

WEATHER TO-DAY.  
For Raleigh and vicinity:  
Fair.

# THE MORNING POST.

THE POST  
Bicycle Contest Coupon  
on page 8.

VOL. III.

RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY MAY 24, 1899.

NO. 150.

## FILIPINO ENVOYS LIKE THE SCHEME

They Will Make a Report to  
Aguinaldo Today.

## ROSARIO GIVES UP AND QUILTS

Luna Terrorizes Filipinos Who Are  
Disposed to Make Peace—Military  
Operations Continue—No Change  
in Policy on Account of Recent  
Events.

Manila, Tuesday Evening, May 23.—United States Commissioners Schurman, Deady and Worcester held an all day conference today at which President McKinley's proclamation and the commissioners' proclamation to the Filipinos, together with the governmental scheme, were discussed exhaustively. The questions of higher education, personal liberty, the powers of the proposed general advisory council, and the separation of church and state received particular attention. The Filipino commissioners, who were present at the session, objected to the lack of political liberty awarded to the natives, but were apparently pleased with the scheme as a whole, saying that when the people understood it they would probably be satisfied. The Filipino commissioners will report the result of their mission to Aguinaldo tomorrow.

### Rosario Surrenders.

Manila, May 23.—Filipino Congressman Rosario, a prominent resident of Manila, and formerly Aguinaldo's commissary general, together with an insurgent captain, called upon General Otis today and said they wished to surrender themselves and their property. The surrender was arranged by the chaplain of the Fourteenth Regiment, who formerly knew Rosario. Since the insurrection began all the leaders are suspicious of each other, fearing treachery. He declares that the recent meeting of the Filipino congress was held for the purpose of forming a new cabinet and that peace was not mentioned, the members fearing to incur Luna's displeasure. He further states that no one would accept the portfolio of secretary of the treasury in the new cabinet.

### Recent Military Movements.

Manila, Tuesday Evening, May 23.—Major Bell, of the Fourth Cavalry, made a reconnaissance at Santa Rita, west of Bacolor, today. He encountered considerable resistance from the enemy and had several men wounded. There was also a brush with the enemy at Mariguina, and later at Pasay, where a line of insurgent skirmishers, who were shielding a force of trench diggers, attacked General Overhine's lines, but were repulsed by a battalion of the First Idaho Infantry and two companies of the Twelfth Infantry. The Americans had two men killed and two wounded. A typhoon is raging and the rainy season has begun.

Recent events have not brought about any change in the American military policy.

Two battalions of the Sixth Artillery and 260 marines have arrived here from San Francisco. Two railway tracks have been repaired, and the first train reached San Fernando this morning.

The Spanish newspaper Oceania has been suppressed by the military authorities and its editor arrested for publishing objectionable articles.

Brigadier General Williston, who arrived here in command of the Sixth Artillery, will succeed General Hughes as provost marshal of Manila. Hughes has been assigned to duty in the Visayan Islands.

The departure of the First California Infantry for home has been prevented by the typhoon.

## TOO MUCH FREE SMOKING.

The President's Health Run Down Through  
Mistaken Kindness.

Washington, May 23.—Aside from mental worry over Cuba and Porto Rico, they have brought to the President physical ills. He is just now suffering from excessive smoking. It was for this reason that he visited the Virginia Hot Springs in the hope that the racy mountain air and hot baths might restore his run-down system to his former health. He has returned much improved. Hardly had our soldiers set foot on the island than army officers and other government officials began sending the President presents of cigars. They came by the thousand

and many of them came, too, without paying any import duties. These cigars were much larger and stronger than the President had been accustomed to smoke. Then, too, he smoked more than usual. It was not long before he began to feel the effects without knowing what produced it. His physician finally discovered the cause of his weak and unsteady condition. The President has now curtailed his smoking to half a dozen cigars a day.

It is well known that President Grant contracted cancer of the tongue, from which he eventually died, from excessive smoking of cigars.

