

All Letters relating to Subscriptions or Advertisements must be addressed to WM. M. BROWN, Business Manager.

RALEIGH, AUGUST 3, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VOTERS.

Every man entitled to vote in the Convention election, must vote in the Township where he resides.

He must be registered on the registration books of his Township before he can vote.

He must have resided ten days before the election in his Township.

He must vote a separate ticket for Convention or No Convention, and he must vote a separate ticket for the candidate or candidates, and these tickets must be put in separate boxes.

It is a mistake that the voter must have resided ninety days in his Township before he can vote. Ten days is all that is required by law.

Local, State and General Items.

Write the words No Convention, and vote it on the 3rd of August. That's the way to keep out of jail, and live in your own house.

Some mischievous fellows in New-Bern, catching a wooden leg wood sawyer asleep, sawed his timber limb off just below the knee.

It has been suggested that some body hadn't a very good time at a little place called Jonesboro, last week. Won't the Sentinel tell? Now do.

BISHOP GIBBONS.—This learned leader of the Catholic Church will deliver a lecture on Temperance in this city on the 17th inst. Bishop G. is one of the most pleasant speakers this local ever listened to.

Up to this writing, the Sentinel has refused to tell its readers that B. S. Buchanan, sheriff of Jackson county, and a Democrat, lies in Wake jail for failing to account to the Treasurer of State for taxes collected by him.

Raleigh has a crazy negro woman in jail at that place who stands at the window and curses and abuses every passer-by ladies and all.—Observer.

Mistaken necessity, Ed. Miss Stiles is a white woman, and she went skating to the Lamatic Asylum in a buggy, last week.

NOTICE.—The Superintendents and teachers of the Colored Sabbath Schools of this city, are requested to meet in Convention on the 12th of August, 1871, at 9 o'clock, A. M. in the A. M. E. Church, to take into consideration the better government of the Sabbath Schools.

According to the Sentinel a Convention is wanted and necessary, to reduce the price of watermelons down to five cents! Potent reasoning! School boy twaddle!

That argument is as binding as the Bushy Green reason for a Convention. Alas, for the days of small minds!

SALER PRESS.—This naughty paper calls us ugly names, and says ugly things about us, too. We can't afford to reply "in kind," inasmuch as we don't know how; and as the Telegraph has given out to the world, that the Press is a power, we don't think we'll venture on such an enterprise. Excuse us.

The Hillsboro Recorder says, as Mr. Julius Carr was returning to Durhams from Mangum's Store, in going down a slant, at full tilt, the shaft of his buggy broke and he was thrown out breaking his shin bone. Fortunately the accident happened near the house of Dr. Ed. Holt where he was taken and is now comfortable—the doctor having set his leg.

Our contemporaries of the Wilmington Journal and Star are great teachers of things celestial. Not long since one of them announced two men for the month of July; then again they, (or one of them), tells about that meteor, a few evenings since—and now the Journal quarterly tells us that the moon completed its first quarter to-day, (25th). Verily, their eyes are turned heavenward, even if they should fall to reach that happy land.

BARN BURNERS AT WORK IN BLADEN COUNTY.—We regret to learn, says the Wilmington Journal, that the barn and stables of J. W. Purdie, Esq., about 10 miles above Elizabethtown, in Bladen county, were completely destroyed by fire, about 8 o'clock on last Sunday night. The loss consisted of nine head of horses and mules and a large quantity of small grain that was stored there. The precise origin of the fire is unknown, but there is little doubt but that it was incendiary.

FLUTTER AMONG THE JAIL BIRDS.—A couple of the inmates of the county jail, col. misundrestanding one another on some subject unknown to outsiders, concluded to settle their difficulty, Thursday morning last, by a resort to arms—the arms supplied by nature—and they pitched in, with a "free welcome." The claret flew, as blows thick and heavy, in turn, were given. The deputy sheriff, hearing the noise, p'aced the chickens in different coops.

