

## WILL HAVE TO FIGHT

### The Advance on Pretoria Is Not a Procession.

## BOERS BLOCK THE WAY

### The British Army Has Met Serious Opposition Since Taking Johannesburg, and May Have to Fight a Pitched Battle Before Entering the Capital.

London, June 2.—The two dispatches from General Roberts, made public today by the War Office, throw little additional light on the present situation in South Africa, except to show that the Boers are offering stubborn resistance to British troops in both the Transvaal and the Orange Free State.

While it is believed here that Lord Roberts' forces are moving irresistibly toward Pretoria, there is every evidence that his advance is being vigorously opposed by Botha's army, which seems to be in strong force between Johannesburg and the capital.

Not only General Roberts' own language but the reported casualties, prove that there has been hot fighting, and it is impossible that the British will have to enter a pitched battle before they are able to raise their flag over the government buildings at Pretoria. General Buller's late dispatch came from Johannesburg, and states that the Boers had been fighting on the Orange Free State en route to Heilbron. Buller also met with desperate opposition near Senekal, and the War Office report of his casualties is not reassuring. In an official list, published today, the names of thirty-nine men who were killed and 145 who were wounded near Senekal are given.

General Roberts' dispatches follow: Johannesburg, June 1.—9:25 a. m.—The Boers resist the arrival of the Highland Brigade at Heilbron May 29. He was opposed more or less the whole of the way from Ventersburg. Seven of his men were killed and four officers and thirty men wounded. The Boers were firing excellent work. The troops behaved in the most soldierly manner during the trying march.

London telegraphs that his casualties have been thirty killed and 150 wounded. Johannesburg, May 31.—9:40 a. m.—The Boers report of his operations May 29 and 30 reached me at 3 o'clock this morning. He was opposed throughout the march, but managed to drive the enemy off from strong positions which they successfully held with little loss. He now holds the place I had directed him to do north of Johannesburg. Our losses were four officers wounded and two men killed and twenty-seven wounded.

A Cape Town dispatch, dated Thursday, gives more details of the fighting at Douglas, Cape Colony, in which a number of British soldiers were killed by the Boers. It says that last Tuesday General Sir Charles Warren, the commander of the Cape Colony, with 700 men, occupied a strong defensive position at Faber Spruit, near Douglas. At dawn, Wednesday, one thousand Boers surrounded the position and his force after stampeding the horses, the British quickly concentrated and repulsed the rebels.

## CAUSE OF THE WAR

### The Imperial Ministry Charged with Intolerable Interference in Africa

London, June 2.—A dispatch from Great Britain, dated May 31, says: At the People's Congress today Mr. Parnell, a member of the Cape House of Assembly, declared that the chief cause of the present war between Great Britain and the Boers was the intolerable interference of the imperial ministry at London with affairs in South Africa.

The resolution was unanimously adopted. Other resolutions which were adopted declared that subordinate causes of the war were the violation of the Cape constitution, whereby the advice and wishes of the Cape ministry were overruled by the British Colonial Office and the enormous difficulty of acquainting the English people with the real facts. The British government insisted on the peace and prosperity of the country would be irretrievably wrecked. It also demanded that unqualified freedom and independence should be restored to the Cape, and that the Cape of Good Hope should have a voice in the appointment of a governor which would render unnecessary the keeping of a standing army to control the people. The republic, under such circumstances, would always be prepared to invade South Africa by a foreign power. On this basis the resolution declared lasting peace and unity would be insured and loyalty to Great Britain guaranteed.

### A Boer Force Surrounded

London, June 2.—A dispatch from Maseru, Basutoland, states that Brabant's division has surrounded the Boers five miles from Ficksburg. A telegram from Winburg, dated Tuesday, says that a message was received of the Duke of Cambridge's own, saying that they had been in difficulties near Lindley, but that General Buller had effected their relief.

### Boers Hold the Hills

Lorenzo Marquez, June 2.—President Kruger yesterday was still at Macha-

## A WHACK AT TRUSTS

### Bill Passes with But One Opposing Vote.

## SHORN OF ITS STRENGTH

### An Amendment Excepting Labor Organizations Puts the Republicans in a Hole and Practically Defeats All Important Provisions of the Bill—Republican Leaders Driven from Cover by a Call for the Ayes and Noes

Washington, June 2.—Before proceeding to the consideration of the Anti-Trust bill under the special order, the House today disposed of some routine business. Mr. Watson, of Indiana, was appointed one of the board of visitors to the Naval Academy in place of Mr. Grout, resigned.

The Senate amendments to the Sundry Civil bill were disagreed to, and the bill was sent to conference. Mr. Barthold, of Missouri, asked if opportunity would be afforded to test the sense of the House on a motion to concur in the St. Louis Exposition appropriation.

