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THE NEWS.

Yellow fever prevails to a slight extent in Rio Janeiro.

The cotton crop of West Tennessee and North Mississippi is suffering from drought.

A crisis has occurred in the Bavarian ministry, and the members have tendered their resignations to the King.

Accounts from Bombay report that the cholera is raging in many places in India, and numerous deaths occur from the disease.

Twenty-three thousand copies of the public debt statement have been printed in order to meet the demand for them from all parts of the country.

The Germans of New York celebrated the anniversary of the battle of Sedan with various festivities and a congratulatory despatch to Emperor William.

James F. Clark, who was shot in jail by the brother of Miss Fowell, with whom he had eloped, died of his wounds at Brantsville, Va., on Monday night.

New York Democrats and Greeleyites held State nominating Conventions at Syracuse on Thursday last. Francis Kernan was nominated for Governor.

Later returns from Vermont place the Republican majority at 27,000. The Senate is unanimously Republican. There are four Democrats and one Greeleyite elected to the House.

By the arrival of a Brazilian steamer at Lisbon news is received that the difficulty between Brazil and the Argentine Confederation has been satisfactorily arranged, and amicable relations resumed.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company has received intelligence of the destruction of the China line steamship America, which was burned to the water's edge on the 24th ult. in the port of Yokohama.

The Masonic fraternity of Mexico held a Lodge of Sorrow in the Iturbide Theatre, in memory of the death of Juarez. The ceremonies were attended by a large concourse of citizens, and were very imposing in character.

From statements of persons acquainted with the movements of the Geneva tribunal there seems to be reason to believe that the labors of the board will soon be completed, and that final adjournment will be reached early next week.

Caterpillars are still representing to be doing an immense amount of damage to the cotton crop in Alabama, and is stated that the caterpillars are as hard as frost.

The same species in great numbers are reported to be doing much damage to the cotton crop in Louisiana.

It was issued on Monday last. It is the organ of the straight Democrats. The first number contained many letters from Democrats declaring eternal hostility to Greeley and demanding a straight ticket at the hands of the Louisville Convention.

A terrible disaster occurred in Long Island Sound, off Watch Hill, R. I., on Thursday night. The steamer Metis, of the Providence line, collided with a schooner during a dreadful storm and almost immediately sank. About one hundred and fifty persons were on board, and it is estimated that between fifty and seventy-five lives were lost.

Preparations are being made in Berlin for a magnificent reception of the Emperors of Russia and Austria. A grand entertainment will be given at the new palace at Potsdam on the 9th of September, at which the three Emperors and several German princes and potentates will be present. The Czar will arrive in Berlin on Tuesday evening.

The London papers report that a colonel of the insurgent army in Cuba has arrived there with instructions from the provisional government to negotiate a loan of \$20,000,000 the amount to be tendered to Spain for the independence of Cuba; and that although the provisional government has little hope that Spain will consent, they believe that the offer will strengthen the insurgent cause among foreign powers.

The internal revenue receipts for the month of August were \$11,206,036.40. The customs revenue receipts for the month are estimated at twenty-five millions, the duties paid on goods in bond admitted at a lower rate of duty swelling the receipts from this source. In New York alone the receipts will not fall far short of \$17,000,000; Philadelphia and Baltimore will be about \$1,000,000, and Boston \$3,000,000.

We are called upon to chronicle another terrible marine disaster. The steamer Bienville, from New York for Aspinwall, was burned at sea on the 12th. Boats containing passengers endeavoring to escape were swamped, and the inmates drowned, while an explosion of the burning wreck added to the terrors of the scene. Out of a hundred and twenty-nine persons who were on board thirty-four were unaccounted for, including nine lost at Eleuthera Island.

A fire broke out Tuesday in Canterbury Cathedral. The flames spread rapidly, and, as no water could be obtained for some time, the entire destruction of the magnificent structure was feared. The flames were finally subdued without having effected very serious damage. The shrine of Thomas Becket was uninjured. It has been the habit for the past three hundred years to hold religious services in the cathedral daily, and this custom was not broken by the fire, as the services were held after the suppression of the flames.

