

LABORI STILL LIVES

Slight Improvement in His Condition Noticed.

SUFFERS INTENSE PAIN

His Assailant Still at Large and the Police Have No Clue—Pockets of the Wounded Man Riddled by a Supposed Accomplice—Papers in the Dreyfus Case Were Not Secured, for Labori Grasped Them Tightly.

Rennes, Aug. 15.—M. Labori, who was shot in the back by an unknown man yesterday, passed a sleepless night. He suffers intense pain from his wound, but has no fever. At noon a slight improvement in his condition was noticeable.

The police have as yet been unable to find any clue to the identity of the assailant.

Among the scores of stories circulated yesterday, most of which were false, there was one to the effect that Labori's pockets were rifled a few moments after he fell under his assailant's bullet. Inasmuch as it was extremely improbable, and a semi-official denial was speedily forthcoming, the report received very little credence. The story, however, proves to be quite true, and as the facts have a direct bearing upon the extent of the plot to murder Dreyfus' defenders, it is important to examine them.

There were fully a dozen persons in sight when Labori was shot. This in itself is suspicious, for the neighborhood is generally deserted at that hour. The first-comers included three or four unknown individuals. One of those suggested to the wounded man that it was too hot, and others assisted to remove his coat and attempted also to relieve him of his wallet containing the papers in the Dreyfus case, but Labori clung to this and placed it under his head as a pillow.

A few minutes later Mme. Labori arrived, and the wounded man's coat was replaced. Nobody knows in whose custody the coat had been in the meantime, but the pockets were found empty. The papers missing were unimportant letters. One fact which suggests that it was perhaps a common coat is that Labori's handkerchief was taken. Labori's associates are firmly convinced that his assailant had two or three fellow conspirators at hand, commissioned to seize the papers which were to be used in Dreyfus' defence.

WHAT WILLIAM SAID.

The Kaiser's Talk With Congressman Foss was Confidential.

London, August 15.—Congressman George Edmund Foss, of Chicago, who is at present in this city, was asked about an interview which he had with Emperor William of Germany, on board the Imperial yacht Hohenzollern at Kiel, August 2. Mr. Foss said that he had not made the remark that German-Americans would not permit an aggressive policy on the part of the United States toward Germany. Nothing of this kind had been mentioned. However, it was gathered from the conversation with Mr. Foss, that the remainder of the interview with Emperor William, as published in a German newspaper, was correct.

Mr. Foss said he regarded the conversation with his majesty as confidential, and would not give any of it out for publication, except to say that Emperor William expressed the kindest feelings toward the United States, and was in no way influenced by the newspaper reports in regard to the Dreyfus interview, and other matters.

CHANGE OF MANAGERS.

Winston Electric Railway About to Pass into the Hands of the Fries Company.

Winston, N. C., August 15.—(Special.) President C. R. McKay, of the Twin City Construction Company, who lives in New York, came to Winston today and appointed F. A. Barr manager of the Winston-Salem Street Railway to succeed F. W. McClellan, whom the president announces is no longer connected with the company. Mr. Barr has been superintendent of the Fries Electric Power plant here for some time. It is learned that the street railway will soon pass into the hands of the Fries Manufacturing and Power Company.

A Winston man who was in New York a few days ago was told by a man who is interested in the formation of the Danville Tobacco Warehouse Trust that the combine was about to go to pieces.

A special from Greensboro says the clerk and negro waiter today resigned their positions and locked the doors of the dispensary. They do not like

NOT MUCH OF A SQUABBLE.

A German View of the Differences Between Dewey and Van Diederichs.

Chicago, August 15.—Lieutenant Kehrl, of the German navy, who is touring America for pleasure, is at the Auditorium. The lieutenant was an officer on the Gefion, Admiral von Diederichs' flagship in the Philippines during the war with Spain. He said: "There was a misunderstanding between Admiral Dewey and Admiral von Diederichs over harbor regulations, but the affair has been much exaggerated. The admirals were good friends and frequently dined together. The stories of the bitterness of the feeling between them comes from English sources. The English people wish to impress upon the American mind the aid they rendered this country, in order to pave the way for an alliance that they seek with the United States. England would like nothing better than to see the United States and Germany go to war, so that she might get control of that much more commerce of the world. The feeling said to have grown out of the Manila incident does not exist in Germany."

COTTON AND TOBACCO.

