

WEATHER TODAY -
For North Carolina:
Fair.
For Raleigh:
Fair.

THE MORNING POST.

TEMPERATURE:
Temperature for the
past 24 Hours:
Maximum, 68
Minimum, 42.

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RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1905

No. 116

TO AMEND THE BANKING LAW

A Memorial Recommending it Presented

SHIP SUBSIDY ARGUED

Address on Scottish Banking System
By Robert Blythe of Glasgow.
Detroit Bids for Next Convention.
Yesterday's Proceedings of National Banker's Association

Washington, Oct. 12.—The second day's session of the thirty-first annual convention of the American Bankers' Association was opened at the Columbia theatre this morning with a prayer by Dr. D. S. Hamlin, pastor of the church of the Covenant.

The consideration of the report of the executive council interrupted by the adjournment yesterday, was resumed this morning. The receipt of a number of communications addressed to the executive council was reported and when the communications were read and referred to the proper committee.

Mr. Van Syke of Wisconsin presented an extended memorial recommending certain amendments to the national banking law. Mr. Van Syke said that all banks are classed as one by the general public and when a failure occurs of whatever kind or form whatever cause, it affects the character of all and touches public confidence, the most important item of banking capital.

If banks are therefore interested in the passage of restraining laws to protect their own stockholders no less than the surety of their patrons; laws admittedly just and reasonable, such as will be enforced when enacted.

Mr. Van Syke declared we have too many laws and too little enforcement, and the popular tendency prevails to restrict, if not prohibit, many lines of perfectly legitimate trade. County banks should be privileged to accept mortgage securities not to exceed 20 per cent of their loans.

A resolution was presented providing that the association request congress to amend section 5137, United States revised statutes, so as to enable or permit banks located outside of the so-called redemption cities to accept real estate mortgage security not to exceed 20 per cent of their loanable funds. The resolution also provided that section 5200, United States revised statutes, should be amended so as to allow certain loans to the extent of one-tenth of their actual unimpaired capital. The resolution was referred to the proper committee.

Mr. Geo. W. Carroll presented an extended statement on education in the currency question and the paper was entered printed.

Mr. L. E. Pierson of New York submitted a resolution regarding uniform bills of lading, which was referred. A resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee of five members to be known as a law committee, to attend the business of the legal association. The committee should be empowered, it was suggested, to employ counsel. The resolution was adopted.

Discussed Ship Subsidy Matters

The matter of a ship subsidy came up today with the introduction of a resolution from the executive council and caused heated discussion. Col. Robert J. Lowry of Atlanta, Ga., submitted a resolution providing for congressional aid for the increase of the shipping. Col. Lowry made a short speech on the necessity of something being done to help the shipping. He said he favored a subsidy.

Mr. E. J. Parker of Quincy, Ill., seconded the resolution. He said that the commerce of the country demanded a subsidy. He declared that the amount of shipping under foreign flags made it imperative for the government to extend aid to commerce.

Col. Fletcher of Little Rock opposed the introduction of the resolution. He declared it was un-American to call on the government to aid the shipbuilders.

The shipping could be increased without outside help. Col. Lowry declared he was a Confederate soldier, but that he had surrendered with General Joe Johnston in North Carolina, and from the day of the surrender there had been no more patriotic American than he had been.

The question of the introduction of resolution coming up to the motion to adopt was carried.

A recess of a few minutes was taken for discussion among the members during the course of which a flash-light photograph of the convention was taken. Mr. J. B. Finley of Pittsburgh presented a report from the committee on education. Mr. Finley stated that the work of the committee had been directed toward the elevation of the standard of educational work.

Mr. Cornelius Pugstry of Peksville, N. Y., a former member of congress

from New York, then presented the report of the committee on currency.

Address on Scottish Banking System
The reports of the committees having all been presented, President Swinney introduced Mr. Robert Blythe, general manager of the Union Bank of Scotland of Glasgow, to make an address on the Scottish banking system.

Mr. Blythe presented an interesting history of the Scottish to the committee.

He maintained that it was the pound note that enabled the network of branch banks to be maintained in Scotland, and that encouraged the savings of the poorer classes. With the English 5-pound notes and the metallic currency, he said, these branch banks could not have been maintained, because of the prohibitive cost. The aggregate deposits of the ten Scottish banks represent \$500,000,000.