The Louisville Convention of straight-out Democrats adjourned on Wednesday last. On third ballot John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, was nominated for Vice-President. O'Connor positively refused to accept the nomination. Adams was notified by telegraph of his nomination. He replied that he would gladly serve with O'Connor, but would accept nothing else, and that O'Connor must run. Whereupon, National Executive Committee of one from each State was elected, and the Convention adjourned without taking action on O'Connor's declination. The ticket stands: For President, Charles O'Connor, of New York; For Vice-President, John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts.

Jarvis at Fayetteville—He advises the Ladies to Ostracise and Scorn Republicans.

The night after the Greeley festivities in Fayetteville, Mr. Thomas J. Jarvis spoke to an audience of Ladies and gentlemen. Among the many things that he said, was this, addressing himself to the Ladies:

"You have the power by ostracism and scorn toward scoundrels and their comrades, to destroy the Radical party."

"This was excellent advice for an Elector at Large on the Greeley ticket. His Deputy Excellency must have forgotten what his chief said about 'clapping hands across the bloody chasm,' otherwise, he would not have advised the Ladies to ostracise and scorn Republicans. Since The Raleigh Sentinel in 1868, advised Democrats to ostracise and proscribe Republicans, such advice has not been given until Mr. Jarvis repeated it at Fayetteville. Republicans care nothing for ostracism and proscription by Democrats; but it is proper to inquire—who is Jarvis?"

I. He is the man who canvassed the West in 1871, in behalf of the unconstitutional Convention scheme, had "whole acres of people" to hear him narrate, and "set the mountains on fire in several places."

His Western campaign was a complete failure. Wherever he spoke, the Democrats lost votes. The result of his labors in behalf of Convention, buried Mr. Jarvis, politically. He went to the West for the purpose of "fixing things" in order that he might be nominated for Governor in 1872.

II. He is the man, who as speaker of the House of Representatives, threw his influence against the Hon. (?) Josiah Turner, Jr., Editor of The Sentinel, and endeavored to give the State printing to Maj. W. A. Hearne. In this he failed, as he did in the West. He incurred the deadly hatred of the Hon. (?) Josiah, and as head of the party, Turner issued orders that Jarvis must be killed politically—that he was not true, and must not be nominated for any office within the gift of the people.

III. He is the man who went to the Greensboro' Convention a candidate for Governor, but found soon after his arrival at that place, that the orders of Turner had preceded him and would be carried out. So certain was Jarvis that he would not be a candidate before the Convention.

IV. He is the man who returned to Tyrrell county and became a candidate for Congress. He is said to have made a bargain with Louis Latham, of Washington, for the purpose of securing the nomination for one or the other. The bargain was: That whenever it was ascertained which one was the stronger before the Congressional Convention, the other was to have the vote of his county cast for the stronger candidate. Several ballots showed that Latham was stronger than Jarvis, but His Deputy Excellency did not have the vote of Tyrrell cast for Latham. The balloting continued, and when Jarvis saw that the vote of Tyrrell would nominate the vote of Tyrrell would nominate, he ordered the delegate from that county to cast it for Hon. D. M. Carter. Thus it was that Carter was nominated, and this is the way Mr. Jarvis kept faith with Latham.

V. He is the man who desired a nomination for the Senate, but Mr. Latham couldn't see it; and the Senatorial Convention resulted in the nomination of Latham and Satterthwaite.

VI. He is the man who, after being defeated for the nomination of Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Congress, and Senate, retired to Tyrrell and begged piteously to be nominated for the House of Representatives. His constituents had received orders from Mr. Turner, and they laid Mr. Jarvis on the political shelf by refusing to re-nominate him.