James V. C. Walls, of Wilson, has been granted a pension of \$5; William Tipton, of Raleigh, \$10; Sarah J. Humphrey, of Newbern, \$8.

Inspector Crane has returned from Winston. He says many of the lots offered for sites are held entirely too high. He has not yet made his report, but will do so shortly.

The National Exchange Bank of Baltimore has been designated as reserve agent for the Atlantic National Bank of Wilmington.

## WADDELL AT GREENSBORO.

Entertaining Lecture on White Settlers in  
North Carolina Centuries Before Colum-  
bus.

Greensboro, N. C., May 23.—Special. At the closing exercises of the city graded schools yesterday Hon. A. M. Waddell, of Wilmington, read a most interesting and valuable lecture on the early settlement of this part of the country by the aborigines. He referred to a voyage made to this country from Greenland by Seef, son of Eric, at a period so early that the voyage of Columbus in 1492 seems an event of modern times. Authorities were cited to show that North Carolina was settled by white people, professing the Christian religion, as early as A. D. 1000, this section of country being called Great Ireland, or "The Land of the White Man."

The lecturer referred briefly to the incident which led Columbus, when nearing the shores of America, to change his course and land on the island of San Salvador. Had he continued on his western course he would soon have reached the Gulf stream and disembarked on the coast of North Carolina, probably at a point near Roanoke Island, where Sir Walter Raleigh's colony landed in 1585. In this event the first settlers of our State would have been Spanish Catholics instead of English Protestants, and the whole fabric of our civilization would thus have been different.

The lecture showed much painstaking research on the part of Colonel Waddell, and is a most valuable historical production. It was first delivered by him in Washington, D. C., twenty-five years ago, eliciting much favorable comment among men of letters, both in this country and in England.

## ANTI-TRUST CONFERENCE.

Governor Sayers Will Invite All the States  
to Be Represented.

Dallas, Texas, May 23.—Governor Sayers announced to friends in Austin and Dallas tonight that he will in a few days issue a formal call for a national anti-trust conference, and will send invitations to governors and attorney generals of all the States to attend as credited delegates. Governor Sayers at first contemplated a conference limited to the Southern and Western States, but the anti-trust issue seems to have grown so great throughout the country in his opinion that he has concluded that it will be better to thoroughly nationalize, instead sectionalize the conference.

The Governor said that approximate uniformity in State law and State policy is an absolute essential for bringing about eradication of trust operations. This he believes can be accomplished by patient and intelligent comparing of views of all the Governors and their Attorney Generals. The meeting is to assemble in St. Louis about the 5th of September.

## FOUND A POT OF GOLD.

A Fortunate Farmer Danced and Cried Over  
His Discovery.

Richmond, May 23.—J. D. Pollard, a farmer at Aurelian Springs, N. C., yesterday plowed up a small iron pot containing gold coins. The pot was heavy and the iron was much corroded. Pollard declined to tell the amount of money he secured, but said he danced and sang and cried for joy. He exhibited two of the pieces at Weldon yesterday, one dated 1715 and the other 1773. They were foreign coins and probably worth many times their face value as curiosities. Pollard had frequently plowed over the lot before. It is said he secured \$4,000, but he denies that he got so much.

Oculist Advises an Operation on the  
Queen's Eyes.

London, May 23.—The Truth says that Professor Pagenstecher, of Wiesbaden, who has just been consulted by Queen Victoria concerning her eyes, recommends a speedy operation for the removal of cataract with which Her Majesty is afflicted, guaranteeing that the operation will be successful. He is of opinion that after the operation the Queen will entirely regain her sight. Her Majesty is reluctant to follow the advice of the oculist.

## Deadly Cyclone in Texas.

Dallas, Texas, May 23.—A cyclone swept over western and central Texas yesterday afternoon, doing much damage. The worst was near Stephenville. Several buildings were destroyed. William Kaufman was killed and eight persons injured. One of the injured died this morning.

## ANNIVERSARY OF BARBEE'S DEATH

Weather Interferes With Mem-  
orial Celebration.

