VOL., I. NO. 9

TOWNS GROW FAST.

Rural Districts in the South Rapidly

crease Has Been kurd.

shows the following facts:

er then that of the South.

west of the country.

tion.

Filling Lp.

PITTSBORO, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1902

EARTEQUAKE IN MEXICO.

Chatham

Three Hundred People Are Said to Have Been Killed.

Mexico City, Special.-One of the most terrible catastrophes ever recorded in the State of Guerrero is reported to have occurred late Fri-DETAILS OF THE LATE CENSUS day afternoon, when an extremely violent earthquake shock was felt at Chilpaneingo, causing a great loss of Population of North Congested in the life and injuring many persons. De-Large Cities- in the South the Intalls from the stricken district are very meagre, but scattering reports received here indicate that probably 200 persons were killed and as many Washington, Special .- The Director of the Census his given out a state , more injured. It is known that the ment regarding the growth of ur an State capitol, the parish church and population North and South, which many business houses and tesidences are in ruins and there is much ser-The large cities taken collectively foring from awful seismic disturare growing nearly twice as fast as the hance. One of the edifices that suf-The per cont of the population of fered most was the Federal Tele-North States living in large chies, is graph office, which explains the paucinearly three times as a cat as the corty of news that has so far reached this responding per cent in the South; the city, Later, meagre details began to North has a rate of increase no greatarrive here. The telegraph lines and apparatus at Chilpancingo were bad-The large cities of the North are growing much faster than the e of the ly damaged, but the employes, all of same size in the South, but this differwhom were uninjured, proceeded to ence balanced by an extremely rapid erect an improvised telegraph office growth of small towns and cities in on the outskirts of the city. The numthe South and especially rural populaber of dead was greater in the parish church than in any single place, as a The statement says these results seem paradoxical but are correct. Director Morriman's statement is decrowd of worshipers were gathered there for the atternoon service. The signed to explain how the deduction solid masonry-walled roof came topthat the South for the first time is now pling down on the worshipers as if scowing as rapidly as the North harit had been wrenched from its bearmonizes with the well known fact that ings by a thousand strong hands. Sevin the North the population of inhabitarts living in cities is much larger eral people were killed there. The the it is in the South and that as a War Department has ordered the Frule sities increase in population much troops in the neighborhood to cooperate in the work of rescue. Until fcate machinery that requires the best The statements shows that in the this work is completed it will be impo-North the proportion of the population possible to accurately learn the number of victims, it is believed, howliving in large citles a more than three

ever, that this is one of the most destructive seismic phenomena that has occurred in Mexico. The greater part of the population of Chilpancingo are now camping out on the in 1890 and partly by the addition dur- outskirts of the town. Earthquake shocks were felt in

many other cities and towns. In Mexico City the earthquake tool: place at 5:17 Thursday afternoon and was, of such violence as to shake the most substantial buildings. The Pan-American Congress was in session at the time. The first movement was one the rest of the United States, including of trepidation and was sharp. It was Alaska and the recent insular access followed by an easier eachilatory tory having been already, leased. Mr

New Enterprises That Are Enriching Our Favored Section. That Island May Become a Part of -

Kentucky O.I Fields.

In a recent issue of the Morning Herald of Lexington, Ky., is published a sketch of the development of the oil field in Eastern Kentucky, about fifty miles from Lexington. The beginning of the advancement of that section is traced to the construction of about twenty-five years ago by the Chesapeaks & Ohio Railway of a spad from Mt. Sterling to Huntington, W. Va. iron ore had been mined in Bath Sonnty for seventy-five years in amail quantities, but the arrival of the steam road increased the output of the ore and of timber. A little more than a year ago the Mt. Sterling Oil & Gas Co., which had acquired leases in the neighborhood of Ragland, drilled lis first oil well in Bath county, and almost every well since drilled in that county has been found to be productive. The Herald says:

"None of the wells have been gushers, and now that the field is partially developed, no gushers are expected. One reason that the oil would not flow without pumping is that it is free 'rom gas, the pressure which causes the oil in most gushers to flow freely. A secand mason is the quality of the out itself.

