

After Johns Hopkins Hospital Failed

Rheumacide CURED.

Famous Hospital Did Not Benefit Terrible Case of Rheumatism. RHEUMACIDE Drove Every Vestige of Disease Out of Baltimore Man's System.

Johns Hopkins Hospital, in Baltimore, is world-famous, and includes noted specialists in every department of medicine. They have every modern appliance, and doctors everywhere study their methods and regard them as in the forefront of medical science. Yet there is one disease that has baffled them, as it has nearly every other physician.

Read this unsolicited letter from a man who was treated with the latest appliances for three months in vain, and yet who found complete relief in only two bottles of RHEUMACIDE:

"BALTIMORE, MD., Nov. 13, 1903.
"Gentlemen—I gladly testify that Rheumacide completely cured me of a severe case of rheumatism. About four months ago I was taken with the disease in my lower limbs, which spread throughout the body. My back troubled me greatly. I suffered acutely, could go up and down stairs only with greatest difficulty. I received treatment at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, this city, for nearly three months, but was not benefited. Your medicine was recommended to me, and after taking two bottles the disease left me, and I have been perfectly well ever since. I also found that Rheumacide was a great benefit to my digestion. I trust others will try it and be cured also.
(Unsolicited.)
"JAMES KENEALY,
1209 Frederick avenue,
"Irvington, Baltimore county, Md."
Mr. Kenealy has been a conductor in the employ of the United Railways for the past two years, and is now back at his post on the York-road line.

The reason most remedies for Rheumatism fail is that they treat symptoms and do not get at the seat of the disease. Rubbing the joints, "baking" and all such things may give temporary relief from pain, but the symptoms will come again until the cause is removed.

That is where RHEUMACIDE differs from other remedies for Rheumatism. It cures because it "Gets at the Joints From the Inside"

It cleanses the blood of all the germs that cause Rheumatism, neutralizes the poisonous acids and leaves the entire system in far better condition than it was before you ever had Rheumatism.

Aids the Digestion—
Tones Up the System.

Thousands of difficult cases have been cured by RHEUMACIDE, and now many

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT.

Hundreds of grateful persons have written letters to the proprietors recommending RHEUMACIDE as the only cure—

"THE ONE THAT CURES WHEN OTHERS FAIL!"

Your druggist, who sells it, will tell you about RHEUMACIDE.

You Can Test It Free!

On application, either by mail or in person, you can get a free sample from

THE BOBBITT CHEMICAL CO., Proprietors,
316 West Lombard Street, Baltimore.

"BEGINS WORK WITH THE FIRST DOSE."

TEA GROWING

The Industry in South Carolina Has Passed the Experimental Stage

Washington, Dec. 15.—Some interesting facts concerning the present and future of the tea industry in the United States are contained in the annual report of Prof. B. T. Calloway, chief of the bureau of plant industry of the agricultural department. The tea growing experiments have now passed the experimental stage, for the government plantation at Summerville, S. C., last year produced over 9,000 pounds of tea, most of it of a high grade, and this year, with the increased acreage planted, the crop is expected to be much larger. Recently one hundred acres of good land at Mackay, Wharton county, Tex., were planted in tea, and it is believed that the plant will grow easily in that section and be profitably grown. The increased acreage at the Summerville plantation was largely devoted to experiments with Ceylon tea, which is regarded as being of great experimental interest for this part of the world. The first experiment with this variety were somewhat discouraging as most of the plants succumbed to the rigors of the South Carolina winter. Efforts were made to obtain Ceylon seed from higher altitudes, and seedlings from 6,000 feet above the sea level were secured. The officials in charge of the experiments believe that these will resist the winter better, and develop in some measure the large yield of leaf of high quality, characteristic of the plant in the higher parts of Ceylon.

In view of the fact that in some lands the heat of the sun is made use of in curing certain sorts of tea, the department experts have undertaken experiments at Summerville, in manufacturing a tea in part sun-dried. It was found that this process resulted in a product of very high quality. Considerable attention will be given to this feature of the industry during the coming year.

JUMPED THE TRACK

Locomotive Turned Over and a Brakeman Killed

New Bern, N. C., Dec. 15.—Special. One of those accidents that can not be explained happened on the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad this morning with train No. 1, an east bound freight, as it was leaving Hines siding, a small station east of Kingston. The freight was running at the rate of ten miles an hour, when the engineer discovered that he was riding the cross ties instead of the rails. After going some distance the engine became overbalanced and rolled over in the ditch, carrying with it Engineer Russell and the colored fireman. Both stuck to their post, and why they were not killed is a mystery, as all the wood in the tender came rolling down on them. The fireman was badly bruised about the feet, but the engineer escaped without injury at all.

