

## Troops Arrive at the Scene of the Rioting

### Turbulence in Other Sections May Require the Presence of Soldiers — Shenandoah Quits Down

Shenandoah, Pa., July 31.—This is the most turbulent union ridden town in the anthracite region. Where last evening riot and murder were in the air, today is as quiet and decorous as a summer morning.

The Pennsylvania National Guardmen were sent down on the town in the early morning in response to Governor Spang's order, and by one o'clock this morning the entire force ordered out on the ground armed and equipped, and a very business like looking body of men in their blue shirts and khaki uniforms. The price of the night's journey was on them as they swung into line in their march to Columbia park where they encamped, and the entire force of soldiers and Lithuanian strikers who had the sidewalks saw nothing in their appearance calculated to inspire the belief that a resumption in their presence of last evening's average turbulence would be an agreeable diversion.

It was 12:15 last night when the troops were ordered to move, at 2 o'clock they were on their way on special tracks, and at 6:35 this morning General Gobin, with four companies of the eighth regiment and one of the fourth regiment at the station here and another on the hill to the place already selected for the camp. From that hour on to one o'clock this evening, when the Governor's Troop from Harrisburg arrived, the soldiers streamed down town until all who were ordered to report were on the scene in full force.

General Gobin has under his command here in all about 1,500 men, all infantry save the Governor's Troop of 55 mounted men. There is no artillery as yet although one battery of six Gatling guns and a battery of six Colt's automatic guns are within call and can be quickly on the scene if their services were here to be needed.

The effect of the strike leaders now is to belittle the riot of last evening and to lay the responsibility for the shooting upon Deputy Sheriff Bedall, who was executing these machinists who had nothing whatever to do with the strike, when he and they were assaulted with a swatgun which meant murder and a shooting of a man. After repeatedly warning the mob in front of him to keep back he fired his pistol in the air. Wm. W. Vanehan, one of the machinists, was shot and badly beaten and is now in the hospital.

Thus far none of the injured has died although Joseph Bedall, brother of the sheriff, is reported this evening to be in a precarious condition. Police Sergeant Laney is at his home in this town, and he also is reported to be in a precarious condition. Chief of Police Fry is not very seriously hurt. His life was saved by Policeman Ringelizer who knelt over a revolver which a strike leader was leveling at the chief's head while the latter was assisting the machinists to get on the extra engine that was to take them away. Ringelizer shot the strike leader, and almost at the same time was shot himself. He is not seriously injured. The number of strikers shot are still incomplete and unreliable.

Inquiries among the doctors of the town show that fourteen had to have more or less serious wounds dressed, and their friends are doing all they can to screen them for fear that they may be arrested. The police force of Shenandoah consisted of six men and was practically entirely used up in the conflict, all the two having been shot or beaten, or both. They were not called on from police, against whom the strikers are extremely bitter, but are the property of the town.

The strike leaders who arrived today offered to open an office here and enlist special policemen and maintain law and order on their part, they said, was that the troops be withdrawn. When this offer was reported to General Gobin the general said it would not be necessary to take advantage of the offer to maintain law and order, but that the presence of troops here is unnecessary and that your order should be withdrawn.

In this Governor Spang replied that he already sent 1,500 personnel and representatives on the scene and that they were already doing all they could to maintain law and order. He said that the presence of troops here is unnecessary and that your order should be withdrawn.

Search for Magnetic Pole

Copenhagen, July 31.—Amandsen, the Norwegian explorer, has planned an expedition for next year to carry out the researches in connection with the magnetic pole, which was discovered in 1831 by Sir John Ross, but which is now believed to have changed its position. Amandsen will charter a schooner, believing that a small craft is best fitted for such an expedition. He will start next spring with seven companions from the west coast of Greenland, and will go through Baffin's Bay to Lancaster Sound. His idea is to make observations in connection with the magnetic pole. The expedition will return in 1905.

