

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

NO. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY AFTERNOON, OCTOBER 9, 1875. 61.

Advertisements.
All letters on business should be addressed to the Constitution Publishing Company, Raleigh, N. C. Advertisements inserted at the usual rates.

Rev. J. D. Hoffman.
Pastor of Swain Street Baptist Church, having returned to the city from his mountain trip, much invigorated in health, will fill his pulpit on tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock, and evening at 7 1/2 P. M. Attendance of the public is invited to divine worship at the above times.

Grand Men at the National Hotel.
On Friday night, the 15th, the Oak City Pleasure Club will give a Hope and a grand ball at the National Hotel. The State will appear in all their glory. A good time anticipated.

Piedmont Air-Line.
For the accommodation of visitors attending the North Carolina State Agricultural Fair, tickets to Raleigh and return with one admission coupon, will be sold from the 10th to 15th October, at the following low rates:

From Goldsboro to Raleigh and return.	\$2 00
From Salisbury to Raleigh and return.	1 35
From Cary to Raleigh and return.	75
From Durham to Raleigh and return.	1 80
From Hillsboro to Raleigh and return.	1 70
From Greensboro to Raleigh and return.	2 95
From Salisbury to Raleigh and return.	4 45
From Charlotte to Raleigh and return.	5 75
From Salem to Raleigh and return.	8 85
From Danville to Raleigh and return.	4 45
From Richmond to Raleigh and return.	8 50

Tickets sold at above prices will not be good for return passage unless presented on or before the 15th.

The Grand Tabernacle of the G. W. O. of B. and S. of Love and Charity.
(colored), held its second annual session in Edenton, Chowan county, Sept. 21st and 22d, 1875. Considerable enthusiasm was manifested and harmony prevailed. The following Grand officers were elected for the ensuing year: S. S. Bookram, G. W. S.; A. Cartwright, D. G. W. S.; Helen Bess, G. W. V. S.; Rebecca Skinner, D. G. W. V. S.; Helen S. Johnson, G. W. C.; Clementine Barker, A. G. W. C.; J. A. Padik, G. W. P. S.; F. Butler, G. W. R. S.; Sarah E. Williams, G. W. T.; L. W. Boone, G. W. O. S.; R. H. Green, G. W. C. H.; G. W. Skinner, G. D. M.; H. Bright, G. M.; Roush Cartwright, G. W. I. S.; J. W. Howell, G. W. O. S.
Adjourned to meet in Quarterly Session in Hertford, Perquimans county, on the third Tuesday in January, 1876.

LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT.
By urgent request upon the part of a large number of the prominent colored men of this city and vicinity, John H. Smyth, Esq., delegate to the Convention from the counties of New Hanover and Pender, has kindly consented to favor this community with a reading from Shakespeare and Tennyson. The House of Representatives has been secured for the purpose, and the entertainment will take place at the Tabernacle, next, at 7 1/2 P. M. inst., at 7 o'clock, at that place. The public are invited to attend, and the schools especially, as an intellectual treat may be expected.

Western N. C. Railroad.
Be it ordained, that the following words be added to section 5, article 5 of the Constitution:
"Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed to deny to the General Assembly the power to complete the construction of the Western North Carolina Railroad."
Mr. Badger stated that the imperative and pressing reason why this amendment should be adopted grows out of the fact that the State has become the purchaser of the Western North Carolina Railroad. If she were deprived of the power to complete this road, then of necessity the road will never be finished, and the rich agricultural and manufacturing districts of the West will never be developed. He was satisfied the Republican party were unwilling that this gross act of injustice should be done, and he hoped those on the other side (the Democrats) would join with him.

The above ordinance was introduced by Mr. Badger, and he had agreed to accept the amendment of Mr. Jones, of Yadkin, to build the Yadkin Valley Railroad also. It caused the tender conscience of Democracy at once to observe violation of the restrictions and declare it out of order. So people of Western North Carolina, you see who it is that is disposed to complete your great enterprise. It is the Republican party. All that has ever been done for you the Republican party did. All to obstruct the completion of your road has been done by Democracy. "Choose ye between them."