The bank accept the bonds and honors checks up to the amount named in it, obviating the pledging of securities. Interest is not charged except on the amount drawn. The uniform interest, discount and commission charged by the ten Scottish banks is a distinctive feature. During the half century there have been but two bank failures in Scotland.

A rising vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Blythe at the close of his address.

The second address of the program today was delivered by Mr. Walker Hill, president of the Mechanics American National Bank of St. Louis, on the practical benefits of membership in the American Bankers' Association. Mr. Hill spoke in part as follows:

"The work of the American banker is extending farther and farther every day and becoming more and more of public importance, as the railroads bring all parts of the country closer and closer together, and our flag rises here and there in faraway countries, and each day the need of the American banker's knowledge of distant (Continued on page 2.)

THE MUTINOUS SEAMEN

They are Committed to Jail Without Bail

Arrested at Southport Before U. S. Commissioner—A Conspiracy Revealed to Murder Captain of Burwin and Three Others

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 12.—Special. The preliminary examination of Robert Sawyer, Henry Scott and Arthur Adams, the three negro seamen who mutined aboard the schooner Henry A. Berwind, killing the captain, three other white men and a negro member of the crew was held at Southport today before United States Commissioners S. P. Collier of Wilmington and W. T. Pinner of Southport, the three being committed to jail without bond for their trial in the federal court at Wilmington next Wednesday.

Sawyer and Adams were represented by Geo. L. Peschau of Wilmington and agree in charging the wholesale butchery to the third member of their party, Henry Scott.

The last named charged that there was a conspiracy of all members of the crew soon after leaving Mobile on account of short rations and that while he was in the conspiracy the other negroes did the killing with the exception of one Cokley, the negro who was last killed, and that he killed him in self defense, Cokley having struck him with a stick and shot at him while he was bound. He has not, however, explained why he was bound. Sawyer and Adams say they don't know about the killing of the captain, who disappeared about 5 o'clock in the morning, but they saw Scott kill the mate on the lee side of the ship. Then he shot the engineer and threw their bodies overboard. Very soon they heard shots below deck and pretty soon Scott came up with the white cook, a small man, and threw his body overboard. Scott is a mulatto and above the average intelligence. Adams says he is a British subject and is from St. Vincent.

The vessel bespattered with blood of the conflict was towed in today and the dead negro seaman aboard was buried after an inquest by the coroner.

The three negroes are held in the Southport jail with three members of the Blanche King, the latter being wanted for witnesses.

D. B. HENDERSON DYING

Former Speaker of Congress May Pass Away at Any Hour

Dubuque, Ia., Oct. 12.—There is very little change in ex-Speaker David B. Henderson's condition, although his death may come at any time. Members of his family are constantly at his bedside in his quarters at the Hotel Juden.

Dr. J. S. Hancock, who recently took charge of his case, is of the opinion that death may come at any time, and the patient may yet live six months or more. A sudden rush of blood to the head, he said, might kill him instantly.

UNIVERSITY ANNIVERSARY

Honoring the Day the Institution Was Founded

WONDERFUL PROGRESS

Noteworthy Facts Showing the Great Improvements of the Last Year Enumerated—Splendid Address of Col. Robert Bingham—Telegrams From Alumni and Other Details

Chapel Hill, N. C., Oct. 12.—Special. The University anniversary day exercises were held this morning in Gerard hall at 11 o'clock.

As is well known to the people of the state October 12th commemorates the date of the founding of this venerable institution, and its return each year is fittingly observed, both here and in the larger towns of the state.

Alumni associations in the cities have within the last few years taken much interest in observing the occasion and today innumerable sons of the university throughout the state have met to do homage and to pay reverence to the dear old institution.

The principal speaker of the day was Colonel Robert Bingham, founder of the Bingham school at Asheville. Col. Bingham is one of the leading citizens of the Old North State, a prominent educator, and has probably accomplished more in an educational way than any other person in the state.

This is his first visit to the university in a number of years and his coming has been eagerly anticipated by the students for some weeks.

The exercises were opened with music by the university orchestra. This orchestra numbers fifteen pieces and is one of the foremost musical organizations to be found among southern colleges and universities. It has been carefully trained under the leadership of Mr. Charles T. Woolen, registrar of the university, and the music furnished by it does credit both to the orchestra and to its skilled instructor.

The assemblage was led in prayer by Rev. J. W. Wildman, who offered up an invocation couched in beautiful language in which he asked that the Almighty continue to be the leader of the university and that His divine blessing might ever remain with it. The prayer was followed by the university hymn sung by the audience.