With the engine being thrown, the cars came piling up on top of the engine and tender. In attempting to jump to save his life, Mack Lane, a brakeman, was caught between the tender and engine and was crushed to death. Another brakeman, Garfield Chapman, had his leg broken in two places. Several others were slightly injured.

The cause of the accident is unknown at present, as the cars were in such a fix it was impossible to see in what condition the rails are in. All traffic was blocked for several hours. The damage to cars and engine will amount to \$15,000.

DEMOCRATIC SENATORS COMBINE THEIR FORCE

take occasion to denounce certain features of this treaty. I object to the five year clause and to certain other provisions. As a lawyer I know that congress has no right to bind future congresses. There are other features I object to that I will not discuss now. The good, however, over balances the bad in the treaty."

Prof. L. O. Howard, chief entomologist of the agricultural department, in his annual report for 1903, says there is no probability that the cotton boll weevil will ever be prevented by either artificial or natural causes from reaching all portions of the cotton belt, but that experiments have proven that it is possible to make cotton growing profitable in spite of the weevil, and by no other means than a few simple expedients in planting and managing the crop. These expedients, he said, consisted of a careful selection of seed, early planting and thorough cultivation of the crop, which enabled the department to produce at Calvert, Tex., without any appreciable extra expense, a crop of one bale to 15 acres. The average production in the United States is one bale to 2.3 acres. Prof. Howard says:

"The work against the Mexican cotton boll weevil in Texas will be carried on during the whole of the fiscal year. An additional field assistant has been appointed and \$30,000 will be expended in this work on cotton insects. The department has, by contract with owners, established experiment stations at Victoria, San Antonio, Austin, Calvert, Alford, Hetty and Wharton, in the infected territory. The possible spread of the cotton boll weevil to other states will be carefully watched and considered. The recent occurrence of the insect in the experimental cotton plantation near New Orleans is an indication of the fact that this investigation must be continued for some time to come and that a strong effort must be made to prove to the cotton planters of the south that by cultural methods cotton may be grown in spite of the weevil. Investigations, made early in the season, show that the cotton boll weevil exists in Cuba and that it has probably always existed in that island. This point is an important one, as it renders commercial relations between Cuba and our gulf ports an element of some danger to the cotton."

"A favorable report was made today by the House committee on merchant marine and fisheries in behalf of Representative Thomas' bill appropriating \$175,000 for a revenue cutter to be stationed at New Bern. Another bill, introduced by Mr. Thomas, was reported favorably. This was the war claim measure for \$8,000 in behalf of New Bern Masons."

KNOX SUMS UP THE GOVERNMENT'S POINTS

their annual net earnings by upwards of \$1,000,000, and the competitive interstate traffic of the two railroads, for which the two companies had power to fix rates independently of the action of the other carriers, did not exceed 3 per cent. of their total interstate traffic. The sale or transfer of property, he contended, whether in the form of corporate stock or otherwise, was not a violation of the anti-trust act. The securities company was not a railway company, had no power to operate railroads, or control rates, or to monopolize or restrain traffic of any kind. A combination or conspiracy in restraint of interstate trade or commerce necessitates the making of a contract to do a specific act in that direction. It must, however, actually go far enough to restrain it. If it stopped short it was not in violation of the anti-trust act. Comparing the sugar trust case, in which the supreme court had decided in favor of the Knight Company, with the case at bar, Mr. Young said they were similar in the main point. In that case the purchase of property by the sugar trust was held not to be in violation of the Sherman act as applied to interstate commerce, although there was no doubt the sugar manufactured by the Knight Company entered into interstate commerce. The relation to interstate commerce in the securities company was on the same basis, the shares of two railway companies had been purchased. The shares did not engage in interstate commerce. The purchase of shares in a bank did not make a man a banker; neither was the holding of shares in a base ball club playing the game.

Mr. Young finished his argument at 3:15, and the case went to the judges. Attorney General Knox asked permission to file with the case the printed brief containing his oral arguments, and this was granted. The great crowd in the court room melted away and the argument on the next case on the calendar was begun.

When the court reassembled after the recess Chief Justice Fuller announced that unless there was objection, Justice Brown, who had been on account of trouble with his eyes, unable to hear the oral arguments in the case, would take part in its consideration by the court. The attorney general said the government had no objection; and Mr. Young, for the appellants, also consented.

A Guarantee, Cure for Piles
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you, in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

A FIRE ALARM EMPTIES CHURCHES

Higher Prices for Tobacco Cure Person County Farmers of the Blues

Roxboro, N. C., Dec. 15.—Special. The town was alarmed Sunday night about 7:15 o'clock by shouts of fire and the ringing of the fire bell. People rose up in a body almost and left church very unceremoniously to rush to the scene of the fire. The building burning proved to be a barn near the graded school building, and fears were entertained for the safety of the latter.