## BRAND OF TOBACCO SOLD

Pick Leaf Bought by G. W. Watts—  
A Widow Advertises for a Hus-  
band and is About to Prove the  
Merits of Printers' Ink—Contract  
Let for School Building.

Durham, May 23.—Special.—One year ago today Matthew Barbee, a member of Company I, First North Carolina Regiment, was killed in a railroad wreck near Savannah, while the regiment was en route to Jacksonville, to go into camp. Mr. Barbee was the first volunteer soldier to lose his life during the Spanish-American war, and today was set apart as Memorial Day for Durham in commemoration of the sad and fatal accident. Inclement weather, however, interfered with the carrying out of the program. It was intended that the members of Company I, accompanied by the new Durham Light Infantry in uniform, would march to the cemetery and cover the mound that holds the remains of the soldier boy with flowers, and at the same time go through with other appropriate exercises. A memorial association has been organized, and before another year shall roll around a handsome monument will mark the last resting place of the Durham boys of Company I. The company lost three men, two of whom are buried here and one in Cuba.

The brand of smoking tobacco known as "Pick Leaf," made by the firm of Z. I. Lyon & Co., and owned by Capt. E. J. Parrish, has been sold at public auction by Attorney Jones Fuller, who was left in charge of Captain Parrish's property when he went to Japan. The brand was bid off by Mr. G. W. Watts for \$1,440.

There is at least one woman in Durham who wants a husband bad enough to advertise for one over her own signature, as the following notice, which appeared in today's Herald, will show: "A middle-aged lady would like a good husband who has a good home. Does not desire a rich man. I am a good housekeeper and can furnish respectable accommodations. Call for C. M. Hakkiss, 107 Holloway street." The lady in question has made Durham her home but a short time. That makes very little difference when it comes to marrying, and in answer to the above notice a well-known widower in this county called at her home this morning and carried her out for a buggy ride. Later in the day he called again and it is thought that a marriage ceremony will follow.

The contract for the erection of the new graded school building has been let to C. H. Norton. The building will be 77x102 feet, with two stories and a basement. The erection of this building was made possible at the recent election, when \$10,000 in bonds for school purposes was voted unanimously.

## DINNER WITHOUT GUESTS.

Crew of the New Orleans Will Get a Square  
Meal Missus Speeches.

New Orleans, May 23.—The committee of citizens having charge of the banquet to be given the crew of the New Orleans abandoned today the idea of giving it in a hotel in this city, because of the very bitter opposition that sprung up against having negroes and whites at dinner together. The proposition threatened to stir up race trouble, and the committee decided to have the dinner aboard the ship and invite no one to it, because of negroes. Captain Longnecker refused to separate the races and thus brought about the Nashville, who preceded him here, although he had several negroes in his crew, managed diplomatically to keep the negroes out of sight. Several prominent negroes of New Orleans asked Captain Longnecker some days ago to be allowed to entertain the negro members of the crew of the New Orleans, and permission was granted them. It is regarded as somewhat strange that a similar proposition from white citizens for separation of white and negro sailors was refused.

## WASHINGTON'S PEACE JUBILEE.

Three Days' Celebration Opened With Military and Naval Parade.

Washington, May 23.—The Washington peace jubilee opened this morning and will continue for three days. At daybreak salutes to the nation of forty-five guns were fired from vessels lying at the Washington navy yard and from Fort Myers and the Washington arsenal. At the same time a chime of patriotic songs was heard from the bell tower of Metropolitan Methodist Church.

The military and naval parade began at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the peace monument at Capitol end of Pennsylvania avenue, and proceeded past the White House, where the President, the

cabinet and others reviewed the procession from a gaily decorated stand. The so-called court of honor extends from the treasury building at Pennsylvania avenue and Fifteenth street, near New York avenue, to the State, War and Navy department building, two blocks to the west. The naval and military parade passed through this court of honor past the reviewing stand, which is in the middle of the court in front of the executive mansion. Among the organizations reported were United States marines from the Washington navy yard, United States volunteers (immunes), who have recently arrived at Camp Meade from Cuba; Maryland Naval Reserves, District of Columbia Naval Reserves, Grand Army of the Republic and high school cadets.

