

# Cold Comfort for Bernard At Department of Justice

### Holton and Dancy Made Happy—Dockery's Turn Will Come in a Few Days

Washington, Jan. 8.—Special.—The Civil Service Commission today announced that examinations will be held in this city this spring for positions in the departmental service as follows: Asheville, April 2; Greensboro, April 10; Raleigh, April 22; Wilmington, March 24 and April 22.

William Nobles of Eoka has been granted a pension of \$8 a month.

The following post office changes are recorded:

J. A. Barry at Elizajay, Macon county, vice J. T. Henry, removed; Robert F. Holman at Holman's Mills, vice A. J. Washburn, resigned; A. P. MacDonnell at Smiths, Bladen county, vice J. B. Squires, resigned.

Senator Simmons was in the Senate today. His wife was much better, and it is expected that she will be able to join him within two weeks.

Messrs. Klutz and Bellamy appeared in the House today.

The re-nomination of United States

District Attorney Holton today shows that Mr. Ellis' charges against him had practically no effect.

Mr. Thomas today introduced in the House a bill to pay the estate of Howard Brevington of Sampson county \$2,493 for supplies during the war.

Marshall Mott of Wilkesboro is here. United States District Attorney Bernard left here this morning. He was at the Department of Justice and found out that the charges against him would not affect the appointment. He also found out that Senator Pritchard would have the naming of the man. Mr. Bernard has not yet found out and will not until his successor is named, that he is not in it. Who his successor is, Senator Pritchard can tell, but as he is absent, no one here can say, except that it will not be Bernard.

A letter received from Senator Pritchard today states that his wife is better, but not out of danger. He does not say when he will be in Washington.

Among the nominations that were decided upon today and will soon be made, was that of Henry C. Dockery, who will be re-appointed United States Marshal of the Eastern District of North Carolina.

Dancy's name was sent to the Senate today.

Foreign office made inquiries of the ministers today regarding the turning over of the native customs receipts of the hands of the Chinese. These receipts were formerly the private revenue of a man belonging to the Empress Dowager. Li Hung Chang endeavored to retain them for government use. It is understood that they will be turned over without a demand from the ministers.

## GORMAN NOMINATED

Annapolis, Jan. 8.—Arthur P. Gorman of Howard county was nominated tonight by the Democratic caucus as United States Senator without a dissenting vote. This assures his return to the United States Senate to succeed George L. Wellington. Senator Gorman had served 18 years continuously in the United States Senate before he was defeated by Wellington in 1890. His public services in that body are well known, particularly his leadership in the fight against the force bill. The caucus also nominated Murray Vagدير as state treasurer. Balloting will begin Thursday week for the senatorship.

## AMERICANS NOT WANTED

New Orleans, Jan. 8.—Dr. Daniel S. Brossan, who went to South Africa as surgeon on a British horse and mule transport, returned here today. He offered his services as surgeon of the British army in the Transvaal, but they were declined on the ground that American degrees were not recognized in the British service. Dr. Brossan reports that the American muleteers are no longer allowed to enlist in the British service nor even to land at Cape Town, as so many of them had deserted the British army or enlisted with the Boers.

In a fight near Port Elizabeth some Boers were captured and it was found that several of them were Americans who had come to South Africa from New Orleans as muleteers in a British transport. No American muleteers are now allowed to leave the ship.

## TELEGRAPH TERSITIES

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 8.—Senator Wm. J. Deboe was tonight honored with the Republican nomination for Senator by acclamation.

Pekin, Jan. 8.—Some sailors belonging to the British cruiser *Algerine* sided with the American bluejackets in their brawl with the Russians at Nieu Chwang.

Copenhagen, Jan. 8.—It is stated that Iceland, Greenland, the Faroe Islands and Canada will shortly be connected with the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy. Iceland, it is said, will spend \$150,000 for this purpose and is already negotiating with Mr. Marconi for the installation of the system between Iceland and the Shetland Islands.

Berlin, Jan. 8.—A Silesian newspaper states that Emperor William has decided to send Baron Von Loen to the United States to study agricultural conditions in that country.

