

Official Return
Of the Vote for Attorney General at the
Election held on the 4th day of Aug., 1870.

Table with columns: COUNTY, W. M. SHIPP, NO. VOTES, CONVENTION. Lists counties like Alamance, Alexander, Alleghany, Anson, Ashe, Beaufort, Bertie, Bladen, Brunswick, Buncombe, Burke, Cabarrus, Caldwell, Camden, Carteret, Caswell, Catawba, Chatham, Cherokee, Chowan, Clay, Cleveland, Columbus, Craven, Cumberland, Currituck, Dare, Davidson, Davie, Duplin, Edgecombe, Forsyth, Franklin, Gaston, Gates, Greenville, Guilford, Halifax, Harnett, Haywood, Henderson, Hertford, Hyde, Iredell, Johnston, Jones, Lenoir, Lincoln, Macon, Madison, Martin, Mecklenburg, Mitchell, Montgomery, Moore, Nash, New Hanover, Northampton, Onslow, Orange, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Person, Polk, Randolph, Robeson, Rockingham, Rowan, Rutherford, Sampson, Stanley, Stokes, Surry, Transylvania, Tyrrell, Union, Wake, Warren, Washington, Watauga, Wayne, Wilkes, Wilson, Yadkin, Yancey.

North.—The vote of Caswell and Gates counties (unofficial) was as follows:
Caswell, 607 1,381
Gates, 356 744

This would make Shipp's majority in the State 4,365.

The Congressional Inquiry at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 30.—The second day's session of the Congressional Committee, to investigate Louisiana politics, was held at the Custom House. Three witnesses were examined, viz: J. Henri Burch, Col. Carter, the head of the Carter faction, and McVean, Assistant Clerk of the House of Representatives. Burch testified that Warmoth had met him on the morning of the 23d of January, after the organization of the House, and told him that he (Warmoth) had records of all the Carter members, and was going to destroy them, and that he would destroy him (Burch) if he persisted in his opposition to him (Warmoth). Witness named six names of members of the Legislature who also held the office of Registrar of Elections, though the constitution prohibits Registrars from running for office. It afterward appeared that Carter himself, leader of the Reform party, had acted as Registrar and did not know much about the plan to impeach Warmoth, but understood that there were about 140 specifications against him, on which articles would be founded. This witness did not make specific denials of the names of members, but gave the names of those who would give the facts. Notwithstanding Warmoth's ostentatious opposition to the present monstrous election law, every advocate of that law had been re-elected under Warmoth's dictatorship. Witness said that a paper called the *Weeky Era*, editor at Baton Rouge, which was in State warrants, which yielded only 50 per cent.

ited to sixty days in each year, and yet the expenses of the session of 1871 were \$712,000. Carter testified to have deposed in Texas for embezzlement of funds as receiver of Confederate cotton, but would not divulge the particulars, pleading professional confidence. There are about forty newspapers in the State living on the State printing patronage, which could not live without such patronage. Carter estimated the annual profits of *The New Orleans Republican*, of which Warmoth owns over one-third, at \$300,000 from State patronage.

Mr. McVean merely confirmed a portion of Carter's testimony. The committee will have before them during the next session the annual revenue cutter on which the members of the Senate escaped, and the Captain of the troops used by Packard to keep Warmoth out of the State Convention last summer. The examination of Warmoth's friends will be the last in order.

American Unity.