The exercises this evening consisted of elaborate fireworks on the Washington monument lot, south of the White House, including a representation of the battle of Manila bay.

### The President in a Crush.

Washington, May 23.—Mr. and Mrs. McKinley, Mr. and Mrs. Hay, Postmaster General and Mrs. Smith, Secretary Hitchcock and General Corbin, while en route tonight to the White House lot to witness the fireworks display in connection with the peace jubilee, came near being swallowed up in the crowd, requiring the service of a platoon of mounted police to make way for their carriages, and a platoon of foot to keep the crowd away. The crush was so severe that many rumors of accident were afloat, but it is believed that no one was seriously hurt.

## SALEM SENIORS.

Papers Read at the Second Evening's  
Entertainment—Alumnae Today.

Winston, N. C., May 23.—Special. Tonight was seniors' second evening in connection with Salem Female College commencement. The essays were interspersed with excellent vocal and instrumental music. The young ladies had these subjects: "The War of Peace Proposition," "Is War Doomed?" "Its Relation to Religion," "From Silhouette to Snapshot," "Greek and Roman Homes," "Mediaeval Homes," "Modern Homes," "The Ideal Home," "Nations from Seaboard to Mountain," "Winnie Davis, the Daughter of the Confederacy," "Red Cross Society," "Class Horoscope."

Tomorrow will be alumnae day. Officers will be elected and interesting papers read. A special feature will be the presentation of the class memorial. A Moravian love feast will follow the business meeting.

## FAKE ON ITS FACE.

No Foundation for Reported Killing of  
Seven Negroes by a Mob.

Austin, Tex., May 23.—The Associated Press account of the killing of seven negroes by a mob at a place called Diaz, Mexico, which was published in afternoon papers, is the most glaring fake ever perpetrated. In the first place, there is no such town as Diaz, Mexico. Porfirio Diaz is the name of a city of twenty thousand people opposite Eagle Pass, Texas, and it was evidently intended for the place where the alleged wholesale lynching took place. There are not over ten negroes in all that part of Mexico, so there is no danger of a race war which the dispatch says is imminent. The dispatch further says the negro who caused the imaginary trouble was a plantation owner's wife near Eagle Pass. There is not a plantation in that part of Mexico. The story is a fake on its very face and is branded as such by citizens of Eagle Pass.

## National League Games.

At Pittsburgh—	R. H. E.
Pittsburg .....	2 11 6
Baltimore .....	8 13 0
Batteries: Rhines and Schriver; Kison and Robinson.	
At Cincinnati—	R. H. E.
Cincinnati .....	5 7 1
New York .....	7 13 3
Batteries: Taylor and Peltz; Meekins and Grady.	
At Louisville—	R. H. E.
Louisville .....	1 6 2
Brooklyn .....	9 17 0
Batteries: Dowling and Kiltridge; Kennedy and Farrell.	
At Chicago—	R. H. E.
Chicago .....	10 13 1
Philadelphia .....	11 17 6
Batteries: Taylor and Donohue; Donohue and Douglass.	
At Cleveland—	R. H. E.
Cleveland .....	4 7 3
Washington .....	3 8 3
Batteries: Hill and Sugden; Baker and McGuire.	
At St. Louis—	R. H. E.
St. Louis .....	9 17 2
Boston .....	4 11 5
Batteries: Powell and Criger; Killeen and Bergen.	

## Support for Philippine Policy.

Washington, May 23.—The Maryland division Sons of Veterans, at their meeting today, adopted a resolution upholding the Philippine policy of the administration, urging President McKinley to take every means to subdue the insurrection. The resolution deplored and denounced the publication and distribution among soldiers in the Philippines, of tracts and papers calculated to create dissatisfaction and discontent among soldiers.

