

WEATHER TO-DAY.  
For Raleigh and vicinity:  
Fair; rising temperature.

# THE MORNING POST.

VOL. III.

RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1899.

NO. 114.

## DURHAM BOYS COMING SUNDAY

### Complication of Accidents in Chatham County.

## TRINITY'S TRIUMPHAL TOUR

### The Water Company's Claim of the Bed of Eno River—Adjutant Gen- eral Royster Visits the Light Infantry—Two Riproarious At- tractions.

Durham, April 12.—Special.—Com-  
pany I, First North Carolina Volun-  
teers, will be mustered out Saturday,  
April 23, and will reach Durham the  
next morning. Your correspondent re-  
ceived a letter from an officer in the  
regiment this morning in which this in-  
formation was given. The writer went  
on to say that a great many of the  
boys would remain in Savannah a few  
days to say goodbye to friends, and  
that only a portion of the company  
would reach here Sunday morning. The  
entertainment committee is getting  
everything in readiness to give them a  
royal reception.

News has been received here to the  
effect that Mrs. B. G. Yates, who lives  
near Williams' Mill, Chatham county,  
was seriously burned last Monday. She  
was sitting in front of the fire when  
her dress ignited, and in a short time  
she was enveloped in flames. Her hus-  
band, who had been confined to his bed  
for some time, sprang to her assistance,  
but was so weak that he fell and re-  
ceived a painful wound on his head.  
Mrs. Yates ran out of the door and was  
met by her son, who succeeded in put-  
ting out the flames. In doing so he was  
severely burned about the hands and  
face. At last reports Mrs. Yates was  
in a serious condition.

The Board of City Aldermen held a  
called meeting this morning and elect-  
ed Mr. Frank L. Fuller a member of  
the school committee of Durham for six  
years. At a recent meeting of the  
board Mr. T. B. Fuller was elected a  
member of the committee, but he de-  
clined to serve on account of his busi-  
ness relations. Mr. Frank Fuller is a  
member of the law firm of Fuller,  
Winston & Fuller, and is a good man  
for the place.

Next week Durham is to have a Mex-  
ican bull fight and a female ball team  
here on the same day. Both of the at-  
tractions are under the same manage-  
ment and are being well advertised. A  
local team will be organized to play  
the girl baseballists, and the sport will,  
no doubt, attract a large crowd. The  
game will be played in the afternoon  
and the bull fight will come off at  
night.

The Trinity College ball team is on  
a Southern tour of victory, as the spe-  
cials to The Post yesterday and today  
show. This afternoon the Durham  
players were to have crossed bats with  
the Georgia School of Technology but  
the game was called off by the Techs,  
who claim that the Trinity team con-  
tained professionals. The Atlanta Con-  
stitution says that Manager Cobb  
strenuously denied the allegation, but  
the Techs held out and would not play.  
As soon as the game was called off the  
firemen of Atlanta offered the college  
boys a game, and the offer was ac-  
cepted. The game was played this af-  
ternoon at 3 o'clock. Tomorrow and  
Friday the Trinity team will play the  
Mercer University team at Macon, Ga.  
MacAfee and Smith are playing great  
ball on the Southern tour. In the game  
Monday Mac sent the ball out for a  
home run.

In my correspondence a few days ago  
I mentioned the fact that the Durham  
Water Company had entered the bed  
of Eno River as unclaimed property,  
intending to ask the court for a deed  
to the same. The company has already  
purchased and has a deed to more than  
half of the river from Hillsboro to  
where it empties into Neuse river. In  
all, some thirty-odd claims have been  
bought, and the remainder of the river  
is being asked for as unclaimed land.  
It will probably be a hard fought legal  
battle. Superintendent Michie, of the  
Water Company, told me this morning  
that his company was going to con-  
tinue to give the Durham people a good  
water service, regardless of all law-  
suits, claims and opposition to the com-  
pany. There has been considerable  
controversy between the town and  
water people, but for some time past  
the company has been giving entire  
satisfaction.

The Blind Institution Band, composed  
of pupils of the State School for the  
Blind, will give a concert in Durham  
in the near future, probably on the  
night of May 1st. Professor J. A.  
Wright of Raleigh was here today mak-  
ing arrangements for the concert. In  
connection with the concert will be a

splendid exhibition of work in the var-  
ious departments of the school. Pro-  
fessor White says that this band is a  
credit to the State.