McKeessport, Pa., Jan. 8.—In a street fight here today between boys of St. Peter's Catholic School and the public schools one little girl was fatally injured, one boy will lose the sight of an eye, a teacher was mobbed and a dozen or more school children painfully injured.

## NEW ORLEANS RACES

New Orleans, Jan. 8.—Results of today's races:

First, 1 mile—Free Coinage 15 to 1, won; Little Jack Hornor 3 to 2, second; Imp Albia 3 to 1, third. Time 1:00.

Second, 2-year-old, 3 mile—O'Hagen 6 to 5, won; Cast Iron 3 to 1, second; Quixada, 60 to 1, third. Time 1:14.

Third, selling, 1 mile—Ecmoe 5 to 1, won; Miss Soak 20 to 1, second; Add 30 to 1, third. Time 1:41.

Fourth, 1 1/2 miles—Nitrate 3 to 1, won; W. B. Gave 6 to 1, second; Azin 3 to 1, third. Time 2:34.

Fifth, handicap, 1 1/4 miles—J. McCarthy 4 to 1, won; Rosenda 5 to 1, second; Andes 2 to 3, third. Time 1:47.

Sixth, selling, 1 1/2 miles—Admetus 5 to 2, won; Warranted 6 to 5, second; Mezgs 2 to 1, third. Time 2:48.

Entries for Today

First, selling, 1 mile—The Rush 123, Horshoe Tobacco 120, Charles C. 119, John G. Ford, Star of Bethlehem, Barney Saal 117, St. David 116, Lady Kent 115, Small Jack 113, Carl Kahler 112, Aaron, Princess Otille 111.

Second, selling, 1 1/4 miles—Corrillo, Admiral Schley 112, F. R. McConnell, Bequest 109, Little Henry 107, Socapa 104, Esther Riggs, Flying Eagle, Mattie Bazar, Little 102, Little Les 101, Zack Phelps 100.

Third, selling, 3/4 mile—Missie, Meran 107, Siphon, Dr. Hart 104, Lathrop, Cousine, Little Emmy, The Fashion, Ken Middle 97, Trentham, Lady Clark, Rusty 95.

Fourth, handicap, 1 mile—Pleuron, Tom Kingsley 105, If You Dare, Velma Clark, Blue Haze 98, Amizari 92.

Fifth, selling, 1 mile—Tenderloin, Joe Donaghy 107, Linden Ellis, Incidental, Del Allan 102, Van Horchels 100, Eva Rice 100, Cas Iron 99, Pirates Queen 97, James Fitz 89.

Sixth, selling, 1 1/4 miles—Radford 112, Donator, Myrl, Eda Riley, Eugenia S. C. 106, Miss Soak 107, Hutch Miller 106, Ida Penzance 104, Star Cotton 104, Haldee, Shut Up, Kingstella 102.

She Didn't Wear a Mask

But her beauty was completely hidden by sores, blotches and pimples till she used Buckner's Arnica Salve. Then they vanished as well as all Eruptions and Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Carbuncles and Fleshy growths on the face. Infallible for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Scalds and Piles. Cure guaranteed. 25c. at all druggists.

"Instead of improving with age," says the Mantrunk Philosopher, "some wine turns to vinegar." It is also that way with some people. —Philadelphia Record.

## "LIE LOW," SAYS HILL

Boston, Jan. 8.—Former Congressman John B. Hill made a call on David B. Hill in Albany yesterday on his way from Troy, where he spoke Monday night. Mr. Fitzgerald was very anxious that Mr. Hill should come to Massachusetts this winter and speak, but the ex-Senator would make no definite promise.

"We are in a peculiar position at the present time and my advice to the Democrats is to lie low," said Senator Hill. "We can win in 1904 if we cease our quarreling and bickering. Conservative utterances with a little common horse sense will bring about the desired result."