## Gomez Will Visit Washington.

Washington, May 23.—It is stated that Gomez will visit Washington shortly. The date has not been fixed, and Senator Quesada, who represented the Cubans here before the war with Spain, says he is unable to give any particulars regarding Gomez's trip.

## PEACE CONGRESS WELL ORGANIZED

Work of the Committees  
Mapped Out.

## AMBASSADOR WHITE'S VIEWS

He Expects Results in the Direction  
of Meditation and Arbitration.  
Geneva Convention May Be Ex-  
tended to Protect Private Prop-  
erty at Sea.

The Hague, May 23.—A plenary session of the Peace Conference was held today for the purpose of choosing officers of committees by a vote of the entire convention. Following are the principal selections:

The Disarmament Committee was divided into two sections, with M. Burnaert, of Belgium, as president of the military section, and Sir Van Karnebeek, of the Netherlands, as presiding officer of the naval section. The honorary chairmen are Ambassador White and Count Munster, of Germany. The Committee on the Laws of War was also divided into military and naval sections. Professor Maartens, of Russia, is chairman of the military section, and Professor Asser, of the Netherlands, presiding officer of the naval section. Count Von Welsersheimb, of Austria, Turkish Pascha of Turkey, and the Duke of Tetuan, of Spain, are the honorary chairmen of the Arbitration Committee. M. Bourgeois, of France, was chosen presiding officer, and Count Nigra, of Italy, and Sir Julian Pauncefote, of England, honorary chairmen of the full Committee on Disarmament and the Laws of War. M. Burnaert and Professor Maartens are respectively the presiding officers. The three committees met later and discussed the question of division of their work, after which they adjourned until Friday. The Disarmament Committee met, and in the language of one of its members, "finished its mission, and adjourned, not to reassemble in plenary session perhaps for months, unless some unexpected occasion arises."

### AMBASSADOR WHITE'S VIEWS.

Mr. White, United States Ambassador to Germany and chairman of the American delegation to the Peace Conference, in an interview today, expressed his views respecting the work of the conference. "The position of affairs," he said, "is satisfactory. The organization of the conference has been well carried out, and I am full of hope that it will be possible to attain a practical and useful end. The first skepticism must give way to strong hopes. The Kaiser's declarations in regard to arbitration have contributed to improve the situation. I expect certain results in regard to mediation and arbitration. It will be impossible to make them obligatory, but it is possible to make them optional."

"After the conference the powers will see other means by which to settle their differences than war. I am confident that improvements tending to humanize war are practicable by extending the Geneva Convention of 1864 from land to naval forces and by increasing the protection of private property. I can say nothing in regard to reduction of armaments."

## BOSTON ANTI-IMPERIALISTS.

Action Taken Looking to Union of All Sim-  
ilar Organizations.

Boston, May 23.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Anti-Imperialist League held today, the following, among others, were elected additional vice-presidents: Donaldson Coffey, of Louisiana; Bourke Cochran, of New York; William H. Fleming, of Georgia; President Jordan, of Lehigh University; Professor Sumner of Yale; B. T. Tillman, of South Carolina; C. J. Bonaparte, of Baltimore. It was resolved to promulgate the following resolution: "That the Anti-Imperialist League should take immediate steps to establish and encourage close relations with all associations and individuals throughout the country who are opposed to the imperial policy, with the view of organizing all elements of opposition to this policy for the most effective and united political action at the proper time."

## MORAL TRAINING FOR NEGROES.

Georgia Ladies Take a Contract Not So  
Easy to Carry Out.

Atlanta, Ga., May 23.—The Kindergarten League of Georgia pledged the people of Boston and the East to undertake the work of morally training the negro children of the South as soon as means and money for this mission is supplied. This pledge was made last night by telegraph and the message was read before a Boston audience by ex-Governor Northern.

But the fulfillment of the pledge is being doubted in Georgia, as it may be but fair to say that some of the ladies who signed the telegram state

positively that they have not yet solved the complicated problem as to manner in which moral training should be given to negro children. Several signers say they will not personally teach negro children, because thereby they would degrade themselves, and they could not think of such a thing.