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.—At a Township meeting held in this city Saturday night, the following ticket for Township officers, Raleigh Township, was unanimously adopted:

For Magistrates—W. Whitaker, D. A. Walker, S. D. Harrison, Ross Pettiford and Northford Davidson.

Township Clerk—John E. Williams. School Committee—J. P. Adams, Henry Jones, Joseph Watson. Constable—James A. Porter.

GRANVILLE SPECIAL COURT.—The two weeks term of this Court, Judge Wade presiding, closed last Friday. We understand a number of important cases were disposed of; among others the suit brought by Mr. Bobbit against the Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Company, in which suit, Mr. Bobbit claimed \$20,000 insurance on his factory which was destroyed by fire and which was insured in said company, was one of interest. The trial of this case occupied two days, and after a few moments deliberation, the jury rendered a verdict in behalf of plaintiff, with interest, making the claim something over \$22,000. The Agents of the Company appealed to the Supreme Court.

A NICE LITTLE TRICK.—We have been told that some of the Ku Klux apologists will offer a free ride to Norfolk and back on Thursday morning, to all colored people—who will avail themselves of this nice bit of courtesy. We warn the colored voter, that is a nicely fixed up trick to cheat him out of his vote. Thursday is the day of election. Stay at home.

The Fayetteville Eagle thinks there is too much ringing of church bells in that city on the Sabbath day, and suggests that the piety of a church will hardly be measured by the amount of noise kept by its bell. So, but how can this be remedied? Bells were made to ring, and bells regulate their movements by these rings. Let 'em alone, Mr. Eagle, and if you don't like to hear these monitors, stuff your ears with cotton.

Last Friday night Metropolitan Hall was again the scene of almost unbounded enthusiasm. The lovers of law, order, and the Constitution met, to testify by their presence, their condemnation of the Revolutionary act of the last legislature. Speeches were delivered by Quentin Beebe, and T. F. Lee, Esqrs. The effect was good, and Raleigh Township will back this assertion up by 800 majority against Convention.

OUR WATERING PLACES.—From the Elizabeth City Carolinian, we learn that "the season" at Nag's Head has fairly begun. It is destined to become one of the most popular summer resorts in the United States. Those who visit it cannot resist the attractions of the soft clear skies, its healing breezes, its charming beaches, the unrivaled beauty of its sun rise and sunset, and especially the intelligence and graceful refinement of the society annually congregating there. With a larger Hotel and other improvements Nag's Head will be a delightful place for the summer months.

RECAPTURED.—Emit Tomlinson, colored female, convicted in Johnston county for manslaughter, and who was confined in the jail of that county, awaiting her transportation to the Penitentiary, and who made her escape at the same time that Sneade broke jail, was captured near this city last Sunday night about 11 o'clock, by Constable Horton, and delivered over to Sheriff Cullum, of said county, who was in this city for that purpose. Constable Horton has shown himself to be admirably fitted for the office he holds, and by the continuation of the energy and perseverance already exhibited, he will become one of the fixed and indispensable institutions of Raleigh Township.

By the aid of powerful magnifying glasses, a number of little moons, or planets, may be seen playing around the great moon, which we are taught was put in the Heavens to light up the earth "by night." Nothing can be seen of these lesser moons, without the aid of said magnifying glass. So with a satellite recently discovered on the waters of the Tar—It is very diminutive, but by those who have seen it by the aid of the Telescope, it is represented as very frisky without much brilliancy; and in obedience to the great political moon, (the Sentinel), around which it plays, this lesser luminary sneezes, when the man in the big moon, takes snuff.

MORE ARGUMENT WHY, &c.—A colored man has been appointed post-master in Clarksville, Va., therefore, urges the Sentinel, the necessity for a Convention in North Carolina! That's powerful and convincing; and the State of North Carolina must impeach the P. M. General through a State Convention.

Twenty thousand white men in North Carolina appealed to in behalf of the displaced post mistress in the town of Clarksville, State of Virginia. What does that mean! Are we to understand that there are twenty thousand Ku Klux in the counties north Carolina bordering on Virginia, who are expected to put their horns on, and invade the quiet village of Clarksville, Va., and put the colored postmaster in the Roanoke river! We hope not.

