

# CHATHAM CITIZEN.

WEEKLY, FOUR PAGES, 23 COLS.

INDEPENDENCE, TRUTH, JUSTICE.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

VOL. II.

PITTSBORO, CHATHAM COUNTY, N. C., MARCH 25, 1897.

NO 30.

State Library

THE CHATHAM CITIZEN.

A WEEKLY 7-column paper in full sympathy with the masses.

Send your advertisement in the CHATHAM CITIZEN if you want it to bear fruit in Chatham County.

**VERONICA THE BEAUTIFIER.**  
**"VERONICA"**  
TOILET & POWDER.  
IS A MOST SANITARY AND DELICIOUS PREPARATION. IT PURIFIES AS WELL AS BEAUTIFIES.  
**THE SKIN.**  
Guaranteed perfectly harmless. Used by people of refinement and recommended by all who have tested its merits.  
PRICE, - 50 Cents.  
By Mail or at Druggists.  
(Send 10c. for sample and circular.)  
**CHEMICAL MFG CO.**  
Lakeville, N. Y.

**"Nothing else like it."**  
The most refreshing pleasant Soap for the skin.  
  
It lasts twice as long as others. A trial will convince you of its great merit. Will please the most fastidious.  
**CHARLES E. MILLER,**  
Mfr. of FRENCH MILLED TOILET SOAPS AND PERFUMERY.  
Lancaster, Penn.  
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SEND FOR A SAMPLE COPY.  
1 Do you like to read a good health story every week?  
2 Do you like to see the follies of life illustrated every week?  
3 Do you like to read all the news from all parts of the world every week?  
If so send one DOLLAR and subscribe for the Largest and Best weekly in the State. Sample copy furnished free on application.  
Address,  
Joseph Daniels,  
Editor,  
The North Carolinian,  
Raleigh, N. C.  
W. E. Marchison, T. Henry Calvert,  
Jonesboro, N. C. Pittsboro, N. C.  
**LEGAL NOTICE:**  
The undersigned have this day associated themselves together for the practice of Law, under the firm name of Marchison & Calvert, in the Superior Court of Chatham County.  
Mr. Calvert can be found at his office in Pittsboro at all times; and Mr. Marchison can be addressed or consulted at his office in Jonesboro.  
Prompt attention to business is guaranteed by us.  
This October 7, 1896.  
W. E. Marchison,  
T. Henry Calvert.

**Notice to Creditors.**  
Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Samuel Hart, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said decedent to present them to me for settlement on or before the 24th of February 1897, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery.  
All persons indebted to said decedent will please come forward and make settlement.  
JOHN HART,  
Adm'r of Samuel Hart dec'd.  
This February 20, 1897.

**THE MATCHLESS**  
**BURDETT**  
**ORGANS**  
  
They excel in power, sweetness of tone, variety, elegance and durability. Catalogue and prices sent on application.  
Manufactured by  
**BURDETT ORGAN CO.,**  
Freeport, Ill.  
Established 1866.

