges and all of the solicitors except one.

### Ten Democrats From Kentucky.

Louisville, Nov. 10.—The latest returns from the Ninth congressional district indicate that Mordecai Williams, Democrat, of Catlettsville, has defeated the incumbent, Samuel Pugh, Republican, of Vanceburg, by a majority of about 150. This gives the Democrats ten of the eleven congressmen from Kentucky, a gain of three congressmen for the Democrats in the state. The Fifth, Eighth and Ninth are the districts that somersaulted into the Democratic camp.

### Ohio's Big Republican Vote.

Columbus, Nov. 11.—Additional returns do not materially change the result announced Wednesday of over 60,000 Republican plurality on the state ticket and 15 Republicans to 6 Democratic congressmen. The Republicans are celebrating the election of as many congressmen in what is known as the "off year" as they elected at the last presidential election, while they more than doubled the plurality of 23,000 for Bushnell for governor.

The tribute to Gen. Joe Wheeler in the Eighth Alabama district is probably unprecedented in modern politics. Nominated for Congress without opposition, he was unanimously elected on the 8th, not a single ballot being cast against him. The incident is most honorable to him and to the people of that district.

## DISAPPOINTMENT FOR HOBSON.

### Navy Department Will Risk no More Money to Raise Spanish Ships.

Washington, Nov. 3.—Secretary Long has decided that unless some reliable wrecking company will undertake to raise the Spanish war vessels, Cristobal Colon, Vizcaya and Reina Mercedes, on the "no cure no pay" principle, efforts to save these ships will be abandoned. He has determined to follow this course upon the recommendation of the naval board of construction. Members of the board believe that there is an excellent chance of saving the Reina Mercedes and a fairly good one for the Colon, but they agree that the risk of attempting to raise the Vizcaya will be too great. A proposition to make the attempt on the above terms has already been made by the Neptune Wrecking Company, of Sweden.

Naval Constructor Hobson returned to Washington today. He will appear before Secretary Long to-morrow to appeal for authority to take charge of wrecking operations. He has set his heart on saving at least one or more of the Spanish ships, and believes the work can be done.

What saved Roosevelt in New York was that he had been a gallant soldier. What happened to General Wheeler in Alabama, happened to Roosevelt in a less degree in New York. But while it made Wheeler unanimously a Congressman, it made Roosevelt Governor of New York. The American heart in every section of the [illegible] beats sympathetically [illegible] and patriotism; and if [illegible] war, had its tests of [illegible] all could understand and appreciate the purer and better it would be.—Norfolk *Virginian and Pilot*.

## "LEST WE FORGET, LEST WE FORGET."

"And now, what of Cuba and Porto Rico, the Philippines and all the rest?" requires the war correspondent, Peter MacQueen, at the end of his strong article in *The National Magazine* for November. "We must get into the current of history and glide with wisdom the mightly ship that bears the hope and fortune of the world. General Wheeler and others have shown how we may reasonably put our army on a par with the best in Europe. The general verdict seems to be gradually shaping itself into a kindler judgment regarding the way the army was handled at Santiago. Grand old Admiral Cervera advises Spain to cultivate the friendship of America and imitate her virtues. Brown skin will soon no longer be a disability for any man in any place. The Porto Rican country lends itself kindly to our many nervous folk in winter. England understands us now; and the rest of the world has a wholesome respect for the nation of merchants. We shall yet belt the globe with colonies. The sails of our commerce shall whiten every sea. Inventions shall spring from the fruitful life of our people like roses from the juicy roots of June.

"The best hearts are leading nation. All the fever and hunger and wounds were on the programme when our men went forth to war. Let us correct the mistakes of the past. The day of our expansion is here. No longer shall we be small, provincial and mercenary. Night's candles are burnt out, and dusky day stands tip-toe on the misty mountain top."

## WAR HAS LOST 2,005 LIVES.

Commissioner of Pensions H. Clay Evans states that up to September 20th, the war with Spain had caused the loss of the lives of 2,005 American soldiers and sailors. Of this number 107 were officers. At Santiago the loss of life was 22 officers and 222 men. This is an average of one officer for every ten men. At Carolinas one officer was killed. Since the battles of Cuban soil 61 men have died of wounds received in service.

The total number of American soldiers that have died in camp from diseases are 80 officers and 2,520 privates, or an aggregate of 2,600. There have been 600 claims for pensions filed to as a result of the war.

Thus far 55 claims have been presented from relatives of the boys who went down with the Maine, said the commissioner. Every one of them will be pushed through.

During the civil war 40,000 men were killed in battle and 360,000 perished in camps and prisons. The civil war was about twelve times as long as the Spanish war.—Chicago *Dispatch*.

## A Good Motto.

A Maryland farmers' club which has just celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary, has for its motto the old proverb: "To feed the land before it gets hungry; to weed it well before it gets dirty; to rest it before it grows weary—the marks of a good husbandman." As might be expected from an organization which finds its inspiration in principles so just, the club has done a great deal of good for the section to which it belongs. The ideas so pithily expressed go a long way toward constituting good farming. The man who keeps up the fertility of the soil, who husbands its energies by proper rotation and who keeps it clean and free from weed growth, is not likely to fail in other respects very seriously. The points named are not "all the law and the prophets," but they form a good share of all around agricultural teaching.