"THUNDER FROM THE WEST," quoth the Sentinel, on reading a "private letter received by a gentleman of this city from a distinguished citizen of the East traveling in the West." We caught ourself wondering if Tommy Jarvis was that "distinguished Eastern gentleman"—and to our surprise, we concluded—an irresistible conclusion it was, despite our charitably-disposed inclination—that Tommy wrote the letter—and the letter was sent direct to the Sentinel. But the idea of Mr. Jarvis being able to "pump thunder" up in the mountains, excited our risibles no little. A Protesin production making a noise to imitate thunder among the mountains, and speaking, too, to "people by the acre"—is a bit of glossology we can't comprehend! Tommy is harmless.

FROM THE FRONT.—The Robesonian of the 26th July, is full of the Robeson county outrages, and from the spirit manifested, we are induced to believe that Lowery and his gang have shown some skill in evading their pursuers, and that it is not as easy a job to capture them as some seem to think who occupy a safe distance from the scene of action. While no new outrages have come to light, within a few days, the fear and terror already inaugurated in Robeson county is not diminished. There is constant dread that these marauders will slip up and murder, and then retire to their fastnesses in the swamps. That they will eventually come to grief, is a fact. However, much innocent blood may run before that event takes place.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.—The Southern Home assumes that the public execution of felons has a tendency to demoralize, rather than act as a terror, a warning to others not to perpetrate crime; that in some regions there is a disposition to become heroes of the like character; that crime increases, rather than diminishes, after public executions. The Home cites instances where young persons have been prompted to crime by reading books on piracies, &c., &c., and concludes by saying, that felons should die in their cells, like brutes.

We have ever been opposed to public executions, and our new laws have very wisely limited the number of spectators, and ordered such executions to be in private enclosures, where such enclosures are within reach and at command of the officers of the law. Yet, we think it wise and proper that the number now admitted to these shows should be still reduced to the officers of the law, a physician, and a clergyman. Let us keep from the morbid appetites of the vulgar such scenes of horror as the hanging of a fellow-mortal.

ARRIVED FOR ALLEGED COUNTERFEITING.—On Tuesday last week, says the Salem Press, Joseph Hester, of the U. S. secret service, arrested near Teaguetown, the well-known Dr. John L. Johnston, formerly assistant U. S. Assessor, and after whom the government detectives have been looking for some time. Johnston is charged with counterfeiting U. S. tobacco stamps, and some months since a detective was hired to hunt him, but he managed to elude the vigilance of the officer, and kept out of sight a long while. Suddenly reappearing in the neighborhood of his home, it was noticed abroad that he had been to Washington city, seen the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and had everything "fixed." The result shows that this was an error.

Wake county, Messrs. Editors, will vote against a Convention by about seven hundred and a thousand. Mark the prediction. And after the 3d day of August, never to be seen will the people of Wake county have a chance of listening to the eloquence of the Hon. D. M. Harringer, and A. S. Merrimon, G. H. Alford, Esq., then Capt. John Quincy Adams DeCarret, proxy for Ex-Governor Bragg. No, never more!—Correspondent Daily Telegraph.

On reading the above, it proved too much for our tender hearts. The very thought that we should never again hear the eloquence of Mr. Harringer, Mr. Alford and Mr. DeCarret, melted us down. We betook ourself to our closet, and there we wept and wept! and should have been weeping at this very moment, but for the fact, that our better-half informed us that we had exhausted the supply of handkerchiefs!

"BLOODY RIOT."—This is the caption to an article that appeared in the Sentinel of the 31st July, ult. In that article, occurs the following paragraph:

"At Lenoirburg the negroes and white radicals sought a quarrel with a gentleman of the name of Williams, who was in the streets, and nothing but the forbearance of the whites prevented bloodshed. If we had space and time we would repeat the account of that negro riot. The white men determined that if one man had been killed, they would have hung Gen. Willie D. Johnston, and the negroes, not leading the negroes, not in the riot but in the political meeting."