## TEXAS VERY WET

### Damage to Farms and Railroads is a Large Amount

Dallas, Tex., July 31.—The only ray of hope which penetrates the gloom of the flood situation comes from the weather reports which predict fair skies and the fact that the Brazos river at Waco is falling again.

Railroads are tied up worse than ever before in the history of the state. The only railroad which has so far estimated its damage is the International & Great Northern. General Passenger Agent Price of that road says the actual damage to the International road bed will reach \$100,000, and that road is not the worst sufferer.

Six lives lost was the total reported yesterday, five in the Samario valley and one at Wylie.

An accurate estimate of the losses is impossible, but with the damage to railroads, the drowning of live stock, the washing away of bridges, residences and business houses, in addition to the damage to cotton and other crops, it is safe to say that a million dollars will be a conservative amount.

No news has come from the 400 or 500 wood choppers who were cut off by the flood in Richland creek bottoms, but it is not now thought that any lives were lost there.

The Brazos river, after inundating farming lands for 200 miles south of Waco, is reported falling steadily at Waco, but rising slowly below Haines. It is estimated that there are from 30,000 to 40,000 acres of cultivated land under water near Haines.

A rough estimate of the number of acres of cotton and other crops practically ruined in the Brazos bottoms is 20,000.

## BUSINESS AT THE TREASURY

### Showing for the First Month After Repeal of the War Taxes

Washington, July 31.—Today ended the first month in the treasury department since the repeal of the war revenue taxes, and there has been great interest during the entire month as to what kind of a showing the month would make. The figures at the treasury department showed that the receipts for the month have been \$49,305,691 and the expenditures \$56,894,000, leaving a deficit for the month of \$7,488,309.

Secretary Shaw said this afternoon that this deficit was in no way discouraging, but on the other hand he was very much pleased with the outlook for a comfortable surplus for the coming fiscal year. In July a year ago the receipts and expenditures just about offset each other, as the expenditures in the first month of the fiscal year are always heavy.

The apparently large deficit for this month would have been decidedly smaller had there not been extraordinary payments during the month. For instance, the treasury paid to senators \$3,000,000 in claims arising out of the fitting up of troops for the civil war. There will be no more expenditures of this kind until after the adjournment of the next session of Congress.

The receipts from the different sources this month have been as follows: Customs \$24,430,743, internal revenue \$21,618,124, miscellaneous \$3,256,823. In July of last year the receipts from customs were \$21,203,968. Consequently an increase of over three millions in customs during the same month a year ago. In July of last year the receipts from internal revenue were \$28,333,190, showing a falling off for July of this year of \$6,720,036.

Should the receipts for the balance of the year make as good a showing comparatively as July, the surplus for the next fiscal year ought to amount to about \$25,000,000.

## PORTORICO

### Experience There a Guide for Shaping Things in the Philippines.

Oyster Bay, July 31.—A report on conditions in Porto Rico was made to President Roosevelt today by Governor William H. Hunt and Attorney General Harlan, who took luncheon at Sagamore Hill. The governor brought with him the auditor's papers for Porto Rico, showing a healthful condition which pleased the president.

In his plans for the establishment of a civil government in the Philippines the president wanted the information which these men could give him concerning the administration in Porto Rico, of which he is the head. It is probable that the lower house of the Philippine legislature authorized by the Lodge bill will be shaped after the Porto Rico assembly.

In response to a question by the president Mr. Harlan said material advantage had followed the enforcement of the convict labor law in Porto Rico.

Mr. Harlan was one of the first visitors to St. Pierre after the eruption of Mont Pelée. In telling the president about it he said the stories about the number of bodies exposed in the streets was exaggerated, that the number in the principal streets was not more than seven hundred.

## MAY YONE AFTER HER LOST JEWELS

### A Mere Trifle Recovered of Gems Worth a Fortune. Bitter Toward Strong

Plymouth, England, July 31.—May Yone arrived here this evening on the steamship Forest Bismarck under the alias of Mrs. M. Hatcher. When the tender reached the ship she stood along the side the rail. She wore a natty blue dress with gold buttons and white straw hat and black veil. She acknowledged the greetings of the reporters with a wave of the hand.