Adjutant General B. F. Royster, of  
Oxford, while in Durham last night,  
paid a visit to the Durham Light In-  
fantry. General Royster, who is at the  
head of the State Guard, has a warm  
place in the hearts of all the soldier-  
boys. He was given a hearty recep-  
tion last night.

The wife of Mr. Rufus Daniels died  
at her home on Pine street this morn-  
ing. Her death resulted from a compli-  
cation of diseases. She leaves a young  
husband and one child.

The little child of Mr. Walter Howell,  
who lives on Carr street, fell over a  
chair last night and broke its arm.

Captain Gilmore, superintendent of  
the Memphis and Vicksburg Railroad,  
was in Durham a short while this  
morning. He was en route from Chase  
City, Va., where he had been on a visit  
to his family, to Memphis, Tenn.

The Oak Ridge baseball team passed  
through this city today on the way to  
Oxford, where they played a game this  
afternoon with the Horner team.

Mr. James Southgate, head of the in-  
surance firm of James Southgate &  
Son, is confined to his room with sick-  
ness. He was reported as being some-  
what better this morning, but will not be  
able to attend to his business duties for  
several days.

## MAJOR GENERALS DISCHARGED.

### A Number of Them Retained in the Service as Brigadiers.

Washington, April 12.—Orders have  
issued by the War Department dis-  
charging a number of general volun-  
teer officers. This action was made  
necessary by the official ending of the  
war. Major Generals James H. Wilson,  
Lee, Wheeler, Bates, Young, Chaffee,  
Ludlow and Wood, and Brigadier Gen-  
erals Davis, Schwan, Hall, Wheaton,  
Charles King, Grant, Hughes, Owen-  
shyne and Hale continue in service as  
brigadiers of volunteers under the new  
law.

## Preparation of Pay Rolls.

Havana, April 12.—An important  
meeting of Cuban generals, presided  
over by Gomez, will be held tomorrow  
to arrange details of the disbandment  
of the Cuban army, which is to be ef-  
fected immediately. The work of pre-  
paring pay rolls will begin Friday.

## PRITCHARD WOULD NOT BE JUDGE

### Declares That He is for Ewart to Last the Ditch.

### Some Legal Aspects of the Matter Require a Consultation—Pritchard Not Talking Politics.

Washington, April 12.—Special.—Sen-  
ator Pritchard arrived here this morn-  
ing. He will remain until Friday, when  
he will return home. He came upon  
numerous matters which have accumu-  
lated in the departments requiring his  
personal attention. Among others he  
will see the President tomorrow in  
Ewart's behalf.

"I see in newspapers of the State fre-  
quent mention," Senator Pritchard  
said to The Post correspondent, "that  
in the event the President does not re-  
appoint Ewart I will be appointed. I  
wish you would say for me that in no  
contingency, present, or remote, would  
I accept the position of judge for the  
Western District of North Carolina un-  
der existing conditions. I am for  
Judge Ewart, and see no reason to  
doubt that the President will reappoint  
him. If the President, however, de-  
clines to do so, then I will recommend  
some one else and urge that matter be  
immediately settled."

## Sick Soldiers Arrive From Cuba.

Newport News, April 12.—The hospi-  
tal ship Missouri, which sailed from  
Havana Sunday with 210 soldiers  
aboard, arrived this morning. Every-  
thing was found in excellent shape and  
permission was given to unload the sick  
soldiers, all of whom are from volun-  
teer regiments which served in the  
vicinity of Havana. The soldiers were  
taken to Josiah Simpson general hospi-  
tal for treatment.

## The Plague in the Orient.

Washington, April 12.—A cablegram  
received at the State Department from  
United States Consul Wildman, at  
Hong Kong, contains a single word:  
"Plague"—thereby announcing the an-  
nual appearance of the disease on the  
Chinese coast. It will require the most  
energetic efforts on the part of our  
medical officers at Manila to prevent  
the plague from being imported from  
Hong Kong.

# AMERICAN BLOOD SHED IN SAMOA

## Small Force of American and British Sailors Ambus- caded by Eight Hundred Mataafans.

## TWO OFFICERS OF THE NAVY KILLED AND BEHEADED

### Ensign Monaghan's Life Yielded in Devotion to a Wounded Comrade—A British Lieutenant Killed—A German Planter Arrested for Complicity in the Massacre.

