

HENRY WILSON.

His Letter of Acceptance of the Nomination for the Vice Presidency—Comparison of the Past with the Present—A Review of the Philadelphia Platform—Expressions of Fidelity to the Republican Party—A Letter Worthily of its Writer.

WASHINGTON, June 10, 1872.

In accordance with a resolution passed by the National Republican Convention, held at Philadelphia on the 5th and 6th instants, I, the President and Vice-Presidents of that body, have the honor to inform you of your unanimous selection as the candidate of the Republican party for the position of Vice-President of the United States.

The enthusiasm and unanimity which prevail among so many leading men from every State and Territory point unmistakably to the triumphant election of our ticket. As there is no one more worthy of the position, or whose election would give more universal satisfaction, we beg your acceptance of the nomination.

Your obedient servant,
Signed by Thomas Settle, President National Republican Convention, and the Vice-Presidents.

WASHINGTON, June 14, 1872.
To the Hon. Thomas Settle and others, President and Vice-Presidents of the National Republican Convention, at Philadelphia on the 5th and 6th of the present month.

GENTLEMEN: Your note of the 10th instant, conveying to me the action of the Convention in placing my name in nomination for the office of Vice-President of the United States, is before me. I need not the assurance of your grateful appreciation of the high honor conferred upon me by this action of the Fifth National Convention of the Republican Party.

Sixteen years ago, in the same city, was held the first meeting of the men who, amid the sneers and doubts of that hour of slave-holding aggression, had assembled in national convention to confer with each other upon the exigencies into which that fearful domination had brought their country. After full conference, the highest point of resolve they could reach, the most they dared to recommend, was the avowed purpose to prohibit the existence of slavery in the Territories. Last week the same party met by its representatives from thirty-seven States and ten Territories, at the same great center of wealth, intelligence, and power, to resolve that they would reach, the most they dared to recommend, was the avowed purpose to prohibit the existence of slavery in the Territories.

As typical facts, headlands of the nation's recent history, there sat on its platform, taking prominent and honorable part in its proceedings, admitted on terms of perfect equality to the leading hotels of the city, not only the colored representatives of the race which were, ten years before, in abject slavery, but one of the oldest and most prominent of the once despised abolitionists, to whom was accorded, as to no other, the warmest and most respectful regard and esteem—an ovation, no wonder the Democrats would like "dead issues" to remain buried.—New North State.

In 1868, Judge Merrimon and his friends asserted that if the present State Constitution was adopted the white children and the colored children would be forced to attend the same schools. Gov. Caldwell and friends denied this. The Constitution was adopted. Who told the truth?

The Homestead—The Judges—Merrimon.

The Democratic candidate for Governor, Judge Merrimon, from the first, both as a private citizen and professionally, has opposed the homestead. He has used every conceivable means, every walk of life, to defeat this wise and beneficent provision of the constitution. The Judges of the Supreme Court, a majority of them, have sustained the homestead, even in its retrospective action.

The Supreme Court is composed of five members. It is constantly liable to changes. Some of them have already taken place, and if rumor is to be credited, another one of the Judges will soon resign, leaving a vacancy to be filled by the Governor. One of the Judges is more than seventy years of age; another is nearly seventy. These are not unlikely to die or become disabled by old age. Should vacancies occur, the Governor will appoint the new Judges. It is important to those who desire to retain their homesteads, and to those who would do it, that the Judges should believe in the homestead provision of the constitution, as construed by the present Supreme Court. They know where Gov. Caldwell stands and can rely on him. They know also where Judge Merrimon stands, and what would do if he had a chance. If elected Governor, he would, in case of vacancies in the Supreme Court, appoint Judges hostile to the homestead. The result would be, Democratic lawyers would make up cases for the new Democratic Judges to decide, and the decision of the Supreme Court, sustaining the homestead, even as against old debts, would be overturned. Many Democrats have taken advantage of the homestead, while condemning the constitution and the Court that secure it to them. If they cannot be reached in any other way, perhaps they may be impelled by self-interest to vote for the man who is beyond doubt in favor of the homestead. We ask them if there is any nonsense in what we say.—New North State.

Those who have moved into other townships since the last State election must register again.