In an interview in the purser's room Miss Yone was very bitter in her talk about Putnam Bradley Strong. She denied his statement that he had pawned her jewels at her request and that he, she said, Strong, proceeds over to her. She said Strong absolutely lied in making his statement. He never gave her a cent. He stole the jewels and it could be proved by the New York police authorities. She said she had a warrant taken out for the arrest of Strong, but for his mother's sake had withdrawn it. Strong's relatives had paid her \$25,000 for \$400,000 worth of jewelry which he had from time to time stolen and pawned.

Of the \$22,000 she had received \$8,100 went to the pawn brokers and \$5,000 to the lawyers. The rest she had kept.

"What are you going to do with Strong?" one of the reporters asked.

"Let him alone," she answered. "I could have nailed him when he sailed on the St. Paul if I wanted to."

"Do you know that Strong is in Paris?" she was asked.

"So I have heard."

"Do you know where?"

"No, and I don't care."

"What is the object of your trip?"

"I am going to Genoa to get a \$3,000 pearl tiara and a \$2,000 diamond heart that Strong pawned there when we returned from Japan."

"Have you recovered all your jewelry?"

"I should say not," she answered, emphatically. "I got \$50,000 out of \$400,000 worth; that's all. A diamond necklace, a sapphire necklace and a nine stone diamond bracelet are still missing, and I do not know where they are. I am here trying to find them."

## NEW CIPHER CODE

### Something for the Army in Advance in Old Methods

Washington, July 31.—A new secret cipher code for the use of the war department and will be put into general use soon. Tests have shown that while complicated to the degree necessary to prevent deciphering by those who do not have the key book, it works successfully and is capable of translation easily by the family with its aid, notifying the army cipher experts are enthusiastic in its praise. The old code was not only difficult of translation and capable of confusion, causing many errors, but was not regarded as invulnerable against translation by foreign cipher experts.

The code was invented and prepared by Walter H. Allenworth, private secretary to Adjutant General Corbin, who has worked on it outside of office hours for several months.

## A SHORT STAY

### Minister Wu to Remain Till Next January

Washington, July 31.—Minister Wu Ting Fang received a cablegram today from the Pekin foreign office, notifying him to continue as China's representative in this country temporarily, not indefinitely as stated in press dispatches from Pekin. It was the original intention to have Sir Liang Cheng replace him as minister immediately upon the former's arrival here from London, but this plan has been altered.

Sir Liang will leave London for the United States in company with Prince Chen Saturday. They will remain in this country about ten days and then leave for China from Vancouver. Sir Liang will proceed with the prince to Pekin. He is expected to return to the United States about January 1 to assume the duties of minister.

## MATTERS COMPLICATED

### Principal Witness in a Criminal Case Burned to Death

Warsaw, Va., July 31.—Matters pertaining to the trial of John Lomax, colored, who some weeks ago committed a brutal assault upon the person of Miss Sissie Costenbader, the 13-year-old daughter of R. O. Costenbader, at Potomac Mills, Westmoreland county, have assumed a very complicated aspect since the plaintiff was fatally burned yesterday by the explosion of a coal oil can in her hands while in the act of making a fire in her mother's cook stove. Her clothing was completely burned from her body and her sufferings were intense. Last night was spent in great agony, death relieving her this morning.

The trial of Lomax is set for next Tuesday at Mountrose, and the deceased being the only witness to the assault, greatly complicates the proceedings. Fortunately, however, Miss Costenbader identified the prisoner at the preliminary trial which was held several hours after the assault.

## FIGHT ON A COMBINE

### Illinois Will Resist the Merger of Meat Packers

Chicago, July 31.—The state of Illinois will fight the proposed packers' combine. Attorney General Hamlin has been in Chicago for two days gathering evidence and will shortly proceed against the concerns proposing the merger. Whether the combine takes the form of a gigantic sales corporation or a mere consolidation of interests, the war against them will be instituted.