The weather prophet of the Orange *Observer* says: "It is said that the corn shuck is thick, the hornets' nests are near the ground, the wool on the sheep's back is unusually heavy and the marriages can hardly be counted—all signs that the coming winter will be a very severe one."

# STONE'S PLURALITY.

## Governor-Elect of Pennsylvania Leads by 119,326.

## DR. SWALLOW COMES IN THIRD.

### The Ballots Cast For the Prohibition Candidate Count Up 132,006—Democrats and Fusionists Make Gains in the Legislative Vote.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.—Following is the vote by counties for governor. The figures given in many of the counties are official, and the remainder are unofficial footings of the complete returns. The vote for the three leading candidates foots up 955,816. This is the heaviest vote ever cast for governor, and has been exceeded only by the presidential elections of 1888, 1892 and 1896.

Stone, Rep., received 473,068 votes; Jenks, Dem., 353,742, and Swallow, Pro., 132,006. Stone's apparent plurality is 119,326, and he polled only 12,680

GOVERNOR-ELECT STONE.

short of a clear majority over the other two candidates. Swallow had a plurality in Lackawana county alone. In all other counties he was third. Last year, as a candidate for state treasurer, he carried ten counties.

### California's Republican Majority.

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—Although complete returns have not yet been received from all the counties of the state the indications are that the majority for Henry T. Gage, Rep., for governor, will be nearly 20,000. His associates on the state ticket are all elected with, the possible exception of Curry for secretary of state. Mayor Phelan is elected in San Francisco by about 3,000 majority, but the other municipal officers will be Republicans. The next state legislature will have a large Republican majority on joint ballot, insuring the election of a Republican United States senator.

### Iowa Republican Majority.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 9.—It is estimated that the Republican plurality on the state ticket will be about 45,000. Chairman Hancock, of the Republican state congressional committee, is confident the count will show 50,000. Returns do not show a single Democratic congressman elected, but Chairman Townsend, of the Democratic committee, refuses to recede from the following statement made very early this morning: "We confidently claim the election of General Weaver in the Sixth district and believe that full returns will show the election of other Democratic congressmen from Iowa."

### Fusion Governor in Nebraska.

Omaha, Nov. 10.—Unofficial returns from Nebraska indicate the election of Poynter, the fusion candidate for governor, by 2,000 over Hayward, Republican. The balance of the fusion state ticket will have about the same plurality. The state legislature will be Republican on joint ballot by from 6 to 8, insuring the election of a Republican to succeed Senator Allen in the senate. The congressional delegation stands: Republican, 2; fusion, 2; doubtful, 2.

### The Vote of Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 10.—The total vote for governor in Tuesday's election was: Wolcott, Rep., 190,246; Bruce, Dem., 106,898; Republican plurality, 83,348. The senate of 1899 will stand: Republicans, 33; Democrats, 7. The house will stand: Republicans, 185; Democrats, 67; independents, 2; Social Democrats, 2; Prohibitionists, 1; non-partisan, 1. There are two ties to be decided either by a recount or another election. The Democrats made a substantial gain in the house.

### Wisconsin Republicans' Big Claim.

Milwaukee, Nov. 9.—Election returns, though far from being complete, indicate that Governor Edward Scofield, Republican, is sure of election by at least 20,000 plurality. Republicans elect congressmen in every district except the Second, which is still in doubt. The legislature is overwhelmingly Republican, the senate consisting of 31 Republicans and 2 Democrats, and the assembly 77 Republicans and 23 Democrats, a Republican majority on joint ballot of 83.

### McMillin's Majority in Tennessee.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 9.—The Democratic executive committee claims 25,000 majority for McMillin. The Republican committee concedes McMillin's election by 10,000 majority. The legislature shows Democratic gains. Congressmen: Eight Democrats; two Republicans. The vote throughout the state light.

### Fusionist Lind Wins Alone.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 10.—John Lind, Silver Republican, with Democratic and Populist endorsement, will have not less than 10,000 plurality in the state over Eustis, Republican, but Lind is the only fusion candidate to win. All seven Republican congressmen have been elected.

### McMillan Governor of Nevada.

Reno, Nev., Nov. 10.—Washie county has gone Republican on governor and legislative ticket. Returns from the state indicate that the governorship is very close between McMillan, Rep., and Sadler, fusion.

### Republican Governor of Nevada.

Reno, Nev., Nov. 9.—Indications point to the election of McMillin, Rep., for governor; Newlands, silver, for congress; Flannigan, Rep., senate, and at least two out of the four assemblymen for this district.

### Pingree's Great Plurality.

Detroit, Nov. 10.—According to more complete returns Governor Pingree's plurality will reach about 70,000. The Republicans have elected a solid representation of 12 congressmen.

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