Then, it is confessed that neither Mr. Jones or Mr. Hawkins had anything to do with the alleged disorder—they were exercising the rights of freemen, in a peaceable way, yet, it was decided, and determined, if a man had been killed, that Gen. Jones and Gen. Hawkins, were to have been hung. We call upon the people of North Carolina—upon the people of the whole Union to read, and bear witness, that the language of two citizens—silent not engaged in the riot—citizens who were addressing a political meeting—was determined on, as the penalty of the misdeeds of others.

We confess that we shudder at such a bold revelation. Who of our people, law loving and law abiding people, will hereafter feel secure in their houses, if it is known that a political riot is in progress! Coming as this revelation does, in connection with the Goldsboro riot of Saturday last, in which it is said one man was shot—perhaps killed—we humbly trust there will be none so wicked as to construe the language to mean, that a mob must go and hang Judge Thomas and President Lincoln, who were "leading the negroes in the meeting, not in the riot," because one man was shot. Horrible! horrible!

THE GOLDSBORO TROUBLES.—The attempt on the part of the Sentinel to make political capital out of the difficulty in Goldsboro last Saturday, is fully in keeping with the character of that paper. The extra sent out by it Saturday afternoon, was headed "White men to the front!" and the language of the extra was calculated to engender a bitterness towards the Republican party and the colored people, in particular. We have seen gentlemen who were present, and they tell us that politics had nothing to do with the affair—that the difficulty was the result of bad whiskey, and that it was confined to the colored men. It is true one man was shot; he was shot by a colored policeman.

Where a mischievous sensation article, like the one spoken of, is so liable, and so sure to be exploded, we wonder that sensible men should venture to use it at all.

The Republican party have acted nobly in this trying campaign; they have heard misrepresentations made, and they have borne personal abuse and vituperation with a patience and forbearance that challenges the admiration of the world. Of the bearing of the party, the Carolinian very properly remarks:

"Never before has the Republican party assumed a nobler aspect than it does to-day. The champion of constitutionality, freedom, and the rights of the citizen, has stood up as the guardian of the rights of person and of property. No citizen who wishes to worship God safely 'under his own vine and fig tree, with none to molest and make him afraid,' will not expect to enjoy the wages of his labor, or to possess in peace the property earned by honest enterprise, will support a party controlled by the men who have caused the rebellion, and who to-day are advocating revolution."

THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL AND GOVERNOR CALDWELL.—The Wilmington Journal of the 28th July, Friday, refers to Gov. Caldwell in the following language:

Gov. CALDWELL.—His Excellency, Gov. Caldwell, arrived in this city last evening, and will leave here this morning for Lumberton, where he is to meet in consultation the other members of Robeson county, relative to the outrages committed there by Lowry and his gang.

We are glad, as at this late day, to see Gov. Caldwell, exercise an interest, and make a move, in person, towards the suppression of the outrages. In a recent colonial article we had occasion to remind His Excellency of the claims the people of Robeson have upon him for protection, and that he might turn from the more solid and substantial fact that the swamps of Robeson county harbored a gang of murderers and scoundrels, who were setting defiance to the law, and who were burning and slaying at will. We are glad that he has at length heeded the cry of the suffering people, and, as we have felt called upon to remind him, we now will venture to accord him due credit for the personal investigation that he is to make in this matter, hoping that he will adopt such strict measures as will speedily rid the county of the intolerable curse that has been fastened upon it in the shape of Lowry and his gang.

Gov. Caldwell has ever felt an interest in the troubles spoken of—his greatest anxiety has been, to see the Lowry gang captured, dead or alive, and nothing that has ever emanated from the Journal has given him the least concern; and not until he believed that the authorities of Robeson county were unable to capture these men, did he see the necessity of going, in person, to the scene of murder. The insinuations, and the satisfactory smacking of the lips of the Journal, over what it intimates as a compliance, after its threats—or, if not threats, its abuse—of the Governor, may as well be treated into additional words of complaint, as for the importance which his Excellency will bestow upon them. Duty moves the Governor—not newspaper slang.