Distillation of Brandy.—On and after August 1st, 1872, the U. S. Internal Revenue tax on spirits distilled from apples, peaches or grapes exclusively, will be seventy (70) cents per gallon. The special tax of \$50 per annum has been repealed. The fees for gauging will be paid by the government.

The distiller will register his still, give notice of intention to distill, and, after a survey of the distillery has been made, file a bond as distiller. The seventy cents per gallon covers the entire expense to the distiller, except the purchase of a book to keep a record of material used, &c., provided, he produces eighty per cent of the surveyed capacity of his distillery for the time worked.

Every man must vote in his own township.

publican party of to-day; having, during years of that period, for their advancement, subordinated all other issues acting in and co-operating with political organizations with whose leading doctrines I sometimes had neither sympathy nor belief; having labored incessantly for many years to found and build up the Republican party, and having, during its existence, taken a humble part in its grand work. I gratefully accept the nomination thus tendered, and shall endeavor, if it shall be ratified by the people, faithfully to perform the duties it imposes.

Respectfully yours,
HENRY WILSON.

Let the people of North Carolina remember that A. S. Merrimon, Democratic candidate for Governor, tried to raise money to test the constitutionality of the Homestead clause in our Constitution, in the Supreme Court of the United States.

"Dead Issues." The Democrats seem very sensitive concerning "dead issues," and think they ought not now to be brought up. Of course, any one can see why the horrors of Bull pens, military murders, klu-klux hangings, stabbings and scourings, etc., should cause the perpetrators to squirm uneasily when mentioned; and we do not believe that they would ever buried in oblivion and desire ardent that they should never be referred to. This is natural.

But they pretend they wish to "bury dead issues" and call everything square, and commence the political lives anew. There is no belief in this pretense, for if they honestly entertained such a course of letting by-gones be by-gones, they would make no allusion to the so-called Kirk-war. For why is not the Kirk-war a "dead issue" as well as the Klu-klux outrages? The Kirk-war was inaugurated at a time when the klu-klux were in full power, and for the purpose of breaking that power. Its purpose was accomplished and the villainy was unlearned, not only in North Carolina, but all through the Southern country. The developments of the Kirk-war were the first that eventually resulted in breaking into the infernal dens and klu-klux; it was then the good common sense that exposed these tremendous inequities.

It has been nearly two years since the Kirk war. There are no State troops to be found in North Carolina. There is no earthly reason why the Kirk war should not be called a "dead issue," if klu-kluxism is to be so regarded. The Democrats are not sincere in their cry of "by-gones." They desire to make capital out of the doings of Holden and Kirk, yet they do not like to have their own frightful crimes and cruelties recalled. The reason is plain enough; for their own inequities were terrible, and vastly overshadow any wrong that Kirk ever perpetrated. The latter never killed any man in 1870, but the klu-klux are guilty of murders and assassinations and hideous outrages that have never been surpassed by any of the horrible crimes of ancient or modern history. No wonder the Democrats would like "dead issues" to remain buried.—New North State.

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The Weekly Carolina Era.

J. C. LOGAN HARRIS, - Editor.

All Letters relating to Subscriptions or Advertisements, must be addressed to WM. M. BROWN, Business Manager. All Registered Letters can be sent at our risk. Subscribers receiving their papers with a cross mark, may know that the time for which they subscribed is nearly out, and unless they renew, after receiving two papers, with a cross mark, their papers will be discontinued.

THURSDAY, JUNE 20th, 1872.

Local, State and General Items.

Nominations.—The Republicans of Craven have nominated A. S. Seymour for the Senate and I. B. Abbot and E. R. Dudley for the House.

Death of Dr. H. M. Fritchard.—This gentleman died in Charlotte, N. C., on the 7th inst., after an illness of several weeks. Dr. Fritchard was a leading Republican in Mecklenburg county, and his loss will be felt during the present campaign.

Subscriber! The cross mark denotes that your subscription will soon expire. Do not fail to renew and urge your neighbor to do likewise. We want ten thousand subscribers by the first day of August next. Send in your clubs.

Killed.—The Goldsboro Messenger says one negro boy killed another at Clinton on Friday last week by stabbing him in the abdomen. The murderer grew out of jealousy about a girl. The murderer has so far evaded arrest.

