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THE N. C. PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD

Second Day of the 87th Session a Very Busy One

MANY NEW DELEGATES

There Are Now Fully 250 in Attendance.

SPLENDID BODY OF MEN

Proposition Read from Norfolk Presbytery Section of Northeastern Carolina, Including Elizabeth City, Be Transferred to Virginia Synod—Able Address by Dr. Lumkin on Ministerial Education—Rev. Craig, of Reidsville, Elected Stated Clerk—A Report of Stated Clerk Regarding Condition of Synodical Records—They Are Defective—Recommendations Adopted—Foreign Missionary Evening Last Night—Report of Secretary of Missions—Able Address by Dr. Davis on China.

Synodical Events Today

9 a. m.—Synod convenes in business session, discussion of "Twentieth Century Fund" movement being the special order.

11 a. m.—Report on church and Christian education. Reports by a number of leading members of the synod. Session to continue until 1 p. m.

1:30 p. m.—Banquet at Yarborough Hotel by alumni of Guilford College.

3 p. m.—Synod reassembles for two-hours session for routine business.

5 p. m. to 6:30 p. m.—Reception by ladies of the First Presbyterian Church, complimentary to the members of the synod.

8 p. m.—Home mission evening, including report on home mission work of the synod, and general discussion.

Yesterday, the second of the 87th annual session of the North Carolina Synod now in session with the First Presbyterian church of Raleigh, was distinguished for the transaction of quite a lot of business, both of routine and special character, and also by a number of very pleasant social features.

Among the most notable were the address by Rev. J. H. Lumkin, D. D., educational secretary of the Southern General Assembly, on the subject of "Ministerial Education"; the devotional services conducted by Rev. J. Rumple, D. D., and Rev. R. Z. Johnston, D. D., from 11 to 12 o'clock; the adoption of the stated clerk's and other official reports; the attendance of the Synod upon a concert at the Blind Institute from 5 to 6:30 yesterday afternoon, and able addresses on Missions last night.

The Morning Session

It was a few minutes past 9 o'clock yesterday morning when Rev. W. D. Morton, the newly elected moderator, rapped for order and the Synod proceeded with the transaction of routine business, the premanent organization (election of moderator and clerks) having been perfected at the initial meeting on the previous evening.

Rev. T. H. Law, financial secretary of the American Bible Society, and Rev. F. C. Thacker and Rev. D. P. Judkin, of Virginia, were invited to seats with the Synod as corresponding members.

A communication from the Norfolk Presbytery of the Virginia Synod was read, in which it was proposed that a certain northeastern section of the North Carolina Synod, including Elizabeth City, be transferred from the North Carolina to the Virginia Synod, becoming a part of the Norfolk Presbytery. No action was taken in the matter, a motion prevailing that a committee investigate the propriety of such a change and report to this session of the Synod.

Standing Committees Appointed

At this juncture the moderator announced the following standing committees, the first named member of each being chairman, to-wit:

Bills and Overtures—Rev. William Black, D. D., Rev. Jas. M. Wharey, D. D., Rev. I. W. Slagg, D. D., Rev. James Thomas, Rev. M. M. G. Shields, Elders J. W. Lindsay, A. C. McAllister, Stephen A. White.

Judicial Committee—Rev. P. R. Law, D. D., Rev. J. M. Rose, D. D., Rev. F. M. Farris, Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., Rev. R. A. Miller, Rev. J. T. Ward, Elders T. A. Henry, J. T. Kell, J. W. Summers, T. M. Check.

Address to the Church on the State of Religion—Rev. E. W. Smith, D. D., Rev. E. M. Davis, Rev. W. P. McCorkle, Rev. W. R. Coppedge, Rev. H. T. Graham, Rev. R. M. Williams, Elders J. G. Hall, Dr. M. W. Hill, John McNeill, Dr. W. P. Beall, Dr. B. B. Palmer.

Systematic Beneficence—Rev. I. B. Morton, Rev. F. H. Johnson, D. D., Rev. J. T. Wade, Rev. E. P. Bradley, Rev. Daniel J. Currie, Rev. H. L. Bradshaw; Elders J. J. Allen, C. A. Summerville.