Reports on the Condition of the Crops Are Quite Favorable.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The Weather Bureau's weekly report says of cotton: "In nearly all sections cotton is opening rapidly and picking is in general progress. While complaints of shedding continue generally, they are somewhat less numerous than in the previous week over the eastern half of the cotton belt. Rust is, however, still prevalent and is increasing in the central and eastern districts. In the north-central and western portions of the cotton belt the condition of cotton is decidedly less promising than at the close of the previous week."

On tobacco the report says: "Reports concerning tobacco continue favorable in nearly all the tobacco States. Tobacco has, however, sustained some damage from storms in New York, and from too much rain in Southern Indiana, and has suffered from drought in Pennsylvania. Cutting is in progress in the Ohio Valley and middle Atlantic States, and will be general during the coming week in New York."

"Under favorable conditions of the past week plowing for fall seeding is pretty well advanced."

GUERIN HOLDS THE FORT

Anti-Semite Leader Defies the Paris Police.

He Declares That He Will Not Be Taken Alive, and the Crowds in the Street Shout Their Approval.

Paris, Aug. 15.—Jules Guerin, president of the Anti-Semite League, and Max Regis, Jew-baiter and ex-mayor of Algiers, together with their associates, are still holding out against arrest at the offices of the league, where they have been besieged since yesterday. A force of policemen this morning made an attempt to serve warrants for their arrest.

Guerin appeared at the window. The officer in command of the police ordered him to open the door, but he refused. "If you want me, come and fetch me," he added.

The police withdrew and Guerin shouted to his friends and comrades in the barricaded house: "Let us die; they'll never get me except dead or free."

Crowds in the street heard him and shouted: "Vive Guerin!"

Three of Guerin's companions were arrested this morning as they were leaving the besieged house. All of them carried revolvers.

Conflict Not to Be Risked.

Paris, Aug. 15.—Premier Waldeck-Rousseau and Prefect of Police Lepine have decided not to risk a conflict with Guerin and his allies, but to continue the blockade of the house where the men have entrenched themselves. An Anti-Semite named Lasies undertook the position of mediator tonight and conferred with Guerin and the premier, and conditions may be arranged tomorrow under which the besieged will surrender.

The Hooker Fast on the Rocks.

Manila, Aug. 15.—The United States government cable ship Hooker, which went ashore on a reef in the northern passage of Corregidor Harbor, is still fast and is discharging her stores. The combined efforts of the gunboat Yorktown, the cruiser Baltimore and a number of tugs to float her have thus far been fruitless.

Senator Hayward Stricken Suddenly.

Brownsville, Neb., Aug. 15.—Senator Hayward was stricken with apoplexy this morning as he rose to address a crowd at a picnic of a fraternal society, and tonight his condition is so alarming that it is feared he will not survive the night. He was elected senator by the last legislature after a deadlock lasting sixty days.

WILLIAM HAS THE KEY

German Kaiser Could Settle the Dreyfus Matter.

THE DEFENCE CRIPPLED

Wounding of Labori a Serious Blow to the Cause of Dreyfus—Suggestion Is Made of Taking Successive Adjournments of the Court Until He Is Able to Resume His Connection with the Trial—Dreyfus Writes to Jouaust.

Rennes, Aug. 15.—Considerable uncertainty has developed in regard to the future course of the Dreyfus trial. Every hour impresses more forcibly how disastrous to the cause of retributive justice is the loss of Labori, as his mission was to confound and condemn the prisoner's accusers out of their own mouths. Demange's knowledge of the case is profound, but he lacks ability as a cross-examiner.

Encouraging reports as to Labori's condition have given rise to the suggestion that the court might adjourn for a few days to enable the great advocate to resume his task. The military code, however, requires courts-martial to proceed without adjournments longer than forty-eight hours, but it is urged that brief sessions can be held within the limits of the time required. At all events, the defence will tomorrow move an adjournment of two days, notifying the court that a further adjournment will be asked to enable Labori to return or a substitute to be secured.

Dreyfus tonight wrote a letter to Colonel Jouaust, saying that his defence had been seriously crippled by the outrage and begging for two adjournments of forty-eight hours each. In case the court refuses the adjournments Monard will become consulting counsel. Should the case continue without Labori it will probably be finished in ten days.

The feeling is growing stronger that the time has come for Kaiser William, in the interest of universal justice, to sweep away all doubts by disclosing the decisive facts undoubtedly in the possession of the German government. He could settle the case at once and forever by sending the documents which the German agents received from Henry Esterhazy and others of the general staff.

NEW PHONE COMPANY.

Strong Opposition to the Bell Organized by Chicago Parties.