The rumor that the administration is meditating the purchase of Cuba may safely be discredited. There are several reasons for the conclusion. In the first place, the administration has no need of going out of its way to raise a popular issue. The acquisition of Cuba, the peaceable union of the British North American possessions with the United States, the entry of Mexico into the Union, in short the unity of our people, are grand and popular ideas, destined, ere many years, to have their accomplishment in fact. That some members of the administration have faith in these ideas is undoubted. It has been generally expected that the President, during the last year of his term by some master-stroke of political strategy and thus secure a second term. But the Grant administration has no need of any political pyrotechny. The Cabinet contains not one man of national note, if we have no Webster, no Clay, no Sumner. It is pre-eminently a work-day Cabinet, headed by a practical President, and claims popular support for its general efficiency. One popular measure is not relied upon to atone for four years of incompetent administration. The President starts out with certain plain objects in view. It has attained them, all the reduction of the debt, the protection of loyal citizens, the reformation of the civil service, the prosecution of dishonest officials, the decreasing of taxation. On this solid platform the administration can safely appeal to the people. It has no need of bolstering itself up with the humiliation of Spain, the abdication of England, the absorption of Mexico. Again, the people are not likely to reduce their national burdens, and do not feel inclined to increase them unnecessarily. The word is used advisedly. No man can watch the course of events without coming to the conclusion that the idea of continental unity is steadily and surely working out its own accomplishment. The English Radicals of the Bright school, opposed to expenditure for the maintenance of the colonies, and believing that Canada and the United States were not to be formed into one people, Spain, with all her butchers, cannot keep Cuba bound in the shambles, and the Cubans prefer union with the United States to their autonomy being guaranteed. Mexico, torn by her internal dissensions, which she cannot purchase, because we always laid claim to Texas. While, therefore, the timid, apprehensive that the President, to secure a re-election, may plunge the nation into war and attempt conquest, may possess their souls in agony, there cannot exist any rational doubt of the ultimate accomplishment of the grand idea of American Unity, and its fulfillment will be in a great measure owing to the patient non-interference and practicality of the administration.

Chicago Evening Post.

TAKING COLD.—If a cold settles on the outer covering of the lungs it becomes pneumonia, inflammation of the lungs, or lung fever, which in many cases carries the strongest man to his grave within a week. If a cold falls upon the inner covering of the lungs it is called bronchitis, with its knife-like pains, and its slow very slow recoveries. If a cold settles in the joints there is rheumatism in its various forms; inflammatory rheumatism, with its agonies of pain, and rheumatism of the joints, which in an instance sometimes snaps upon the victim with no friendly warning. It is of the utmost practical importance, then, in this wintry weather to know not so much how to cure a cold as how to avoid it. Colds always come from one cause, some part of the whole of the body or the lungs that are not warm. If a man will keep his feet warm always and never allow himself to be chilled he will never take cold in a lifetime, and this can only be accomplished by due care in warm clothing and the avoidance of draughts, of the whole of the body, and of the head, and of the feet. A man will keep his feet warm always and never allow himself to be chilled he will never take cold in a lifetime, and this can only be accomplished by due care in warm clothing and the avoidance of draughts, of the whole of the body, and of the head, and of the feet.

Most perplexing of the numerous political puzzles just now placed prominently before the people is the large number of Presidential candidates upon whom the Democrats are said to be a unit.

They are Justice Davis, of the Supreme Court of the United States; Mr. Justice Thompson, the able chief of our own Supreme Bench; Major-General Hancock; Governor Parker, of New Jersey; ex-Senator Hendricks, of Indiana, and even B. Gratz Brown, of Missouri. With all these highly desirable and able candidates, it is not surprising that every one of whom is the special desire of the Democracy, the passive policy of making no nomination at all is not likely to meet with much favor, especially as half-a-dozen more jurists and statesmen upon whom the Democrats can unite as one man may be confidently expected before the opening of summer.—*Phila. Inquirer.*

An Irish doctor advertises that all persons afflicted with deafness may hear of him in a house on Diffev street, where also blind persons may see him daily from three to ten o'clock.

A Protest.

Below is a protest on the subject of the State Printing:
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
WAKE COUNTY.

The undersigned, members of the Joint Committee on Printing, hereby enter their protest against the award of the Public Printing which has this day been made, whereby the *Sentinel* office, in the name of Theo. N. Ramsay, is given the Public Printing of the State of North Carolina.

1st. Because the same office last year, in another name, evercharged, drew from and defrauded the tax payers of North Carolina out of more than three thousand dollars.