County Canvass.—Every candidate on the Republican ticket in Nash county is pledged to take the stamp and canvass the county. This is a move in the right direction. The people will be thoroughly aroused by such a course, the township organizations will be perfected, and victory will perch upon our banners. Hurray for the Republicans of Nash. Follow their example!

Dr. Houston.—The Baltimore American publishes the statement of one of the victims of Dr. Houston. It is lengthy, minute, and of such a character that it seems impossible that it could have been written or imagined if not actually experienced. If a title of it is true it is most damning evidence—sufficient not only to exile him from the ministry, but to banish him from society, friends and family.

Personal Intelligence.—Colonel Leo M. McAfee, a member of the Legislature, from Cleveland county, and who resigned his commission a short time since, is in the city to answer the charges against him in the United States Circuit Court. As in the case of Gen. Leach, we predict that he will have no trial.—Daily News.

Yes; Col. McAfee has been button-holing prominent Republicans, every hour since his return, to effect that object, and he doubtless thinks it very indiscreet in his political friends to thus "go back on him," as The News has in the above paragraph. Col. M., would doubtless express himself as deeply gratified if the Court will let him off on his own recognizance!

Bingham School.—The Charlotte Bulletin says that meritorious and deservedly popular Institution, located at Mebaneville, N. C., Col. Wm. Bingham Principal, continues to enjoy a healthy condition, and as attractive as could be desired.

The military feature incorporated into the regulations of this Institution, in addition to the highest orders of classical preparation, and the unwavering advancement of its influence upon the public mind and faith, are the best guarantees of its character and stability. Col. B. is too well and favorably known to need a personal reference from the Press.

A "Model Carpet-Bagger."—Under this head The Charlotte Despatch says some (Josiah Turner, Jr.) one having slandered him, as he alleges, Geo. Z. French, Esq., of New Hanover, who has eschewed politics for the farm, publishes a card, in which he says: "If to manage the finest plantation in the State, with 500 acres under cultivation, 13,000 fruit trees and 14,000 grape vines, all in bearing, giving employment to 150 souls, is being a carpet-bagger, I am proud of the title."

This is the kind of "carpet-bagger" the South wants, and so long as George Steaks to the farm, he will do a service to the State, and the pity is that there are not a hundred thousand more of the same sort among us.

Death of Mr. Jno. C. Askew.—This young gentleman died at the residence of his father in this City on Thursday last, after an illness of five days. He was stricken down with something like cramp-colic, on Sunday last, at the City Hotel. He was taken home, and continued to get worse until inflammation of the bowels set in, producing death on the 13th, at half past two o'clock, p. m.

The deceased was whole-souled, generous hearted young man, stricken down in his twenty-third year, he leaves a father and another, several brothers, one sister, and a large number of friends to mourn his untimely demise. Truly, "in the midst of life, we are in death."

The funeral took place yesterday evening at 4 o'clock from the Baptist Church.

Hoxboro' Hotel Burnt.—Great Loss.—The Hillsboro' Reporter says on Sunday morning at one o'clock the Hotel in Roxboro' and every house on the ground except the stables and corner were burnt to the ground. The act was that of an incendiary, and Mr. Glenn, the proprietor, thinks he knows the party but at present lacks the evidence to make an arrest. He had a store in this hotel with five thousand dollars worth of goods in it, no insurance; about two thirds of the goods were saved in damaged condition. Col. Hunt's saddle shop and J. T. Critcher's cabinet shop were in this lot and both were burnt. All the furniture in the hotel and all the heavy goods in the cellar such as Leather, Sugar, and Molasses were destroyed. Judge Redd owned this property and he and Mr. Glenn were in partnership. In a letter from the latter to Judge Redd he says: "We are out of doors this morning, without a meal to cook or any one to cook it." It is a heavy blow to friend Glenn, and we are sure that the noble citizens of the place will not be found wanting in that sympathy that always lends a helping hand.