Report of Trustees of Synod—Rev. E. C. Murray, D. D., Rev. W. R. McClelland, Rev. P. C. Morton; Elders C. A. Summerville, J. H. Clinkark.

Devotional Exercises—Rev. E. Daniel, D. D., and Elder Julius Lewis.

Statistical Reports of Presbyteries—Rev. W. W. Pharr, D. D., Rev. A. McLauchlin, Rev. W. T. Matthews, Rev. G. T. Thompson; Elders Williams Anderson, H. E. Shoaf.

Synodical Records—Rev. H. David Fairley, Rev. J. McL. Seabrook, Rev. H. W. Hoon, Rev. R. S. Arrowood; Elders H. G. Tyson, I. A. Hodgin.

Leaves of Absence—Rev. R. T. Johnston, Rev. C. H. Dobbs, Jr., Rev. A. M. Harrell, Rev. H. D. LeQuenx, Rev. W. C. Brown; Elders J. W. Lindsay, J. P. McIver, W. L. Williams.

Minutes of General Assembly—Rev. L. B. Turnbull, D. D., Rev. J. Rumple, D. D., Rev. S. H. Isler, Rev. W. T. Walker, Rev. C. G. Vardell, Rev. J. R. Howerton, D. D., Elders A. M. Sauvers, J. W. Gulick, G. W. Denny, D. D. McKinnon.

Union Theological Seminary—Rev. H. G. Hill, D. D., Rev. Robt. E. Caldwell, D. D., Rev. A. R. Shaw, Rev. A. T. Graham, Rev. J. P. McMillan, D. D., Rev. J. A. Gilmer, Rev. G. L. Cook, Elders B. F. Hill, Dr. H. L. Smith, Leo. D. Heartt.

Treasurer's Books—Rev. C. M. Meserve, Rev. G. A. Sparrow, Rev. Cockrane Preston, Rev. G. Thompson; Elders J. H. Thomas, H. M. McDonald.

Records of Presbyteries—Orange, Rev. I. S. Black, Rev. K. A. McLeod, Rev. C. E. Hodgin, Rev. W. A. Murray, Rev. R. D. Stinson; Elders J. W. McMillen, A. L. James. Fayetteville—Rev. Cornelius Miller, Rev. W. R. Minter, Rev. L. M. Kinshaw; Elders C. W. Johnston, J. H. Thomas. Wilmington—Rev. W. F. Thorn, Rev. J. W. Goodman; Elders R. B. Alexander, A. C. Miller. Mecklenburg—Rev. E. D. Brown, Rev. W. S. Wilson, Rev. S. L. Cathey; Elders W. T. Cravens, W. L. Williams. Albemarle—Rev. W. C. Brown, Rev. A. N. Ferguson; Elders Henry Fairley, D. D. St. Clair. Asheville—Rev. John Wakefield, Rev. J. C. Kennedy; Elders J. M. McIver, John McLean.

Following the announcement of the committees there was a report regarding Union Theological Seminary which was referred to a special committee for further investigation, and overtures from the Fayetteville and Albemarle Presbyteries were also referred to proper committees as was another from the board of trustees of Davidson College, the latter being with reference to the 20th century fund.

By special order the election of a stated clerk to succeed Rev. J. A. Ramsay, D. D., deceased, the position under appointment of the moderator since last February by Rev. D. I. Craig, of Reidsville, was taken up, and Rev. Mr. Craig elected to complete the unexpired term of Dr. Ramsay.

Dr. Lumpkin's Address

At 11 o'clock the Synod took a recess so that devotional exercises could be conducted until 12 o'clock under the leadership of Rev. J. R. Rumple, D. D., and Rev. R. Z. Johnston, D. D., the administering of the Lord's Supper being a feature of the service. And thereafter the address of Rev. J. H. Lumkin, educational secretary of the Southern General Assembly, on ministerial education, was heard as a special order.

