

TEDDY TACKLES BRYAN

Democratic Champion Charged with Evading Issues

PROSPERITY OF FARMERS

Roosevelt Sure that Agricultural Classes Have Been Improving Their Condition Ever Since McKinley Was Elected President—He Tries to Make People Believe that Bryan Will Abolish Army Posts if Elected

Watertown, N. Y., Oct. 25.—Governor Roosevelt's first stop today was at Camden, Oneida county, the home of Attorney General Davies, where he made an address urging the re-election of that official. The day began with a heavy fog over the country, and Mr. Roosevelt made his first speech very brief, fearing to injure his voice.

At Watertown, the home of Edward A. Bond, candidate for State engineer, arrangements had been made to take the governor from the train to the public square and here he found a very large audience.

The governor took up the question of militarism here, alluding to the fact that Sackett's Harbor, but a few miles distant, was a great army post, and saying that if, acting under Mr. Bryan's theory, it was abolished, it would naturally prove a loss to this locality. He said that he understood that at the suggestion of the people in Watertown and the congressman from this district, the post had lately been entered, and that, in his mind, was sufficient evidence that instead of being scared at Mr. Bryan's bug-a-boo of a menacing standing army, the people were glad to see the posts increased.

He also called attention to the fact that Colonel Liscum, who was killed in China, and his gallant regiment of men, the Ninth, were from this vicinity, and asserted that certainly no man who had any respect for the flag or any love for its valorous defenders would agree with statements attributed by the speaker to Mr. Bryan, to the effect that the officers and men of the army were looters, ravishers, and murderers. The governor took up the question of the prosperity of the farmers and said in part:

"I am assured that the farmers of this locality have been increasing in prosperity for the past four years, and that this year just about closing has been the most prosperous of all. Mr. Bryan is responsible for the statement that the farming element of the country has felt the prosperity less than any other class, and by Mr. Bryan's own statement I am going to put him to confusion. Careful statistics gathered by the commissioner of agriculture show that the farmers have increased 35 per cent. in prosperity in the last three or four years.

"Now if Mr. Bryan is right, and the farming element has been the least prosperous of any class, why the prosperity of the other classes of wage earners and profit-seekers must have been greater than 35 per cent, and therefore a great refutation of Mr. Bryan's theory that prosperity has not touched this country."

The governor read some statistics showing the improvement of the farming classes as prepared from the reports of the commissioner of agriculture and during the war was frequently interrupted by applause.

Governor Roosevelt's train arrived in Oswego a little behind time, but there was an immense crowd to welcome him. The governor made a big hit with his audience by adding to a judge a name, N. Bulger, of this place and his denunciation at the Saratoga convention, of Mr. Croker, Senator Murphy and Tammany. "Yesterday," said Governor Roosevelt, "Mr. Bryan at last was forced into making a pretense of arguing a question as to whether if elected, he would pay pensions and other national creditors in silver, or in gold, or in a pretense advisedly, to use the word in a pretense pure and simple, an evasion, moreover, so palpable and so weak that it is astounding that any candidate for the highest office in the gift of the nation should have been willing to resort to it. He said:

"I want the Republicans who want that question answered to first find what the law requires, and then I want them to know that if elected President I will enforce that law just as I will enforce the law against trusts, and put striped clothes on big thieves as well as little thieves. But if you ask me to construct a Republican law, I will reply that I shall not construe a law until it becomes my duty to enforce it."

"This, of course, amounts merely to saying that the law will not state what he will do until after the election, and his statement should impair his chance of election. The whole point at issue is how the law shall be construed. We contend that it is to be construed that the nation shall pay its obligations in gold. In other words, we are for the gold standard, and exactly as I championed it in New York State I championed it in Colorado.

"Mr. Bryan's free silver friends insist that the law permits him to pay the debt of the nation in silver. Four years ago Mr. Bryan's position was the same as theirs, and this morning had at least the merit of being entitled to what respect can be given wrong-minded sincerity. Unless Mr. Bryan has convictions on so important a subject he is not fit to be president, and if he has convictions, by every law of honor and respect he should make these convictions public when he is appealing for the suffrage of the people.