Such is the man who has been ostracised and scorned by his party; there is no place, however humble, that the Democrats would think of bestowing upon one of the "Appointers General," as Chief Justice Pearson styled Messrs. Warren and Jarvis. The arrogance of his ex-Excellency is wonderful. Almost spit upon by his own party; degraded by repeated defeats, he has the presumption to advise North Carolina ladies to ostracise and scorn men who are as far above him in intellect and breeding, as the sun is above the earth! Having lost favor with the party by his assault upon Turner, it was necessary for Mr. Jarvis to do something extra to convince Josiah of his loyalty to Democracy and Ku Kluxism. His advice to ostracise and scorn was in accordance with Turner's teachings; hence, Mr. Jarvis gave the advice.—Other Democratic speakers who are in good standing with party, may be allowed to advise the use of ostracism and scorn for party purposes, but a man who was defeated for the nomination of Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Congress, Senate, and lastly, by his own county people for the House of Representatives, is under the ban, and has no right to call upon the ladies to place other people in like condition with himself. The unfitness of Mr. Jarvis for any public position was demonstrated by the advice he gave at Fayetteville, as well as the shallowness of his intellect.

Proscription.

"Proscription for opinion's sake" does not in reality exist except in rare cases, and in these it is perhaps a mild form of punishment where the rope or the halter would answer a better purpose.—Statesville Intelligencer.

There are ten thousand voters in this State who are Republicans, and would vote that ticket, were they not deterred from so doing by the ostracism and proscription of the Radical Greeley Democracy. The Intelligencer makes light of the truth when it says "proscription for opinion's sake does not in reality exist except in rare cases." The systematic attempt of the opponents of the Republican party to ostracise and proscribe every white Republican has been one of the most formidable weapons of the friends of Republicanism have been called upon to encounter in the Southern States. Remove the social pressure and permit every man to vote as his judgment dictates, and the Republicans would carry every Southern State by overwhelming majorities.

The Intelligencer chooses to be candid. The assertion that the "rope or the halter would answer a better purpose," than ostracism or proscription, is not according to orders that have been issued from headquarters. It is understood among Greeley's supporters that "reconciliation" and "clapping hands across the bloody chasm," must be the cry until Greeley is elected. The Intelligencer does not see fit to assume the role of the hypocrite, and therefore, suggests the "rope or the halter," for men who vote the Republican ticket. Inasmuch as Senator Stephens, of Caswell, Wyatt Outlaw, of Alamance, Colgrove, of Jones, and thousands of others who voted the Republican ticket and made war upon the Democratic party, suffered death by the halter, it is probable the "rope and halter" will be brought into use again after Greeley is elected. Greeley will be defeated.—Merrimon will not be seated as Governor, and the Republicans of this and other Southern States will not be visited with the "rope or halter" instead of ostracism and proscription, for four years more. That such a fate awaits hundreds of Republicans, in case Greeley is elected, does not admit of a doubt. That the South under Greeley would be a second Mexico, is the opinion of thousands; therefore, we do not think the loyal millions of the North will place the Republicans of the Southern States under the heel of Democratic Ku Klux, by electing Greeley. In the language of Horace Greeley, developments which come to light every day, proves that

"The brain, the heart, the soul of the present Democratic party is the rebel element of the South, with its Northern allies and sympathizers. It is rebel at the core to-day. It would come into power with the hate, the chagrin, the wrath, the mortification of ten bitter years to impel and guide its steps. It would devote itself to taking off or reducing tax after tax until the Treasury was deprived of the means of paying interest on the national debt, and would hail the tidings of national bankruptcy with unalloyed gladness and unceasing exultation. Whatever chastisement may be deserved by our national sins, we must hope that this disgrace and humiliation will be spared us."