### Mr. Cannon replied in the affirmative.

A bill was passed to authorize the immediate transportation of anti-tubercular goods to Astoria, Ore., after which Mr. Ray, chairman of the Judiciary Committee, demanded the regular order—the Anti-Trust bill. Under the order thirty minutes on a side were allowed for general debate. Mr. Overstreet, of Indiana, who drew the report on the bill, occupied the time for general debate on his side with an explanation of the proposed amendment to the Sherman Anti-Trust law, which it contained.

### Mr. Fitzgerald, of Massachusetts, ridiculed the idea that the Republican party had done anything to curb the trusts.

Only yesterday, said he, the leader of the Republican party—the chairman of the National Committee—defended in the Senate one of the greatest of the trusts, the armor plate trust, counseling the government to comply with its extortionate demands. Mr. Terry, of Arkansas, denied that the pending measure contained anything unconstitutional, pointing to the minority amendments pending, which, he said, would effectually crush trusts and monopolies. After further remarks by Messrs. Swanson, of Virginia, Driggs, of New York, and others, general debate was closed. The bill was then read under the five-minute rule.

### Mr. Terry offered numerous amendments to carry out the views of the minority as contained in their report.

All of these were voted down. On one defining trusts the vote was 99 to 101. Then Mr. Terry offered an amendment that where an illegal combination existed the President might suspend the collection of import duties on like articles in which the trust dealt and keep them suspended so long as the illegal combination continued in business. Upon this an aye and nay vote resulted—122 to 133.

Mr. Terry then offered the following amendment: "Nothing in this act shall be so construed as to apply to trade unions or other labor organizations, organized for the purpose of regulating wages, hours or labor or other conditions under which labor is to be performed."

Mr. Ray made a point of order against it as not germane, but the Speaker held that under the rule of procedure it was in order. On a viva voce vote it was carried, but Mr. Richardson demanded the ayes and noes, and as many Republicans voted for it they were applauded. As the call proceeded the excitement grew intense as it was generally admitted that it put the Republicans in an inconsistent position and practically defeated all important provisions of the bill.

When among the Republicans Messrs. Babcock, Grosvenor, Ray, Payne, Hopkins and other leaders were driven from cover and voted aye the applause was so vociferous as to stop the business of the House. It was the sharpest political move made this session of Congress. The vote resulted—ayes, 206; nays, 8; protons, Asheville, N. C., Monday, with great cheering. The vote on the passage of the bill resulted—273 to 1—Mann, of Illinois.

At 5:30 the House adjourned.

## IMPROVING THE TIME

### Progress Made by the Senate in Disposing of Appropriation Bills

Washington, June 2.—Soon after the Senate convened today a concurrent resolution was adopted providing for the printing of 16,000 sets of messages and papers of the Presidents, 10,000 sets to be sold at the actual cost of publication and 6,000 sets to be placed at the disposal of the Senate and House. Mr. Morgan, chairman of the Committee on Inter-Oceanic Canals, made a request that the so-called Hepburn Nicaragua Canal bill be made the special order for consideration at 2 p. m. Monday, December 10—the second Monday of the next session. Mr. Morgan said he realized the impossibility of obtaining consideration of the bill at this session. His request was agreed to.

When morning business was concluded the Senate resumed consideration of the General Deficiency bill. An amendment was offered by Mr. Morgan and agreed to, appropriating \$13,508 to reimburse the Maritime Canal Company of Nicaragua for expenditures in aid of the commission authorized by act of Congress, known as the Ludlow commission, for inspection and survey of the Nicaragua Canal. An amendment to pay an extra month's salary to the employees of the Senate and House of Representatives was agreed to after some discussion. When John Skelton Williams, Jr., president of the road, drove home a golden spike with a silver hammer. Following the ceremony there were speeches by the governor, mayor and a number of distinguished railroad men and civilians. A banquet at the Jefferson Hotel tonight and more speech-making ended the festivities.

## NOBODY IS SCARED

### Chandler Resolution a Harmless Bit of Buncombe

## ONLY CAMPAIGN THUNDER

### Senator Pritchard Thinks It May Help His Cause to Institute a Partisan Investigation—Mr. Klutz Says the Amendment Does Not Propose to Do What Is Hinted at in the Resolution—North Carolina Members.

### By JOHN BOYLE

Washington, June 2.—Special.—The Chandler-Hoar-Pritchard resolution, affecting Northern representation in Congress, which is intended to act as a scarecrow to frighten the timid or thoughtless, was very generally discussed among Southern members today. But it did not frighten, nor, so far as could be observed, did it disturb them in the least from the even tenor of their way. Naturally, among the North Carolina delegation it excited interest, as it is especially designed for campaign purposes in the State this summer. Mr. Klutz, responding to an inquiry by the Post correspondent, though much hurried with business in the House, said: "In my opinion the resolution reported by Senator Chandler, which is but a re-vamp of the Pritchard and Hoar resolution, amounts practically to nothing except as harmless campaign thunder. It is calculated and designed only as an excuse for instituting a partisan investigation, the results of which, it is hoped, can be utilized for campaign purposes."