2d. Because it is reported and believed that the *Sentinel* newspaper, and the *Banner of Temperance* have been frequently printed on paper paid for by the State of North Carolina, and so long as the Secretary of State is required to fill the requisitions of the *Sentinel* office for paper, thereby making the said *Sentinel* office the custodian of the State's property, so long as those who are publicly reported to be universally acknowledged to be the plunderers of the State.

3d. Because the contract had previously been awarded to another party in this city as the lowest bidder—after bids had been invited and public notice given to the lowest responsible bidder was to receive the contract—and said bids were opened and published in the State.

4th. Because the contract as awarded to Theo. N. Ramsay, is in some particulars as such figures named in the lowest bid of the party referred to—figures which were not ascertained by opening and publishing the bids.

5th. Because, in other respects, the Department printing in particular, the *Sentinel* office leaves that matter open.

6th. Because the rejected contract is by many hundreds of dollars more favorable to the State than the contract with Theo. N. Ramsay and the *Sentinel* office. And

7th. Because the party to whom the contract was awarded a few days ago, had executed the contract on his part and made a good and sufficient bond to the State, which bond and contract was in the hands of the Chairman of our Committee.

Therefore, for the above reasons, and because a great outrage has been perpetrated on the people of North Carolina in this matter, and a great wrong done one of her citizens, we the undersigned, not consenting to become parties to any such transaction, here enter our solemn protest, in our own behalf and in the name of the people of North Carolina, against this outrageous and unheard of proceeding.

Done at the city of Raleigh, this 10th day of February, A. D. 1872, and in the 95th year of the independence of said State.
C. H. BROODEN,
JOHN P. NISSEN.

The Weekly Carolina Era.

All Letters relating to Subscriptions or Advertisements, must be addressed to W. M. BROWN, Business Manager.
All Registered Letters can be sent at our risk.

Subscribers receiving their papers with a cross mark, may know that the time for which they subscribed is nearly out, and unless they renew, after receiving two papers, with a cross mark, their papers will be discontinued.

J. C. LOGAN HARRIS, Editor.
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1872.

Local, State and General Items.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.—The following are the Congressional Districts as laid off by an act of the General Assembly which died on yesterday at 12 m: 1st. Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Gates, Chowan, Hertford, Hyde, Beaufort, Pitt, Pamlico, Bertie, Martin, Washington, Tyrrell and Dare.

2d. Edgecombe, Wilson, Green, Wayne, Lenoir, Jones, Craven, Northampton, Warren and Halifax.

3d. Onslow, Duplin, Sampson, Harnett, Cumberland, Bladen, Columbus, Brunswick, New Hanover, Carteret and Moore.

4th. Johnston, Wake, Chatham, Orange, Granville, Franklin and Nash.

5th. Randolph, Davidson, Guilford, Alamance, Person, Caswell, Rockingham, and Stokes.

6th. Robeson, Montgomery, Richmond, Anson, Stanly, Cabarrus, Union, Mecklenburg, Gaston, Lincoln and Catawba.

7th. Forsyth, Surry, Yadkin, Davie, Rowan, Iredell, Alexander, Wilkes, Alleghany, Ashe and Watauga.

8th. Caldwell, Burke, Cleveland, Mitchell, Yancey, McDowell, Transylvania, Buncombe, Madison, Haywood, Jackson, Swain, Macon, Clay, Graham, Cherokee, Rutherford, Polk and Henderson.

It is probable that this gerrymandering by the Legislature will not be of any service to the ku klux Democracy.

IF we are not mistaken the bill which prescribes the new Congressional Districts, was ratified before the adjournment bill recently passed by the Congress, was signed by the President. We understand President Grant has not signed that bill. If so, the act passed by the Legislature is void and of no effect; because it was passed before there was any authority for such action by the Legislature.