Greeley never wrote anything in which there was more truth, than the paragraph quoted in this article. The majority of voters North of Mason and Dixon's line, believe the peace of the Republic will be seriously endangered if Greeley should be elected. This belief is growing stronger every day, and to that extent Grant is growing stronger. The fact that Democrats and Republicans who have betrayed their party, have joined hands to elect Greeley, creates a wide-spread feeling of alarm for the perpetuity of our institutions.—In our opinion the re-election of President Grant in 1872 is as necessary to the peace and prosperity of the country, as Mr. Lincoln's election was necessary to perpetuate the Union and free the slave.

Who first suggested that Merrimon should contest the election of Governor Caldwell? We ask this question, for it daily and hourly becomes more apparent that some one hostile to his advancement to the United States Senate originated it. Was it the venerable Barringer? He has hopes, it is said. Was it the Vance combination which nominated Ransom over his head? or did it spring out of the addled and distempered brain of Turner, who, having little else to recommend him, has ambition enough to suffer—as a self-constituted martyr—for place, or from the press-gang, on whose pens Maj. Engelhard, it is said, dreams of being wafted to that honorable place. Who ever suggested it, and gave the cue to the Democratic press of this State, is either no friend of Merrimon, or a very foolish one.

Tennessee Governorship.

Our exchanges inform us that Hon. John Baxter, of Knoxville, Tennessee, formerly a resident of Rutherford county, N. C., is an independent candidate for Governor of Tennessee. Gov. Brown is a candidate for re-election. Both candidates are Democrats. Judge Elisha Baxter, a brother of John Baxter, is the Republican candidate for Governor of Arkansas. John will be defeated; Elisha will be elected.

Sober Second Thought—Democrats Against Greeley.

Hon. Theodore Bacon, of Utica, New York, was one of the delegates to the Cincinnati Convention who could not feast on the dish of crow there compounded. He has declared for Grant, and made an able speech at Utica a few days since in which he says:—

"I see the pure Mattoon, the incorruptible Winans, the immaculate Benus, the untarnished Alvord, ranging themselves about the snow-white standard which the gallant and reticent Coolidge bears aloft, and which is sustained in Pennsylvania by the honest McClure, and in Indiana by the strictly honest Blair. I see no special hope of reform where the carrion birds gather so thickly and swiftly."

Judge W. A. Cooke, of Monticello, Fla., an old Democrat, has declared for Grant, as against Greeley, in a vigorous letter, wherein he says:—

"The people are treading on dangerous ground, and let them pause. There is more danger in Greeley than in Grant, and the Southern Democracy will find, by connecting itself with the Greeley wing of the Radical party, that they will do more to impair and endanger the best interests of the country than by remaining neutral, or even by coming in a body to the support of Grant."

Judge Hamlin, recently the Democratic candidate for Governor of Minnesota, comes out for Grant and Wilson, because, as he says, he "prefers the government of a party of principle to the tyranny of a rapacious and discordant organization whose only claim to support is loud-mouthed protestations of honesty, and whose only cohesive power must be the hope of public plunder."

The Culhoun Democrat, published at Hardin, Ill., which has been since its establishment a Democratic paper, announces in its last issue its purpose to support Grant and Wilson.

Hon. Samuel B. Axtell, formerly Democratic member of the fortieth and forty-first Congress, from California, has declared for Grant and Wilson. In a letter he says:—

"It is true that I have not sold out to the Cincinnati cabal, nor have I stood the Baltimore transfer. I have voted with the Democratic party for more than twenty years, but this is the first time I was ever invited by them to vote for a political opponent upon a platform formed by political opponents. Of these two I have had most opportunity to observe General Grant. I saw something of him as General of the army, acting Secretary of War under Johnson, and during the first two years of his Presidency. He was the same man all the time; cool, self-reliant and well posted upon men and measures. I am sure he is truthful and consistent. I am sure he can be known as well in the dark as in the light. Undoubtedly he makes mistakes, but I cannot believe that he is willfully corrupt. He will make a better President for four years to come than I have seen in the last forty years. I think he will be freer to act and have a purer administration since certain factions and impracticable men have left him. I have no hesitancy in saying that I believe that it will be for the best interests of our country that he should be continued in office for another term. From the peculiar combinations made to sustain Mr. Greeley, it appears impossible that his administration would be honest, or consistent. I should fear the same wrangling and discord which marked and marred the unfruitful years of Andrew Johnson."