"The oll produced in the Licking river fields is a thick, black, heavy lubricant, very similar in appearance to hot tar. The quality is good, and the oil men claim that it will sell on the ground at \$4 to \$1.25 per barrel. The only market found for it so far, however, is local, the Bath county machinists using it as a lubricant on delquality of oil, paying fifty and seventy-five cents per gallon. The oil men believe that a market can readily be found when occasion demands it.

"The ordinary tanks provided for the first flow of the wells have been filled. As yet no pipe lines have seen laid, and, indeed, it has not yet been determined to what point they will be laid

"The Guffey & Galey Company, reputed to be largest independent oil concern in the world, is constructing a 65.900-barred! tank within 200 yardsof the depot at Ragland.

"They have few, if any, leases in the vicinity, all of the neighboring terri-Of the total population of 77,994,579 south Southwest. The duration was to in continental United States 19,718,312, seconds. The duration was 55 or 25.9 per cent live in cities of 25,000 only slight.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL MAY ANNEX CUBA. **CONGRESSIONAL.**

Observer.

the United States.

PLEA FOR A LOWER SUGAR LUTY.

It is Urged Before Committee That Immediate Relief Be Alforded the Cubao Sugar Growers.

Washington, Special .- The ways and means committee began hearing Wednesday on the subject of Caban reclprovity, with a large representation present from the various interests which would be effected by legislation of this character. The Cuban industries were represented by Messrs. Place, Mendoza Dumois and Franke, chos. a by commercial organizations in various parts of the Island. The Interests engaged in sugar production in Cuba were represented by Edwin F. Atkins, spokesman for an organization controlling a large part of the sugar production of the island; Hugh Kelly, of New York, and John F. Graig, of I'mitadelphia. William Haywood was present in behalf of the Hawailan sugar planters and Henry T. Oxnard for the domestic beet sugar interests. The tobacco and other inferests affected by Caban production were also well represented.

Edwin F. Atkins, of Boston, made the opening statement in behalf of reciprocity. He spoke of the enormous overproduction of sugar throughout the world, amounting to about 1,500,-000 tons, which had resulted in a cr s s in the industry. European countries had met this by bountles, so that the German producers, by means of a bounty, were able to sell sugar at half a cent per pound below its cost of production. The cost of production in Cuba was 2.06 cents per pousd, which was somewhat above the selling price. Mr. Atkins stated that there was now about \$20,000,000 of standing cane in Cuba and at present prices a considerable part of this would not be harvested. The loss to labor, he thought, was likely to lead to disturbances. At the time set for the withdrawal of American troops there would be. 'In his opinion, a deficit in the insular from the sugar industry. Mr. Atkins stated that a 50 per cent. reduction of duties was desired on the various products of the island, but in response to, inquiries from Mr. Payne he said that the sugar industry felt they should have a 100 per cent. reduction. He was opposed to a drawback. Mr. Attina said that if present conditions continued Cuba probably would become so desperate as to be forced into annexation. Louis Place, a merchant of Havana, and head of the Cuban delevation, presonted the case from the Cuban standpoint. At present, he said, Cuba was buying large quantities of foreign goods and if reciprocity was brought about with the United States, Cuba would buy American cotton goods, wine, and many other articles now bought abroad. He believed this market in Cuba would amount to \$250,000,-000 within two years.

Detailed Doings of Our National Lawmal c's, HOUSE.

Twenty-third Day-The House held of the grand longe of Masons ap a short session, devoid of events, it pointed by Grand Master Clark: adjourned at 4:30 p.m. Twenty-iburth Day-The House was

in ression only a few minutes and no important measures were under consideration. At 4:20 p. : , the House ad- matshal; F. M. Winchester, sword journed.

Twenty-fifth Day-The House of Repair resentatives was in session lets than an hour. Only routine business was transacted, the most impoctant feature of which was the repoiting by Mr. Connon, chairman of the committee on appropriations, of an u.gency bill. The will will be called up for consideration next Monday.

The Senate amondments to the House bill appropriating \$90,000 for a gove pment (whibit and floors pace at the Charleston Exposition was agreed to and the bill passed.