Chicago, August 15.—The stockholders of the Illinois Telephone and Telegraph Company, the new antagonist of the Bell Telephone Company in this city, voted an issue of \$5,000,000 of 4 1/2 per cent. 30-year gold bonds, and an increase of the capital stock from \$250,000 to \$5,000,000. Four more directors were elected, making a board of seven. The names will not be given out, however, until the closing of the negotiations or the financing of the company. President Wheeler says that he is now assured of the success of the venture, but will not give out the details until the construction work is actually under way.

President Wheeler says that arrangements are now being made whereby a New York trust company will receive subscriptions to the issue and give interim receipts, to be exchanged for the bonds and certificates as soon as they can be printed and delivered.

HURRICANE AS A SYMBOL.

A Havana Newspaper Says It Indicates God's Wrath Toward Americans.

Havana, August 15.—A good deal of comment has been caused by an editorial in El Diario de la Martica regarding the Porto Rican administration. This runs, in part, as follows: "Prior to the hoisting of the American flag in Porto Rico, that island was the most prosperous in the West Indies. Now all is changed and seriously disturbed by the radical and sudden modifications in the local customs. Porto Rico is refused a political organization by her new masters. She is not allowed even the autonomy that existed under the old regime. The cyclone that has devastated the island is a symbol of the just wrath of God toward the American occupant."

Fraudulent Designs Frustrated.

Havana, August 15.—The local papers have been publishing rumors regarding heavy forgeries, the amounts involved varying from \$4,000 to \$40,000. Gen. A. R. Chaffee, chief of the Governor General's staff, denies the reports as printed, but admits that a fraudulent request was made for \$4,000 for the Presidio. Lieutenant Colonel Montalvo, the administrator of the Presidio, when interrogated with reference to the matter, replied that he knew nothing about it. Senior Desveraine, secretary of finance, received an anonymous letter telling him that attempts were being made to rob the treasury. This aroused suspicion, and resulted in the discovery of a bogus draft, which was not cashed. The perpetrators of the fraud have not been discovered.

The New Orleans and Machias Safe.

Washington, August 15.—The Navy Department has been greatly relieved by a dispatch from Captain Longsaker, who commands the cruiser New Orleans, now at San Domingo

city referring to his vessel and the Machias. The dispatch gives definite assurance that all is well with the twoships. It also states that quiet prevails in San Domingo—at least the points which can be reached by the twoships, as the Machias has been plying along the shore for some distance. The two vessels will proceed to St. Thomas to coal.

THE PRESIDENT TALKS.

American Patriotism the Burden of a Little Speech at a Summer School.

Princeton, N. J., Aug. 15.—President McKinley visited the Catholic summer school grounds today and made a speech, in which he said: "Whatever the government of the United States has been able to accomplish has been because the hearts of the people have been with the government. Our patriotism is neither sectional nor sectarian. Loyalty to the government is our national creed. Our flag is the flag of the free, the hope of the oppressed; and wherever it is assailed it will be carried to triumph and peace."

Secretary Hay arrived this evening to confer with the President. Governor Stone, Robert Pitcairn and E. M. Bislow, of Pennsylvania, came to invite the President to attend a celebration at Pittsburgh in honor of the Tenth Pennsylvania Regiment. The President promised to be present August 28, after which he will return to Washington.

MAY NEED A NEW OUTFIT.

If We Are Going Into Colonizing We May Copy European Institutions.

New York, August 15.—Thomas B. Red is not an expansionist, nor is he enthusiastic about our war in the Philippines. He believes in the Declaration of Independence, he said, with special emphasis when questioned, but asked that he be not quoted on the subject. Though, he added, when asked, if during his trip abroad he saw anything in the parliamentary institutions of the various countries that could be profitably grafted on to ours? "Of course it were going into the colonizing business we shall need a new outfit."

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION DATES.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Special.—The Civil Service Commission has issued a schedule showing examinations to be held this fall for departmental service. Examinations will be held in North Carolina as follows: Raleigh, September 15 and October 17; Asheville, October 19; Greensboro, October 4; Statesville, October 20; Wilmington, September 18 and October 18.

CASH PAID FOR VOTES

How Goebel and Coulter Secured Their Nomination.

Louisville Dispatch Prints a Story Alleging Bribery and Fraud to Defeat the Will of the Democratic Party.

Louisville, Aug. 15.—The Louisville Dispatch, free silver, but anti-Goebel, organ, will print tomorrow a most sensational three-column article showing that the nomination of Goebel for governor and Coulter for State auditor was accomplished by bribery, and that sums involved in the transaction were not paid. The story is exhaustive in detail, but shows that Goebel, personally, had slight connection with the case, though the paper charges him with engineering it. To back up the article, the Dispatch prints affidavits of two delegates to the Louisville convention and a photograph of a slight draft for \$150 drawn on Coulter.