Waymid and Robbed.—The Greensboro' New North State says on the night of the 25th ult., Wyatt Triving was passing the road between the city and the residence of Mr. Daniel Gillespie, not a mile distant, when two men approached and asked to ride. Being informed that they could not ride, they fell back, but soon made their appearance again and said they would ride and jumped into the wagon. Mr. Irving asked them if they were white or black. They replied white, and before they had proceeded far Mr. Irving was knocked senseless and terribly beaten with a stick, his pocket book taken, and also a sack of flour and one of meal. After a long time the unfortunate man recovered sufficient to enable him to grope his way to Mr. McMurray's, where he was cared for. He is now in a precarious condition. The fiends have not been arrested.

Nash County.—The Republicans of this county held a meeting at Nashville on the 6th. Mr. David W. Williams recently nominated for the House of Representatives, made a speech and declined the nomination. In the course of his speech he said that he had voted with the Democratic party for twenty years. That he left that party and joined the Republican party upon the Home-Head question. That the Home-Head provision of the Constitution secured him and his children a home and home, and that they might now have been on the cold charities of the world, without a place to lay their heads. That it was probable that he was not the strongest man that the Republicans could nominate, and therefore, he declined the nomination, for the purpose of allowing the people to take the matter into consideration. After consultation Mr. J. J. Sharp was nominated and accepted.

Gen. Willie D. Jones and Mr. Jo. W. Holden were present and addressed the meeting. Gen. Jones has been very active thus far in the campaign, and is now in a sick bed from over exertion.

Nash is all right, and will roll up a Republican party. All honor and praise to Sharp, Williams, Sears, the Walkers, and others. There are no better workers than these men. In the day of triumph, the party will remember these men and bestow reward according to merit.

Murder—Conviction—Respite—Confession.—The Asheville Pioneer of the 13th, learns of a gentleman that Gov. Caldwell has respited the Adair murderers, who were to have been hanged to-morrow, until the 12th of July. This interposition of Executive clemency between the gallows and its destined victims, was occasioned by a confession of Martin Baines, one of the parties now under sentence of death for the murder of the Weston family. The spirit of Martin Baines, burdened with the recollection of the horrible butchery to which he had lent his infernal prompting, and red in the confinement which cut him off from the intercourse with the world and left him alone with the prickings of conscience, longed to unbosom itself to the authorities, and thus become relieved, in part, of the dead weight which was dragging it down to perdition. Aided by the "still small voice," he last week confessed to the part he enacted in the Weston family tragedy, expressing deep contrition of heart, and implicating old man Adair, the father of the two boys who are condemned, and also his youngest son, who is now at liberty. He says this old man, tottering on the brink of the grave, "with a heart set on fire of hell," planned and instigated the slaughter of this humble and helpless family, and that he, of all, is most to be blamed for the shedding of the innocent blood which now cries from the ground for vengeance. Upon this statement a warrant was procured and Henderson Adair, the father, was arrested and confined in Hendersonville jail. At last accounts the officers were searching for the youngest son.

This case has been involved in serious doubt. We hope "murder will out" before the 12th of July, that all may know that the innocent have not been executed.

New Postal Code.—The Congress passed a bill reducing into one act all the laws relative to the postal system. We note some of the more important changes in the postal arrangements of the country made by the bill.

The most important is the authorization of one-cent postal cards for correspondence or for printed circulars similar to those which were introduced into Great Britain nearly two years ago, and are now in use in nearly all European countries. The House provided in the bill for a paper flap to cover and conceal the writing. The Senate changed this to an open card. In conference committee the style of the card was left to the discretion of the Postmaster General, who prefers the open card, and will order that kind only to be manufactured. The face of the card will bear a one-cent stamp, and will be provided with lines for the address, and the back will be ruled for the letter. The price of the card and stamp will be only one cent. It will probably be three or four weeks before they will be ready for sale, as the plates for printing have yet to be prepared.

The law which married women have heretofore been inhibited from being postmasters is repealed.

The act authorizes the establishment of money-order offices at the branch post offices of large cities, ten such being authorized for New York and three for Boston. Until now no branch office had power to issue money orders. Assistant postmasters may also be designated to sign money orders.

The act authorizes the Postmaster General to determine that between post offices not three miles apart, as in the case of Washington and Georgetown, New York and Brooklyn, letters dropped in paid by stamps less than a full rate, may be forwarded to their destination, but the additional postage required on delivery.

Until, however, the Postmaster General makes this designation letters partially prepaid as well as those unpaid go to the dead-letter office.