The address is quite an able one and created a deep impression and awakening of interest in the great cause of an educated ministry.

Dr. Lumpkin reviewed the progress of ministerial education during the past decade and more, and expressed apprehension that there is a tendency among the Presbyterians as well as other denominations to disparage the importance of this, one of the most important of all the obligations of the Church. He said there were enrolled in the seminary last year 195 students—103 theological beneficiaries and 92 taking the regular collegiate course; and the Assembly raised toward the support of these $18,367—the largest amount since 1895. There will be 200 students this year and $30,000 will be needed, $20,000 of this being absolutely necessary for the maintenance of the work.

Dr. Lumkin emphasized the importance of making ample provision for a future ministry adequate to the needs of the age, well grounded in the doctrine of the Church and thoroughly educated. He pointed out the imperative duty of the Church to provide and perpetuate such a ministry.

Statistics were quoted which indicated a marked decrease in the number of young men who present themselves as candidates for ministerial students, and possible causes for this falling off given. Dr. Lumkin said the decrease was more than 30 per cent. within the past year or two. This he attributed partly to a spirit of worldliness which is ingratiating itself in the Church life. Also to a spirit among some to disparage the avocation of the ministry and an impression extant that a "dead line" so to express it, has been drawn by churches beyond which age a minister is sidetracked and is no longer in demand as a pastor. Churches seem to be on the look-out for young men not more than 45 at oldest, and a minister is little in demand as a pastor after he reaches 50. These conditions are, Mr. Lumkin said, not as they should be.

The Church must not set aside old age among her ministry and with them the wisdom, consecration and ability which comes with gray hairs. He said the Church must meet this issue and on its solution depends much of the future development of the church.

The speaker also lamented a tendency of late years on the part of denominational schools to give certificates, and on the part of churches to ordain young ministers who have not really completed the course of preparatory studies, thus making a sort of short cut to the ministry.

The criticism current also that many theological beneficiaries are unworthy of the aid they receive was also referred to at length by the speaker, who insisted that there should be some more effectual way of preventing impositions such as these. He declared, however, that the great majority of the young men who have in the past and are now receiving aid in their preparation for the ministry are in every way worthy.

In conclusion he urged upon the Synod that every public assistance in

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

CONGER UNHAMPERED

Comments of London Press Apparently Based on Misapprehension.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Upon inquiry in an authoritative quarter it is learned that the comments of the London press on the attitude of the United States in the pending negotiations of China are founded on a complete misunderstanding. So from the government interposing any obstacles to an agreement among the powers at Pekin, Mr. Conger, it is said, has been instructed frequently and in urgent terms to do everything possible to bring about a speedy agreement.

This government, according to the statement of a high official, took no part in the expedition to Poating-Fu, but it made no protest against it and has given no expression of opinion to the other powers as to its propriety. This government, the same official further asserted, is in agreement with the powers in demanding severe and adequate punishment of the principal wrong-doers, indemnity for the past, and security for the future. It does not, however, at this distance, presume to decide who are the most guilty, what punishment must be inflicted in each particular case and what sentences are possible of execution. These matters, as well as that of indemnity, so the official reclared, are left to the negotiations on the spot. It is to be presumed that they will not exact reparation, either personal or pecuniary, which it would be beyond the power of China to carry out.

CANIBALS PUNISHED

Natives Killed and Villages Burned in Revenge for a Massacre

San Francisco, Nov. 14.—The German schooner Mascot, which is in from Bismarck, Archipelago, brings a stirring story of fights with carnibal natives of the island of Matupi. The Mascot's sails are full of bullet holes, and her rail and cabin are splintered from rifle fire. Captain Maceo says that when he went to Matupi to replenish the station of August Matzek, a German trader, he found the place burned and in the embers of the fire were the half-burned bones of Matzek and ten black boys who helped him. The victims had evidently been murdered and then eaten by the natives. Captain Maceo sailed for Kusai, where he secured the aid of the German cruiser Zeadler. The cruiser landed men at Matupi, killed 150 natives and burned 130 villages. The men spread so much terror that it is believed there will not be any more outrages for many years. Maceo afterwards established a new station on another island, where the natives had never heard a gun discharged. Three thousand fled when the rifles were fired and five were killed.

