our midst and colonized by the United States.

Resolved, 8. That we earnestly desire a Convention of the people of North Carolina, at the earliest possible practicable moment, for the purpose of again assuming our functional duties in the Union as a State, and to this end we recommend to the different precincts of this county the necessity of holding primary meetings to give expression of opinion on the matters touching the present condition of the country, and to nominate delegates to a general Convention of the citizens of the county to express their choice of a delegate to a State Convention.

Resolved, 9. That we believe it essential to the peace, welfare and protection of the country that a small garrison of troops be kept in this county, and that a committee of five be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting to communicate our desire to the proper military authorities, and to make such other arrangements as are necessary for the protection of the country, citizens, property, &c.

Resolved, 10. That we earnestly recommend to the subordinate meetings which may be held in the county in pursuance of the eighth resolution, peace, harmony and concert of action, believing as we do that all of our citizens are honestly seeking the public good and that the surest method of obtaining this is to join hand in hand in restoring law and order, and in congregating together the scattered fragments of a once glorious Union.

Resolved, 11. That we earnestly request our fellow-citizens of the State at large to cordially join us in requesting the proper authorities to call a Convention of the people of the State at the earliest practicable day, and in restoring civil authority and our former relations with the Federal Union.

Resolved, 12. That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Asheville *News*, Raleigh *Standard* and Raleigh *Progress*, and that a copy be sent to the Military Governor of the State.

On motion of Rev. Robt. Patterson, the meeting adjourned.

S. B. GUDGER, *Chairman.*

JAS. L. HENRY, *Secretary.*

About the Campaign.

The Bullying Temper of the Greeley Partisans Towards Independent Democrats—Sharp Letter from Judge Jere. S. Black, of Pennsylvania.

To the Editor of the York Gazette:

You may have seen in *The Capital*, published last Saturday at Washington, what purports to be a conversation between the editor of that paper and me. I have no right to suppose that my utterances would influence the opinions of or even excite the curiosity of the general public. But I wish it to be understood here at home that I lay no claim to the eloqence of the remarks which Colonel Piatt has attributed to me. That gentleman did certainly not intend to misstate me; but his poetic imagination and elegant tast has given a color to my commonplace remarks which a less gifted person would not put on them. Besides, he is an ardent friend of the Cincinnati nominee and a most "Liberal Republican"—so extremely liberal, indeed that he thinks it mean in the Democratic party not to surrender their organization into the hands of its enemies, and this generous sentiment of his own has made him misconceive my notion about the duty of the Democracy to stand firmly together for the whole country. While I am about it I may as well say another word. The aggressive and violent temper of the Cincinnati movement is breaking the Democracy to pieces. There are many thousands of men in the party who will refuse to be dragooned or bullied into the support of that ticket: The Greeley men had better suspend their plan of operation immediately. The longer they continue it the less likely they are to succeed either in July or November. "We the people," the rank and file, the yeomanry of the country, cannot be driven to the polls as negroes are driven in the South by the carpet-baggers and scalawags.

J. S. BLACK.

York, Pa., May 20 1872.

When is butter like Irish children? When it is made into little pats.

The lady who took everybody's eye must have had quite a lot of them.

When is a small fish pond like a birdcage? When there is a perch in it.

What two colors are undiscernible? Invisible green and glind-man's buff.

When is a lady's hair like news? When it's found in the morning papers.

Smiggles says he don't care if he is getting seedy; 'tis the proper thing in spring time.

What belongs to yourself, and is used by everybody more than yourself? Your name.

Why is a large carpet like the late rebellion? Because it took such a lot of tax to put it down.

A young man, having married an heiress, said it was not the face of his wife that struck him so much as her figure.

A young lady went into a music shop, asked the clerk if he had "Loving Eyes." He replied, "I'm told so by the girls."

The most gallant man ever heard of is one who refrained from kicking a dog that had bitten him because it was a female dog.

A Western writer describes a Dolly Varden dress as an animated, old-fashioned window curtain thrown over a red brick wall.

The jolly local of a paper in Boone county says: "Come where my love lies dreaming—and see how she looks without any paint on her face."

Lazy California bar-tenders now-a-days place the ingredients of a cobbler into a tumbler, and then wait for another earthquake to mix them up.

A middle sized boy writing a composition on "Extremes," remarked that "we should endeavor to avoid extremes, especially those of wasps and bees."

A Portland man went into a shop and stumbled through his errand in this fashion: "I want some white woman's long-legged cotton stocking hose."