Mr. Graham N. Fitch, ex-United States Senator from Indiana, and a life-long Democrat, has bolted the Baltimore nomination and declared for Grant.

Congratulation.

The following letters explain itself: LONDON, August 5, 1872. TO HIS EXCELLENCY, GOVERNOR CALDWELL, North Carolina.

DEAR SIR: Allow me to congratulate you upon the result of the North Carolina State election. We have today received telegraphic dispatches which confirm the report of your Excellency's majority of 800 or 1,000 over your antagonists.

This news is the more welcome to your friends here, as we had previously had dispatches stating that Mr. Merrimon had been elected Governor by a large majority, and that the State had gone entirely Democratic.

I do hope now that you are re-appointed to the Chief office of the State, that your desires with regard to Immigration of Europeans may be carried out, and that North Carolina will offer similar inducements and vote a moderate sum, as is done by other States, which require Immigrants less than North Carolina. What other State in the Union has an official like Colonel Little, who, as Commissioner of Immigrants, without salary or any financial help from the State, is expected to draw in a large flock of Immigrants. The Egyptians were not more unreasonable in expecting the Hebrews to make bricks without straw.

I hope your Excellency will excuse my introducing this subject in any letter of congratulation. My apology must be, its great importance to the future well being of the State.

I shall take the liberty of forwarding you one or two English papers with their remarks on the election in North Carolina.

Wishing you health and every success of life during your term of office, I am your Excellency's Most obt servant, JOHN RICHARDSON, Ass't Com'r Immigration for North Carolina.

When autumn is married to winter, the wedding-cake is always frosted. Doat-age—the age of infancy.

Greeley's Destroying Hand.

It is a humiliating fact that since it became settled that so much of what has been the Democratic party has determined to support Republican candidates, these States have gone over to the Administration:—

New Hampshire—Oregon—North Carolina. On a fair and square contest each of these States is Democratic, and under the Democratic party, and under the Democratic majority in the spring of 1871, and there was proper Democratic rejoicing in the return of the old State to its first path of right and rectitude.

North Carolina, in 1870, elected a Democratic Attorney-General, and gave the same honor to the same man in the Congressional and State elections. In the Congressional election there had recovered their ascendancy, and would hold their own.

Oregon, away over on the bright shores of the Pacific, has been true to Democracy for several years, and under the successful lead of the old guard was steadily winning triumphs and weeding out the traces that Republicans had left. It had reached so far in this direction that there was only one United States Senator left to be displaced.

But during the past year there has been a change working. The pernicious and destructive scheme of abandoning the Democratic organization and voting for Republican candidates was devised. It was eagerly caught at by a considerable number of so-called Democrats, but it had a blighting effect upon the stake, and asked to vote were of the passive kind. A large number of Democrats refused to indorse any such candidates, although the year before they had been elected.

Two months after Oregon was re-elected. In the same manner was the Democracy saved from the hands of the Tories who were comparatively so small as to require every Democratic vote to hold the State, and certain supposed Democratic managers were willing to sacrifice several thousand Democratic votes to pander to a few hundred sore-headed Republicans. The State was lost, and not only so, but the Democracy, which the Republican United States Senator is now continued for six years.

In North Carolina the Democracy should have had still higher prospects. It is a State made up with much the same material as those other States that have driven out the carpet-baggers and repudiated Republicans. The State had given a Democratic majority, had a Democratic Legislature, a majority of Democratic Congressmen and a Democratic United States Senator.

But the same fatal error occurred. The Democracy nominated a State ticket, and the party was charged with enthusiasm from the borders of Virginia to those of South Carolina, at the beginning of the contest.