FIGHT ON SIMMONS

Senator Pritchard Prepared to Declare War.

POLL BOOKS IN EVIDENCE

Big Box of Them in the Senator's Committee Room—Wholesale Frauds Will Be Alleged and the Legality of the Election of the Legislature Will Be Questioned—Linney and Pearson Want Soft Berths

Washington, Nov. 14.—Special.—A box five feet long, two feet deep and three feet wide, weighing perhaps 300 pounds, standing in a corner of Senator Pritchard's committee room in the Senate annex, otherwise called the Maltby building, is destined to play a prominent part in the Senate this winter. It contains poll-books kept by the Republican committee of North Carolina at the last election. The evidence contained in these books will be used to impeach the validity of the election of Mr. Simmons to the United States Senate. It is certain that such a contest will be inaugurated when the new Senate is sworn in March 4th, at the extra session of the Senate. The Senate is always called in extra session at the commencement of a new administration. There is no probability of an extra session of the House.

The grounds upon which Mr. Simmons' election will be contested are that the negroes were not allowed to vote in the August election, that many Republican votes cast were not counted and, that as fraud vitiates everything, the Legislature then elected was not a legal body.

The poll books kept at the late election will be used in comparing the vote of August with the vote in November. These poll books were kept by Republican watchers. As men passed into the polling booths, they were handed, it is said, Republican tickets. As they came out they stated to other Republican watchers that they had voted the Republican ticket. The name of each voter was noted in the book and when the returns were made unless the number of Republican ballots corresponded with the number of Republican ballots alleged to have been cast as counted by the watchers, the Republicans alleged that fraud is conclusively shown. This is an illustration; say the watchers return fifty Republican votes as cast, but the election officers return only thirty Republican ballots; then they say that twenty votes cast for the Republican candidates were returned as cast for the Democratic candidates. These poll books also show that many more votes were cast in the late election known as the August election, and they will be put in evidence to prove that in the August election, held under the State law, Republicans were afraid to vote, while in the late election, held under Federal law, the people voted.

Mr. Hyams, secretary of the North Carolina Republican Committee, said to your correspondent today that the sentiment among Republicans in North Carolina and with many gold Democrats was that Mr. Simmons' election should be contested, and he had no doubt that the matter would be called to the attention of the Senate when Mr. Simmons' credentials were presented to that body.

Senator Pritchard and wife left Marshall, N. C., today for a trip to Oregon. The senator will be back on the opening day of Congress, December 3d.

Former Congressman Harry Skinner voted the straight Republican ticket at the recent election.

Mr. Hyams, Senator Pritchard's secretary, has returned here and will remain here from now on until Congress meets and adjourns.

Considerable speculation is indulged in here as to what will be done for former Congressmen Linney and Pearson. The former wants a soft berth and efforts to land him in one will be made. It is known that Mr. Pearson would not object to going abroad in a diplomatic capacity and perhaps, in the shuffle that will occur after next March, his desires may be gratified.

There is no foundation for the report that Senator Butler will displace Mr. Bernard as United States district attorney.

A new postoffice has been established at Matney, Watauga county, with R. C. Billings as postmaster.

These pensions have been granted: Hattie S. Ballow, Mica, $8; Mary Levina Williams, Lincolnton, $8.

Postmasters have been appointed in North Carolina as follows: A. Windley, Bath, Beaufort county, vice A. S. Jackson, removed; Columbus E. Olvey, Cobbs Cherokee county, vice John H. Adams, resigned; Owen Jones, Coakley, Edgecombe county, vice J. B. Cherry, removed; Julian F. Lewis, Ivanhoe, Sampson county, vice E. J. W. Anders, resigned.