MAYOR'S BAD BREAK

Attempt to Organize a Committee of Safety Meets with Failure

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 25.—Mayor Nicholas and the police authorities today decided to form a committee of safety composed of fifty young men, most of them lawyers and professional men and among the most prominent in town. These were subpoenaed this afternoon, and while many of them objected to an enforced authority, they are compelled to respond. The town has practically been at the mercy of the rioters since Monday. They have stopped work at all the washeries, cut off the coal supply of the electric light works and several factories, attempted to wreck trains on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, fired a Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Company town house, beaten men at the culm banks, torn down signs at saloons and generally

GROUND OF OBJECTION

Why Anti-imperialists Do Not Like McKinley.

ADDRESS TO ALL PATRIOTS

Taxation Without Representation Denounced—Polygamy and the Slavery Treaty Characterized as an Outrage. Suppression of News a Danger to Liberty—Infamy Committed Upon American Troops in the Philippines.

New York, Oct. 25.—Resolutions scoring the present conduct of national affairs and calling on all patriots irrespective of party to support Mr. Bryan have been signed by over five hundred officers of the National Association of Imperialist Clubs. The signers represent the forty-five States and five territories of the Union, many of them statesmen and all prominent men. The resolutions will be circulated among the anti-imperialist clubs located in practically every town and in every election district in New York and cities of kindred size and importance in the country. There is but one object for the circulation of the resolutions, to secure the defeat of President McKinley in the campaign. President C. C. Hughes, of Greater New York Association, said today:

The resolutions and signatures will show that the cause of anti-imperialism is far from being treacherable as the more rabid McKinleyites declare, and that it is not anything but the irresponsible characters of certain interested persons have declared them to be.

Following are the resolutions: We, the undersigned officers of the National Association of Imperialist Clubs, conscious that the close of a most portentous campaign is at hand, when the merits of its issues and of the respective candidates for the Presidency will be finally submitted to the judgment of the people, submit the following as a synopsis of our position, and upon it invite the support of the membership of this association and of patriotic voters generally. "1. We object to the imposition of taxation without representation by the McKinley administration on the people of Porto Rico, as an unpardonable violation of American principles."

"2. We object to the recognition of slavery and polygamy by the McKinley administration in its illegal treaty with reference to the Sulu Islands as an outrage against the letter and spirit of American law."

"3. We object to the perversion and suppression of news and information by the McKinley administration, either by means of censorship at Washington, or by a subsidized press, as the most immediate danger directly threatening American liberty."

"4. We object as a people still devoted to righteousness, to the infamy committed in the Philippines by the McKinley administration upon our own troops, as well as upon a people innocent of any offense whatever toward our nation, as the most shameful official crime of the present administration."

"5. We object to every form of tacit understanding by the McKinley administration with monarchial governments which today deprives a people struggling for freedom in the Philippines of the form of government in South Africa, of the moral support and sympathy which our people would gladly extend."

"6. We object to arbitrary exercise of executive power by the McKinley administration unrestrained by the customs of the constitution or by the provisions and usage of more than a century. We object to the proscription of American citizens, and the denial of delivery of our people to the methods of despots and the snares of imperialism."

"Now, therefore, appealing to the members of these clubs as well as to the general public, and a republican party, we ask that they make the re-election of Mr. McKinley impossible by declining to vote for him, and to make positively certain that such calamity may be averted by their casting their votes for Mr. Bryan."

"The resolutions are signed by Anson Phelps Stokes, president, and about two hundred others."

POPULATION OF CITIES

Statistics compiled and published by the Census Bureau. Washington, Oct. 25.—The Census Bureau today completed statistics of the population of the 159 cities of over 25,000 inhabitants.

The 159 cities combined have a population of 19,694,235 in 1890, and 25,000,000 in 1900. The number of cities of over 25,000 inhabitants are as follows: Maine 1, New Hampshire 1, Massachusetts 20, Rhode Island 3, Connecticut 5, New York 12, New Jersey 10, Pennsylvania 18, Delaware 1, Maryland 1, District of Columbia 1, Virginia 2, West Virginia 1, South Carolina 1, Georgia 3, Florida 1, Ohio 9, Indiana 5, Illinois 7, Michigan 5, Wisconsin 5, Minnesota 3, Iowa 6, Missouri 3, Nebraska 3, Kansas 2, Kentucky 4, Tennessee 3, Alabama 3, Texas 5, Arkansas 1, Montana 1, Colorado 2, Utah 1, Washington 3, Oregon 1, California 4. These States and territories do not contain any city with a population of 25,000 or more.