After Goebel had, by effecting his combine with ex-Congressman Stone, organized the convention and gotten his own committee on credentials appointed, he found out the story charges that he was still in need of more votes. Campbell county had a solid Hardin delegation of twenty-two votes, which was unopposed. Suddenly a contesting delegation appeared, which was seated, giving Goebel control. According to affidavits of Edward Huber and John C. Draddy, contesting delegates, they came to Louisville at the instance of Judge Hodge, of Covington, one of Goebel's managers, and all the new delegates signed a paper prepared by him, setting forth that a rump convention had been held, when none had been held. The contestants were seated, and Chief of Police Pugh, of Covington, gave a man named Shannon \$100 with which to pay the new delegates, with which money Shannon departed for parts unknown.

It was subsequent to this that Coulter arranged to pay the delegates \$150 to vote for him for auditor.

WOODWARD A MARTYR.

But He Remains in Office on His Promise of Good Behavior.

Atlanta, Aug. 15.—Mayor Woodward this morning went to his office in the city hall and remained all day. "I am glad it has all been settled," said the mayor; "not that I had anything to fear from an official and searching investigation, but for the good of the city. I think it best that the matter should stop where it has. The charges against me were painted a hundred times blinder than they were, and I had all to win and nothing to lose by an investigation. But a discussion of these things would hurt the city and might hurt our people. I can say this truthfully, that if there ever was a martyr, I am that man."

SWELLING THE RANKS

Plans Completed for Five More Volunteer Regiments.

ENLISTMENT GOING ON

More Than Enough Men Secured for the First Ten Regiments—Large Number Enlisted for Two Regiments Being Formed in the Philippines—Three Colonels and Several Majors Selected for the New Regiments.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Plans were completed today for the enlistment of five additional volunteer regiments to be known as the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first and Forty-second Infantry.

Secretary of War Root this morning selected colonels of three of the regiments, and the names of two officers are now under consideration to command the other two. Several of the majors have already been determined upon, and as soon as the Governor of States has replied to messages asking them to name two men each from whom appointments would be made to line of the regiments, captains and lieutenants will be selected.

It has been determined to continue recruiting at the stations now occupied by the ten regiments in this country. The only exceptions now being considered are the abandonment of the regiments at Fort McPherson, Ga., Vancouver Barracks, Wash., and Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

Recruiting returns received at the close of office hours yesterday showed an aggregate enlistment of 13,454, or 364 over the authorized strength of the ten regiments. Of this number, however, 519 enlistments are for the general Philippine service and 400 have just been ordered from Columbus Barracks, Ohio, to Presidio, California, to prepare for the trip to Manila.

STILL FURTHER INCREASE.

More Regiments to Be Formed and Volunteers to Be Rushed to Manila.

Washington, Aug. 15.—While it has been definitely determined to raise five additional volunteer regiments, it is now under consideration a still further increase and may decide to enlist seven, or even ten, regiments in addition to the thirteen now authorized. Plans under consideration late this afternoon contemplate sending all volunteers to the Philippines without delay, the five additional regiments to follow closely the ten now nearly organized. More transports will be procured, and the names of four have been submitted and they may be secured within a few weeks.

ROUGH SLEDDING FOR MORMONS.

Two Elders Dragged from a Pulpit and Others Not Recognized as Clergymen.

Louisville, Aug. 15.—Mormon missionaries are meeting with pronounced opposition in Jackson county. At Chestnut Flat two Latter-Day Saints who had been preaching, were ejected from the pulpit by a party of citizens and ordered to leave the county on pain of being severely dealt with. Upon agreeing to leave they were allowed to gather their effects, and were then marched by a howling mob to the county line.

In Taylor county, Tenn., two Mormon elders were arrested for refusing to pay poll-taxes. The elders said they were preachers and exempt. The judge said from the bench that he refused to recognize them as preachers and assessed a fine. The elders had no money and were started off for jail, but succeeded in getting the jailer to accept their watches as security until they could send money to pay their fines. President Rich, of the Southern Mormon Society, will proceed in the courts against the Taylor county judge.

BOLTERS ON THE GROUND.

Anti-Goebel Convention Will Nominate a Full State Ticket.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 15.—The anti-Goebel convention will meet here tomorrow and two thousand delegates and visitors are expected. Prominent among today's arrivals were several ex-Confederate officers, who said that ninety per cent. of the soldiers would vote against Goebel because he killed their comrade, Colonel Sandford. It has been decided to nominate a full State ticket, and John Young Brown will undoubtedly be at its head.