MEAN.—A newspaper in Charlotte, the name of which, or that of its editor, has never been mentioned by Mr. Hanes in the columns of THE ERA, has, with all the bitterness, coarseness and mendacity peculiar to its nature, arraigned that gentleman for what was said in these columns by us; and that, too, after Mr. Hanes had given notice that the Local editor would have charge of this page, and must be held responsible for whatever appeared in it. The same paper has also arraigned Mr. Hanes for two articles which appeared on the other page of this paper, but which were written and published by us in his absence. In the last issue before Mr. Hanes left he gave notice that the Local editor would have charge of the entire paper in the meantime; and in the very paper in which the articles appeared we gave notice that we, and not Mr. Hanes, was responsible therefor. Yet they are all charged to Mr. Hanes and he is coarsely assailed for them by an editor who denounced a contemporary in his own town for holding him responsible for what appeared in his paper over an anonymous signature. In this case the name of the responsible writer was given.

O, shame, where is thy blush!

LOCAL PAPERS.—The *New York Times* says you might nearly as well forget your churches, your academies and schoolhouses, as to forget your local paper. It speaks to ten times the audience that your local minister reads eagerly each week from beginning to end. It reaches you all, and if it has a lower spirit and less wisdom than a sermon, it has a thousand times better chance at you. Laying, as it does, on every table, in almost every house, you owe it to yourself to rally liberally to its support, and exact from it as able, high-toned a character as you do from any educator in your midst. It is in no sense beneath notice and care—for it is your representative. Indeed, in its character it is the summation of the importance, interest and welfare of you all. It is the aggregate of your own consequences, and you cannot ignore it without miserably depreciating yourselves.

ACCIDENT IN CHURCH.—On Sunday morning last, while the sexton in St. Paul's Church, in Baltimore, was extinguishing the lights, one of the large chandeliers became loosened at the top, and fell with a crash to the floor. The sexton was using an iron rod in putting out the lights, and on observing the chandelier give way, managed to escape being crushed by pushing it away from himself with the effort. The chandelier, however, struck him on the side of his head, cutting his temple severely and otherwise bruising him. His escape from death was a narrow one, as, had he not observed the chandelier falling, its immense weight would have undoubtedly caused fatal injuries. The thread of the bar by which the light is suspended, it is supposed, was worn away with rust. Had there been a congregation present at the time the consequences would have been most disastrous.

FOURTH SENATOR.—The Washington correspondent of the *The N. Y. Tribune* says: Gen. Ransom, the new Senatorial aspirant from North Carolina, elected by the Democrats in place of Vance, disqualified, arrived here to-day. As his disabilities were some of a light character, he is expected to be re-elected, although it would appear, on point of fact, that he is more objectionable, on account of his conduct during the war, than Vance. He was in the Confederate army, and he is reported to have been captured in a most brutal manner. The chances are still in favor of Abbot, although many believe that Gen. Ransom will be seated when the question comes to a vote.

CUBA.—The *N. Y. Tribune* says that Valmaseda has sent a reassuring dispatch from Havana to Madrid. He has just returned from a trip in the interior, and is convinced that the insurrection is virtually at an end. He asks for 2,000 fresh troops, with which he promises to finish the work by March or April. He says that the work by a peculiarly fitting date for this imbecile savage to appoint as his day of final triumph.

SOUTHERN REPUBLICANS.—The first reception and sociable of the Southern States Republican Association came off at Mason's Temple in Washington, D. C., on Friday evening last, and is described in the Washington papers as a grand success. Among those present we note the following: President Grant, Vice-President Colfax, Governor W. W. Holden, wife and daughter, General Rutherford, President of the association; Mrs. General Rutherford, Hon. Victor Barringer, and lady; Hon. C. A. Colleton, Colonel H. J. Starbuck, and Colonel Robt. Douglas.

RETURN TICKETS.—Thus far arrangements have been made with the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford, the Raleigh and Gaston, and the Raleigh and Augusta Railroads, to pass delegates to the Republican State Convention to and from Raleigh for one fare. Similar arrangements will, no doubt, be made with all the roads in the State. There are ninety odd counties in the State. There should be a thousand delegates present.