Packages containing the Smithsonian exchanges are added to matter free of postage. Private individuals are allowed to place boxes for their mail matter in any post office, but the boxes so placed become the property of the United States.

A change in the fees for money orders is made. Formerly the fee was ten cents for all sums of \$20 or under. Now it is fixed at five cents for \$10 or under, and at ten cents for sums from \$10 to \$20.

Packages of clothing for non-commissioned officers or privates in the army or navy may be sent at one cent an ounce. The rate on packages of newspapers, &c., is now two cents for four ounces, and is fixed at one cent on two ounces. Books, samples of ores and merchandise to be charged double rates.

Public Speaking.—Maj. W. A. SMITH, Republican candidate for Congress, will address the people of the Fourth Congressional District at the following times and places: Merry Oaks, Chatham county, Wednesday, June 19th. Hillsboro', Orange county, Saturday, June 22d. Cedar Grove, Orange county, Monday, June 24th. Mangum's Store, Orange county, Wednesday, June 26th. Durham's, Orange county, Thursday, June 27th. Chapel Hill, Orange county, Saturday, June 29th. Other appointments will be made, of which due notice will be given.

J. C. L. HARRIS, Chairman Rep. Dist. Ex. Com. Raleigh, N. C., May 30th, 1872.

Public Speaking.—Seventh Congressional District.—Maj. W. M. ROBBINS, Democratic candidate for Congress, and Col. David M. FURNACE, Republican candidate for Congress in the Seventh District, will address the people at the following times and places: Wilkesboro', Wednesday, June 19th. Taylorsville, Friday, June 21st. Statesville, Saturday, June 22d. Olin, Tuesday, June 25th. Hamptonville, Wednesday, June 26th. Yadkinville, Thursday, June 27th. Salisbury, Saturday, June 29th.

Wake County Convention.—The Republicans of Wake County will hold a Convention at the Court House in Raleigh, Saturday, the 27th of July, 1872. Each township will be entitled to three delegates, and the three wards of the city of Raleigh the same.

The object of the Convention is the nomination of candidates for the Legislature, and county officers. The different townships will hold meetings and appoint their delegates.

T. F. LEE, Chairman County Ex. Committee.

Mecklenburg.—A Convention of the Republican party of Mecklenburg is called to meet in Charlotte, on the 4th day of July next, for the purpose of organizing, nominating candidates, &c. The several townships are urged to send up delegates. Col. O. H. Dockery will address the people at Charlotte on that day. All are invited to attend and hear him.

The Convention will assemble at the Court House precisely at 10 A. M.

SAMUEL BERRYHILL, RUFUS BARRINGER, R. M. MARTIN, J. R. GILLASPIE, S. N. STILLWELL, C. A. FRAZIER, County Committee.

Edgecombe Republican Ticket.—The Republicans of this county met on Saturday the 8th at Tarboro' and nominated the following ticket: For the Senate—A. McCabe. For the House of Representatives—Willis Bunn and W. P. Mabson. For Sheriff—B. Bryan. For Register—E. C. Koch. For Treasurer—R. H. Austin. For Coroner—W. T. Godwin. For Commissioners—Joseph Cobb, N. B. Bellamy, W. A. Duggan, Mack Matheson and Jack Dancy.

The meeting was harmonious in its deliberations, and the nominees will receive two thousand majority. The ticket is said to be a good one.

Republican Ticket in Granville.—The News says the following ticket was nominated at Oxford on Monday, the 10th: For the Senate—Bourbon Smith. For the House of Representatives—Richard Snead, Hanson T. Hughes. For Sheriff—James I. Moore. For Register—J. B. Jones. For Register—A. H. Cook. For County Commissioners—James A. Bullock, Wm. H. Puryear, Hayes Coley and B. E. Royster. For Coroner—W. S. Barnett. For County Surveyor—Richard D. Jones.

Franklin County Convention.—The Republicans of this county will hold their Convention for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the House of Representatives, and county officers, at Louisburg on Saturday, June 29th, 1872. Each township will elect three delegates to attend the Convention.