BATTLE WITH ROBBERS.

Chinese Troops Defeated and Many of Them Killed in the Fight.

Hong Kong, Aug. 15.—Official advices from Canton say that a desperate fight has occurred between a force of 500 Chinese soldiers and a band of robbers 1,000 strong, at Coitkon, on West river. The robbers were victorious, killing 250 soldiers. A force of 2,000 troops has left Canton for the scene.

Embezzler Will Make No Fight.

New York, Aug. 15.—Mahlon Wallace Mattison, charged with embezzling \$2,000 from the Fourth National Bank of Atlanta, was arraigned before Com-

missioner Shields today. He waived examination and said he was willing to go back to Atlanta without further legal fighting. He was traced here through correspondence he began with Atlanta friends.

COLUMBIA WINS AGAIN.

She Can Beat Defender Twenty Seconds a Mile in a Light Wind.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 15.—In a light breeze that huffed from the northeast almost south, and in a smooth sea, the Columbia defeated the Defender today by three minutes and fifty-two seconds. Weather conditions were almost the same as prevailed yesterday, but the course was only twenty-one miles in length. This, with the other races sailed during the New York Yacht Club cruise, show that in a light wind and smooth sea the Columbia can beat the Defender about twenty seconds a mile. There has been no fair test yet of the boats in a good blow and with a sea, but it is expected that the Columbia would do even better in heavy weather.

GOEBEL AND BLACKBURN.

They Discuss State Issues and Say Little About Free Silver.

Louisville, Aug. 15.—State Senator Goebel, assisted by former Senator Blackburn, spoke this afternoon in Fulton county, one of his strongholds. An immense crowd was on hand. Goebel's success in western Kentucky is declared to be greater than his followers expected. Goebel paid especial attention today to the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, and Blackburn spoke on the Goebel election law. These two issues are the strongest lines upon which the campaign is being made. Free silver is receiving little attention, the idea being apparently to leave that for Bryan when he stamps the State.

Mrs. Jackson's Illness Not Dangerous.

Richmond, Aug. 15.—Mrs. Thomas J. Jackson, widow of the famous Confederate soldier, Stonewall Jackson, is ill at the Virginia Hospital in this city. She is under the care of Dr. Hunter McGuire, who was with Jackson in his last days. Her illness is painful, but not dangerous.

Kennett Elected Dispensary Keeper.

Greensboro, N. C., Aug. 15.—Special. Tonight J. C. Kennett, representative from Guilford, was elected manager of the dispensary at a salary of one hundred dollars a month.

"AS NEW ISSUES ARISE"

Bryan Approves Iowa Democratic Plan of Campaign

Anti-Trust and Anti-Expansion to Be the Issues, and Sixteen-to-One to Be Kept in the Background.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 15.—At four different meetings today William J. Bryan approved the course adopted by Iowa Democrats in planning their campaign this fall by dropping 16 to 1 and substituting therefor anti-trust and anti-expansion. In an address to county chairmen he said: "The Chicago platform was written for all time, and the Democratic party is not under obligation to reiterate its details, but as new issues arise we may turn our attention to them, take them into the family and fight on them without apologizing for any former fight we have made."

Later, before the State Central Committee, with whom he had a conference concerning the platform which will be adopted tomorrow, he repeated this statement, giving his approval to the money plank which contains a simple endorsement of the Chicago platform without giving attention to the question of ratio.

In two addresses tonight delivered before large audiences, Mr. Bryan gave special attention to trusts and expansion, declaring that these two issues were of the utmost importance. "Cato Sells, a compromise candidate selected by the some money men, assured the gubernatorial nomination."

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Boston Whitewashed by Cincinnati and the Colonels Do up New York.

At Brooklyn: R. H. E. Brooklyn 6 7 3 Cleveland 2 5 2 Batteries: McJames and McGuire; Knepper and Sugden.

At Boston: R. H. E. Boston 0 5 0 Cincinnati 1 7 2 Batteries: Meekin and Bergen; Taylor and Peltz.

At Washington: R. H. E. Washington 3 9 4 St. Louis 8 11 1 Batteries: Dineen and Duncan; Young and Schreckengost.

At Philadelphia: R. H. E. Philadelphia 2 9 0 Chicago 1 4 1 Batteries: Platt and McFarland; Garvin and Donohue.

At New York: R. H. E. New York 5 11 7 Louisville 9 9 5 Batteries: Doheny and Warner; Dowling and Powers. Baltimore-Ft. Stribling game postponed on account of rain.