## A Farmer Jumps Off

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 8.—Special.—John Henry, a well known farmer, living three miles from Charlotte, committed suicide this afternoon by hanging himself with a rope from a tree. Henry after tying the rope about his neck and to a tree limb he mounted a wagon wheel and jumped off. His body was found later by some one passing. Deceased had been in bad health some time. This is believed to have caused him to become unbalanced. Henry leaves a wife and several children.

## Extradition Treaty

City of Mexico, Jan. 8.—The Pan-American Congress today adopted an extradition treaty which comprises sixteen articles covering completely the methods to be pursued in all extradition cases. It specifically provides that extradition can not be granted for political offences, excepting those acts which legislation by both the countries concerned classifies as anarchists.

## Cabinet Receptions

Washington, Jan. 8.—The custom of public receptions in cabinet homes has been revived and the first general reception was held this afternoon. Those receiving were Mrs. Root, Mrs. Knox, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Hitchcock and Miss Wilson. Many availed themselves of this first opportunity to visit the new cabinet homes.

## A Deep Mystery

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherler, of Peterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me as I could not get myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework."

It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c. at all druggists.

## MOVEMENT NORTH OF THE NEGROES

(New Orleans Picayune.)

The Picayune has long contended that the solution of the negro problem is their diffusion throughout the Union by emigrating largely from the Southern into the Northern States. This is not going to be in its first stages a rapid movement, but it will grow finally to great proportions and operate with constantly increasing rapidity.

It should be remembered that when the slaves were first free they were extremely ignorant. They had always remained upon the plantations upon which they were born or were sold to some other plantation where the same conditions existed. The negroes were, therefore, unaccustomed to travel and were destitute of any enterprise or spirit of adventure in that direction. The only exceptions were negroes in cities who had larger ideas of liberty, but they were, of course, comparatively few in number.

As the years pass by and the negroes of the younger generations are becoming educated, they display a greater disposition towards adventure and more desire to move about, and this sort of disposition will constantly grow. Already there is a very considerable movement among the negroes, as the last census shows.

The *Macon (Ga.) Telegraph* has been compiling the census, year and year some interesting facts showing the movement of the negro population. For example, there are now as many negroes in Pennsylvania as in Missouri, although twenty years ago, there were twice as many in the latter as in the former. During the same period Massachusetts and Delaware have undergone the same shifting process, the former, which once had only half as many, now having more than twice as many negroes as the latter. New Jersey also has almost doubled its negro population during the last two decades by influx from States farther South.

Moreover, the white population of Maryland since 1880 has increased nearly 230,000 while the negro population has increased less than 15,000. Virginia in twenty years has gained 312,000 white people, and has gained only 20,000 negroes. North Carolina in the same period has gained, in round figures, 400,000 white people and only 33,000 negroes. Tennessee has gained 400,000 white people and only 77,000 negroes. Missouri has gained 922,000 white people and less than 16,000 negroes. Kentucky has gained almost 500,000 white people and only 13,000 negroes.

It is thus shown that while the negro populations of several States are increasing by immigration, they are relatively decreasing in all the more Northern States of the South, and the white populations are increasing rapidly. Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri are dividing their burden with the neighboring States of the North. The only States which have negro majorities are South Carolina and Mississippi, but nevertheless, some signs of a movement are seen.

South Carolina in 1880 contained 149,117 negroes to every 100,000 whites, but the census of 1900 shows 149,249

negroes to 100,000 whites. In our own State of Louisiana ten years ago there were 100,143 negroes to each 100,000 whites, whereas the new census shows only 89,193 negroes to 100,000 whites. Louisiana has lost her negro majority by emigration. The Mississippi River and the numerous railroads have taken them away to other States. The negroes first migrate from the plantations to the cities and towns. That is the beginning of the movement. It does not stop there, but goes on extending to other States.