J. H. WILLIAMS, Chm. Co. Ex. Com.

Columbus and Robeson.—The Wilmington Star hears that Dr. R. M. Norment, of Robeson, has announced himself an "independent" candidate for the Senate in the District composed of the counties of Columbus and Robeson. It is said that Dr. Norment feels aggrieved at the result of the nominating convention which placed Col. N. A. McLean in the field as the regular Conservative candidate. It is further stated that the Radicals will make no nomination, but will poll their full strength for the "independent" candidate.

Davidson County.—The following is the Republican ticket in Davidson County: For Senate—John T. Cramer. For House of Representatives—John Michael, S. S. Mulliken. For Sheriff—Jacob A. Sowers.

Hertford County.—Mr. J. R. Sharp.—The Republicans of this county held their County Convention on the 8th of this month, and nominated Mr. J. R. Sharp as their candidate for the House of Representatives. A correspondent writes us as follows concerning the meeting: "We had a very large meeting. Republicans from every portion of the county were present. Several gentlemen, recently Democrats, were present, and informed the audience that they had severed their connection with the Democratic party, and in the future would be found battling in the ranks of the Republican party for Liberty, Union, and Equality before the law."

Mr. J. R. Sharp, our nominee for the Legislature, recently joined the Republican party. He is a gentleman of considerable ability, and belongs to one of the first families of the State; was an old Union Henry Clay Whig. His family wielded great influence, and under his leadership in this county, we will win a triumphant victory."

Public Speaking.—Gov. CÄLBRETT and Col. Marcus Erwin and others will address the people at the following times and places: High Point, Guilford county, Wednesday, June 19th. Winston, Forsyth county, Thursday, June 20th. Danbury, Stokes county, Saturday, June 22d. Mt. Airy, Surry county, Monday, June 24th. Yadkinville, Yadkin county, Wednesday, June 26th. Greensboro', Wilkes county, Friday, June 28th. Yorksboro', Alexander county, Saturday, June 29th. Marion, McDowell county, Tuesday, July 2d. Rutherfordton, Rutherford county, Thursday, July 4th. Hendersonville, Henderson county, Saturday, July 6th. Asheville, Buncombe county, Monday, July 8th. Marshall, Madison county, Tuesday, July 9th. Burnsville, Yancey county, Thursday, July 11th. Bakersville, Mitchell county, Saturday, July 13th. Lenoir, Caldwell county, Wednesday, July 15th. Boone, Watauga county, Friday, July 19th. Jefferson, Ashe county, Monday, July 22d. Sparta, Alleghany county, Wednesday, July 24th, 1872. Morganton, Burke county, Saturday, July 27th.

State Canvass.—Gen. C. H. BROODEN and Col. T. L. HARGROVE will address the people at the following times and places: Newbern, Craven county, Thursday, June 29th. Washington, Beaufort county, Saturday, July 2d. Greenville, Pitt county, Monday, June 24th. Tarboro', Edgecombe county, Wednesday, June 26th. Jackson, Northampton county, Friday, July 4th. Weldon, Halifax county, Saturday, June 29th. Rocky Mount, Edgecombe county, Monday, July 1st. Dudley, Wayne county, Wednesday, July 3rd. Kernansville, Duplin county, Thursday, July 4th.

Hon. Oliver H. Dockery, candidate for Congress, will address the people of the 6th Congressional District, at the following times and places: Hickory Tavern, Saturday, June 22d. Catawba Station, Monday, June 24th. York, Tuesday, June 25th. Lincolnton, Thursday, July 27th. Col. Starny's Store, 10 miles west of Lincolnton, Friday, June 28th. Cherryville, Gaston county, Saturday, June 29th. Dallas, Monday, June 29th. Beattie's Ford, Tuesday, July 2d. J. R. Gillespie's, Mecklenburg county, Wednesday, July 4th. Charlotte, Thursday, July 4th. Pineville, Mecklenburg county, Friday, July 6th. Concord, Saturday, July 6th. Further appointments will be made and published in a few days.

Public Speaking.—NELL MCKAY, Esq., Republican candidate for Congress, will address the people of the Third Congressional District at the following times and places: Carter's Mills, Moore county, Wednesday, June 19th. Carthage, Moore county, Thursday, June 20th. Jonesboro', Moore county, Friday, June 21st. Turner's Roads, Harnett county, Saturday, June 22d. Lillington, Harnett county, Monday, June 24th. Avesboro', Harnett county, Tuesday, June 25th. Beaufort, Carter county, Saturday, June 29th. Jacksonville, Onslow county, Tuesday, July 2d. Kernansville, Duplin county, Thursday, July 4th.