THE NEW BERN FAIR

The Floral Pageant an Unique and Attractive Feature Yesterday

New Bern, N. C., Nov. 14.—Special.—There was a fine attendance at the fair today. The floral pageant was an entire success, six prizes and two special prizes being awarded to the most beautiful turnouts. The first prize went to Mrs. S. L. Dill, Jr., and Miss Mamie Daniels. The decision being made by three judges.

The race track was in good condition. The trotting race, 2:20 class was won by Defender in 2:30; 2:29; 2:30½, best three heats in five. The running race, best two in three was won by Earn. Time 1:14 and 1:16—two-thirds mile.

The city is filled with people, three fair balls and three nights of the Herald Square Opera Company furnishing additional amusements.

Stand Collapses at a Bull Fight

Madrid, Nov. 14.—Twelve persons were killed and 200 injured by the collapse of a stand during a bull fight organized by female toreros at Pedriguer, province of Alicante, yesterday.

SILENT AS A SPHINX

Kruger Smokes When Interviewers Ask Questions

HE WANTS INFORMATION

Oom Paul Finds Out All He Can and Tells Nothing He Knows—Affairs in South Africa Interest Him Most Though He is Not Unconcerned About Plans for His Reception in France—His Health Apparently Good

London, Nov. 14.—The arrival of ex-President Kruger, of the South African republic, is chronicled in a dispatch from Suez. Oom Paul arrived at Suez in the Dutch warship Gelderland, en route to Europe, this morning at 10 o'clock. Despite frequent reports that Mr. Kruger has been ailing, he appears to be in good health and excellent spirits. He shows no ill effects from his long voyage from Lorenzo Marquez.

Oom Paul, who is without doubt one of the world's most conspicuous figures today, notwithstanding the overwhelming defeat of his cause against England, asked for news with the greatest interest upon his arrival today, and sought to obtain all the information possible concerning the trend of events in the Transvaal.

He also exhibited interest in the plans for his reception going forward in France.

But when he was questioned the aged statesman became as reticent as a sphinx. He calmly smoked his pipe and refused to talk for publication about recent events in South Africa. He also declined to answer any questions concerning his approaching reception in Europe or his reported mission with the powers.

Mr. Kruger's arrival caused a great stir in Suez, and people everywhere exhibit the most decided curiosity, not unmingled with admiration for the venerable South African Dutchman, who had the temerity to defy the power of Great Britain.

An effort was made at Suez to discover what Mr. Kruger's intentions are concerning his program in Europe, but Oom Paul persistently refused to give any inkling concerning them. It is known, however, that he has had many assurances of a warm welcome from various cities, and that his sojourn will be made pleasant, and the demonstrations for him will be more in keeping with those tendered a victorious man than a defeated one.

Jeffries and Sharkey Will Fight Again

New York, Nov. 14.—A match was made in this city today by James Jeffries, the champion pugilist, and Tom Sharkey. The terms in the agreement are that the winner shall take the entire purse. The battle will be decided next May before the club offering the largest purse.

A College Burned

Roanoke, Va., Nov. 14.—Virginia College was burned to the ground this morning. The young women students saved practically nothing of their effects. No lives were lost. The loss is about $75,000, partly covered by insurance.

PRITCHARD'S GUN WILL KICK

Settle Warns Him that He Has Tackled Something Dangerous

BETTER LET THE SIMMONS MATTER ALONE

Logical Consequences of Questioning the Validity of the Election of the Legislature in August—Should Simmons Be Rejected Aycock Would Immediately Reappoint Him and Then the Fight Would Have Just Begun—August and November Elections Held Under the Same Laws—Successful Contest of Simmons' Seat Would Place Blackburn and Moody in an Uncomfortable Situation

Asheville, N. C., Nov. 14, 1900.

Hon. J. C. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C.

My Dear Senator—Having, like yourself, the interest of the Republican party at heart, National and State, I trust that you will not misconstrue the motives prompting me to address you this letter.