The following notice might have been seen some time ago stuck up in a corset-maker's window in Glasgow: "All sorts of ladies stays here." Just the place for bachelors and widowers.

A newly converted Kansas reporter thus notices a minstrel troupe: "For those who do not consider it a sin to witness minstrel shows, this entertainment will furnish a pleasant relaxation from the revival meetings."

Synopsis of Election and Registration Act Relating to Registering and Voting.

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

The following are the only qualifications required of any voter in this State:

He must be twenty-one years of age or upwards; a native or naturalized citizen of the United States; and must have resided in this State twelve months preceding the election and thirty days in the County in which he offers to vote. Any person possessing the above qualifications is entitled to register and vote in the township in which he lives.

CHANGING, DISCONTINUING, CREATING PRECINCTS.

County Commissioners may establish, alter, discontinue or create separate places for voting in their counties; but there must be at least one polling place in each township, as nearly central as possible. Thirty days notice of such change, &c., must be given in some newspaper published in the county, or in lieu thereof, by handbill posted in three places in such county. If no such notice is given the precincts as heretofore established shall continue.

REGISTRATION BOOKS.

The Commissioners shall, on or before the 1st Monday in July, 1872, select one Justice of the Peace for each township or election precinct to act as Registrar therein. Where there are not enough Justices, the Commissioners shall appoint some person to act as Registrar.

The Secretary of State shall before the first Monday in June, 1872, forward to County Commissioners registration books for each precinct. If he does not, Commissioners may provide same at expense of the State.

REVISING OLD REGISTRATION BOOKS &C.

Registrars of each township or precinct shall revise existing registration books so that they shall contain an accurate list of all the voters previously registered in such township or precinct, who still reside therein, *without requiring such voters to register again.* The Registrars shall, between sunrise and sunset on each day (Sundays excepted) from the 1st Thursday in July, 1872, up to and including the day preceding the first Thursday in August, 1872, keep open the books for the registration of any voters residing in the township or precinct, entitled to register, whose names have not been registered in such township or precinct before, or do not appear in the revised list.

WHEN AND WHERE TO REGISTER AND VOTE. NO CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRATION.

No person can register in a township or precinct whereof he is not an actual and *bona fide* resident. No certificates of registration will be given. Electors must vote in the townships or precincts where they actually reside on election day.

No registration will be allowed on election day, except where the person offering to vote arrives at the age of twenty-one, or for some other reason, becomes entitled to vote on that day, under the laws of this State; in which event he shall be allowed to register and vote.

JUDGES OF ELECTION—CHALLENGING.

The county Commissioners shall, on or before the first Monday in July, 1872, appoint at each township or precinct, four judges of election, two of whom shall be of a different political party from the Registrar.

The Judges and Registrars shall, on the Saturday preceding the election, from nine o'clock, a. m., till five o'clock, p. m., attend at the polling place of their township or precinct, with the registration books, when and where the said books shall be open to the inspection of the electors of the township or precinct, and any elector shall be allowed to object to any name appearing on the said books. Where there is an objection the registrar shall enter opposite the name so objected to the word "challenged," and shall appoint a time and place, on or before election day, when he, together with the judges of election shall hear and decide upon such objection. Due notice of the time and place of hearing shall be given the person objected to. If such notice is not given, the person objected to can vote.

Challenging can be done on any other day than that above specified. It may also be done on the day of election. The Judges of election and the Registrar for each township or precinct, after being duly sworn, shall hold the election at the precincts or townships for which they were severally appointed. They shall keep poll books in which shall be entered the name of every person who votes.

BALLOT-BOXES, &C.

There shall be four ballot-boxes at the polls. Candidates will be voted for as follows:

Governor, Lieut. Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Superintendent of Public Works, and Attorney-General shall be on one ballot and deposited in a separate box. Member of Congress shall be on one ballot and deposited in a separate box. Members of the General Assembly shall be on one ballot and deposited in a separate box. County officers shall be on one ballot and deposited in a separate box.

The tickets shall be on white paper and either written or printed, or both, and must be without device.

If two or more tickets be rolled up together, or if any ticket shall contain more names than the elector has a right to vote for, or shall have a device upon it, in either of these cases such tickets shall be thrown out and not counted.

PENALTIES ON OFFICERS.

Any Registrar or Judge of election or any officer failing to perform any duty required of him by the Election Act, shall on conviction be fined not more than one thousand dollars nor less than five hundred, and imprisoned not more than six nor less than two months.