SENATE,

Twenty-fourth Duy-For a brief time he Sepate had under consideration the Andrews, Jr. The following was apbill creating a Department of Commerce. The discussion tended to show that the measure will have to be amended in many particulars before it can receive the approval of the Sen-ate. Serious objections were raised to the transfer to the proposed Depactment of several important bureauz, now a part of other Departments of the government. Notice of several important amendments was given, but no definite action on the measure was taken. A large number of uncontested bills and private reasion measures was passed, after which the Sonate adjourned until Monday.

Twenty-fifth Day-The Senate held a brief and interesting session. The Democratic members of the Senate Committee on the Philippines were in consultation for several hours over their proposed subsiliute proposition for the Philippine taciff bill. They are

agreed on all the essential features of their position. In general they say they will recommend that in the end public schools must be continuous, provision should be made giving the unless an epidemic renders it neces-Filipinos their independence, but in the meantime-providing for free trade be- vania county the board made such an tween the United States and the Philip- order. A teacher closed his school pine archipelago such as is maintain- three weeks so his pupils could "pull cd between the United States proper fodder," and then taught three weeks and other territories.

Favor Panama Offer.

Washington, Special -- The supplemental report of the Isthmian Commission on the proposition Canal of the Panama Canal Company to ispose of its property to the United Instruction is having no end of trouble \$40,000,000 was delivered States for to President Roosevelt Saturday everevenues which were largely recruited i ning. The members of the commission the schools up to four months terms. refuse to discuss the nature of the The reports so far received are withreport and like reticence was main out exception incorrect and incomplete. tained at the White House, but it One which came called for over \$1,000, was stated on excellent authority, and yet was not correctly signed. Bethat the report unanimously recom- sides it was full of ercore. mends that the offer of the Panama Company be accepted. The report, It is stated, is very voluminous, going into all phases of the question and attempting to meet the objections that any legal complications will arise.

flems of Interest Gathered From All Sections of the Commonwealth, The following are the grand officers

Rev. A. A. Maisnail, chaptain; Rev. B. W. Hatcher, fecturer; T. J. Reed, senior grand descon; "R. N. Hackett, junior grand deacon; E. F. Lamb, beaver; E. W. O'Hanton, pursuivant; W. B. McKny and J. G. En/der, standard-bearers; R., H. Branter, tiler. The officers elected las; night and those above names were installed by Past Grand Master Richard J. Noble, S. L. Parker weting as grand marshal. The beautiful gavel of a past grand master was presented to B. 2. Royster by S. W. Minor and was accepted in a speech marked by a fine 4 taste and feeling. The grand lodge was invited to attend the good roads convention here February 10-15. The committee to codify the rulings and decisions of the grand masters was appointed, being composed of Thomas. B. Womack, P. M. Pearsall and A. B. pointed as the local board of the Oxford Orphan Asylum: W. B. Ballou, W. L. Mitchell, F. P. Hobgood, Robert H. Bradley was sppointed grand librarian. After prayer by Grand Chaplain Marshall the ression of the grand lodge closed. Grand Tiler Bradley says he has never since 1863 missed a session of the grand lodge and that this was the best of them all. The attendance was larger, there were representative men from all parts of the State and there was a great deal of young blood. The grand lodge does not approve of the remission of the dues to the grand lodge of aged and infirm members of the order. In other words the subordinate lodges, while they may remit the dues of such members, so far as sub-lodges are concerned should nevertheless pay them to the grane lodge.

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction decides that a term of the sary to close the school. In Transylafter the time prescribed for the schools to close. The superintendent refused to pay him for that three weeks. The board sustained the superintendent, and now the State Superintendent sustains the board.

The State Superintendent of Public with the reports from the various chun

S1.00 A Year.

TAR BEEL NEWS,

in babitants or more. The proportion The State of Guerrero has always clear to make a profit on the oil. The of inhabitants of the three sections, the been the focus of seismic disturb Guffey & Galey people evidently beof inhabitants of the three sections, the

more rapidly than country districts.

times as great is it is in the South.

The population fiving in cities of ov-

er 25,000 anabitants increased 41 per

cent by, ween 1890 and 1900, partly by

the growth of the 126 cities of that size

log the following ten years of 36 other

cities to the lis. The population of

the country outside these cities increas-

ed between 1890 and 1900 14.9 per cent.