NEWS FROM THE WEST—LETTER FROM ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Mr. Editor: I have just returned from an extended trip through the five extreme Western counties. Our friends are rallied and thoroughly aroused. The canvass made by W. G. Candler in these counties has had a telling effect. In Cherokee the anti-Conventionists are well organized. Burton Dickey, the Conservative member of the present Legislature, is stumping the county against Convention, and is doing great good. Capt. Hayes, a prominent Democrat, is the candidate against Convention in Cherokee county. He is a son of the late Hon. Geo. W. Hayes, who was for many years a member of the Legislature. John Rolin his brother-in-law, is the revolutionary candidate. The Conservatives give up the county of Cherokee by two hundred and fifty majority. Our friends claim it by over three hundred.

In Clay county, Capt. G. M. Bristol, a life-long Democrat, is the candidate against Convention, and has no opposer. It is thought that the county will vote nearly unanimously against Convention.

In Macon and Jackson counties, it is thought by both, Republicans and Conservatives, that in the former county, the majority will be given by both parties.

In Haywood county, the vote will be close. Both parties claim a majority. Col. Joseph Athey is the Convention candidate, and A. H. Murray, the present candidate for the county, is the anti-Convention candidate.

It is confidently expected that Convention will be badly defeated in this Congressional District. The Conservatives offer to bet that the majority against Convention, at the next Presidential election in 1876. We will send up a good report next Thursday.

Yours truly, THE WEST. Asheville, N. C., July 29, 1871.

T. F. LEE, SHERIFF.—The bitterness with which the Sentinel daily attacks our Sheriff, proves beyond a doubt, that he, Lee, is doing his whole duty to his country, and that the blows dealt by him against revolution and lawlessness, are heavy, and are telling on the ranks of the Ku Klux and their apologists. To read the Sentinel, a stranger would infer that Tim was a candidate before the people, in opposition to Convention, when in truth, he is not a candidate, but an active canvasser against Convention, and the people having tried him, and found him true, heed his words of counsel, in this campaign; he tells them, in his own way, of the danger of a political party, who jockies—like him—who warn the people to beware of these men upon whose tongue deceit and misrepresentation, like oil, runs off.

But, what need Tim care for the Sentinel, and the little pack who snap at him. He can afford to laugh at them now, and to pity them, on the day of their calamity is full upon them.

PEACEABLE UNTO THE END.—Soon, the present heated campaign will close. That there has been, and now exists cause sufficient for excitement cannot be denied; and still, argument, reason and facts have been the weapons, on the side of the No Convention party, while, on the part of the Conventionists, Demagoguism, misrepresentation, ridicule and personalities, have been the weapons brought into action—and even, unto the end of this unnatural warfare, the lovers of law and liberty, have maintained a marked dignity, with the conscious belief, that being right, their deliverance from anarchy and confusion, was but a question of time. The winding up, on the 3rd day of August, will prove how true has been the calculations of the Republican party. We wait with an abiding confidence in the justness of the cause we have espoused, and in the result. Let our friends to their simple duty on the day of election, and the apprehensions of many a poor man will be happily dispelled! The candidate of the Convention, on the day of the poor safe against the "going, going—gone!" of the Sheriff's sale day."