Louisiana is the only one of the Gulf States that has experienced any considerable exodus of negroes. They first move from the Southern border States into the Northern border States. In Georgia there are 87,600 negroes for every 100,000 whites, as compared with 87,781 blacks ten years ago. In Florida Alabama and Mississippi there is not even this slight proportionate increase of whites, but on the contrary, a slight proportionate increase of blacks. The negroes from the Gulf States will move out. The great manufacturing trusts of the Northern States, if they cannot succeed in securing the admission of Chinese laborers, will invite the negroes from the South. The demand for the cheapest labor is for Asiatics; but, in default of that, the negroes come next, and they will be extensively employed in all great manufacturing concerns of the Northern States, sooner or later. And the renewal of hostile legislation by Congress against the Southern States will give a very decided spur to this movement. It will create serious friction between the races in the Southern States, and it will attract the negroes northward, where they suppose that their friends really are.

All the existing facts revealed by the census show that a very decided movement is in progress among the negroes, and all the indications are that it will go on growing and increasing until the negroes are pretty well distributed among the white population of the Northern States. That is manifest destiny, and it is operated by forces that cannot be stopped.

## About Farming and Other Business

(Kinneton Free Press.)

The New York Times thinks the best interests of the South lie in growing and preventing foreign spinners inducing other countries to grow cotton, and suggests that the employment of labor-saving devices of all kinds in harvesting and handling will enable the production of cotton at lower cost.

There is something in what the Times says. On the other hand there is generally no profit in cotton at present, and so short a crop, with other farm products and commodities at such high prices.

As to this immediate section—Eastern Carolina—the Free Press believes that there is as much profit in good farming in other lines of endeavor. The trouble with some farmers is that they don't study and apply their time to their business, but take things too easy. The farmer who works and sees that those in his employ also work, who raises plenty of food products for his own place and a little to sell when he goes to town after sugar, coffee, etc., is very likely to be prosperous, and we believe his life approach nearer the ideal than town or city life.

The writer does not pretend to know a thing about farming, but does believe what is said above to be true—based upon observation. There are prosperous farmers in this section, and, as in other lines of business, they are the ones who work hard and intelligently and practice reasonable economy. The same general principles apply to farming as to any other business. The town business that is worked only a few months in the year and neglected by the proprietor going away half the time, eventually fails. It is the same way with the farmer, except that our observation is that farming will stand the more neglect without failing.

Of course, this year, the farmer who grew cotton for a money crop and devoted only enough acreage to corn to make sufficient for himself with a good crop year, is in bad condition. But there are plenty of people in town also in bad condition—it seems that many people will be in bad condition any way and anywhere. We don't know any remedy for this evil, except the advice given by Lee at the close of the war—"Cultivate your virtues more and learn to live on less."

## A Difference in Nations

(Tacoma Ledger.)

Nearly two centuries ago England, deeming Gibraltar not safe to the Spanish, took charge of it herself. This, of course, was an act of courtesy. England has Gibraltar yet, and as if the Spanish

# Negroes Not Wanted in an Indiana Town

Indianapolis, Jan. 8.—D. J. Hess & Co. have the contract for building a sewer at Elwood, and last week all the negroes employed by the firm quit work because they were compelled to work in water. The company pleaded in vain and early this morning they imported 150 negroes and put them to work in building the sewer. Within an hour the white laborers congregated around and made several angry demonstrations, but the negroes continued at work. The court house bell was rung and business men closed their houses and all classes met in an indignation meeting which adopted resolutions against bringing the negroes into the town. The contractors were waited upon by a committee, but they were firm and refused to stop the work. The negroes were ordered to leave and a race war was imminent till the negroes were marched to the railway station under a police guard and went out of the place on a special train. The men then used their influence and the whites returned to work. Elwood citizens have always been opposed to the introduction of negroes into the place, and all classes of citizens participated in the indignation meeting. The negroes were willing to leave when their danger from the whites became manifest.

## SUBPOENAS IGNORED

Proposed Investigation of Consolidation of Railroads in Railroad Combines Postponed

Chicago, Jan. 8.—The proposed investigation of railroad combinations by the Interstate Commerce Commission did not occur today. Traffic practically ignored requests and subpoenas submitted by the Commission and the principal witness was not present. J. J. Hill, President of the Great Northern, who is supposed to be the best informed man in regard to Northern Securities concerns, failed to respond because he had to make an address somewhere up in Dakota. For this reason five members of the commission will travel from Washington to Chicago to hold another session January 24. Unless President Knapp is assured of the presence of officials he wishes to testify the United States Court will be asked to attend or proceed there for contempt.