The 160 citles of the United States,

each of which had over 25,000 inhabi-

tants in 1900 increased in population

32.5 per cont botween 1899 and 1900.

16,196580 or 34 per cont; Fouth, total 24.523.527; cities of 25,000 or more. 2.-488,553 or 10 per cent. West 4,691,349; cities of 25,000 or more 1,033,179, or 25 per cent.

The per cent of in tears of population Hving in places of sizes indicated from 1890 to 1900, by sections follows.

25,000 and over, North, 42.2; South, 81.0 West 47.3: in United States, 41.1. 8,000 to 25,000, North, 22.9; South, 26.9; West, 17.9; in United Status, 23.1. 4.-00 to 8.000, North, 27.6; South, 87.3; West, 50.7; in United States, 36.7. 10 corporated places of less than 4,000, North, 27.9; Fronth, 44.4; Wost, 46.5; in United States, 33.0. Rutal, North, 1.2: South, 17.9; West, 22.0; in United States, 9.4.

These figures concludes the statement, show that the present growth of. population is a resultant in the North of a very rapid growth of large cities, as lower growth of small cities, and a very slight growth in the country; and a resultant in the South of a rate of growth of larger cities below the averfor the country, balanced by striking growth of small cities and an the avorage for the United States.

Lee Memorial Services

Memphia, Special .-- Memorial services commemorative of the birthday of Gen. Robert E. Lee, were held throughout the South. At the Central Methodist church, in this city, the Rev. W. K. Piner took as the text of his sermon. "The Soldier." Fifteen hundred people listened to Mr. Piner's culogy of the dead chieftain.

Syrian Robh d.

Kirksville, Mo., Special .-- I. Solomon a Syrian, living at Kookuk, Ia., was held up Sunday night and robbed of a money belt containing \$3,500. Solomon had sold his business in Keokuk and was looking for a location Two fellow country men have here. cen arrested for the robbery. Solosays one of them held him white the other cut the belt from his waist. The money has not been recovered.

Smallpex in North Carolina,

Wilmington, N. C., Special.-The smallpox situation in Eastern Carolina counties is beginning to be seriasly regarded. Although no quaranne has been cetablished against any ace, the health department has a tch on all trains from the infected trict and will continue to keep en house" unless conditions materially change. Dr. Joshua Tayloe, State smallpox Puppector, at Washington, N. C., is here and reports three very viruint cases at Clinton, all of them in prominent families. It is feared one of the patients will die. arsaw quarantined against Clinton lasurulay.

the advides the United States fol. state that the shock was very severe at Chilapa. No casualties reported so North, total population, 47,379,639; far from there. In duration the Chil-population of cities of 25,0000 or more pancingo shock was less important pancingo shock was less important than that in Mexico City, having last od 50 seconds against 55 seconds at

the capital. Up to 11 o'clock at night no further news had come through from Chil. about \$20,000 when completed. pancingo. The carthquake was also heavy at Iguala, in the State of Guerrero, destroving the parish chuchand many buildings in the city and neighborhood, Ameng the latter was the sugar mill of General Frisble, an American. The mill had just been completed and fitted up with Ame-i can machinery at a cost of \$200,000 The property loss is immense through out the State of Teurrero.

The Associated Press correspondent has just seen a private telegram from Chilpancingo from a gentleman to relatives in this city say ing: "I and family are safe. Many he does not refor to loss of life is considered significant and it is now developed that the first estimate of deaths was greatly ex-aggerated.

Train Wrecked,

La Favotte, La., Special.-The fast strease of rural population as fast as passenger train which left New Coleans. The company has 8600 acres of land was wrecked Friday at Code station. 12 miles east of LaFavette. Five passonger cars were thrown from the track, all well filled with passengers. but fortuna ely only three were hurt. The injured are: Dr. H. C. Smisson, of Slocum, Internal initcles; Dr. Brecker, of Detroit, log hurt: Mrs. C. H. Hambert, of Buffa'o, N. Y., infured internally. The infuned were brought here, sent to a hotel and are reported as doing well.