The Senatorial Nominating Convention of this District was held here on Tuesday. The utmost harmony prevailed. The nominees—C. W. Grandy, Jr., and J. L. Chamberlain—give entire satisfaction. They will enter the canvass vigorously and carry the Republican banner to victory. An able address was made by Hon. C. C. Pool. It was replete with logic and full of humor. He clearly demonstrated his power to make an able and effective speech. The clouds are disappearing, the skies aae brightening, and we go into the campaign with confidence that the action of the Convention will be ratified by the people in August next.—*Carolinian.*

A Short trip—Slipping on a piece of orange peel in the street.

For the Carolina Era.

To the Voters of the Fourth Congressional District.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—Being a candidate to represent you in the next Congress of the United States, I ask the attention of such as I shall not meet personally during the campaign, to this Circular.

Upon the general questions that divide public opinion, it is enough to say that I am a Republican, and favor the re-election of Governor Caldwell and President Grant.

My views upon the financial topics of the days not precisely included in the platform of either political party, are as follows:

I. If elected, I shall endeavor to have the Internal Revenue system *abolished.* In North Carolina its interference with old and permanent forms of production and industry, no less than its direct burdens as a tax, and the disaster and, sometimes ruin, which its enforcement brings upon those who violate its provisions, often innocently and inadvertently, are most vexatious and oppressive. These are results not peculiar to the present system, but apparently inseparable from every system which draws by *direct taxation* immense sums of money from the people. I think that the experiment should cease. It is obvious that a repeal of this law will act as a *bounty* upon widespread and valable interests amongst us, and thus the very arguments which prevail, in behalf of such interests in other parts of the country, to give a *protective* character to the Tariff, demand in favor of ours, the repeal of this excise tax upon Tobacco and Distillation.

II. In my opinion it is impolitic to raise revenue from the people for any further payment towards *the principal* of the National debt, until the same becomes demandable.

What has been done in that way indeed, was good policy, as going to establish public credit, rendered questionable by the confusion which followed the recent war, and especially by the financial views of distinguished leaders of political opinion in these parts of the country. The administration of General Grant has already paid some three hundred and fifty millions of the principal of this debt; and under existing legislation, before any change, such as I propose, can be effected, it is probable that five hundred millions of it will have been paid. The principal of this debt is demandable partly in about 10, and partly in about 30 years. The wealth of the country is advancing with strides so gigantic, that at the end of those periods, payment of this principal will be felt as a burden only *one-half*, and probably, not more than *one-fourth* of what it is now. In the mean time North Carolina will have recovered from her present paralysis. Such recovery will be hastened by the policy of drawing as little money from her people by taxation, as *the present needs* of the country demand.

III. Therefore, I propose that the revenue of the United States shall be raised entirely by a Tariff, the object of which shall be to collect no more than the amount needed to meet *current demands* on account of our National Debt, and to defray the ordinary expenses of administering the government, and such expenses to be reduced at every opportunity, towards the simplest requirements of a time of peace and quiet.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. A. SMITH.

Boon Hill, Johnston Co., May 30, 1872.

For the Carolina Era.

Letter From John A. Hyman.

MR. EDITOR:—I desire through your columns to reply to a "Letter from J. Randolph, Jr.," which appeared in THE ERA of the 25th of May.

I must think that if my friend Randolph was not himself subject to the beguiling influences of flattery he would not suppose that the complimentary things said of me in Democratic newspapers were likely to turn my head and seduce me from my allegiance to the Republican party. However this may be, I will say to friend Raudolph and all others that I am alike insensible to the frowns and the blandishments of the Democracy. My devotion to the Republican party is deeper and broader than any mere desire of place. I flatter myself that I have rendered good service to the party in the past, and if I were not able to render some service in the present and immediate future, I imagine I should not be the subject of the alluring arts of the enemy or of the silly fears of friends. I stand now where I have stood since the organization of the party in North Carolina, squarely on the Republican platform. I have ever given, am now giving, and shall continue to give a hearty and cordial support to all the nominees of that party, State and National. If J. Randolph, Jr., or any other man of my opportunities and means can and will do more for the success of the Republican ticket in the present campaign than myself, I will forgive him the injustice he has done me by supposing that it was necessary for me to appear before the public in the columns of a newspaper to define my position.

Old Warren will roll up fifteen hundred majority for Gov. Caldwell, Judge Thomas and the State ticket.

Very respectfully,
JOHN A. HYMAN.

P. S.—New Berne and Wilmington papers will please copy. J. A. H.

For the Carolina Era.

Gov. Caldwell and Col. Hargrove in Bladen.