According to Mr. Hamlin, the state will not wait for the actual consolidation but will proceed as soon as possible at hand by strong enough to prevent the state to make all preliminary legal arrangements, and it is for this purpose largely that the attorney general is now in this city.

Well founded rumors of a combination are the cause for the activity on the part of the state. Spurred by the haste of the packers in absorbing the minor packing plants, the attorney general desires to institute this case early in order to prevent an indefinitely more bitter fight, following the consummation of the packers' deal.

## ON HIS FEET

### King Edward Able to Take Short Walks on Deck

Cowes, July 31.—The following bulletin as to King Edward's condition issued by the king's physicians from the royal yacht Victoria and Albert this morning:

"His majesty has made rapid progress since last Monday. His general condition leaves nothing to be desired. The wound is closing satisfactorily. The king is now able to walk the length of the pavilion deck easily and without assistance. The next bulletin will be issued August 7."

King Edward is making a sea trip aboard the royal yacht Victoria and Albert sailing in the direction of the Needles.

The Lancet today emphatically affirms that the king is progressing and that nothing unforeseen has occurred.

## THE NEW IOWA IDEA

### Tariff Declaration Surprises Politicians in Washington

Washington, July 31.—The action of the Republican state convention in Iowa in regard to the question of tariff revision has excited a good deal of interest in Washington, especially at the headquarters of the Republican and Democratic campaign committees. The declaration of the Iowa platform in favor of revising the present schedules which have been on the statute books since 1897, is recognized as worthy of attention from the fact that Iowa is a powerful Republican state which has piled up large majorities for the last few years for candidates who have stood for protection and high tariff.

## SIGNIFICANT SILENCE

### Michigan Democrats Studiously Ignore National Issues

Detroit, July 31.—Judge George H. Durand of Flint was chosen as the head of the ticket on the fourth ballot taken at the Democratic state convention here today. This nomination was made in spite of opposition by associates of National Committeeman Daniel G. Campan and by Justin R. Whiting, chairman of the state central committee. While advocates of free silver profess to be satisfied with the choice of the convention, the nomination is especially pleasing to gold men, who feel that they have inaugurated a new era for the Democratic party in Michigan by having wrested the control of the party from the Bryan supporters. All reference to national issues is studiously avoided in the platform as unanimously adopted by the convention.

## Report Discredited

Washington, July 31.—The dispatch from Managua intimating that Mr. Corea, the Nicaraguan minister, is to be recalled shortly, is not given credence at the legation.

Minister Corea is now in New York stopping at the Waldorf Astoria. He will return to this city tomorrow and leave for Nicaragua Saturday to spend his vacation in that country. He expects to return to the United States in October.

## Discreditable Affair

New York, July 31.—Mayor Low today sent to Police Commissioner Partridge a letter in which he says:

"I desire you to make a careful report to me on the disturbance yesterday of the funeral procession of Rabbi Joseph. Such an incident is discreditable to our city and I want to be fully informed as to the origin of it, so as to be able if possible to see that those who are responsible for it are properly dealt with."

## Orphanage Picnic

Charlotte, N. C., July 31.—Special.—It is estimated that six thousand people attended the annual picnic of Barium Springs Orphanage at Mooresville today. Prof. Alex Graham of Charlotte delivered the oration of the day. Hon. Lee S. Overman, who was on the program, was unable to attend on account of illness. Several hundred dollars were realized for the orphanage from the sale of lunches and refreshments.

## California Severely Shaken by Earthquake

### Every Brick Building in Los Alamos Wrecked—Not a Chimney Left Standing in the Town

Los Alamos, Cal., July 31.—The most severe earthquake in the history of this place occurred at 1:20 o'clock this morning. It is not possible as yet to estimate the damage, but it is very heavy. No lives are known to have been lost, though there were many narrow escapes. Every brick building in the town was destroyed or badly wrecked. In nearly every house windows were broken. The Presbyterian church, a large and handsome brick structure, was razed to the ground and a similar fate befell the general store of W. S. Wickenben, also a brick building.