**The Chatham Citizen.**  
PITTSBORO, N. C.  
R. B. LINEBERRY, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.  
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE—\$1.00 Per Year. Advertising Rates on Application.  
Entered at the Post Office at Pittsboro, N. C., as second class matter, Sept. 5, 1895.  
**Independence, Truth, Justice.**  
Communications to be printed should be written on one side of the paper only. Your real name must accompany each communication or it can not be printed.  
The editor is not responsible for the views of correspondents, but will allow nothing enter the columns of the CITIZEN that he knows to be false or slanderous.  
We want intelligent correspondents in every township in the county.  
Did you know that Governor Russell is the first Governor of North Carolina since Vance who was not named by the Southern Railroad? We are not a defender of Russell, did not vote for him; but suppose Cy Watson had been elected?  
The press of the State has wasted much abuse upon T. W. Babb, who to say the most is unworthy of the notice given him, even abusive as it is. At any rate he is not to be chaplain of the penitentiary as there is no such an office.  
Speaker Hileman asked the State officers to pay him \$10 a day—\$4 a day as a member and \$6 a day as Speaker. We at first thought this was a lie gotten off on him but it turns out to be a real fact.  
No wonder he joined the "pie" brigade of bolters.  
John G. Carlisle, who during Cleveland's administration, manipulated bonds for J. Pierpont Morgan, did his first work after his cabinet term expired in working the injunction case against North Carolina for his beloved friend Morgan of the Southern railroad.  
"Sugar" Havemeyer, in his testimony before the Lexow committee said that one of the objects of the organization of trusts was to prevent "illegal combinations of organized labor." The world is a little curious, no doubt to hear exactly what such men as Havemeyer, Rockefeller, Seales and Spreckles consider "illegal organizations."  
Congressman Bell, of Colorado, asks additional recognition of Speaker Reed for the People's party in committees, especially on the Ways and Means committee, and in the division of time, between the parties. His claim is based on the fact that the Populists have 22 straight Populist and six fusion members in the House. There are also seven Senators. This gives the party the greatest strength of any third party in 40 years, it represents eight millions of people. The Populists have decided to work in harmony with the silver forces.  
Congress convened in extra session Monday, the 15th inst. Speaker Reed was re-elected to preside over the House.  
The populists number twenty-four in the House this time. They cast their vote for Congressman Bell, of Colorado, for Speaker.  
The democrats have chosen Mr. Bailey, of Texas, as their leader in the House this time.  
President McKinley, in his message, urged almost exclusively some tariff legislation for revenue.  
Dingley, of Maine, has prepared a bill which it is claimed will raise \$70,000,000 more revenue than the Wilson-Gorman act.  
This increased duty on imported goods may help the rich manufacturer, the sugar trust, the wool grower and some few others but what benefit will come to the farmers who are unprotected in their interest and yet are called upon to protect almost everybody else?

State Treasurer Worth has reviewed the appropriations of the last General Assembly and finds that these appropriations foot up the nice little sum of \$981,390.84. This is in excess of the appropriations of two years before something over \$100,000 perhaps, and then there was a deficit it will be remembered. The source of revenue for 1896 amounted to \$706,859.25. The Treasurer fully realizes that some of these appropriations will have to go unpaid. Below are some of the extra appropriations made:  
Contested election cases, \$1587  
Portrait of Vance, 500  
Purchase Moore's Creek battle ground, 200  
Repairs on Gov.'s Mansion, 600  
Improvements for D. D. & B. institutions, 4500  
State Normal & Industrial school regular, 12500  
extra, 12500  
University extra, 5000  
School building D & D., 10000  
Schools for D & D & B., Raleigh improvements, 23000  
Schools for training colored teachers, 5090  
Additional for Colored Normal schools, 4000  
Department of criminal insane, 3090  
Normal school colored at Elizabeth City, 505  
Improvements Agricultural & Mechanical College, 5000  
General Contingent account, 30000  
Penitentiary contingent besides the regular, 25000  
Guilford battle ground, 5090  
State taxes were increased a little but license tax lowered on some professions so the revenue will, perhaps, be about as before.  
They had better made an issue of bonds for the State than to try issuing of county bonds.  
Never has there been a time since the Ocala demands were first published when it was more necessary for Alliance people to stand firm and unyielding. Why?  
Has not the Alliance fulfilled its mission. Finding there is a party advocating its demands almost identically.  
For the very same reason that it was necessary to formulate demands and persistently agitate these demands until men get their eyes open, see that the promises of the old parties are but to deceive us, and organize a party advocating these demands. These demands are not yet enacted into law and there are two dangerous points to guard. In the first place, seeing that we mean business and that the great masses of the people are realizing the justness of these demands, have joined these forces and will not hush till they are heard, these old parties will begin to try to make terms with us, to compromise, etc.  
The Alliance must stand as the power behind the throne, demanding, nothing short of the pure and noble principles enunciated at Ocala.  
When we begin to listen to compromises we are playing in the fire. Satan will almost deceive the very elect if they will stop and listen to his pretty—plausible seeming stories. Trust them not. If they can induce you by delusive promises to enlist with those who have all along vilified and abused you, how long before they will be back in the same old ruts? If they are in earnest in their advocacy of our demands they will take them as they are. Let every man who believes in Alliance principles stand firm against insinuating and delusive compromises. Then if the enemy cannot ensnare us otherwise he will join with us and run in front of the crowd. Watch such!  
Be it said to the credit of the People's party that it has disowned those traitors who forsake our principles. Something other parties do not do. We need the Alliance to keep such a party as this—one that can maintain its integrity.  
By power given the Governor in the charter of the North Carolina Railroad Company, Gov. Russell some time ago removed the State directors appointed by Governor Carr, and a few days ago appointed the following new directors, who are all anti-lease men, to succeed them:  
Dr. R. M. Norment, of Robeson.