Our able and patriotic Gov. Caldwell addressed the citizens of Bladen county on the 27th inst., at the Court House, in Elizabethtown, and, notwithstanding the very busy season and the short notice we had of their coming, the court room was well filled with attentive listeners, mostly Republicans.

He fully vindicated himself from the charge of usurpation and corruption, so industriously circulated against him, by the mongrel secession Democratic-Conservative Ku Klux press.

He ably sustained the administration of Gen. Grant, and defended his course in the execution of the Ku Klux law.

He was followed by Col. Hargrove, who in a brief and felicitous manner reviewed the issues, and showed the Republican policy to be the only practicable way to restore the peace and prosperity of this county.

They left the Republicans well pleased with their standard-bearer, as they will more fully show by giving them a majority of four or five hundred votes the first Thursday in August.

REPUBLICAN.

Why is a horse the most curious feeder in the world; Because he eats best when he has not a bit in his mouth.

For the Carolina Era.

On Thursday, the 16th inst., I had the pleasure of hearing the discussion between Gov. Caldwell and Judge Merrimon. There was a large and respectable audience, and the discussion was conducted with ability and decorum. Governor Caldwell acquitted himself nobly, indeed, he exceeded the expectation of his most sanguine friends. He made the scales fall from the eyes of some, who had been blind to their own interest. He spoke of the slavery inflicted on white men, and turned his batteries upon the ku klux-Democrats, which produced a fluttering in the camp. In a word, the Governor has made many friends in "Gallant little Moore," and we expect to roll up a handsome majority for him on the day of election.

PLAIN DEALER.

Carthage, Moore Co., May 17, 1872.

Judge Merrimon at Elizabeth City.

The Democratic candidate for Governor, Hon. A. S. Merrimon, delivered his campaign speech in the Court House at this place Elizabeth City, on Saturday. Extraordinary efforts had been made to get up a large mass meeting. Appeals were sent out through notices in the papers, posters and private letters to "the faithful" in this and neighboring counties to rally and give this "son of the mountains" a grand reception. Thousands were confidently expected, and arrangements were made to hold the meeting in the Academy Green; but lo! when the hour arrived there were not enough people assembled, including boys and Radicals, to fill the Court House. Evidently Merrimon stock is not up to par in this section of the State. The people have no faith in him. They look upon him as an aristocrat—as a representative of the class having no sympathy with or for the masses, and they have not forgotten that he was the apologist and defender of the Ku Klux conspirators who have brought so much odium upon the fair fame of North Carolina.

The Democratic leaders were fearfully disappointed in the crowd; we were disappointed in the Speaker. The papers had heralded him as a man of great ability and as an orator of no common order. His effort by no means filled the bill. He proved himself to be a man of large utterance, but, as is generally the case in those instances, of small performance. His speech was too long, too dull, too prosy. It failed to excite enthusiasm. He spent too much time alluding to bye-gone issues—raking up the ashes of the extinct Rebellion and blowing to see if some lingering spark might not be coaxed out of them, hoping to reap some ephemeral advantage therefrom. His platitudes about the supremacy of civil government, the privilege of habeas corpus and the freedom of the press were all very fine, but he omitted to inform his audience that the hardest blows and deepest stabs these received were from the hands of the same Horace Greeley he had just eulogized and applauded.

The Judge dilated extensively on frauds and corruptions, and especially on the combinations and devices by which the State was swindled in her Railroad bonds, but he was very careful not to acknowledge that *he himself* was the Attorney of the "Prince of Swindlers," and that he had drafted the very bill whereby the cheat and swindle was accomplished—the bill through which North Carolina was defrauded out of millions, thus adding to her desolation and increasing the universal impoverishment of her people.

But we have neither the time nor the space to follow him through his winding, tortuous speech. He demonstrated that he lacks the candor and fairness needed in the Executive officer of a great State. He is too much of a demagogue, too little of a statesman for any such high position. If Phrenology is true it will show that his bump of *mis-information* is large, nay, over developed. It would be unwise and unsafe to place any such man in the office now so ably and satisfactorily filled by Tod R. Caldwell. The people are not disposed to do any such foolish thing.—*North Carolinian.*

The Weekly Carolina Era.

J. C. LOGAN HARRIS, Editor.

☞ All Letters relating to Subscriptions or Advertisements, must be addressed to WM. M. BROWN, Business Manager.

All Registered Letters can be sent at our risk.

Subscribers receiving their papers with a cross ⋈ mark, may know that the time for which they subscribed is nearly out, and unless they renew, after receiving two papers, with a cross mark, their papers will be discontinued.

THURSDAY, JUNE 6th, 1872.