NO CONVENTION.—THE CANDIDATES.—We give below, as far as ascertained, a correct list of the candidates nominated by different counties against the call of a Convention, and will continue the list until complete:

Alamance—Wiley Woods. Alexander—Jerry Taylor. Anson—James Carroway. Ashe—T. H. Miller. Beaufort—S. C. Carrow. Bertie—F. C. Hall. Bladen—J. E. Eldridge. Brunswick—Daniel L. Russell, Jr. Burke—T. A. Seals. Cabarrus—W. H. Mitchell. Caldwell—J. F. Donald, Wilson Cary. Caswell—B. L. Foster, J. A. McDonald. Chatham—A. H. Howze, J. A. McDonald. Chowan—Augustus M. Moore. Craven—A. S. Seymour, I. B. Abbott, D. H. Abbott. Currituck—T. J. Morrisset. Cumberland—T. S. Lutterloh, W. A. Gutierrez. Currituck—C. C. Humphries. Carteret—M. J. Davis. Wayne—W. B. March. Davidson—Henry Walter, J. T. Brown. Edgecombe—Jno. Norfleet, Joseph Cobb. Franklin—C. H. Thomas, Madison Hawkins. Forsyth—William H. Wheeler. Gaston—James Hoffman. Gates—J. W. Spivey. Granville—E. B. Lyon, Richard Snead, H. T. Hughes. Greene—B. S. Harby. Halifax—Henry Eppes, J. J. Goodwin, Chas. Smith. Henderson—David Stratford. Hertford—Geo. H. Mitchell. Johnston—Jacob F. Scott. Lenoir—Stephen Lassiter. Lincoln—B. F. Frigg. Martin—W. W. Moore. McDowell—Jas. W. McCall. Montgomery—Allen Jordan. Moore—Jas. L. Currie. Nash—J. J. Sharp. New Hanover—Hon. J. C. Abbott, Ed. Cantwell. Onslow—J. W. Newson, Noah H. Odum. Orange—T. M. Argo, Washington Duke. Pasquotank—C. W. Grandy, Jr. Perquimans—J. H. Debertson. Person—H. L. Bumpass. Pitt—Louis Hilliard, George W. Johnston. Polk—Berry Aldridge. Randolph—B. H. Bull, T. L. L. Cox. Richmond—Alfred Dozier. Robeson—James Sinclair, Nathl. McLean. Rockingham—T. W. Patterson, T. A. Hagland. Rowan—J. M. McCorkle, J. G. Ramsay. Rutherford—G. W. Logan. Swain—Silas Westmoreland. Surry—G. H. Booker. Tyrrell—B. F. Sykes. Wake—S. F. Phillips, J. H. Harris, W. D. Jones, R. E. Johnson. Wayne—John Read, J. A. Hyman. Washington—J. A. Nelson. Wilkes—J. G. A. Bryan. Wilson—James Wiggins. Yadlow—Patterson.

OFFICIAL Return of the Vote for Attorney General at the Election held on the 4th day of August, 1870.

Table with columns: COUNTY, NAME, NO. VOTED, PERCENTAGE. Lists candidates for Attorney General across various counties like Alamance, Alexander, Alleghany, Anson, Ashe, Beaufort, Burke, Bladen, Brunswick, Cabarrus, Caswell, Carteret, Caswell, Catawba, Chatham, Cherokee, Chowan, Clay, Cleveland, Columbus, Craven, Cumberland, Currituck, Dare, Davidson, Davie, Duplin, Edgecombe, Forsyth, Franklin, Gaston, Gates, Granville, Guilford, Halifax, Harnett, Henderson, Hertford, Hyde, Johnston, Jones, Lenoir, Lincoln, Macon, Madison, Martin, McDowell, Mecklenburg, Mitchell, Montgomery, Moore, New Hanover, New Hanover, Onslow, Orange, Perquimans, Person, Polk, Randolph, Richmond, Rockingham, Rowan, Sampson, Stanley, Stokes, Surry, Transylvania, Tyrrell, Union, Vance, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Wilkes, Wilson, Yadlow, Yancey.

Raleigh Markets.

Table of market prices for various goods: COTTON—per lb., 18; PEASE—per bushel, 1 35; OATS—per hundred, 75; FLOUR—North Carolina Family, 10 50; BACON—per lb., 10 10; SALT—per sack, 2 75; BAGGERS—Sugar, 44; COTTON YARN—per 100 lbs., 1 30; CORN MEAL—per bushel, 1 00.

Retail Prices.