Then came Baltimore! The Democratic candidates for Governor made indecent haste to declare themselves for Greeley. From that moment he did not cease to be a Democratic candidate and became a Conservative.

He was designated as such in all the papers. Democracy was hissed down. And then when the day of election came the Democrats were not there. They could not be insulted by having their name suppressed, and then be expected to vote. The Greeley bugaboo was flaunted impudently in the eyes of them all, and they remained at home to give the Greeley toadies a good opportunity to vote.

North Carolina was lost. And with it have gone the hopes and expectations of Greeleyism. It is a severe lesson for the Democratic party, but it is hoped it will be lasting.

One by one we were to regain those States that went out from us with the sweeping waves that rolled over the country during the war. One by one they are now leaving us, under the dark and dreary prospect of Greeley.—Pomeroy's Democrat.

To General Barringer.

General: In compliance with your request that all cases of fraud and illegal voting in the late election be reported to you, we beg to report what came under our observation at this precinct, (Rockingham.)

Thomas McGowan, who lives on the South side of the Railroad and in Wolf Pit Township, was permitted to vote here.

J. W. Patterson, another Irishman, and from God knows where, an itinerant Table cloth vender, who when his vote was challenged, could not produce his naturalization papers, and who may not have been in the State 30 days, was permitted to vote here. He is not now a bona fide resident of this township and is now God knows where.

One Thompson, who is deaf and dumb, and who is incapable of taking an oath, was permitted to vote at this box.

Van Terry, col., was not permitted to vote here, because it was alleged that he spent most of his Saturday nights and Sundays in another Township notwithstanding he claimed this as his home and labored here six days of the week.

Another colored man was refused his vote because he did not look to be 21 years of age, notwithstanding he was required to pay poll tax last year.

We give the above, General, merely as a sample, and if you desire it we can supply you with a few more. As Mr. Merrimon wants to contest the election of Caldwell for the purpose of ascertaining who is honestly elected, it will make no difference with you as to who received the illegal votes above named, though we will state that every one of them was polled for Mr. Merrimon, and the two colored men whose votes were refused would have voted for Caldwell.—Carolina Clipper.

THE FLAG OF DISTRESS.

A Mournful Wall from Greeley's Organ.

[From the New York Tribune, August 24.] There are no doubt Liberals and Democrats enough in the United States to elect Mr. Greeley President in November. Whether they will do it or not is another question, the answer to which depends almost as much upon the manner in which they conduct the campaign as upon their numerical strength.

It is certain that the Liberals and Democrats enough in the United States to elect Mr. Greeley President in November. Whether they will do it or not is another question, the answer to which depends almost as much upon the manner in which they conduct the campaign as upon their numerical strength. It is certain that the Liberals and Democrats enough in the United States to elect Mr. Greeley President in November. Whether they will do it or not is another question, the answer to which depends almost as much upon the manner in which they conduct the campaign as upon their numerical strength.

It is these just but natural causes which have extinguished the Democratic camp-fires in the mountains, and reduced their loud shouts of victory to the faintest echo of a rallying party cry.—Asheville Pioneer.

The Tammany and Greeley Coalition.

Every true and honest Democrat in New York rejects the noble standard which the Apollo Democracy have taken in regard to the Presidency. That organization, which last Fall swept the corrupt Tammany ring out of power, have determined to go ahead with the good work then began, and to defeat the infamous Greeley and Tammany coalition, and just here we wish to explain to our readers who may not fully understand the subject, the nature of this Greeley and Tammany coalition. The deposed leaders of Tammany have been keenly on the lookout, ever since their overthrow by the good work of the Democrats, for an opportunity to regain their lost power. The defection of the Liberal Republicans furnished, as they supposed, that opportunity. The genius of Peter B. Sweeney conceived the scheme of making a bargain with the Greeley Republicans to the effect, that Tammany would support the Liberal Democrats, Greeley in return for the Greeley influence in afterward restoring the old Tammany ring to power. We could furnish elaborate proof of this statement if it were necessary, but the facts are so apparent to every eye that it is needless to follow the subject further. The very fact that The Tribune suddenly stopped its crusade against the Tammany ring; the fact that the remains of Tammany are now clinging to Greeley as drowning men clutch at straws, amply show the nature of their coalition.