Local, State and General Items.

CIRCULAR.—Attention is directed to a circular from Maj. W. A. Smith to be found in another column. Want of space precludes further notice at this time.

TO BE HANGED.—Nat Caldwell, convicted at Mecklenburg Superior Court of child murder, was sentenced to be hanged on 26th of July next.

FLED.—The Asheville *Pioneer* says, Duyack, who killed Keith a short time ago, and who was thought to be too dangerously wounded to be jailed, escaped on Thursday night. The guard, fearing nothing, had fallen asleep.

SEVERE ACCIDENT.—The Wilmington *Post* says Neil Neilson, the master-at-arms on the cutter Seward, was badly injured by the premature discharge of a gun on the 30th, while firing the national salute. He was taken to the City Hospital and Dr. Winants amputated his arm just above the wrist.

APPOINTED.—The Newbern *Republic and Courier* says Col. Thomas Powers having resigned as a member of the State Executive Committee, Hon. S. F. Phillips, Chairman of the late State Convention, has appointed Mr. I. E. West, of this city to fill the vacancy. Mr. West is one of our working Republicans and is ever at his post of duty.

MICA BED.—We learn that Mr. William Hollifield, of Mitchell county, recently discovered on his land in that county large deposits of mica. He is now working the beds at a large profit. He has received orders for large amounts from Northern Manufacturers of lamp chimneys, stoves, &c. Each hand can take from the bed and trim daily from ten to twenty dollars worth. It brings from $1.50 to $1.75 per pound at the bed.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.—This Court met Monday at 12 o'clock, Hon. George W Brooks presiding. The grand jury was not drawn, for the reason that many of its members had been summoned from the newly erected Western Judicial District. Judge Brooks held that those summoned from the territory embraced in the new district could not serve as jurors in the Eastern District. Those jurors will consequently have to be summoned. It will follow, of course, that no indictments can be found in this Court against persons living in the new district. Parties residing in the Western District whose cases are pending in this Court, on application, can have their cases removed, but will have to give new bonds. The result will probably be that the majority of the ku klux cases will be removed from Raleigh.

The new Courts will be held in Greensboro, Statesville and Asheville, and the first of them will commence on the first Monday of October.

T. M. Argo, F. H. Busbee, I. R. Strayhorn and others were admitted to practice

One or two submissions were made and the Court adjourned until Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Judge Bond will arrive next week.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.—The Asheville *Pioneer* says in the Superior Court for Yancey county, on Friday last, James Haney, convicted of the murder of his cousin, William Haney, was sentenced by his honor Judge Henry to be hanged on the 21st of July. His counsel took an appeal to the Supreme Court. This murder was perpetrated near Burnsville in the Fall of 1865 and the circumstances connected therewith as adduced on trial are these: Both men were soldiers in the Federal army, and after the war Wm. Haney purchased of James his papers of "honorable discharge" from the service. Soon after the close of the war Congress passed an act giving soldiers an additional bounty of $100. This induced James Haney to attempt the recovery of the papers, which Wm. Haney stubbornly refused to surrender. They finally agreed to leave the matter to the arbitration of Gray Haney, brother to William. Upon this concurrence, they went to the house of Gray, and James requested him to go a few steps with him for a confidential conversation, when William remarked to his brother that he would not go (if he was in his place) with Jim, unless he left his pistol, as he was a dangerous man. Upon this, James drew his weapon and fired at William, inflicting a wound in his bowels from which he died next day.

BIT BY A RATTLESNAKE—ACCIDENT—CROP.—The *Danbury Reporter* says a little son of Benjamin Shelton went out to a chestnut stump near the house to cut a sprout to make a whistle, when he was bitten by a rattlesnake several times, and died in a few hours.

Also, that Sanders Rierson, son of Pinckney Rierson, some fourteen or fifteen years old, the only help of his widowed mother, fell from a mule and became entangled in the gear, when the mule became frightened and run, dragging him about one hundred and fifty yards by his foot, breaking and dislocating bones, and bruising him in a shocking manner. He was taken up insensible, and is yet alive with but little hope of his recovery.

The crop prospects are now fine in Stokes, including the wheat crop.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES.—The Republican Convention for the First Congressional District, which met at Plymouth on 23d May, nominated Hon C L Cobb for Congress, and Dr E Ransom, of Tyrrell county, for Presidential Elector, and Louis Hillard, of Pitt county, and Thos A Sykes, of Pasquotank county, delegates to the Philadelphia Convention, and J B Respass and W D Newsen, as Alternates.