"It is apparent to the commission," said Mr. Knapp, "from the nature of this investigation that these men, best informed and able to give the most valuable testimony, are not present. The commission is not inclined to begin the inquiry without the presence of the men who are absent for one reason or another. This time is not suitable to take testimony of the less important witnesses, and in consideration of that fact an adjournment will be taken until 10 o'clock January 24. Arrangements will be made to secure the presence of the absentees and such others as we think necessary at that time."

The commission left tonight for Kansas City, where an investigation into the local grain rates will be made. From there they will return to Washington. No date has been made for the New York session, when President Knapp expects that J. Pierpont Morgan will testify before the body.

## SUIT CALLED OFF

Proposed Investigation of Consolidation of Railroads in Mississippi Will Not Be Contested

New Orleans, Jan. 8.—All the towns in eastern Mississippi along the line of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad are in a fraternal warfare growing out of the consolidation of that road with the Southern Railway. There had been a promise that the new management would reduce rates. This it did for all the towns excepting the junction points where the line is crossed by other railroads, where the rates were advanced. The junction towns, which are of considerable size and importance, appealed to the Attorney General and the State Railroad Commission for legal action as the consolidation is in violation of the laws of Mississippi, which prohibits the consolidation of competing lines. Today the towns which had been favored in the matter of rates appeared in defense of the Southern and of the consolidation.

Committees of business men from Corinth, Rienzi, Ricavilla, Baldwin, Guntown, Saffilo, Verona, Canton, Okolona, Crawford, Rocksville, Macon, Shuqualak, Walnut, Scoville, Landers, Enterprise, Quitman, Shubuta and Waynesboro, all on the line of the Mobile and Ohio, appeared before the Railroad Commission and requested that they take legal action to prevent the consolidation or interfering with the consolidation of the Southern and Mobile and Ohio. They state that their interests are not suffering, their rates not having been advanced. The State Railroad Commission seems to be in conference to investigate fully before acting. The promised early suit against the consolidation has therefore been postponed indefinitely.

## LUMBER KILNS BURNED

Damage Suit for \$100,000 Instituted at Wilmington

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 8.—Special.—Two dry kilns at the plant of the Anglo-Lumber Company, situated on the Cape Fear river in the extreme northern part of the city, were destroyed by fire at eleven o'clock today. In the kilns were over 150 thousand feet of lumber, all of which was more or less damaged. The total loss will not exceed five thousand dollars, almost wholly covered by insurance. At one time it looked as if the flames would spread and great damage would result, as the company's water pressure was low and the plant is beyond the city water limits. But with the assistance of an engine from the fire department, the fire engine Marlon and the steamer Compton the flames were confined to the two kilns.

Probably the heaviest damage suit ever instituted in New Hanover county was filed with the clerk of the Superior Court today. Suit is brought against the Carolina Central Railroad Company by J. L. Love, formerly a conductor on the road. The complaint sets forth allegations that Love was injured by a collision near Croly December 20, 1900, through the carelessness of the company. On account of the several allegations the plaintiff asks for punitive damages in the sum of fifty thousand dollars and actual damages fifty thousand dollars. The case will probably be tried at the term of the Superior Court beginning January 27.

## After the Entry

Pekin, Jan. 8.—The court was occupied all day today in giving audience to high officials. The Emperor performed sacrifices at his imperial ancestors' temple and at other altars, "ac

### HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

FOR Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation, or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brick Dust Deposit, and all Disease of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings.

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Arising from Excesses or Indiscretions.

The Constitution once affected by Organic Weakness, requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu invariably does. If no treatment be submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

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In affections peculiar to females, is unexcelled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, Ulceration or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhoea, and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, impurities from habits of dissipation, impurities, decays, or in the Decline of Life.