Wonderful Progress

Before introducing Colonel Bingham, President Venable made a short report concerning the institution. He opened his remarks by telling what a great help to the university these university celebrations are. He read one telegram from the Birmingham Alumni Association, sending love and greetings to the old mother. The most noteworthy facts of the last session were the number of the students, 667; secondly, the completion of the Bynum memorial gymnasium, the gift of Judge W. P. Bynum of Charlotte, and a man who never attended the university.

This building was given as a memorial to his grandson, W. P. Bynum, Jr., who died while a student here; third, the donation by the state of a new chemical laboratory, a \$50,000 building, and an increase in the yearly appropriation to the support of the university; fourth, an appropriation of \$25,000 by the general educational board; fifth, the offer by Mr. Carnegie of a new library building, provided the university raise a fund for its maintenance; sixth, the establishment of two new departments, the graduate and the applied science departments; seventh, the granting of a charter by the Phi. Beta Kappa Society to the university; eighth, the establishment of fellowships in chemistry. Another important fact was the establishment of the university council, that is governed and disciplined by the students; lastly, the high standard of work done in all departments last year. The number of students today is 650, giving promise of a larger attendance than ever before in the history of the university. Dr. Venable gave his idea of a true university and defined his hopes and ambitions for the future of our own university.

Dr. Venable's remarks were listened to with the greatest interest by the audience. When he had concluded, the song "Hall to U. N. C." was sung, the audience standing.

Address By Col. Bingham

In introducing Col. Bingham, Dr. Venable referred to him in most complimentary terms as a most loyal son of the university. Col. Bingham was graduated from the university with the class of 1856, his father with the class of 1825.

Col. Bingham's address was of a historical nature. He said that it was (Continued on Page Three.)

GIANTS DOWN THE PHILLIES

The Score in Yesterday's Game 9 to 0

MATTHEWSON'S VICTORY

New York's Pitcher Outclassed Coakley and It Was the Giant's Game All the Way Through—New York Has Won Two Games of the Three Played

Philadelphia, Oct. 12.—Fur overcoat baseball was played here today in the third game of the world's championship series and the Philadelphia American League champions were frozen out by the New York National League champions. Not only were the Philadelphia frozen out, but they were shut out by the New Yorks, out-played in the fundamentals and the fine points of the game and humbled by the top-heavy score of 9 to 0.

Christy Mathewson again twirled the New Yorks to victory. Thus far with Mathewson pitching, the Athletics and the home plate have been strangers. They managed to do something today they could not do on Monday and that was to make two of their four hits in one inning, but they could not forward a base runner beyond second base. Mathewson did not bear the palm alone, for his fellows were all very much in the game, but he was the planet around which the others revolved.

Young Coakley of Philadelphia did not pitch a bad game by any means. He was not the equal of Mathewson, nor as cool and steady, but whereas Mathewson's support was good, Coakley's was faltering and ragged. For the champions, the Athletics gave a poor exhibition. Indeed, their tail end work tended to make New York's play look stronger than it really was. Still, without the Philadelphia blundering the New Yorks would have won. There could have been no other result.

The chief offender on the Philadelphia side infolding was Second Baseman Murphy. He made three errors and after a string of kites that gyrated in the overhead winds. Five runs were due to his errors.

The New York men turned on the hits when the Philadelphia were floundering, out-hitting the home team two to one. In those innings in which they took the warpath they made things hum and were helped along by the trance-like, befuddled inability of the Athletics to break up their base-running.

Connie Mack was still cheerful after the game and not repining or making excuses.

The attendance was good considering the weather. Most of the seating room was taken, but there was no outfield crowd to necessitate a ground rule.

The score:
Philadelphia000000000-0 4 4
New York200050002-9 8 1
Batteries: Mathewson and Bresnahan; Coakley and Schreck. Umpires, Sheridan and O'Day.