The Republicans of the Senatorial Convention of the Second District composed of the counties of Tyrrell, Washington, Martin, Dare, Beaufort, Pamlico, and Hyde, held at the same place, nominated John B. Respass, of Beaufort, and Joseph W. Etheridge, of Dare, for the Senate.

The gentlemen nominated are competent, tried, and true Republicans. They are acceptable to the entire party and will receive a united and enthusiastic support from the Republicans of their respective Districts.

The Republicans of the Seventh Congressional District, met at Wilkesboro' on the 25th May, and nominated Mr. David M. Furches, of Iredell, for Congress and Dr. James G. Ramsey, of Rowan, for Elector.

Stronger nominations could not have been made. Nothing can be said against these gentlemen, save, that they are Republicans. A thorough, vigorous, and determined canvass will defeat Mr. Robbins by a handsome majority.

Dr. Ramsey is a gentleman of first-class ability. A better selection for Elector could not have been made. As a stumper, Dr. Ramsey is not surpassed by any of his opponents.

Our friends of the Seventh District have done well. They have put their best foot foremost. Hard, persistent work will carry the District.

SENATORIAL NOMINATIONS.—Rev. Mr. Nicholson, of Iredell, and Dr. C. L. Cook, of Wilkes, are Democratic candidates for the Senate. The Republicans have nominated W. B. Mott, of Iredell. We have not heard who the other nominee is.

CANDIDATES.—Dr R Speed and Mr James C Skinner are Democratic candidates in the First District for the Senate.

Mr Robert H Ballard is Democratic candidate for the House in Gates.

Mr G G Luke is Democratic candidate for the House in Camden.

Dr J R Ellis is Democratic candidate for the Senate in the district composed of Lincoln and Catawba.

Mr W H Kitchen is Democratic candidate in Halifax for the Senate.

Dr E G Matthews and Mr E T Branch are Democratic candidates for the House in Halifax.

Messrs W A Allen and L W Humphrey are Democratic candidates for the Senate in the district composed of Wayne and Duplin.

THE CAUSE OF TEMPERANCE finds some of its most insidious and dangerous foes in the many so-called "tonics" and "appetizers," made of cheap whisky and refuse liquors, finished up to suit depraved appetites, under the name of medicines. DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are none of these. They are not a beverage, but a genuine medicine, purely vegetable, prepared from California herbs by a regular physician. For all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, skin and blood, they are an infallible and unrivalled remedy. 142—4w.

CAMPAIGN ERA.

Low Rates for Weekly and Tri-Weekly Editions.

The Presidential campaign will open in earnest in a few weeks. It will be the most exciting in its character, as it will be the most important in its results, that has occurred since 1840. The Democratic party has temporarily struck its colors, and seeks, under false pretenses and a leader false to his life's teachings and precepts, to get control of the government for the purpose of undoing the work of the war, and re-inaugurating sectional strife. It hopes to find in Mr. Greeley a second Buchanan. The Republican party is arrayed against the unholy alliance of the Cincinnati Convention. It will nominate a candidate at Philadelphia—Gen. Grant, as we hope—whose election will deeply concern every man interested in the financial, commercial or political welfare of the Union, and whose triumph will secure for us peace at home and respect abroad.

The Press is recognized as a "tower of strength" in politics. The newspaper is the cheap and faithful missionary of the Republic. We intend that THE CAROLINA ERA shall bring to the support of the Republican party in the contest a full measure of earnestness and zeal, and we appeal to the friends of the cause for that assistance in the distribution and circulation of our paper, without which the best work of the journalist cannot be made effective.

We will forward THE TRI-WEEKLY ERA from June 1, to November 1, for $1.00, twenty cents per month, or three dollars per year.

We will forward THE WEEKLY ERA from June 1, to November 1, to clubs of five or more, for forty cents, or one dollar per year.

These rates places THE ERA within the reach of every voter in the State. We hope our friends will aid us in getting up a large list at these rates.

Send in your orders.

Remittances may be made either by draft, express, Post-office order or registered letter at our risk. Address

THE ERA, Raleigh, N. C.

PUBLIC SPEAKING!—Maj. W. A. SMITH, Republican candidate for Congress, will address the people of the Fourth Congressional District at the following times and places;

Pittsboro', Chatham county, Tuesday, June 11th.
Ferrington's Mills, Chatham county, Wednesday, June 12th.
Stout's Store, Chatham county, Friday, June 14th.
Bear Creek, Chatham county, Saturday, June 15th.
Egypt, Chatham county, Monday, June 17th.
Clegg's Mine, Chatham county, Tuesday, June 18th.
Merry Oaks, Chatham county, Wednesday, June 19th.
Hillsboro', Orange county, Saturday, June 22d.
Cedar Grove, Orange county, Monday, June 24th.
Mangum's Store, Orange county, Wednesday, June 26th.
Durhams, Orange county, Thursday, June 27th.
Chapel Hill, Orange county, Saturday, June 29th.