Auckland, N. Z., April 12.—Advises from Apia say that on April 1 a British  
and American force was ambuscaded by a party of Mataafa's followers, and  
that Lieutenant Freeman, of the British cruiser Tauranga, and two Ameri-  
can officers and four sailors were killed. The American officers killed were  
Lieutenant Philip Lansdale and Ensign John R. Monaghan, of the Philadel-  
phia. They were left dead on the field, and their bodies were found decapitated.  
The ambush of Mataafans was laid upon a German plantation, the man-  
ager of which has since been arrested and taken on board the British  
cruiser Tauranga, upon an affidavit to the effect that he was seen urging  
the Mataafans to fight.

The combined British and American forces consisted of 165 men, against  
800 Mataafans. Ensign Monaghan was gallantly assisting Lieutenant Lans-  
dale, who had been hit by a native bullet. He remained by the side of the  
fallen Lieutenant too long, and was shot as he was in the act of retiring.  
The headless bodies of Lansdale and Monaghan were afterward brought in by  
some French priests.

In a previous engagement twenty-seven Mataafans were killed, but none  
of the British or Americans were injured.

Further advices from Apia say that upon the arrival of the British cruiser  
Tauranga at Apia, the British and American consuls issued a proclamation  
to give Mataafa a last chance, and that the French priests also used their in-  
fluence, but all efforts failed and the rebels continued their depredations. Prop-  
erty was destroyed and bridges and roads barricaded. On March 29th the  
enemy was sighted at Maguigi, and machine guns and a seven-pounder were  
used.

The followers of Malletoa killed several of the enemy and one carried a  
head through Apia, which made Captain Stewart so furious that he went to  
the king and threatened to shoot any man found taking heads. The king  
then issued a proclamation forbidding the practice. The German consul wrote  
to Admiral Kautz asking if two great Christian nations approved of this in-  
human and barbarous practice against the laws of Christianity and the de-  
gree of the supreme court. The admiral replied, agreeing with the consul as  
to the inhumanity of the practice, and pointed out that had the German con-  
sul upheld the decree of the supreme court of January there would have been  
no bloodshed, and the custom was an old Samoan one, but first made known  
to the world ten years ago.

Expeditions in armed cutters of the Tauranga and Porpoise are doing  
considerable execution against Mataafa's strongholds along the coast. About  
forty-six of Mataafa's boats and several villages have been destroyed. In the  
meantime flying columns are being sent daily along the roads and through the  
bush near Apia.

In the ambush at the German plantation the allies of the English and  
Americans bolted when the firing began, but the marines and blue-jackets  
stood their ground splendidly. A coil automatic gun with a landing party be-  
came jammed, and the Americans and British were practically at the mercy  
of the rebels. But "retreat" was sounded three times before the marines and  
blue-jackets retired.

Seaman Hunt, of the British cruiser Porpoise, had an extraordinary escape.  
He remained with Lieutenant Lansdale until clubbed over the head and  
knocked senseless. He revived as the natives were cutting off his right ear  
and were turning him over in order to "cut off his left. At this juncture a shell  
from the Royalist burst on the battlefield, scaring the rebels, and Hunt suc-  
ceeded in escaping to the beach.

Samoans say that Mataafa on three occasions had resolved to surrender,  
but the German consul, Herr Rose, advised him not to do so, and he now says  
he will never give up, but fight to the death.

Washington, April 12.—The first official news of the fighting in Samoa  
reached the Navy Department early this morning in a cipher dispatch from  
Admiral Kautz, which said:

"On April 1st, while the combined forces of British and United States under  
Lieutenant Freeman, British navy, were reconnoitering near Apia, they were  
ambuscaded. I deeply regret to announce the death of Lieutenant Philip V.  
Lansdale, Ensign John R. Monaghan, Coxswain James Butler, Ordinary Sea-  
man Norman E. Esdale, and five men wounded belonging to the Philadelphia.  
The British loss: Killed, two men and Lieutenant Freeman."

Berlin, April 12.—Profound regret is expressed in official circles at the at-  
tack of Mataafans on the Anglo-American forces. The moral drawn from the  
occurrence is, that there is absolute necessity for sending to Samoa without de-  
lay a joint commission to cause a cessation of hostilities, establish responsi-  
bilities and calm the natives. Germany's plan is said to be that the commis-  
sion should make a tabula rasa in Samoa and assume government. It is stated  
that the success of the plan rests with England, whose present attitude causes  
much criticism.