State Election in Ohio.
On Tuesday, the 12th inst. the grand political battle in the great State of Ohio will be fought, between the National Republicans and the Repudiationists, and the indications are that the Republicans will carry the State by an overwhelming majority. It is a contest between the real friends of the Government and its enemies, and Gov. Allen, with his illegitimate "Rag Baby," will be officially notified by the grand army of Republicans of Ohio to "step down and out" from the Governor's office, and give place to that patriotic and able Republican, Gen. Hayes, as Governor. The election in Ohio on the 12th will be the first signal gun in the great Northwest, which will plainly indicate the grand and glorious Republican victory in 1876. Let Republicans be of good cheer, for a brighter day is dawning upon them. The old Republican flag will again float in triumph.

Branch Mint at Charlotte.
The following resolutions were unanimously adopted by the Board of Aldermen of the city of Charlotte, on the 6th instant:

To the Hon. R. H. Linderman, Director of the United States Mint:
WHEREAS, The Branch Mint of the city of Charlotte and State of North Carolina, established by the United States Government in the year 1838 and continued to 1861, did coin over \$5,000,000 in gold, the product of the surrounding country; and

WHEREAS, Mr. Christopher Bechtler, at Rutherfordton, 70 miles west of this place, did assay and stamp as is supposed, several millions of dollars worth in one, two and a half and five dollar gold pieces, known as "Bechtler's," which were freely used as coin circulation in an extended area of country; and
WHEREAS, A considerable portion of the gold mined in this region, was coined at the Philadelphia Mint; and still a larger portion used in the domestic and economical purposes of life and not reported for coinage at any mint; and
WHEREAS, This section of country within circle of a radius of one hundred miles of Charlotte as a centre, is estimated to have produced more than one-half of all the gold found in the United States prior to the opening of the mines of California; and

WHEREAS, The mines in this section of North and South Carolina have shown no indication of exhaustion, but have uniformly increased in the richness of their ores as they have been penetrated below the surface of the earth, with many known, still unexplored; and

WHEREAS, War and its desolations, with the poverty of the country since, has prevented the extensive working of these gold and silver mines, but it is believed that the spirit and energy of the country is returning in that branch of business and will become active and greatly increase as soon as the financial system of the country is definitely and permanently settled; and

WHEREAS, The Government has a valuable property in this city, now in good order and ready to be applied to the purposes of coinage for which it was originally constructed and adapted; and

WHEREAS, This city is fast increasing in population and commerce, and becoming a centre of trade and business for a large area of country, with five different railroads terminating in or extending through it, and in admirably situated for the distribution of gold and silver coins among the Atlantic and Gulf States. Therefore, be it

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Charlotte, That the Mayor be requested to communicate with Hon. Dr. R. H. Linderman, Director of the United States Mint, and invite his co-operation with the Congress of the United States to urge upon it the re-establishment of a mint of coinage of gold and silver in this city, and that His Honor, the Mayor, be requested to forward to Hon. Dr. Linderman, a copy of this resolution and the foregoing preamble.

The preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the following resolution was then introduced and adopted:
Resolved, That a committee of three

be appointed, composed of His Honor, the Mayor, Col. W. R. Myers, and Maj. C. Dowd, to forward a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions to the Convention of the State of North Carolina, now in session at Raleigh, and to request that honorable body to urge upon the Congress of the United States, the necessity and importance of re-establishing the Branch Mint of the United States at Charlotte.

The Robeson County Fraud.
Mr. Editor.—I can find no Democrat that endorses either the course of the Commissioners or Sinclair and McEachin. Every one feels and knows that it is a stigma, not only upon the party but the county itself.

To show you that the Commissioners have acknowledged their error, whether it was of the head or heart (though I believe it was of the latter) they have appointed all the county officers that were elected at these precincts which they rejected because the "poll books have not been returned as the law requires." Mr. J. M. Bule, one of the Democratic judges of election at Burnt Swamp Township, says, that he was one of the Judges at the Convention box, and that when a person would vote at the county box they would write his name on the poll books at his box, but that several so written did not vote at the Convention box, and he crossed their names off—that is the only discrepancy. He says there was no illegal votes polled at Burnt Swamp.