The results of the November election speak for themselves, to the intelligent mind. I understand from various sources, official and unofficial, that it is the policy of a number of gentlemen composing the Republican organization of this State, through you as Senator, to protest against seating Mr. Simmons when he presents his credentials as Mr. Butler's successor. I am opposed to that policy and hope that you will not give ear to it. I see no good in it to the Republican party or to the State. On what grounds will you object to his being sworn in and ask the reference of his credentials to the Committee on Privileges and Elections? The case of Roberts from Utah is not applicable. You cannot establish anything against Mr. Simmons, personally, that would justify the Senate in refusing him admission. You would therefore have to base your case on political and legal or politico-legal issues, to-wit: North Carolina had not at the time of the election of the members of the legislature which elected Mr. Simmons United States Senator a republican form of government guaranteed by the Constitution, and therefore said legislature, so elected, had no power to elect a Senator. Suppose you succeed in convincing a majority of the Senate that the contention is sustained by the law and the facts, what then? Mr. Aycock would immediately appoint Mr. Simmons to fill the vacancy, and your fight would just have begun. You would, in the language of my lamented friend, Gen. J. M. Leach, only have "entered the vestibule of attack." Could you continue that fight upon the ground that Aycock, the Governor, himself elected under the same law, had no power to appoint a Senator to fill a vacancy? Again, should you succeed, if the United States or State Supreme Court should, upon a contest growing out of any act of the present legislature, sustain such a decision of the Senate, "where, oh, where"? The returns of the November election, as compared with those of the August election, show great gains by the Republican party. The August election and the November election were held under the same law. If we had no republican form of government in August we had none in November. Our laws were the same in each election. If the credentials of the members of the legislature can be investigated and set aside by the United States Senate upon the allegation that there exists no republican form of government at the time they were elected to the legislature, and therefore declines to admit the man this legislature has elected to represent the State, have you not gotten the State and the Republican party in a very awkward position? How can you assault the credentials of Mr. Simmons and not assault the credentials of every Congressman from the State, including those of Moody and Blackburn, Republican members from the Eighth and Ninth districts? If the election of either is under the condition of the non-existence of a republican form of government, the same is true with reference to all our National Representatives. You cannot maintain that Moody and Blackburn were elected under a republican form of government, and that Simmons, Kluttz, Kitchin, Small et al. were elected under a non-republican form of government. I am not Mr. Simmons' champion. I suppose I had as much to do with the opposition to his confirmation as collector of internal revenue as any living man in the State. My opposition was political; and as I was then in a contest for a seat in Congress with Mr. Williams, and Senator Ransom was taking sides with Williams, I made the fight in behalf of the Republican party and to give Senator Ransom something to attend to at home.

If this issue is made, how will it be done? Clearly on the ground of the present improperly called "Simmons election law," the constitutional amendment and the conditions and circumstances attending the election, is the answer. You cannot invoke the Wilmington riot that occurred under a Republican and Populist election law.

The business interests of the State, as represented by the merchants, manufacturers, bankers, railroad men and all laborers will come to us if we only give them an available opportunity to do so.

Why, then, not "let the dead past bury its dead"? Act in the living present, heart within and God o'erhead.

Sincerely your friend,

THOMAS SETTLE.

YESTERDAY'S RACES

Fast Fliers First Under the Wire on the Track at Aqueduct

New York, Nov. 14.—Results at Aqueduct Track:

First Race—About 7/8 mile. Bastile 15 to 1, Trumpet 5 to 2, Imp 7 to 5. Time, 1:25 2-5.

Second Race—5/8 mile. Orienta 9 to 2, Annie Thompson 5 to 1, Mesaba 6 to 5. Time, 1:01 3-5.

Third Race—Mile, 70 yards. Tolnea 3 to 1, Double Dummy 6 to 5, Tension 60 to 1. Time, 1:46 3-5.

Fourth Race—1 1-16 mile. Philippine 5 to 2, Knight of The Garter 4 to 5, Sir Fitzhugh 7 to 1. Time, 1:49 1-5.

Fifth Race—About 7/8 mile. Queen Carnival 5 to 2, The Puritan 5 to 2, Billionaire 7 to 2. Time, 1:37 1-5.