Other appointments will be made, of which due notice will be given.

J. C. L. HARRIS,
Chairman Rep. Dist. Ex. Com.

Raleigh, N. C., May 30th, 1872.

MARRIED:

On the 22nd May, at Big Spring, Indiana, by the Rev. Dr. Judd, Mr. WILLIAM T. DIFFEE, of North Carolina, to Miss CLAURINDA E. WHEELER, of Boone County, Ind.

DIED:

In Newbern, of congestion of the Brain, on Friday, May 31st, 1872, HERMAN YATES, infant son of George E and Mary E. Pittman.

Raleigh Markets.

Wholesale Prices,
BY
POOL & MORING,
Grocers and Commission Merchants,
Corner Wilmington and Martin Sts.

COTTON—per lb.,	22¼
CORN—per bushel,	$1 00
OATS—per bushel,	none
FLOUR—North Carolina Family,	10 50
FLOUR—Baltimore Family,	10 50@12 50
BACON—per lb.,	8¼
SALT—per sack,	2 75
COTTON YARN—	1 75
CORN MEAL—per bushel,	1 10

Retail Prices.
BY
MARCOM & ALFORD,
Grocers and Commission Merchants,
Hargett Street.

BACON—Baltimore smoked,	10 @ 11
" —unsmoked,	9 @ 10
" —strips,	12½@ 00
" —shoulders,	7½@ 8½
" —N. C. Hams,	13 @ 16
BUTTER—per lb.	17½@ 25
BEESWAX—per lb.,	22½@ 25
BEEF—on hoof,	10
" per quarter,	10 @ 11
COFFEE—per lb.,	25 @ 30
COTTON YARN—per bale,	1 75 @
CORN—per bushel,	1 05 @ 1 15
CHICKENS—per piece,	25 @ 30
EGGS—per dozen,	15 @ 20
FLOUR—per bbl.,	10 00 @12 00
FODDER—per 100 lbs.,	2 25
HAY—per 100 lbs.,	2 00
HIDES—green, per lb.,	6 @ 7
" —dry, per lb.,	13 @ 15
LEATHER—per lb.,	30 @ 40
LARD—per lb.,	15 @
MOLASSES—per gallon,	33 @ 50
" Golden Syrup,	1 00
MEAL—per bushel,	1 10 @1 20
OATS—per bushel,	1 00
" —per 100 lbs.,	2 00
PORK—	9 @ 10
POTATOES—irish, per bush.,	1 75 @2 50
SUGAR—crushed,	20 @ 00
" —extra C.,	16 @ 16¾
" —P. R.,	15 @ 00
" —common,	12½@ 00
SALT—per sack,	2 75 @3 00
TALLOW—per lb.,	7 @ 10
VINEGAR—per gallon,	40 @ 50

Cotton Markets.
BY
GEORGE T. STRONACH,
Dealer in Cotton and Naval Stores,
Market and Martin Streets.

Receipts at Raleigh, - - - 10 bales.

QUOTATIONS:

Ordinary,	19½@20¾
Good ordinary	21@22
Low middling,	22½@25

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Gives tone and energy to Debilitated Constitutions.

New Advertisements.

MONEY MADE RAPIDLY with Stencil and Key Check Outfits. Catalogues, samples and full particulars FREE. S. M. SPENCER, Battleboro, Vt. 142—4w

FREE TO BOOK AGENTS.
We will send a handsome Prospectus of our *New Illustrated Family Bible* containing over 450 fine Scripture Illustrations to any Book Agent, free of charge. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co., Phila., Pa. 4w

A GREAT Chance for AGENTS
Do you want an agency, *local or traveling*, with an opportunity to make $5 to $20 a day selling our new 7 strand *White Wire Clothes Lines? They last forever*; sample free. Send for circular. Address *at once Hudson River Wire Works*, cor. Water St. & Maiden Lane, N. Y., or 346 W Randolph St. Chicago.