The circus is here, and persons from all parts of the county in town, and I have made diligent inquiries and can hear of no rumor of any illegal votes having been cast for my colleague or myself. Every honest man in the county says it is an outrage that we have not been seated before this.

They may search Robeson from one end to the other, and they can find no illegal votes cast for my colleague or myself, and they know it.

R. M. NORMENT.
Lumberton, Oct. 6, 1875.

Mr. Carey, on Friday, rising to a question of personal privilege, said:
MR. PRESIDENT:—I arise to a question of personal privilege. I see in the Daily News of this morning an article reflecting upon me personally, and arraigning me for my want of education and my incorrect pronunciation. Now, sir, such publications as these are not only unnecessary but they are extremely unkind, coming from such course. Mr. President, I have made no pretension to great accomplishments. I simply claim to be a man of good sense and competent to discern between right and wrong. Until yesterday I have contented myself to sit quietly in my seat and hear from other delegates, and have not asked the privilege of being heard myself. Then, because I took the opportunity to express my views, possibly not in an elegant manner, but I submit in a plain manner, I am made the subject of ridicule by those to whom even an ordinary sense of justice would rather dictate charity.

Now, Mr. President, as I have been compelled to come forward in my own defense, I intend to speak plainly, and I now wish to say, that considering our respective conditions in life, our opportunities to acquire knowledge, I am by far the superior of the writer of the article referred to. Notwithstanding the fact that I was born in ignorance, belonging to a race of slaves who under the law would not be taught even to read or write, and who have for all times been made the subject of oppression, I, to-day, represent in the highest body known to our people one of the most refined and wealthy counties in the State, and I have the satisfaction to know that I have the confidence and respect of my constituents. How is it with the writer of the article, a white man with all the advantages accorded to his class? What has he done worthy of notice? Where has he made his mark? What good has he accomplished for his people or his country? Where do we find him? We find him, Mr. President, employed at insignificant pay, to report for a fourth-class newspaper, what gentlemen, (his superiors), have to say upon the floor of this Convention.

ALBEMARLE FEMALE INSTITUTE,
Charlottesville, Va. 18th annual session opens 1st of September, with a full Faculty and elegant equipments. Health, accessibility, good fare and thorough instruction at this college. For details, address H. H. Rawlings, H. A., Principal.

STATE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

THIRTIETH DAY.

SATURDAY, Oct. 9, 1875.
The Convention met at 10 A. M., President Ransom in the chair.
Prayer by Rev. Mr. Atkinson, of the city.
Journal of yesterday read and approved.

Mr. Turner presented a petition from the Grand Jury of Wake County relating to the special tax bonds.

Mr. Clingman, a petition from the Mayor of Charlotte, in regard to the re-establishment of the Branch Mint in that city.

Mr. Bennett, from the Committee on the Judicial Department, reported that the Convention had no power to grant divorce from matrimony.

By Mr. Badger: An ordinance to amend art. 7 of the Constitution.
By Mr. Wilcox: A resolution paying J. M. Brower, contestant from Surry, per diem and mileage.

By Mr. Bryan: Ordinance to regulate and establish salaries of State officers.

By Mr. Reid: A resolution authorizing Secretary of State to employ such additional clerical force as may be necessary to prepare the ordinances for publication. Rules suspended and the resolution passed.

CALENDAR.
Ordinance to amend art. 11, by the addition of a new section, was considered. Authorizes the farming out or employment of convicts in penitentiary.

Mr. Tourgee offered an amendment, prohibiting the punishment of convicts so hired out except by a responsible officer of the State.

The ordinance then passed its second reading.

The rules were suspended and it was put upon its third reading.
Mr. Bennett offered an amendment, prohibiting the farming out of convicts convicted for murder, manslaughter, rape or attempt at rape, and arson.

Mr. Young, an amendment, that the government and supervision of the convicts shall be exercised by the Penitentiary Board or some officer of the State.