Prak Closes.

Albany, Ga., Special.-An application for a temporary receiver has been filed by the directors of the Commercial Bank of Albany. The bank did not open for business and a posted notice stated that the bank had susponded navment, pending the action of the Ragland. Oil was found in the wells, State authorities. The liablinges of the but it was so flooded with salt water bank are estimated at \$123,000, with assets of \$'91,000 in bills receivable and real estate.

Morgan Makes Report.

Washington, Special .- Senatce Morgan, chairman of the Senate committee.

on inter-occanic canals, made a brief report of that committee, as the result | ued at. \$387,403. of h's investigation of the s'a us of the Panama sale proposition. He stated that he had learned officially that the French government had made no pro-1 position to the United States in conpection with the Panama canal, and

that nothing had been heard from the

Guffey & . Galey people evidently be-Hove that there is money in the field by going to the expense of crecting such a tank: There are no larger tanks in the country than the one at Bayland, although the same people have forty tanks of its size in various parts of the United States. Mr. Maguire said that the tank would rost The expense of erecting it alone, without the cost of the material, will be trtween \$3500 and \$5000. It will be 130

feet in diamater and thirty feet in helpht.

"Nearly all the wells which have been drilled at Ragland have been plugged to await the completion of the tank. When the tank is completed they will be pumped to their full capacity. If the tank is then filled in any reasonable time, which is confidently expected, active measures will at once be taken to construct pipe lines, probab'y to Sait Lick, though there has been houses wereadestroyed." The fact that some talk of pumping the oil to the top of a nearby mountain and pipe it to the Obio river, and at the river load it into barges for final destination.

"One of the most promising compan'es in the Bath county field is the Licking Valley Oil & Gas Co., composed almost entirely of Lexington men. leased in the immediate territory, a large portion of which is contiguous to the Ragland wells. Ciner leases are across the mountain, and some lie toward Salt Lick, while it has several hundred acres of leased land in Menifee adjoining producing wells. The company has subleased part of its land to Mr. J. M. Sweeny, who has drilled one well upon it. The well was found to be a good producing well, but was immediately plugged up to await

storage facilities. The company is drilling another well nearby, and is now nearly 400 feet deep. Not less than thirty wells have been drilled in Bath county, of which number at least twenty-five are profitable wells.

"Two wells were shot at Yale, about two miles across the mountain from but it was so flooded with salt water that it is not deemed profitable at present to work.

Iddustrial Miscellany.

The British steamship Cayo Bonto sailed from Pensacola last week with a cargo of 14.350 bales of cotton, val-

The Morgan Line of steamships has begun regular service between the Southern Pacific terminals at Gaiveston and New York. The company has, recently placed several of its larges I taken by the separate houses was convessels upon this line.

The Norfolk & Southern Company, recently chartered in New Jersey with covernment of Colombia on-that sub- \$1,500,000 capital stock. It is stated will ect. A sub-committee consisting of ensars in the coastwise steamship Fenators Harris, Kittridge and Foster, business between ports on Hampton was appointed to take testimony con-Roads and points further Bonth, coming the various causi routes sug- Eronst B. Hocs of Yonkers, N. Y., in one of the incorporatorsi

Francis B. Thurber, of the United States Export Association, stated that the primary consideration was one of roof faith on the part of the United States to Cuba.

Hugh Kelley, of New York, who has large sugar holdings in Cuba, said that as an American he urged that reciprocal concessions be made. He believed that if there was no reciprocity Cuba would ask for ennexation and if this occurred the voice of the American people will be for admitting the island. Mr. Mendoza, of the Cuban delegation, pictured the distress if present conditions were continued and said the loss on the sugar crop of the island this year would approximute \$12,000,000, He-strongly favored that free admission of sugar and reciprocal concessions on American goods entering Cuba.

Must Have Negro Schools.

Guthrie, O. T., Special .- Chief Justlee Burford has issued an order to the effect that if there be only one colored child of school age in a school district the authorities must provide a sepnrate school house and teacher. This order takes in the entire Terri ory and will prove very expensive to the various counties.

Foraker Re-Elected.