STANDARD AMERICAN
BILLIARD TABLES!
Everything pertaining to Billiards at lowest prices. Illustrated Catalogues sent by mail.
H. W. COLLENDER, NEW YORK, Successor to PHELAN & COLLENDER, 738 BROADWAY. 142—4w

THEA-NECTAR.
A Pure Chinese Tea.
THE BEST TEA IMPORTED.
Warranted to suit all tastes.
Put up in our trade mark Half-Pound & Pound Packages only, 30 and 60 Pound Boxes.
For Sale at Wholesale only by
The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., P. O. Box 5506. New York City. 4w.

AGENTS WANTED FOR
"JESUS."
BY CHARLES F. DEEMS, D. D.
Its evangelical sentiments are universally praised. The most popular and rapidly-selling Religious work ever issued. For Circulars, address U. S. PUBLISHING CO., N. Y. Cincinnati, Chicago or St. Louis.

WATER BURNHAM'S WHEEL
NEW TURBINE is in general use throughout the U. S. A SIX INCH is used by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of Construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free.
N. F. BURNHAM, YORK, PA. 4w

The Best Paper! Try It!!
The Scientific American is the cheapest and best illustrated weekly paper published. Every number contains from 10 to 15 original engravings of new machinery, novel inventions, Bridges, Engineering works, Architecture, improved Farm Implements, and every new discovery in Chemistry. A year's numbers contain 832 pages and several hundred engravings. Thousands of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. The practical receipts are well worth ten times the subscription price. Terms, $3 a year by mail. Specimens sent free. May be had of all News Dealers.

PATENTS obtained on the best terms. Models of new inventions and sketches examined, and advice free. All patents are published in the Scientific American the week they issue. Send for Pamplet, 110 pages, containing laws and full directions for obtaining Patents.

Address for Paper, or concerning Patents, MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y. Branch office, cor. F. and 7th Sts., Washington, D. C. 142—4w.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER

Is a powerful Tonic, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the LANGUID and DEBILITATED system needs strength and vitality; it will give vigor to the feeble, strength to the weak, animation to the dejected, activity to the sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm.

It is a South American plant, which, according to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris, possesses the most powerful tonic properties known to Materia Medica, and is well known in its native country as having wonderful curative qualities, and has been long used as a SPECIFIC in all cases of IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER AND SPLEEN, TUMORS, DROPSY, POVERTY OF THE BLOOD, DEBILITY, WEAKNESS OF THE INTESTINES, UTERINE OR URINARY ORGANS.

Dr. Wells' Extract of Jurubeba
Is strengthening and nourishing; like nutricious food taken into the stomach, it assimilates and diffuses itself through the circulation, giving vigor and health.

It regulates the *bowels, quiets* the *nerves*, acts directly on the secretive organs, and, by its powerful *Tonic* and restoring effects, produces *healthy* and *vigorous* action of the whole system.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N Y., Sole Agent for the United States.
Price, One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular. may 9 142—4w.

DO NOT FAIL while on your Summer Excursion North to secure one of the
CELEBRATED IMPROVED
Stewart Cook Stoves
With its special attachments, Roaster, Baker & Broiler. The Stove and Furniture carefully packed for safe shipment. Books sent on application. 142—4w.
FULLER, WARREN & Co., 236 *Water st.*, N Y

ANT-PROOF PROVISION SAFES.
A new article, made light and airy, covered with fine woven painted wire, and are entirely secured from the *encroachment of all insects, creeping or flying.* They are convenient to ship, being nested together, three in a nest.
Three sizes.
No. 1, Stained and Varnished, $6 50
No. 2, " " 8 00
No. 3, " " 9 50
Grained Oak or Walnut, 50 cents extra on each.
Also, LARGE SAFES, with deep Drawers for Bread and Cake; lined with tin: drawers lock. Two sizes, both large.
No. 2, with Drawers, $13, Stained and Varn.
No. 3, " 15, " "
Grained Oak or Walnut, 50 cents extra each.
N. B. LARGE SAFES or MILK HOUSES—Can be taken apart and shipped in a small package.

PURE SPARKLING WATER!
E. S. FARSON'S NEW PATENT WATER FILTER AND PURIFIER, is the only practical Filter in use. They are made to fit in all sizes of *Water Coolers.* Persons having a Cooler, have only to bring or send the inside diameter of the Cooler and get a Filter to fit at a trifling cost. Those not having Coolers can be supplied with Porcelain lined or Galvanized Coolers, of any size of our own manufacture, at as low prices as elsewhere and a Filter to fit. These Filters entirely remove all impurities and foul odors from water in passing through them.
Liberal Discount to Dealers.
E. S. FARSON,
No. 209 Pear St., Philadelphia, Pa.
May 16, 1872. 21—w3m.