Of the whole number of cities having 25,000 inhabitants or more, 70 are found in the North Atlantic division, 48 in the north central division, 18 in the south central division, 18 in the western division, and 11 in the south Atlantic division. Massachusetts has the largest number of such cities, viz., 20, and is followed by Pennsylvania with 18, and New York with 12. The most significant growth of cities is that of the three cities in the State of Washington, namely, Seattle, Spokane and Tacoma. These three cities combined had only 4,981 inhabitants in 1880, but their population is increased to 98,765 in 1890 and 155,233 in 1900, the increase during the past decade being equivalent to 5571 per cent. Nebraska is the only State in which the combined population of the cities contained therein shows a decrease from 1890 to 1900.

Notice

The regular annual meeting of the North Carolina Publishing Company will be held in the office of the Company in the city of Raleigh, Thursday, October 1st, at 8 o'clock p. m. W. P. WHITAKER, Secretary.

RECORD-BREAKING FAIR DAY

(Continued from First Page)

The Gun Shooting Contest

The two days' shooting tournament at the fair grounds was brought to a successful close last evening. The promoters of the tournament, the Fair Association and the Peters Cartridge Co.'s representatives, felt more than pleased with the results, and both parties concerned contemplate giving a similar affair on a larger scale next year, new faces were seen today, Messrs. Glen and Daniels, of Greensboro, who a few years ago could hold their own with any of the cracker-jack shots of the country, taking part in the near shooters took part in the majority of events, Messrs. Crawford Bros. and Walters showing up to a good advantage. One of the features of yesterday's shoot was the centric shooting for both days. Mr. McKissick, of Asheville, who tied Barney Worthen, of Charleston, both making 92 per cent of the number of events shot at. The Major should feel proud of the centric shooting for both days. The best trap shot in the South, barring none, and Major McKissick is a comparatively new shooter on targets. If the Major keeps up his present gait he will be a great shot in the future.

Mr. Worthen, of Charleston, won the handsome gold locket presented by the Peters Cartridge Company to the man making the highest average throughout the entire program for both days. Mr. Thomas H. Keller, the eastern agent of the Peters Cartridge Company, presented Mr. Worthen with a trophy in an appropriate speech. Mr. Worthen is an appropriate speaker. Major McKissick would have given Mr. Worthen a close race if he had shot entirely through. Mr. Keller also felt pleased, as Mr. Worthen used Peters Cartridge Company's ammunition, which was used almost entirely with one or two exceptions. About 4,000 targets were thrown and at least seventy-five different shooters took part. A large crowd of interested spectators viewed the shooting continually, and the shoot was one of the interesting features of the Fair.

The Peters Cartridge Company's representatives, Messrs. Keller, Sr., Keller, Jr., Lemcke and Parker, worked hard to make it pleasant for all. Instructions and guns were furnished gratis, as the majority of shooters taking part, though all game shots, were not posted in trap shooting. They all found time to shoot occasionally, Mr. Parker shooting clean through and was closer to the leaders at the finish. This shoot will give a new impetus to trap shooting in North Carolina. Greensboro and Durham will organize gun clubs and undoubtedly the Raleigh shooters will take more interest in the sport, and when the next shoot is held here will be able to hold their own with any one of the best clubs in the State.

The next big shoot is next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 29th and 30th and 31st at Jacksonville, Fla., similar to the shoot given here only five birds will be used. The Peters Cartridge Company will add \$150 and donate a trophy for the best average both days. John Parker will manage this tournament, leaving for Jacksonville this evening.

The Peters Cartridge Company will manage this tournament, leaving for Jacksonville this evening. A clever device for shooting in the hall, in which he conducted the shoot here is a guarantee that the Florida shoot will be successfully conducted. The souvenir badges and scarf pins made to represent a rifle cartridge that were distributed at the shoot were in great demand and were a clever advertisement for the Peters Company.

Some of Today's Events Today will be "Raleigh Day" and "Educational Day" particularly, and the school children of Raleigh will turn out in great force, and add largely to the throng which still left the city.