The shock seems to have had a spiral motion of rotation, being from a series of stores and piled in the middle of the rooms. Even such heavy articles as desks were thrown about. Not a chimney is left standing in the town. All structures generally escaped serious injury. In the drug store not a single bottle escaped.

The town was aroused and people fled from their homes to the streets in panic. There have been several light shocks since July 27, when the first heavy shock occurred, but that of this morning exceeded in violence anything yet experienced. It lasted thirty seconds and threw people from their beds.

Los Alamos is a town of about 600 inhabitants in Santa Barbara county. The people of this city and vicinity are terror stricken and are fleeing from their homes to places of safety.

These distinct shocks were recorded between 7:25 and 7:30 o'clock this morning, the last one being the most severe yet felt.

President Benjamin Ide Wheeler, of the university of California was commiserated by telephone and advised the people to quit the town as soon as possible. Scientists of the university were away on vacations, but President Wheeler advised that the people be ready to flee at a moment's notice and that the doors of residences and places of business be left open so that those in doors might escape to the streets without delay in the event of future shocks. The advice of the president was communicated to the people and was immediately acted upon.

It is impossible to estimate the financial loss at this time, but it is believed that the disturbances of the last three or four days have damaged at least \$30,000 worth of property. Reports from other sections of the valley probably will increase this amount by many thousands.

## Golden Leaf on the Market at Goldsboro

### All Ready for the Opening of the Season Today—Fence Law Trouble in a Country Township

San Francisco, July 31.—The little town of Los Alamos in Santa Barbara county, who is Mr. Robert Halston of Darlington, S. C., is a new man on this market, but he is not new to the quality of his tobacco. His long experience with his company enables him to tell the quality of tobacco at a glance, and he will no doubt prove a valuable addition to this market.

Col. Joseph E. Robinson, editor of The Argus, who has been selected by both sides in the no-fence law controversy to represent the Democratic executive committee of the county, left today at noon for Pikeville, where the other four members of the committee were waiting to hold a conference on the controversy in question as regards Great Swamp township. The committee will endeavor to reach a satisfactory adjustment of this much mooted question which has stirred the township from center to circumference. This question was brought up before the meeting of the county executive committee in this city on the 19th of this month, when it was decided to appoint a committee of five to take the matter in hand, and after canvassing the township to secure a satisfactory settlement and report the findings to the central committee, which would take final action in the matter.

The Confederate veterans of Wayne county will hold their annual reunion at Pine Forest in Four township on the 14th of August, to which all veterans, their families and friends are invited to be present with well-filled baskets. At this meeting plans already under consideration will be perfected for providing a home for indigent Confederate soldiers who cannot gain admission to the State Home at Raleigh on account of the crowded condition of that institution.

Judge W. R. Allen received a letter yesterday afternoon from the physician in charge of Mr. Matt Moore at St. Luke's Hospital in Richmond, which stated that Mr. Moore was improving rapidly.

## SKY FULL OF FLAME

### Remarkable Display of Electricity with Peculiar Results

Butte, Mont., July 31.—The most remarkable display of lightning ever seen on Butte for an hour between 4 and 5 o'clock this morning. The heavens were one continuous sheet of flame without a moment of intermission, and thousands of people were aroused from their slumbers by the brightness of the strange phenomenon. Nearly everything became wet or less charged with electricity, and many persons were injured by coming in contact with articles connected with electric light and telephone wires even several hours after the electric display in the heavens had ceased.

Alfred E. Rhodes, of Aurora, Ill., an employee of the Cudahy Packing Company in Butte, was killed at 8 o'clock this morning by an electric shock that came from a stack of meat in a refrigerator car. When he first entered the car he received a violent shock by touching a piece of timber. He was dragged out by a fellow employee and after fifteen minutes he was saved. A short time later he went back in the car to resume work and touched a pile of meat and was instantly killed. Coroner Johnson, while investigating the accident, touched another pile of meat and was nearly killed. He remained unconscious for an hour.

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