Now the Tammany Democrats of New York, who are represented by the Apollo Hall organization, are determined that this shrewd Tammany scheme shall not be consummated. They had to labor hard last Fall to break the Tammany ring; and they do not mean to allow it to be so quickly welded by this coalition with Greeley and his gang of hungry office seekers. This is the whole question in a nutshell, and the ring papers may howl themselves hoarse in their impotent rage against the men who killed Tammany and who intend to prevent his resurrection. The intelligent Democrats of New York do not mean to be sold out by the tricksters who are longing for their old feeding places at the public crib. It was a wily dodge, well worthy of the great political tactician who conceived it; but happily it was seen through by the keen-sighted friends of the people who led the Apollo Hall organization, and the city is now safe from the calamity of Tammany restoration by means of the Greeley coalition.—New York Union, Democrat.

Crazy Democrats!

Some of our Democrats who propose to drive Grant from Washington, to make place for the infamous Tammany Ring now skulking along behind Greeley and his old white hat, say the Democrats who are in favor of the Louisville Convention are crazy!

If to object to the Belmont Bargain at Baltimore, whereby the entire Democratic party was to be delivered to the interests of England and a few Protectionists, is an evidence of insanity, count us in.

If to be in opposition to those who adhere to politics only as young wolves adhere to their dam, and who consider nothing principle unless it pays large profits, is craziness, let us be called crazy.

If to be opposed to the placing again in power that rotten, stealing, murdering crew of Tweeds, Halls, Sweeneys, Connollys, and all those prison-deserving robbers, who have given such an infamous name to infamy Democratic party, and who now propose to forever destroy honesty and Democracy, is an evidence of being crazy, you are at liberty to so consider it. Better an Insane Asylum than a prison! Better be in company with the unfortunate than the corrupt.

Better be a man, glorying in an honest, self-supporting independence than to be a jackass with outstretched nose, following any and every thief who travels the road with a bundle of hay under his arm, stolen from some honest farmer.

Of the so-called Democratic papers now in the United States that would indorse him, unless there was a promise of reward, or a hope of making a little money by the operation.

Yet there are those who talk of the glorious independence of the American press!—Pomeroy's Democrat.

"A Shabby Showing."

"We are becoming heartily tired and disgusted with hearing about the West and the fires lighted in her mountains just on the eve of every election. In the late election she has behaved most shabbily, and notwithstanding the fact that the whole of our party power in speakers and workers was thrown wild in her limits. She failed to appreciate the importance of the occasion, and through their indifference and lukewarmness, caused the defeat of Merrimon.

With one or two exceptions the extreme Eastern counties, with overwhelming majorities, refused to outside help, yet in almost every county the Democracy gallantly held their own, and in others, as in Edgecombe, they gained handsomely upon their former strength.

So let us hear no more about the West and its fidelity, &c. If it had done as well as the East our party would now be rejoicing over a glorious and complete victory.—Tarboro' Southerner.

The Southerner has yet to learn that the inhabitants of the West are, for the most part, working men, whose capital consists in muscle and sinew, and whose stock in trade is honesty.

From the Democracy, which represents alone the "wealth and intelligence of the State," has no interest or sympathy in common, and has persistently refused to recognize their merits or claims in the councils of State.—With the old aristocratic representative men of North Carolina, some of whom are still in the political arena struggling for office, class legislation was the rule and the welfare of the masses the exception. Home industry, mechanism, and the education, amelioration and elevation of the working-class were themes which might well engross the attention of the "mud-sill" legislators of the New England States, but which were by far too inconsiderable to come within the scope of the classic-

ally trained and dignified intellects of these representatives of Southern chivalry and States rights dogmas, who, if not in the National or State Legislature babbling about imaginary wrongs or enlarging the section in which the accident of birth occurred to them, were tilling a general indolence on extensive plantations, whose productiveness was the result of other men's labor.