## DEWEY AT HONG KONG.

He Will Remain Ten Days While the Olymp-  
ia Goes in Dry Dock.

Hong Kong, Tuesday Evening, May 23.—The Olympia, with Admiral Dewey, arrived yesterday. Ships of all nationalities saluted. Dewey and his staff were received by the Royal Welsh Fusiliers, who escorted them to the residence of Sir Henry A. Blake, governor of Hong Kong. Dewey and his staff also visited Major General Gascoigne, commander of troops, and Commodore Powell, naval commandant. The visits were subsequently returned by the officials mentioned. Dewey will not be able to attend the queen's birthday dinner, owing to ill health. The Olympia will be docked and remain here ten days.

Washington, May 23.—Secretary Long has received a dispatch from Admiral Dewey, reporting his arrival at Hong Kong.

## FRATERNAL GREETINGS.

Northern and Southern Wesleyans Ex-  
change Christian Salutations.

Richmond, May 23.—The Southern Presbyterian General Assembly, now in session here, received a telegram from elders of the Northern Assembly, now in session at Minneapolis. The telegram read: "In the name of our common Master, greetings. We pray in your behalf. Pray for us." The elders of the Southern Assembly replied: "We greet you as members of our body in Christ. May God bless you always."

The assembly tonight decided to adopt the recommendation of its committee on education to establish denominational schools, wherein the Bible shall be a text-book, and which shall be distinctively Christian.

## USING ROCK PERSUASION.

Method Adopted by a Mob to Clear a Com-  
munity of Negroes.

Chattanooga, May 23.—Last night a mob at Chickamauga Park marched upon the houses of negroes at Lytle, Ga., and for two hours stoned the dwellings of the blacks. Several negro women were painfully injured and the windows of all the houses were smashed.

A desire to rid the community of negroes induced the attack. During the encampment at Chickamauga last summer a number of disreputable negroes established their residence at Lytle, and the presence of those that remained has been most obnoxious. All have been warned to leave on penalty of death.

## BRADLEY TIPPLED LATE.

Kentucky's Governor Said to Have En-  
couraged Breaking the Law.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 23.—Dr. R. B. Garrett, pastor of the First Baptist church, appeared before the grand jury this afternoon and stated that Governor Bradley, of Kentucky, assisted in breaking the laws of the city while attending the recent Kentucky monument dedication. There is an ordinance requiring saloons and alleged clubs to close at 10 p. m. Dr. Garrett says that at 11 p. m., May 2nd, Governor Bradley was treated at the Mountain City Club, and that furnishing whiskey at said time and place was a violation of the law. Governor Bradley may be summoned to testify.

## Cuban Soldiers and American Money.

Havana, May 23.—Interest in the disarmament question is waning. The Reconcentrados, the only paper discussing the matter, says the money appropriated will go back to the United States untouched. General Brooke expects that a majority of the soldiers will appear on the designated days and take their money. Brooke's order regarding the payment of soldiers will be issued tomorrow. Gomez called a meeting of generals this afternoon and urged them to do their utmost to influence the men to accept the money.

## Chinese Murder German Officers.

London, May 23.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Tien-Tsin says that Chinese killed three German officers at Ichau on May 20th. The dispatch adds that it is said that the reactionary party in Peking will oppose the payment of indemnity, thus forcing Germany to take steps to compel China to pay for the murder of her officers.

## Salem Branch Postoffice.

Washington, May 23.—Special.—An official order was issued today by Postmaster General Smith, establishing, July 1, 1899, a station of the postoffice at Winston-Salem, to be known as Salem, in lieu of the postoffice at Salem, to be discontinued June 30.

## Seven Men Killed by an Explosion.

Copenhagen, May 23.—An explosion occurred in the military laboratory here today in the department in which shells are filled. Seven men were killed and three injured. The building was demolished.

## Boat Turns Over and Fourteen Drown.

Berlin, May 23.—Fourteen persons were drowned at Hoernamundorf, Bavaria, today by the capsizing of a ferry-boat.