Part of the fence around the school building was destroyed, but no damage was done to the building itself. The loss caused by the fire is possibly \$150 to \$200. The graded schools and all the public schools of the county will close for the holidays on the 18th instant, and open for the spring term January 4th, 1904. Prices of tobacco have greatly advanced over what they were in October. As a result people are trading more and everybody is looking happier. Early in the fall people in this section were "blue" in the superlative degree, owing to the low price of tobacco, but now all is different. Everybody is buying Christmas goods and our merchants are smiling again.

WILSON COURT

The Case of the Alleged Slay-ers of Percy Jones to be Called Thursday.

Wilson, N. C., Dec. 15.—Special. Court convened Monday morning with that most admirable gentleman and jurist, the Hon. Garland S. Ferguson presiding. It is a fine body of grand jurors, with a splendid foreman, Iredell Williams, Esq., and it is a fixed fact that the best interests of the county will be well looked after. There are 120 cases on the docket and the whole week will be taken up by their trial.

The case of State vs. Morgan, Rich and others, indicted for the killing of Percy Jones in May last, when called Monday brought about a little harmless sparring between counsel. Mr. Sid Woodard announced his readiness for the defense, to go to trial. Solicitor Daniels said that by reason of an agreement made with Mr. John E. Woodard, who represented six of the defendants, and Mr. F. A. Woodard, he had allowed several important witnesses to leave town, and was there fore not ready. Mr. Fou was anxious to try, as four of the defendants were suffering privations in jail, but he did not wish to take the solicitor at a disadvantage. Judge Ferguson announced that he would call the case Thursday morning, and if the state was ready the case would be tried.

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Holiday Novelties
J. C. ELLINGTON, Jr.
RALEIGH, N. C.
GREEN STAMPS FREE

EMPTY HANDED

Why Chief Scott Returned Without Will Ingram

Greensboro, N. C., Dec. 15.—Special. Chief of Police W. A. Scott returned this morning from Harrisburg, Pa., empty handed. He went there last Wednesday with a requisition for Will Ingram, a negro charged with killing Scyles Morris at Guilford Battle Ground, July 4th, 1900, but found Governor Pennypacker absent when he reached Harrisburg and did not return until yesterday afternoon, when the requisition from Governor Aycock was placed before him. Governor Pennypacker declined to honor the papers for Ingram, ruling that a requisition to be effective must be based upon a bill of indictment found, or sufficient reason given why no bill had been found. Ingram ran away immediately after the shooting and no bill was ever found. Mr. Scott was unable to combat the point made by the governor, so he returned without his prisoner. The chief of police of Harrisburg said, however, that he would hold Ingram ninety days if possible, but he may get out a writ of habeas corpus and be released. It is not thought, though, that he will be released, since he has acknowledged that he is the man wanted. The next term of Guilford superior court will convene January 18th, when the homicide will be considered by the grand jury.

CLAIMS ON PANAMA

British and Dutch Bondholders Want the President to Help Them Out

London, Dec. 15.—A lengthy letter from the council of foreign bondholders, personally addressed to President Roosevelt, putting forward the British bondholders' position in regard to Panama and Colombia, has been forward-

ed by the foreign office to Ambassador Durand, who has been instructed to hand it unofficially to the president. The letter recites the history of the Colombian government and asks the president to use his good offices to secure an equitable assumption of a portion thereof by the Panama leaders. The statement telegraphed from The Hague to the Morning Leader of this city that both Holland and Great Britain will insist that Panama shall assume liability of \$16,000,000 of the Colombian debt is emphatically denied by the council, which points out that no such large sum was ever dreamed of as Panama's share. Arbitration at The Hague on the personal decision of President Roosevelt would be quite satisfactory to the council.

A REGULAR HOT TIME IN NEGRO SUFFRAGE LEAGUE

to secure Roosevelt's endorsement to redeem a promise Booker T. Washington made to Roosevelt, pledging the endorsement of the league. Finally the committee agreed to bring in a resolution of endorsement, and reported to the convention at half past ten o'clock. So loud and noisy were the discussions that at one time women in the basement mistook the noise for a fire stampede and yelled "fire," throwing the convention into still greater confusion. A resolution, offered during the day session, was in part as follows:
"We endorse the courageous statesmanship of Theodore Roosevelt and call upon the national Republican party to name him as the standard bearer for the party of freedom and human liberty in 1904. And we, the three hundred thousand colored men scattered throughout the north, east and west, pledge to him our loyal support."
"We call upon the colored citizens of this country to contribute to the national fund now being raised to oppose the legality of the southern constitutions in the supreme court of the United States. We are in present need of ten thousand dollars, and every black man and woman who loves God, their race and freedom should respond."

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