For years these men had it in their power, without stooping from their lofty eminence or disparaging their sublime selfishness, to stimulate the industries of the working people by promoting their intellectual and social condition; but this they refused to do. Blind to everything but their own aggrandizement, the transmission of their boundless pride and filthiness by hereditary succession, and the perpetuation of their power, they failed to recognize the opportunity of showing their gratitude to the Creator by expanding their minds and making glad the hearts of their fellow creatures.

They left it to the Republican party and to a Republican Legislature, to place in power such men, and upon the statute books such measures as would conserve the interests of the whole people, regardless of caste and condition, and of nullifying such laws as were unbecomingly and unbecomingly enacted by their fathers, and which they were unequal in their operations, and bore heavily only on the humblest class.

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The Tammany and Greeley Coalition.

Every true and honest Democrat in New York rejects the noble standard which the Apollo Democracy have taken in regard to the Presidency. That organization, which last Fall swept the corrupt Tammany ring out of power, have determined to go ahead with the good work then began, and to defeat the infamous Greeley and Tammany coalition, and just here we wish to explain to our readers who may not fully understand the subject, the nature of this Greeley and Tammany coalition. The deposed leaders of Tammany have been keenly on the lookout, ever since their overthrow by the good work of the Democrats, for an opportunity to regain their lost power. The defection of the Liberal Republicans furnished, as they supposed, that opportunity. The genius of Peter B. Sweeney conceived the scheme of making a bargain with the Greeley Republicans to the effect, that Tammany would support the Liberal Democrats, Greeley in return for the Greeley influence in afterward restoring the old Tammany ring to power. We could furnish elaborate proof of this statement if it were necessary, but the facts are so apparent to every eye that it is needless to follow the subject further. The very fact that The Tribune suddenly stopped its crusade against the Tammany ring; the fact that the remains of Tammany are now clinging to Greeley as drowning men clutch at straws, amply show the nature of their coalition.

Now the Tammany Democrats of New York, who are represented by the Apollo Hall organization, are determined that this shrewd Tammany scheme shall not be consummated. They had to labor hard last Fall to break the Tammany ring; and they do not mean to allow it to be so quickly welded by this coalition with Greeley and his gang of hungry office seekers. This is the whole question in a nutshell, and the ring papers may howl themselves hoarse in their impotent rage against the men who killed Tammany and who intend to prevent his resurrection. The intelligent Democrats of New York do not mean to be sold out by the tricksters who are longing for their old feeding places at the public crib. It was a wily dodge, well worthy of the great political tactician who conceived it; but happily it was seen through by the keen-sighted friends of the people who led the Apollo Hall organization, and the city is now safe from the calamity of Tammany restoration by means of the Greeley coalition.—New York Union, Democrat.

Crazy Democrats!

Some of our Democrats who propose to drive Grant from Washington, to make place for the infamous Tammany Ring now skulking along behind Greeley and his old white hat, say the Democrats who are in favor of the Louisville Convention are crazy!

If to object to the Belmont Bargain at Baltimore, whereby the entire Democratic party was to be delivered to the interests of England and a few Protectionists, is an evidence of insanity, count us in.

If to be in opposition to those who adhere to politics only as young wolves adhere to their dam, and who consider nothing principle unless it pays large profits, is craziness, let us be called crazy.

If to be opposed to the placing again in power that rotten, stealing, murdering crew of Tweeds, Halls, Sweeneys, Connollys, and all those prison-deserving robbers, who have given such an infamous name to infamy Democratic party, and who now propose to forever destroy honesty and Democracy, is an evidence of being crazy, you are at liberty to so consider it. Better an Insane Asylum than a prison! Better be in company with the unfortunate than the corrupt.