New York: AB. R. H. O. A. E.
Bresnahan, c. 3 2 0 8 4 0
Browne, rf. 5 2 1 0 0 0
Donlin, cf. 3 3 1 4 0 0
McGann, lb. 5 1 3 9 1 0
Meritt, f. 3 0 1 1 0 0
Dhlen, ss. 3 1 1 2 0 0
Devlin, 3b. 4 0 1 0 6 0
Gilbert, 2b. 4 0 0 2 0 0
Mathewson, p. 4 0 1 1 2 0

Totals34 9 9 27 13 0
Phila.: AB. R. H. O. A. E.
Hartz, lf. 4 0 1 2 0 0
Lord, cf. 4 0 2 2 0 0
Davis, lb. 4 0 1 10 0 0
L. Cross, 3b. 4 0 1 2 1 0
Seybold, rf. 3 0 1 1 1 1
Murphy, 2b. 3 0 0 2 2 3
M. Cross, ss. 3 0 1 4 2 0
Powers, c. 1 0 0 2 3 0
Schreck, p. 2 0 0 2 1 0
Coakley, p. 2 0 0 0 2 0

Totals30 0 5 27 12 4
Two base hits, McGann; stolen bases, Hartz; Devlin, Browne (2), Donlin. Struck out by Mathewson, 8; by Coakley, 2. Bases on balls, off Mathewson, 1; off Coakley, 5. Hit by pitched ball, Bresnahan, Coakley. First base on errors, New York 4. Left on bases, New York 5; Philadelphia 4. Double plays, Coakley, Schreck and Davis; Seybold and Davis. Umpires, Messrs. Sheridan and O'Day.

Attendance 10,991. Receipts \$8,348. Players' share \$4,507.52.

Exhibition Games

At Boston: R.H.E.
Boston (A.)011204301-12 12 3
Boston (N.)000000000-0 5 5
Batteries: Winter and Criger; Frazer and Moran. Umpires, Emslie and O'Loughlin.
At Chicago: R.H.E.
Chicago (A.)411000001-7 8 1

Chicago (N.)100000300-4 13 3
Batteries: Altrock and McFarland; Ruelbach and Kling. Umpires, Johnstone and Connolly.
At St. Louis: R.H.E.
St. Louis (A.)100000000-1 6 3
St. Louis (N.)000000100-1 3 1
Batteries: Powell and Spencer; McFarland and Grady. Umpire, Klem.
Game called on account of darkness.

THE OLNEY MURDER

Slayer of Four People Not Yet Apprehended—New Clue

Middletown, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Chief of Police Brinkerhoff received a letter from a woman living in Ottsville today which is regarded as the best clue yet found to the Olney murder. She says her sister passed two men with a lumber box wagon Friday afternoon. Their names are Conklin and they lived at Brownville. There are a number of the Conklins in that place. The woman's description of the men fits in with Dan Davis' story about two men with a white horse and a box wagon, driving toward the Olney house on the day of the murder.

Officials have gone to Sullivan county to investigate. Mrs. Ingerick's condition is unchanged.

Chief Brinkerhoff returned to the city today with John and Arthur Conklin, father and son, who are held as witnesses. They admit going to the Olneys to buy onions, but said they could get no response to their yells. They decided there was no one at home and bought the onions elsewhere. It was about noon when they found the house deserted, which would indicate that the murder was committed before that time.

Heavy Snow Storm in New York

Jamestown, N. Y., Oct. 12.—A heavy snow storm prevailed here today. Two to three inches of snow fell.

OSBORNE IS NOMINATED

North Carolinian Named to Succeed Jerome

Tammany Democrats of New York Nominated Their County Ticket.

Hayes for Sheriff—Jerome's Name Was Not Mentioned

New York, Oct. 12.—Tammany Hall county convention tonight nominated James W. Osborne for district attorney to succeed Jerome.

Nicholas J. Hayes was nominated for sheriff, Peter J. Dooling for county clerk and Frank Gass for register. Justices Henry A. Gildenteeve, George M. Ingraham and Jos. E. Newburg were nominated for supreme court justices and Thomas C. O'Sullivan for judge of general sessions. The borough convention afterwards met and nominated John Ahearn for president of the borough. All the nominations were made unanimously. Jerome's name was not mentioned.

Osborne, who was born in North Carolina in 1859, came to this city some twenty-two years ago, after having been admitted to the bar in his native state. He was an assistant district attorney to Fellows, Nichol and Gardiner and resigned as assistant to Jerome two years ago. He became well known as the prosecutor in the Mollneux case.

TOPICS FROM TOKIO

Miss Alice Roosevelt Sails for Home Today—Quick Run Planned

Tokio, Oct. 12.—The entertainments in honor of the visiting British squadron were continued today. The British residents rather dreaded the squadron's visit, fearing the discouraged people would be unable to rise to an enthusiastic welcome, but the jolly Japs set Tokio wild with enthusiasm. Japanese and British paraded the streets hand in hand and were everywhere greeted by cheering crowds.