Columbus, O., Special .- Senator Foraker was formally re-elected to the United States Senate. The Senate adjourned to the chamber of the House of Representatives for the joint soasion at which the ballot of yes e day fomed. Senator Foraker had practically no opposition, the division being purely partiean; the Democrats supporting Hon. Charles H. Baker, of Ciaelna bia,

mbly

The (locb I flurder,

Frankfort, Ky., Special .- Attorneys for the defense in the Jim Howard murder case say that they will tomorrow put on the witness stand reliable persons who will give all the details of the alleged Goebel murler conspiracy. They say that this testi-mony will show that Howard had nothing to do with the crime.

A Joweler Murdered.

West Chester, N. Y., Special.-Bela Brown aged 60, a manufacturer of jewelry, was found murdered in his store Sunday night. His legs were tied together and he was gagged with a long neck scarf. On the back of the body smeared with blood.

News By Wire.

A half million of Eastern capital is be invested in Oregon timber lands.

Illinois subscriptions to the McKin-National Memorial aggregate \$25,129.

Two colored miners were killed and, eight injured at Millstone, Tenn., by a runaway mine car.

Nom nations Co frmed. Washington, Special .- The Senate er of public money, at- Montgomery, Ala. Pos'mas ers: P. D. Barker, Mo Laurens; J. C. Hunter, Union; P. Rion, Winnsboro; T. E. Husbands Dillon; E. Appelt, Manning; E. A. S. Mixson, Barnwell; J. F. Ensor, Columbla; E. Harper, Seneca.

Will Go to Geo gia.

New York, Special.-The mandate o the United States Supreme Court, It the face of the agitation against the Gaynors, charged with complicity Inthe Mauds for which Captain O. M. Carter is now undergoing imprison ment, was received hore by the Unite-States Supreme Court. Judge Lacom! made the order directing the four de Georgia for trial.

t'es as to the sums needed to bring all

A special from Durham says :- J. L. Wright, white, 34 years of age, met a horrible death in the Erwin Mill Friday afternoon about 1 o'clock, Caught in a belt his body was jerked to the pully above and his right leg torn off at the hip joint. He lived some eight or ten minutes after the accident.

The number of convicts now on the Ohio River and Charleston Railroad is 407; the greatest number on any road since the completion of the Western North Carolina Railroad.

The State Poultry show held at High Point was a very creditable affair and was largely attended. The prizes were numerous and valuable.

Cuts aflan and Woman.

Winston-Salem, Special.-Charles Stewart, colored, was arrested at his home in West Winston on two warrants, charging him with making assaults with a knife, upon a white man named William Sizemore and his sisthe head was a hole extending into ter. The latter works in the picking the brain and there were several room at the R. J. Revnolds factory. gashes in the scalp evidently made She save that Stewart in passing her with a hammer, which was found near made some improper and insulting re marks. She told her brother what the negro said to her and at the dinner hour Mr. Sizemore called on Stewart and asked him what he meant by the language used to his sister. The discussion resulted in the white man knocking the negro down two or three times. The latter drew his knife and cut Mr. Sizemore and his sister. while the latter was endeavoring to separate the fighters. The wounds are not serious. Stewart was arranging to skip when captured.

Two Miners Kill-d

Chattanooga, Tenn., Special .- Two negro miners were killed and eight Thursday confiremed the following others injured, one of them probably nominations: N. H. Alexander, receiv- fatally, in an accident Friday at the mines of the Cumberla d Coal and Coke Company. They were riling on bile. South Carolina, G. S. McCravey, a car and while going down hill crashed into a train of empty cars. The dead are: . Leon Mil's and Floyd Thompson.

An Easy Way

Montgomery, Ala., Special. - The State Superintendent of Education has been informed of the screet of eight negroes in Henry county who ar for an examination with a full list of the questions and answers as prepared. secretly by the board of education. County Superintendent Espy had them arrested; and they claimed that they received the questions from a negro teacher named Brooken, paving him \$5 each. Inverigation showed that Every Republican present cast feedants to appear in court on Mon Oscar Hall, a percent of Troy, on which they will be sur made an address to the General rendered to a manshal and takes to are under arrest except Hall, he has apted into Geocala.