If Mr. M. Waddell, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Third District, sees fit to attend these appointments, an equal division of time will be granted. The people are invited to attend. The issues of the day will be fully discussed.

The Bar Room Remedy for weakness of the stomach is a dose of Rum Bitters. They are surcharged with Eucaly Oil, a deadly element, which is rendered more active by the pungent astringents with which it is combined. If your stomach is weak, or your liver or bowels disordered, tone, strengthen and regulate them with VINEGAR BITTERS, a pure VEGETABLE STOMACHIC, CORRECTIVE AND APERTIVE, free from alcohol, and capable of infusing new vitality into your exhausted and disordered system. 1-4w.

Raleigh Markets.

Wholesale Prices.

POOL & MORING, Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner Wilmington and Martin Sts.

COTTON—per bushel, - - - 221
OATS—per bushel, - - - \$1 10 1/2
FLOUR—North Carolina Family, - 10 50
FLOUR—Baltimore Family, 12 50 15 50
BACON—per lb., - - - 84
SALT—per sack, - - - 2 75
HAY—per 100 lbs., - - - 7 10
CORN MEAL—per bushel, - - - 1 15

Retail Prices.

MARCOM & ALFORD, Grocers and Commission Merchants, Hargett Street.

BACON—Baltimore smoked, 9 @ 11
" - - - - - 12 @ 10
" - - - - - 75 @ 81
" - - - - - 15 @ 16
BUTTER—per lb., - - - 20 @ 25
BEEF—per lb., - - - 22 @ 25
BEEF—on hoof, - - - 7 @ 8
PORK—per quarter, - - - 9 @ 10
COFFEE—per lb., - - - 25 @ 30
COTTON YARN—per bale, 1 75 @ 2 00
CORN—per bushel, - - - 1 15 @ 1 20
FLOUR—per bushel, - - - 20 @ 40
EGGS—per dozen, - - - 20 @ 25
FLOUR—per bbl., - - - 10 00 @ 12 00
FODDER—per 100 lbs., - - - 2 25
HAY—per 100 lbs., - - - 7 @ 10
HIDES—green, per lb., - - - 6 @ 7
" - - - - - 13 @ 15
LEATHER—per lb., - - - 30 @ 40
MOLASSES—per gallon, - - - 35 @ 60
" - - - - - Golden Syrup, 1 00
MEAL—per bushel, - - - 1 15 @ 1 25
OATS—per bushel, - - - 20 @ 40
SUGAR—per 100 lbs., - - - 1 00 16 @
" - - - - - P. R., - - - 15 @ 00
" - - - - - Common, - - - 12 @ 00
SALT—per sack, - - - 2 75 @ 3 00
TALLOW—per lb., - - - 7 @ 10
VINEGAR—per gallon, - - - 40 @ 50

Cotton Markets.

GEORGE T. STONACH, Dealer in Cotton and Navas Stores, Market and Martin Streets.

Receipts at Raleigh, - - - 3 bales.
QUOTATIONS: - - - - - 21
Good ordinary - - - - - 22
Low middling, - - - - - 23

Married.—We see it stated in the papers of Washington, D. C., that Mr. Edward S. Mills, of Illinois, was married to Miss M. Lela Pool, daughter of Senator Pool, of North Carolina, at St. Aloysius, in that city a few days since.

DEATHS: DIED, in Charlotte, N. C., on the 7th inst., after an illness of several weeks, Dr. H. M. FRITCHARD, aged forty-seven years. DIED, in New Jersey, on Friday, June 8th, 1872, at 3 o'clock, A. M., DENNIS F. HORNE, son of Rev. James F. HORNE, and Harriet HORNE, formerly of Raleigh, N. C., aged 21 years. The deceased was a member of the A. M. E. Church for more than 12 months, and a devoted faithful to his death, and only regretted to leave his parents and friends behind, but they can rejoice to know that he is at rest with his God. He was for many months a member of the Wayman Literary Debating Association. J. W. B.

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