HELMBOLD'S Fluid Extract Buchu AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases of the Urinary Organs arising from habits of dissipation, impurities, little or no change in diet, and no exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copoba and Mercury, in curing those unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S Fluid Extract Buchu

In all cases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Delicate Constitutions procure the Remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is sure to affect his bodily health, mental powers, happiness, and that of his posterity. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

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### HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Wake county, N. C., made and entered on the 9th day of December, 1901, in a special proceeding entitled J. C. Marcon, Administrator of W. B. Honeycutt, deceased, against Rebecca Honeycutt et al., being number 1027 of the Special Proceeding Docket of said court, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the house door in the City of Raleigh, N. C., on Monday, the 13th day of January, 1902, at 12 o'clock m., the following described tract of land, to-wit: Lot 10 and being in the State of North Carolina, Wake county, adjoining the lands of W. B. Medlin and others, in Mark's Creek township, and more fully described as follows:

Bounded on the north by W. B. Medlin, on the east by W. H. Richardson, on the south by Isham Hall and Willis Honeycutt and on the west by J. E. Todd, containing one hundred and forty acres more or less, being part of the land conveyed by Bryant Bagwell to Willis Honeycutt by deed dated 1845, and the same devised by Willis Honeycutt to B. T. Honeycutt by will recorded in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Wake county, N. C., book 35, page 290.

J. C. MARCON, Commissioner.

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|                 | Age. | Penn Mut. Life. | N. Y. Equitable Life. | Actna Life. | Mutl Life. | Phoenix Mutl Life. | Mutual Benefit. | Pruden. Mutl. | Mutual N. W. |
|-----------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 20-Payment Life | 25   | \$27.30         | \$31.83               | \$31.83     | \$30.48    | \$30.25            | \$30.77         | \$30.12       | \$30.69      |
|                 | 30   | 30.41           | 34.76                 | 34.33       | 33.40      | 33.20              | 33.85           | 32.87         | 33.50        |
|                 | 35   | 34.21           | 38.34                 | 38.06       | 36.96      | 36.87              | 37.16           | 36.22         | 36.95        |
|                 | 40   | 38.97           | 42.79                 | 42.91       | 41.34      | 41.46              | 41.54           | 40.38         | 41.25        |
| 15-Payment Life | 25   | \$92.47         | \$83.78               | \$83.35     | \$86.21    | \$85.99            | \$83.93         | \$86.40       | \$87.61      |
|                 | 30   | 26.18           | 41.78                 | 41.88       | 39.67      | 39.44              | 40.29           | 39.64         | 40.23        |
|                 | 35   | 40.16           | 45.91                 | 46.14       | 43.33      | 43.05              | 43.32           | 43.51         | 44.21        |
|                 | 40   | 46.18           | 50.92                 | 51.46       | 48.84      | 48.53              | 49.23           | 48.22         | 49.05        |
| 10-Payment Life | 25   | \$42.49         | \$51.67               | \$51.67     | \$48.00    | \$47.77            | \$49.33         | \$49.24       | \$50.45      |
|                 | 30   | 47.07           | 56.18                 | 56.18       | 52.62      | 52.28              | 53.90           | 53.52         | 54.05        |
|                 | 35   | 52.58           | 61.53                 | 61.53       | 58.11      | 57.72              | 59.09           | 58.58         | 59.21        |
|                 | 40   | 59.17           | 67.90                 | 67.90       | 64.61      | 64.30              | 65.30           | 64.59         | 65.55        |
| 20-Yr Endowment | 25   | \$47.07         | \$50.53               | \$50.53     | \$48.39    | \$50.18            | \$48.33         | \$48.15       | \$49.39      |
|                 | 30   | 48.09           | 51.31                 | 50.92       | 48.97      | 50.96              | 49.16           | 48.83         | 49.90        |
|                 | 35   | 49.54           | 52.47                 | 52.33       | 49.80      | 52.13              | 50.28           | 49.85         | 51.22        |
|                 | 40   | 51.81           | 54.31                 | 54.96       | 51.37      | 53.98              | 52.27           | 51.48         | 53.13        |

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