Prime Minister Kasura today gave a function in honor of Mr. Hartman and his party. The staff of the American legation and a number of officials were present.

Miss Alice Roosevelt is making extensive excursions to places of interest. This is especially gratifying to the Japanese nation, as it shows that she and other Americans are perfectly safe in traveling wherever they want in Japan. It is well known, however, that the members of the Roosevelt party were warned of danger in certain places when President Roosevelt's name was intimately connected with the unpopular peace.

Miss Roosevelt will sail for home on the steamer Siberia tomorrow.

The Harriman party will also sail on the steamer. A record run is planned to San Francisco and New York. It is expected the trip to San Francisco will be made in thirteen days.

Washington-Lee Defeats Roanoke

Lexington, Va., Oct. 12.—Washington and Lee University today defeated Roanoke College of Salem 33 to 0 at Roanoke.

COULDN'T FACE THE DISGRACE

Prominent New York Lawyer Leaps to Death

NOT READY FOR TRIAL

Indicted for Conspiracy and Grand Larceny Armige Mathews Was to Have Been Tried Yesterday. Prominent Politician and Former Prosecuting Attorney

New York, Oct. 12.—Rather than face trial on the indictments charging him with fraudulently taking money from the Weissel estate, Armige Mathews, lawyer and secretary of the county Republican committee, committed suicide today by jumping from a window in his apartment to a stone-paved courtyard. He struck on his head, fracturing his skull, and died in a short time.

Mathews, who was a young man, had advanced rapidly, both in the practice of his profession and in politics. He was a friend of former Governor Black and of Abraham Guber, and they were loyal to him in his trouble, acting as legal advisers and doing all they could to aid him to obtain the change of venue from this county for which he appealed.

The change of venue was denied yesterday and the trial of the case was set for today before Justice Davids in the criminal branch of the supreme court. Early this morning Mathews received a special delivery letter. After reading it his housekeeper heard him go to a bath room and open a window. A few seconds later he jumped to his death. Several tenants in a home in the rear of Mathews' apartment saw him jump. A doctor was hurriedly summoned, but he could do nothing for him, and Mathews died in a few minutes.

Mathews was indicted last May on charges of conspiracy and grand larceny, growing out of the looting of the Weissel estate, of which David Rothschild, wrecker of the Federal Bank, was administrator.

Rothschild, John W. Wooten and Lawyer Amuel I. Ferguson were all indicted with Mathews on the same charges. Rothschild was already serving a long term in state's prison for wrecking the Federal Bank, and Wooten was convicted in June and sentenced to nine years and five months in Sing Sing. Wooten was kept in the Tombs as a possible important witness against Mathews. Ferguson was also expected to be a witness for the prosecution against Mathews, and was the local representative of the Bankers' Surety Company of Cleveland, which was on Rothschild's bond for \$100,000 as administrator of the Weissel estate.

It was agreed by the four accused men, according to the indictment, that Rothschild was to have sole possession of the estate, and that whatever money he borrowed on it was to be shared by his associates. Mathews at one time was an assistant district attorney. He served three terms as a member of the board of aldermen. Two years ago he was made secretary of the county Republican committee.

After Rothschild was convicted and sent to Sing Sing prison he drew up on bits of paper a series of statements, in which he accused Mathews of having a share in the looting of the estate. Eventually the statements reached District Attorney Jerome, and Rothschild was brought to New York to testify against Mathews.

TWO MORE PULLED

Postoffice Inspectors Capture Green Goods Operators in New York

New York, Oct. 12.—Two more simple-minded green goods men with \$1,500 of real money were gathered in today by Postoffice Inspector Boyle and Detectives McConville and Duncan.

The operators sent a letter to Chauncey Brothers, general merchants of Mount Hope, Ala., offering to let them have \$3,000 for \$500. The letter was turned over to Chief Inspector Meyer of the New York postoffice. An engagement was made for today, and when the operators turned up they were taken to police headquarters and now await the vengeance of the postoffice department. Billy Goodman, who held the roll, is well known to the postoffice inspectors. Charles Barry, the turner, is a new hand.

Snow in Pennsylvania

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 12.—The first snow of the season was reported today from various parts of western Pennsylvania. An inch of snow fell in the mountains, and at Greenville, Pa., a heavy snow fell for five hours, causing thousands of trees to break down under its weight. Exceedingly chilly weather is reported all over the western part of the state.