The amendments were accepted and the ordinance passed its third reading.

Mr. Boyd introduced a resolution in regard to certain taxes paid into public treasury by the county of Alamance.

Under a suspension of the rules the ordinance to strike out sec. 31, art. 4, relating to the appointment of certain officers, providing for appointment by Governor unless otherwise provided for, passed its third reading.

The rules were suspended and the ordinance prohibiting the carrying of concealed weapons passed its several readings.

Ordinance to add an additional section to art. 4, allowing the Legislature to prescribe the manner of appointment or election of clerks of such inferior courts as may be established, was considered.

Mr. Tourgee, Rep., offered an amendment, providing for the election, by the people of their respective jurisdictions, of the officers of these inferior courts. Lost—ayes 48, noes 57. Democrats all opposed.

Mr. Massey, Rep., an amendment, making term of office of such officers four years instead of eight, as provided for in the ordinance, and elective by the people. Lost—ayes 49, noes 54. Party vote; all Democrats opposing.

By Mr. Cooper, Dem., an amendment, providing that the city, town, or other municipal corporation shall

pay the expenses of the courts established in it.

Mr. Durham moved the previous question. Sustained.
Mr. Cooper's amendment was lost, and the ordinance then passed its second reading.

Under suspension of rules, it was put upon its third reading.

Mr. Tourgee offered an amendment, making term of office of clerks, &c., two years instead of eight. Lost—ayes 41, noes 63.

By Mr. Badger, Rep., an amendment as follows: But no such officer shall be elected by the General Assembly or appointed by the Governor alone or by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Lost—ayes 49, noes 58.

Mr. Albertson, Rep., offered an amendment, to strike out the word "clerks" wherever it occurs.

The previous question was sustained, on motion of Mr. Durham.

Mr. Albertson called the ayes and noes, and his amendment was voted down—ayes 46, noes 55.

The ordinance then passed its third reading—ayes 57, noes 49.

Mr. Jarvis introduced a resolution paying Secretary of Convention and Auditor each \$150.00 for preparing the amendments ordered to be published in pamphlet form a few days since. Under suspension of the rules the resolution passed its several readings.

On motion of Mr. Durham, the rules were suspended and the ordinance prohibiting intermarriage of races was considered.

Mr. Albertson, Rep., offered an amendment, striking out the word "Indian." The amendment prevailed.

Mr. Smyth, Rep., an amendment, striking out the word "negro." Lost—ayes 1 (Mr. Thorne, white), noes 101. Passed second reading.

The rules being suspended and the ordinance being on its third reading.

Mr. O'Hara, Rep., offered an amendment, authorizing the Legislature to make the cohabitation of white men with negro women to the third generation inclusive, a felony. Lost—ayes 46, noes 59.

Mr. Tourgee, Rep., an amendment, that it shall be a misdemeanor for any white person to be guilty of the act of illicit sexual intercourse with any colored person to the third generation. Lost—ayes 43, noes 61.

Mr. Durham moved the previous question and it was sustained.

The ordinance then passed its third reading—ayes 96, noes 2.

The use of the hall was tendered Mr. J. H. Smyth, one night next week for literary purposes.

Mr. Chamberlain, Rep., asked to be excused from further service on the Committee on Privileges and Elections, he being satisfied that the majority would do nothing looking to seating the regularly elected delegates. Objection was heard to excusing him.

On motion of Mr. Badger, the Convention adjourned till Monday morning, 10 o'clock.

THIRTIETH DAY.
Monday, Oct. 11, 1875.
Met at 10 o'clock, A. M., Mr. President Ransom in the chair.
Prayer by Rev. Mr. Spivey.
The journal of Saturday was read and approved.

Mr. Turner presented petitions from certain tax payers of Wake county praying that they be tried by General Assembly on special tax bonds until the question shall have been submitted to the people.

Messrs. Bennett, Reid and Manning of Chatham, submitted reports from standing committees.

Mr. Reid introduced a resolution to pay the additional clerical force of the office of Secretary of State, ordered some time since. Passed its several readings.

On motion of Mr. Avery, the rules

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