"So far as the proposed constitutional amendment in North Carolina is concerned, it is no wise affected by this resolution. North Carolina does not propose to confer the right to vote upon any of its citizens because of their descent from certain persons or classes of persons, nor does it 'exclude other citizens because they are not descended from such persons or classes of persons.'"

"Nor is the amendment capable of any such construction. It enables certain persons to vote because they are descended from persons who could vote prior to 1867, but excludes no one because he is not so descended. It is an enabling act, and the Chandler resolution is mere brutum fulmen. It is doubtless inspired by Senator Pritchard; Virginia, because they are not descended from such persons or classes of persons."

Mr. Bellamy seemed one minute during the debate on the Littlefield trust bill today and will extend his remarks in the record on this bill. Messrs. Pearson, White, Linney, Atwater and Small of the North Carolina delegation were absent from the House today.

Mr. Thomas has introduced a bill to pay Thomas Gaskill \$1,500 for property destroyed during the civil war. Mr. Klutz left tonight for home. Mr. Small, who is now in North Carolina, will return here next week. Mr. Bellamy has introduced a bill to pay Miller of New Hanover county \$1,160 for cotton destroyed during the civil war.

## MILLIONS IN IT

### But the Court of Claims Decides That It Is Not Valid.

Washington, June 2.—One of the largest suits ever instituted against the government has been dismissed by the Court of Claims. The case was conducted throughout the United States as the "Blaisdell case," and was brought in 1893 by Leonard C. Blaisdell, an attorney in fact for the heirs of Charles Durkee and subsequently John A. Kenekendall was substituted as administrator. The amount involved in this case was \$64,623,512, claimed to be due the heirs of Charles Durkee of Kenosha, Wis., for certain first mortgage bonds of the Union and Central Pacific Railroad Companies to the figures given that it was alleged came into the possession of Durkee while territorial governor of Utah in 1865. It was also alleged that these bonds, through some unknown means, were subsequently deposited in the United States Treasury, to be there held in trust for the owner, and that the government obtained possession and collected the principal and interest thereon, but never accounted for any part of the same to Durkee or his representatives.

## PIRATES WERE FOXY

El Paso, Tex., June 2.—At 3 o'clock yesterday morning the night clerk of the Pierson Hotel, in this city, was held up by two masked robbers and the safe looted of all cash and valuables. The robbers entered from the rear and covered the clerk with revolvers. They found the safe open and their task was easy. Thus far there is no clew to the perpetrators.

## Yaqui Indians Active Again.

Ortiz, Mex., June 2.—The Yaqui Indians, after several weeks of inactivity, have again become very annoying to the Mexican troops near Torin. Several night attacks have been made and a number of casualties are reported. It is thought the Yaquis are again gathering in large force in the mountains about sixty miles northwest of Torin.

## Krag-Jorgensen Recovered.

Manila, June 2.—Lieutenant Colonel Emerson H. Liscum of the 24th infantry at Tularic, Island of Luzon, reports that the efforts of the local president have resulted in the capture of thirty-one out of thirty-three Krag-Jorgensen rifles of good condition, stolen from the regiment December 9 last.

## MASSACRED BY BOXERS

### Thirty Foreigners Attacked by Seven Hundred.

## Four Killed Outright—Number Wounded Not Reported—Attempt Likely to Be Made to Expel All Aliens from Empire.

Tien-Tsin, June 2.—Although affairs in this section of the Chinese empire are now quiet, it is feared that the situation is merely the proverbial calm before the storm.

News of another outrage committed by Boxers is at hand, having come to the French consulate here. During the great excitement Thursday thirty foreigners, including six women, fled in the direction of Tien-Tsin for safety. They left Pao-ting-Fu in boats for this city. Shortly after they embarked the party was attacked by seven hundred Boxers and a frightful scene of massacre followed.

The foreigners were mercilessly attacked, the insurgents shouting fiercely during the onslaught, and four of the refugees were killed outright. The number of the wounded is not known, but it is stated that few escaped injury during the first attack.

It is learned that the refugees who managed to escape the fury of the Boxers are within ten miles of this city. An expedition has been made up here and is preparing to leave immediately to meet the survivors and escort them to the city.

News from Peking is awaited here with intense interest. It is understood that the foreign marines were not attacked by the Boxers on their way to the capital, and there are many here who hope that the demonstrations of several nations at Peking will have a quieting effect, although it is feared that the trouble will break out sooner or later, when an effort will be made by the rebels to drive all foreigners from Chinese soil.