Sixth Race—Mile, 70 yards. Maple 12 to 1, Monmouth Boy 9 to 2, Give and Take 7 to 1. Time, 1:49 2-5.

Entries for Today

First Race—About 7/8 mile, selling. Huintzilopochtle 115, Spurs 108, Ringleader 102, Shoreham 107, Midnight Chimes 104, Dinaldo 109, Fonsolee 107, Chamberlain 119, Dye 109, Decimal 99, Mercer 104, Charles Estes 104, Buffoon 112 Elfin Conig 107, Mordelmo 107, Bettie Grey 115, Hawk 109, Templar 104.

Second Race—5½ furlongs. 2 years old. McAddie 126, The Musketeer 118, Rappenecker 107, Silver Tooth 107, Snark 109, Military 100, Himself 108, Isia 111, Moor, 102, Flara 97, Amorita 95, Miss Lazarone 87.

Third Race—1 mile, 70 yards, selling. King Barleycorn 116, Excelsis 96, Henry McCoun 102, Wait Not 116, Prince Florist 101, Lancewood 97, Pins 103, Bettie Grey 107.

Fourth Race—1 mile, 70 yards, Handicap. All Ages. Irrusive 129, First Whip 114, Hesper 108, Belle of Troy 107, Grey Feld 105, Withers 103, King Bramble 102, Knight of The Garter 1 Alsike 95, King Barleycorn 104, Rochester 89.

Fifth Race—3/4 mile, 2 year old, selling. Nonpariel 101, Chaos 98, Kid 93, About 98, Estetada 93, Schoolmaster 101, Pigeon Post 107, Yorkshire Boy 104, Edna Brown 104, Lampkin 104, Anna Darling 99, Lone Fisherman 104.

Sixth Race—1 mile, 70 yards all ages. Warrenton 126, Hand Vice 91, Amorita 88, Humbolt 91, George Simons, 1 Estetada 88, Ross Clark 118, Frank Webb 115, Elsie Skip 115, Diana Henrietta 88, Ginki 91, Impartial 126, Princeton Girl 88.

Monitor Nantucket Sold

Washington, Nov. 14.—The Navy Department today disposed of two condemned naval craft, the old single-turreted monitor Nantucket and the tug Cheyenne. There were five bids for the monitor, the highest being that of Messrs. Thomas Butler & Co., of Boston, at $13,111, and six bids on the tug, the highest being that of G. D. Keeper, of New York city at $1,690. Considerable interest was shown in the bidding, owing to the historic interest in the Nantucket, which was built during the Civil War.

WEDDING CALLED OFF

Bridegroom Found Dead While the Bride Was Waiting at the Church

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 14.—Sergeant Major Edwards, of the Royal Artillery was found dead at the door of his quarters in the Citadel when a carriage called today to convey him to Trinity church, where he was to be married.

Near the body a carbine was found which, either by accident or with suicidal intent, had been discharged and a bullet from which had passed through the head of the dead soldier. The body was taken to the hospital.

News of the death of Sergeant Major Edwards was carried to the church, where the bride, Miss Allen, and friends were waiting for the groom to arrive. Miss Allen was thrown into hysterics by the information and she was removed quickly to her home and placed under the care of a physician.

The friends of the sergeant major are unable to believe that he committed suicide. He was 40 years of age, and had seen 19 years of service.

KAISER AND REICHSTAG

His Majesty Discourses Concerning the Troubles in China

Berlin, Nov. 14.—In his speech on opening the Reichstag today, Emperor William said that fanatical hate and dark supperstition, spurred on by unscrupulous advice to the court had misled the Chinese into the attrocieties of last summer.

The news of the murder of the German minister Baron Von Ketteler, the emperor said, had united all nations who otherwise would have been separated and the only desire of the powers now was to restore order in the country, punish the guilty and prevent a repetition of such outrages. He regretted that it was impossible to convoke the Reichstag at the time of the outbreak, but it was then impracticable to state the probable cost of the operations. Now he was confident the Reichstag would agree to the expenditure necessary to protect German interests and honor.