## LYNCHERS IDENTIFIED.

### Witness Who Was at Killing of Baker Tells on Six Others.

Charleston, S. C., April 12.—In the  
Lake City lynching trial today, Joseph  
Newham, the lyncher who turned  
State's evidence, gave the jury an ac-  
count of how the plan was put on foot  
to kill the negro postmaster Baker. The  
affair had been planned for some days,  
and nothing was left undone to make  
it successful. When the affair was over  
the men were gathered at the Baptist  
church and sworn to secrecy. Newham  
identified six of the prisoners as being  
with him that night, and said they  
planned the murder. Clark, Erwin,  
Rogers and Kelly, he said, were not in  
the party, so far as he knew. M. B. Mataafans, the administration has de-

ecided that the general situation has not  
been affected, but it is admitted that  
the incident has aggravated the exist-  
ing friction between Germany on one  
hand and Great Britain and the United  
States on the other, and later may play  
an important part in determining  
whether treaty relations shall continue.

For the present the chances of a hos-  
tile outcome are small, but in the med-  
dlesome disposition of German Consul  
Rose is an element of danger to the  
continuance of friendly relations. An-  
other such affair as that of April 1st,  
traceable directly to the influence of  
Rose, may be followed by a clash that  
may affect the peace of the world.

This government still favors sending  
commissioners without delay, and is  
supported by Germany; but England's  
position makes this impossible. The  
German embassy has issued an official  
statement, saying that "England raises  
new difficulties of such a complicated  
nature that they are not to be dealt  
with telegraphically." It was an-  
nounced that the German representa-  
tive on the commission, Von Sternberg,  
first secretary of the embassy, would  
sail for Berlin instead of San Francisco.  
The statement adds:

"Berlin news that Germany would  
demand satisfaction for the arbitrary  
action of Kautz is not credited in offi-  
cial quarters and seems to be a mal-  
licious invention. The whole question  
on account of Samoa is pending at present,  
not between the three powers, but  
between Germany and England."

At a conference between the Presi-  
dent and the Secretaries of State and  
Navy, it was determined that no good  
could come from the dispatch of more  
war ships to Apia, as such a course  
might precipitate a clash. Two colliers  
are on the way, however, and their per-  
sonnel will add considerable to Kautz's  
command.

## Noted Duellist Commits Suicide.

Macon, Ga., April 12.—Major Julian  
Ransome died here some time last  
night from the effects of morphine taken  
with suicidal intent. For some time  
Ransome had been ill, and it is thought  
that his act was induced by despair.  
He was one of the most noted duellists  
in the South, and owned some of the  
finest plantations in the State. He is  
reported to have lost about \$75,000 in  
the wreck of the Essex and Eagle  
Mills, and some of his friends think  
this turned his mind.

## WHEATON CHASES FILIPINO FORGES

### Rebel Charge Repulsed With Heavy Loss.

### Lawton Pursues Insurgents Beyond Santa Cruz and Captures all Their Shipping.

Manila, April 12.—Wheaton's brigade,  
which has been concentrating at  
Bacove, stated early this morning,  
chasing the Filipinos beyond Santa  
Maria, which town the Americans cap-  
tured in the course of their advance.  
The enemy made a charge upon the  
American front with a Gatling gun, but  
were utterly routed, losing 100 men  
in killed and wounded.

Washington, April 12.—General Ochs,  
under date of April 12th, cables the fol-  
lowing:

"Yesterday in the lake region Lawton  
pursued the insurgents eastward from  
Santa Cruz, dispersing them. He cap-  
tured all the larger vessels used in the  
lake trade and a Spanish gunboat. He  
is now endeavoring to pass them from  
the river, where they were concealed,  
into the lake.

"Wheaton drove the enemy ten miles  
to the eastward of the railway line of  
communication with Malolos. Lawton's  
and Wheaton's casualties were few and  
slight, as the enemy made no stand.

"I have been notified by Spain that  
she will evacuate Mindoro and Polo  
soon."

A noteworthy fact in regard to this  
latest dispatch from Ochs, as regarded  
by officers of the War Department, is  
the apparently sweeping character of  
operations personally conducted by  
Lawton and Wheaton. No report of a  
single day's operations in Luzon heretofore  
received has indicated any such  
distance accomplished by any of the  
so-called flying columns of MacArthur  
or Wheaton.

## Baseball Games Yesterday.

At New Haven—	R. H. E.
Yale .. . . .	9 8 5
Wesleyan .. . . .	3 6 6
Batteries: Robertson, Garvin and Hirsch; Townsend and English.	
At Princeton—	R. H. E.
Princeton .. . . .	21 18 2
Columbia .. . . .	1 1 8
Batteries: Meff and Kafer; Green, Wessels and Scoble.	
At Philadelphia—	R. H. E.
Pennsylvania .. . . .	7 3 8
Syracuse .. . . .	6 5 8
Batteries: Layton and Sherrill; Cos- tello and Dillon.	