Virgil S. Lusk, of Buncombe.  
Wm. Gilchrist, of New Hanover.  
C. A. Cook, of Warren.  
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**IN MENOMINEE VALLEY.**  
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**A QUEER VERMONT TOWNSHIP.**  
Boston Evening Transcript.  
In Windsor County, Vermont, is about as queer a town as there is in the United States. Its name is Baltimore, and it possesses little interest save a history in which none of its inhabitants express the slightest pride. Baltimore is fairly old, as American towns go, having been set off from Cavendish and organized in 1793. It then had 275 presumably ambitious and hopeful inhabitants, but every census taken since then has revealed a steady growth—downward. In 1800 the place had lost one citizen, and the subsequent record stands as follows: 1810, 207 inhabitants; 1820, 205; 1830, 167; 1840, 155; 1850, 124; 1860, 116; 1870, 83; 1881, 71, and 1890, 64. To-day the number is 59, and one of the 59 spends his winters in the Soldiers' Home at Brattleboro.  
Nothing ever happened in the town, not even a crime, and it has no distinguished sons or daughters. The houses are scattered over the territory included within the Baltimore limits, nowhere forming anything like a village, and there is no store, no church, no postoffice nor even a cider mill. The people are prosperous enough, as Vermont farmers decline prosperity, but they keep moving away whenever opportunity offers, and nobody ever moves in. It is twenty years since a wedding took place there.  
Prince George of Greece is an expert bicyclist, and it is said rides a bicycle almost as well as he handles a man-of-war.

If a federal judge can say to the governor of a sovereign state: "You shall be subject to me. You shall obey my orders. Your acts are not legal unless authorized by me. Leave your office and appear before me on a given date and get your instructions"—if Judge Simonton says this, as he will do if he makes the injunction permanent, then so far as North Carolina is concerned it is no longer a sovereign State, but a province ruled over by a federal judge. Not only would the legislative and executive functions be absorbed by the judiciary, but the State department of justice would also be swallowed up in the spacious, corporation-loving maw of the federal judiciary and State lines and state rights would be completely obliterated. —News-Observer.  
Winston, March 19.—The tobacco factory of H. E. Robeson & Moxley is destroyed by fire last night. The loss is heavy, with little insurance.  
Washington, March 19.—The President has nominated Charles U. Gordon to be postmaster at Chicago.  
Utica, Miss., March 19.—A cyclone passed this place early this morning with a southeasterly course, blowing down several cabins and timber and fences, killing J. O. Hill, a farm hand, and injuring his wife.  
A country schoolhouse was lifted from its foundation and carried around.  
A company at South Hill Neck is manufacturing "sweet Gum and Peppin," and chewing gum, and "The Connecticut" says they do an extensive business. They have large traveling agencies on the road and the territory covers eight States.  
At Salisbury Albert Ray, a guard at the chain gang, while asleep in his tent, was badly cut in the face and just over the heart by an negro tramp, who was trying to rob him. Ray shot at him the negro, as the latter was running away. Ray is seriously injured.  
Wood 1897 is one of the best remedies for pear trees; that bear cracked fruit. Stir the soil well and then spread the ash as well over the surface.  
Do not be afraid of spending money for schools. Few farmers can afford to send their sons away to school, so the district school must be improved.  
Allowing stock to drink water freshly pumped from the well will give them water several degrees warmer than if compelled to drink from a frozen pond.  
Trees of various kinds can now be run down in the water or milled. The apple orchard should have special attention, for fear it will not be pruned at all when the spring work is begun.

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