The British warship Centurion and the Italian cruiser Calabria have arrived here, and their presence is a relief to the frightened people.

German troops are expected to arrive Saturday, and by Monday, it is said, there will be a large force of Japanese soldiers on hand.

## YAN WYCK IN THE ICE TRUST

### Governor Roosevelt Will Be Asked to Remove the Mayor from Office.

New York, June 2.—An application to the governor for the removal of Mayor Van Wyck is the next move contemplated in the campaign against the ice trust. Einstein & Townsend, counsel for the Journal, will make the application to the governor at Oyster Bay Monday. With the request affidavits will be submitted alleging that the mayor should be removed because he is a stockholder in the ice trust which has contracts to furnish ice to the city.

## THE LAST SPIKE

### Completion of the New Seaboard System Celebrated in Richmond.

Richmond, June 2.—The last link in the Seaboard Air Line system, which connects Washington with Tampa, Fla., was completed here this afternoon, when John Skelton Williams, Jr., president of the road, drove home a golden spike with a silver hammer. Following the ceremony there were speeches by the governor, mayor and a number of distinguished railroad men and civilians. A banquet at the Jefferson Hotel tonight and more speech-making ended the festivities.

## STANDING OF THE CLUBS

Club	Won	Lost	P. C.
Philadelphia	23	11	.677
Brooklyn	19	14	.576
St. Louis	18	16	.529
Pittsburg	20	18	.526
Chicago	18	17	.514
Boston	13	18	.419
New York	12	21	.364
Cincinnati	12	21	.364

## AMERICAN LEAGUE

At Chicago—Chicago 2, Buffalo 1.  
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee 3, Cleveland 6.  
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis 7, Detroit 6 (ten innings).  
At Kansas City—Kansas City 4, Indianapolis 8.  
At Easton, Pa.—LaFayette 1, Indians 2.  
At West Point—West Point 10, Columbia 3.  
At Amherst—Lehigh 8, Amherst 6.  
At Williamstown—Williams 12, Wesleyan 3.

## PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 2.—Georgetown and Pennsylvania played a tie game of six innings here today.

When one Georgetown player was out in the seventh a thunderstorm broke and the game was called. It was a pretty game and well played. The score—Georgetown 1, Pennsylvania 1.

## THE NEW JERSEY IDEA

### Tar and Feathers for a Man Who Mistreated His Wife.

Bridgeton, N. J., June 2.—Smith Alford, who was formerly taken from his home last night by a crowd of masked men, was found in the woods today bound hand and foot and covered with tar, feathers and paint. He had been stripped of his clothing and was nearly dead from exposure. His condition is believed to be serious.

Alford says he recognized three of his assailants. He asserts that they threatened to kill him and ordered him to leave town the day after the funeral of his wife. The latter died last Wednesday. The townspeople say she had been the victim of ill treatment at the hands of her husband, and believing her death to be the result of his brutality, a number of citizens decided to teach him a lesson. Last night a party of masked men, carrying a rope, broke into Alford's house at South Bridgeton, and marched him at the point of a pistol to the woods. His wife lay dead in the house and his two children were left weeping by the side of the corpse.

It was believed that Alford would be lynched, but the indignant citizens probably spared his life on account of his children. Bridgeton is in a fever of excitement over the affair.

## GRANT CONVENTION IN ROCKINGHAM.

Reidsville, N. C., June 2.—Special.—The largest, most representative and most enthusiastic convention ever known in Rockingham's history was held at Wentworth today. The mammoth court house was taxed to its utmost capacity to hold the crowd. Delegates were elected to the Congressional convention. Lindsay, Lane and Garrett were renominated by acclamation of the Senate and House; Hutcherson for sheriff, Seales for register of deeds, by acclamation also.

Senator Butler should come into Rockingham for his first engagement if he undertakes to whip the Democrats out of the State. Many former Populists were in the convention as delegates.

## CANBADA SUFFERS FROM A FIRE.

Manila, June 2.—Yesterday there were a number of fires in the town of Canbada. It is estimated that the monetary loss will reach \$100,000. General Lloyd has made a recommendation that the government shall spend \$25,000 to relieve the people of the town who have suffered by the fire.

An insurgent captain with twenty-nine of his men has surrendered to the Macabebes in the province of Pampanga. He also turned in twenty-six Mauser rifles.

## NEGRO KILLED BY A BOY.

Brook's Station, Ga., June 2.—Moss Holmes, a negro, who had been working for A. L. McNeely, a farmer, near here, was shot to death late yesterday by Ewell McNeely, an 18-year-old son of the planter, on whose place the shooting occurred. The negro's small daughter struck the children of McNeely and the latter whipped her. Holmes came to McNeely's home and knocked down the eldest daughter of the planter. A fight ensued in which the negro was shot.

## HOTEL SAFE LOOTED BY ROBBERS.

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