# WILKES COUNTY BONDS AGAIN

### Argument Begun at Greens- boro Before Judge Purnell.

## PRICE SPRINGS A SENSATION

### Evidence of Collusion Between Plaintiff and Defendant—Discrep- ancy Between Original and Re- vised Opinions of Judge Douglas.

Greensboro, N. C., April 12.—Special.—  
The argument in the Wilkes county  
bond case was begun this afternoon  
by Capt. Chas. Price for the bond hold-  
ers, before Judge Purnell in the United  
States Circuit Court. Capt. Price spoke  
for two and a half hours, when  
the Court adjourned. He will conclude  
tomorrow morning, and will be follow-  
ed by Judge Avery, solicitor for the re-  
spondents, the Commissioners of  
Wilkes county, and others.

In the opinion of lawyers present,  
Capt. Price made an able and con-  
vincing argument, first presenting the  
jurisdictional facts, and then showing  
that the settled opinion of the legisla-  
tive, judicial and executive depart-  
ments of the State, and of the legal  
profession was in favor of the validity  
of the bonds in question until 1897,  
when the Oxford bond case was decid-  
ed. The judgment was a surprise to  
the profession and to the public  
generally, in view of the evidence of  
collusion between the plaintiff and de-  
fendant in the suit brought in the State  
court.

It was shown by Capt. Price, among  
other facts, that the brief filed by the  
attorney for the bondholders in the Su-  
preme Court of the United States, did  
not correct a misstatement of fact  
which appeared in the opinion written  
by Judge Douglas, to the effect that  
no part of the railroad ran into the  
county of Wilkes, when in fact twenty-  
one miles of it traversed said county.  
This misstatement appeared in the  
opinion of Judge Douglas, as contained  
in the record sent to the Supreme Court  
of the United States, but does not ap-  
pear in the opinion of Judge Douglas  
as published in the 12th North Carolina  
Reporter; nor does it appear in the  
Southern Reporter, in which the dis-  
closure of this discrepancy between  
the published reports of this opinion  
and the copy sent to the Supreme Court  
of the United States created a profound  
sensation among those present.

## LOOPHOLE FOR MOLINEUX.

### Indictment Dismissed on Ground That Improper Evidence Was Submitted to the Grand Jury.

Waxton, N. Y., April 12.—Justice  
Williams, of the State Supreme Court,  
has granted a motion to dismiss the  
indictment for murder against Roland  
B. Molineux, who is now held in New  
York awaiting trial. The motion was  
made on the ground that other than  
legal evidence was given before the  
grand jury, and that the evidence was  
not sufficient to authorize indictment.  
The court sustained the first motion,  
and ordered that since the defendant  
was entitled to have the case investi-  
gated upon legal evidence and no other  
the case must come before another  
grand jury. If indicted he would have  
to stand trial, and if not indicted would  
be entitled to discharge from custody.

## Rebel Victory in Bolivia.

Lima, Peru, April 12, via Galveston,  
Texas, April 12.—The latest news from  
Bolivia is that General Pando, the re-  
volutionary leader, has defeated the  
army of President Alonzo, and has oc-  
cupied Oruro, the president's base of  
operations.

Alonzo and his ministers have gone  
to Antofagasta, a seaport of Chile, on  
the Bay of Moctena, and the revolution  
is looked upon as being ended.

## Bank Organized at Chapel Hill.

Chapel Hill, N. C., April 12.—Special.—  
The Bank of Chapel Hill was organized  
here today with an authorized capital  
of \$100,000. The incorporators are Cpt.  
J. S. Carr, David McCauley, Judge  
Winston, C. L. Lindsey and J. Cran-  
ford Biggs. Col. Carr was elected pres-  
ident, C. L. Lindsey vice-president. A  
brick banking building will be erected  
on Main street in a few days.

## Roumanian Cabinet Resigns.

Bucharest, Roumania, April 12.—The  
Roumanian Cabinet has resigned. It  
was constituted as follows, on April 12,  
1897: With Demetrio Sturza as pres-  
ident of the Council of Ministers and  
Minister of Foreign Affairs.

## British Ships Ordered to Apia.

Sydney, N. S. W., April 12.—The coal  
and waterer, mounting eight guns,  
and the gunboat Godolphin, six guns,  
have been ordered to Apia.