Wayne county holds her county Convention on the 24th of this month. Who next? Keep the ball rolling!

FEES.—The fees heretofore allowed the Superior Court Clerks have been amended as follows:
Summons, \$1.00
Fees each copy, .25
Entering Judgments, 1.00
Execution, .25
Presentment, .50
Mortgage, .50
Capias, 1.00
Transcript to Supreme Court, 2.00
Auditing and settling account, 1 of one per cent. on all sums under \$10,000; all sums over \$10,000, 1-10 of one per cent. provided, however, the same will be heard *ex parte* as that fee thereon shall exceed \$15.
Letters of Administration, \$1.00
Appointment of Guardian, 1.00
Binding Apprentice, 1.00
Justification of Bond, .50
Probate of will in common form, 1.00
Recording a will or other writing necessary to be recorded, for each copy sheet, .10

Raleigh Markets.

Wholesale Prices.
POOL & MORING,
Grocers and Commission Merchants,
Corner Wilmington and Martin Sts.

RETURNED.—On Saturday last Joseph W. Holden returned to this city after an absence of more than twelve months. We are glad to notice that Joe is looking as though he lived upon the venison of the Buffalo while rusticated in Kansas.

RESIGNED.—We learn from the *New Bern Times* that Mr. W. W. N. Hunter has resigned his position as Sheriff of Lenoir County, and has been appointed Register of Deeds of the same county, filling the vacancy caused by the death of the former incumbent.

REPORT.—The majority report of the Committee on Privileges and Elections of Senate in favor of giving ex-Senator Abbot, of North Carolina, the seat now vacant, and to which Gov. Vance was elected, is very voluminous, and is signed by Senators Morton, Rice, Carpenter, and Anthony; the Minority report by Senators Thurman, Hill and Logan.

FRENCH.—A gentleman asked a lady known to be utterly ignorant of languages, "How did you get along, when abroad, to make yourself understood?" "Oh, my dear sir!" replied she, with quite a French air, "we had an interpreter with us." The same lady, having arranged some status in an adjoining room, requested the same gentleman to step in the next "impairment and see her antics."

BAD SIGN.—The *Charlotte Democrat* says the authorities of the town of Salisbury have ordered their Market House to be sold—provided the debts of the town can be so arranged as to make a good title to the property.

BURNED TO DEATH.—The *Asheville Pioneer* says that Leicester, a few days since a child, five or six years old, son of Rev. David Wells, was burned to death. While the parents were absent, the child kindled a chip fire in front of the house, and while playing around it, its clothes caught from the flames, and he was burned from the body before assistance could reach it.

FIRE IN SMITHVILLE, N. C.—On Tuesday last, a destructive fire occurred in Smithville, Brunswick county. The losses are estimated as follows: Dr. Frink, \$8,000—insured for \$5,000. Mr. C. C. Morse, \$7,000—insured for \$4,000. Dr. Curtis, \$1,000—no insurance. The fire is thought to have been accidental.

IRON.—The *Wilmington Journal* says the 250 tons of iron which arrived in that city was for the Wm. Char. & Ruth. R. R., and is to be sent to the Western Division, for the purpose of pushing the road through to Shelby as rapidly as possible. This will be good news to our friends in the West.

GOLD.—The *Victor* says since the last report Mr. Atkins has shown us another lump of splendid quartz less than a pound in weight, with over an ounce of pure gold in it. Over 1,900 pennyweights of gold has been taken from the Shenwell mine, under very irregular system of working—and there is no doubt, in our opinion, that it is the richest mine in the South.

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING.—A Mass Meeting of the Republicans of Wayne county, is called to meet in Goldsboro' on Saturday, the 24th of February, inst. Delegates will be appointed to the State Convention in Raleigh, and other business of importance to the party will be transacted.

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