Table of retail prices for various goods: Apples—dried, 31 @ 05; BACON—green, 50 @ 75; BUTTER—per lb., 25 @ 35; BEESWAX—per lb., 20 @ 25; COTTON YARN—per bale, 1 30 @ 50; FLOUR—per 100 lbs., 75 @ 100; EGGS—per dozen, 12 @ 15; HAY—per 100 lbs., 75 @ 100; HIDES—green, per lb., 05 @ 06; LEATHER—per lb., 45 @ 50; MOLASSES—per gallon, 1 50 @ 20; OATS—per bushel, 90 @ 75; PEASE—per bushel, 1 10 @ 15; POTATOES—Irish, per bushel, 75 @ 80; SUGAR—cristobal, 20 @ 40; TALLOW—per sack, 2 50 @ 30; VINEGAR—per gallon, 40 @ 50.

Cotton Markets.

Table of cotton market prices: GEORGE T. STRONACH, Dealer in Cotton and Woolen Goods, Market and Martin Streets. Receipts at Raleigh, 2 bales. For shipment from Raleigh, 8 bales. Sales yesterday, 4 bales. QUOTATIONS: Ordinary, 15; Good ordinary, 18; Middling, 18 1/2; Middling, 19; Market active, cotton very scarce.

CHEAP ADVERTISING.—WE WILL insert an advertisement in Eight Hundred American Newspapers, for six dollars per line, per week. One line one week cost six dollars, two lines will cost twelve dollars, and ten lines will cost sixty dollars. Send for a printed list. Address GEO. P. BOWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41, Park Row, N. Y. June 8, 1871.

PUBLIC WORKS AND INSTITUTIONS

IN NORTH CAROLINA. The North Carolina Institution for the education of the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, is located at Raleigh.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—Dr. W. H. McKee, President; Messrs. R. S. Tucker, John C. Palmer, John H. Williams, W. W. Vass, C. M. Bames, S. E. Heart, Trustees. The officers of the Institution are: Principal, J. M. Lewis; Vice Principal and Steward, Treasurer, with a full Corps of teachers, in the Deaf Mute and Blind branches, more than one hundred pupils can be accommodated. The course of instruction includes eight years. All applications for the admission of pupils should be made to the Principal.

ISLAND ASYLUM of North Carolina, situated in the vicinity of Raleigh, will accommodate about 200 patients. Dr. E. Fuller, Superintendent; Jas. H. Moore, Steward; Mrs. M. A. Lawrence Matron.

NORTH CAROLINA REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS. SENATE. John Pool, of Bertie. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Term expires March 4th. First District—Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Chowan, Halifax, Gates, Northampton, Halifax, Martin, Bertie, Washington, Tyrrell, Hyde and Beaufort—G. L. Cobb, of Pasquotank. Second District—Pitt, Craven, Jones, Lenoir, Wayne, Granville, Johnston, Onslow, Carteret and Duplin—C. R. Thomas, of Craven. Third District—Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, New Hanover, Wayne, Moore, Montgomery and Anson—A. M. Waddell, of New Hanover. Fourth District—Wake, Franklin, Warren, Granville, Orange, Nash, Johnston, Chatham, B. G. Giblin, deceased—S. H. Rogers, of Wake, after 4th of March. Fifth District—Alamance, Randolph, Guilford, Rockingham, Davidson, Forsyth, Stokes, Person and Swain—J. M. Leach of Davidson. Sixth District—Rowan, Cabarrus, Union, Mecklenburg, Gaston, Lincoln, Catawba, Rockland, Davidson and Swain—J. M. Leach of Davidson. Seventh District—Ashe, Alleghany, Watauga, Yancey, Mitchell, McDowell, Burke, Caldwell, Rutherford, Cleveland, Polk, Henderson, Transylvania, Buncombe, Rowan, Haywood, Jackson, Macon, Cherokee and Clay—J. C. Harper, of Caldwell.