One of the features will be the foot ball game between the A. & M. college of Raleigh, and the Polytechnic School team of Blacksburg, Va. The latter has the reputation of being a crack team, and as our boys are known to be fine players a great game is sure to be pulled off. The contest is scheduled for 3 o'clock. Don't miss it.

At 12 o'clock there will be a meeting of State educators in Floral Hall. President Charles McNamee, of the Fair Association, will preside, and addresses will be delivered by prominent educators. The scores of yesterday's events are given in the following summaries: No. Targets. 15 15 20 15 20 15 15

Worthen ... 15 14 14 14 13 14 — 121  
Walters ... 8 10 8 12 ... — 38  
Turner ... 6 ... — 6  
Lemcke ... 10 10 12 ... — 32  
Welch ... 12 5 ... — 17  
Byrd ... 13 10 14 13 13 16 14 — 102  
Keller Jr. ... 10 10 14 ... — 45  
J. Parker ... 12 13 20 12 15 17 14 — 117  
Fleming ... 11 10 ... — 12 ... — 33  
Pennington ... 4 7 ... — 11  
E. Crawford ... 6 11 17 ... — 34  
Yeagan ... 4 ... — 4  
Hunter ... 4 ... — 4  
Adcock ... 11 8 ... — 19  
Welsh ... 12 ... — 12  
M. Hay ... 6 ... — 6  
Crawford ... 10 8 12 5 ... — 35  
Keller ... 11 12 15 12 ... — 50  
Parker ... 7 ... — 7  
Jordan ... 11 ... — 11  
A. Lyon ... 10 12 12 10 15 ... — 59  
Yulee ... 4 3 10 ... — 23  
Oakey ... 11 ... — 11  
Hapes ... 7 ... — 7  
Hill ... 5 8 9 8 ... — 30  
Rothrock ... 1 ... — 1  
Lambert ... 1 ... — 1

Notice to Taxpayers The city tax book for the year 1900 is now ready, and has been placed in my hands for collection. The charter requirements relative to the penalty on axes will be strictly enforced. Therefore, it is the desire of the collector as well as of the finance committee, that the tax payers call and settle at once, and thereby save themselves this additional cost and at the same time spare the collector the unpleasant duty of having to carry out that portion of our charter.

CHAS. F. LUMSDEN, City Tax Collector.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, bladder and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century, discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmor, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, with a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmor & Co., Birmingham, N. Y. The regular fifty cent bottle size is sold by all good druggists.

State Literary and Historical Association It is the special desire of the State Literary and Historical Association to preserve an autograph roll of its charter members. Those who send their names for enrollment and failed to find the roll will find the secretary's book at the drug store of Robert Simpson in the Olvia Rancy Library building, and are requested to call and give to ALEX. J. FIELD, Secretary.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Mr. S. B. Williams, of Weldon, and Miss Auline Johnson, of Littleton.

R. F. Gierach's Restaurant for Ladies and Gentlemen, 216 Fayetteville St. Specialties today: Blue Points, Little Neck, Norfolk Shell Oysters, Fresh Lobsters, Spanish Mackerel, Quail on toast, Sara, Kansas City Meats.

He Fooled the Surgeons All doctors told Renick Hamilton of West Jefferson, O., after suffering months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest Cure on earth and the best Salve in the world; 25c a box. Sold by all Druggists.

Opera House, SMITH & MULLEN, M'grs

Special Guaranteed Engagement of the Southern Favorites.

Herald Square Opera Co. Direct from New York City. Five nights of Real Comic Opera.

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Five Big and Complete Productions.

Reserved Seats can be had at McKee's drug-store.

DON'T FAIL to order Branson's AGRICULTURAL ALMANAC for 1901. \$9 over gross. Order of LEVI BRANSON, Raleigh, N. C.

Solid Car Load of "GOOD LUCK" Baking Powder, For J. G. Ball, Raleigh, N. C.

GOOD LUCK 26000 LBS. FAST LINE IN THIS CAR.

THIS IS THE MANNER IN WHICH Good Luck Baking Powder is sold to every leading jobber throughout the South and Southwest.

IN SOLID CAR LOADS of 26,000 to 40,000 pounds or 13 to 20 tons at a time. "GOOD LUCK" is Always Packed in Tin Cans

Manufactured by the Southern Manufacturing Co., Richmond, Va