A PROCLAMATION. By His Excellency the Governor of North Carolina. WHEREAS, S. F. Tomlinson has tendered to me his resignation as a member of the House of Representatives from Randolph county; and whereas, said resignation has been accepted; Now, therefore, I, T. O. R. CALDWELL, Governor of North Carolina, by virtue of the authority vested by law in me, do hereby issue Proclamation, offering a reward of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension and delivery of said S. F. Tomlinson, the Sheriff of Cherokee county, and all other officers of the State and all good citizens to aid in securing the ends of justice in this case. Done at the City of Raleigh, the 29th day of July, A. D. 1871, and in the 96th [L. S.] year of American Independence. By the Governor: J. B. NEATHERY, Private Secretary. 14-10.

A PROCLAMATION. By the Governor of North Carolina. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Raleigh, July 20th, 1871. WHEREAS, information has been received at this Department that G. W. SUTTON, confined in the Jail of Cherokee county on a charge of Rape, has escaped therefrom. Now, therefore, I, T. O. R. CALDWELL, Governor of North Carolina, by virtue of the authority vested by law in me, do hereby issue Proclamation, offering a reward of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension and delivery of said G. W. SUTTON, the Sheriff of Cherokee county, and all other officers of the State and all good citizens to aid in securing the ends of justice in this case. Done at the City of Raleigh, the 29th day of July, A. D. 1871, and in the 96th [L. S.] year of American Independence. By the Governor: T. O. R. CALDWELL, Private Secretary. 14-10.

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1871. WE PROPOSE SUPPLYING THE WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY EDITIONS OF THE CAROLINIAN

with the periodical reading they need from this city at a much reduced cost, and have made the necessary arrangements with the publishers of several Religious and Agricultural papers, and also Monthly Magazines, enabling us to offer the following terms:

On the receipt at one time of \$6 we shall send the WEEKLY, or for \$11 the SEMI-WEEKLY, and one of the following Religious Papers: The Independent, The Methodist, The Christian Union. Also, one of the following Agricultural Papers: The Agriculturist, Health and Home. Also, one of the following Monthly Magazines: The Atlantic Monthly, The Galaxy. Also, the following Religious and Agricultural Papers: The Christian Union, Our Young Folks, In all Five First-Class Periodicals. To those who prefer it we will supply our Weekly at the following Rates, as follows: Single copy one year, \$2 00; Five copies one year, 9 00; Ten copies one year, 15 00; Twenty copies one year, 25 00; Fifty copies to one address, 50 00.

On SEMI-WEEKLY: Single copy one year, \$4 00; Two copies, 7 00; Five copies or over, for each copy, 3 00. Or we will send the WEEKLY EVENING POST and the following periodicals at the prices named: The Galaxy, \$1 00; Or The Atlantic, \$1 00; Or Health and Home, \$3 75; Or Independent, \$3 00; Or The Methodist, \$3 00; Or Christian Union, \$3 00; Or Our Young Folks, \$2 00; Or The Agriculturist, \$2 50. The price at which THE SEMI-WEEKLY will be sent on either of the above can be ascertained by adding one dollar and fifty cents to either of the above proposals. Specimen numbers of the Evening Post sent free. W. M. C. BRYANT & CO., July 15—t. New York.

DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS, ENAMELLED, EMBOSSED, GROUND AND CUT GLASS.

A large and well assorted stock of the above goods constantly on hand at the lowest rates. Order work promptly attended to. Builders and owners will find it to their advantage to get our estimate before purchasing. Special attention given to BLACK WALNUT and other First-Class work. Estimates and Price Lists furnished on application. WHITLOCK & CO., 254 & 256 Canal Street, NEW YORK. June 8, 1871. 2-W.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

OFFICE N. C. R. CO. COMPANY, Company Shops, June 30, 1871. On and after Sunday, June 4th, 1871, trains will be run over this road in accordance with the following time table: Mail Train—Going West. Leaves Goldsboro 7:40 P. M. " Hillsboro 9:00 " " Greensboro 10:00 A. M. " Salisbury