

THE WEATHER TODAY.
For North Carolina:
Fair
For Raleigh:
Fair

THE MORNING POST.

TEMPERATURE:
Temperature for the
past 24 hours:
Maximum 82
Minimum, 60.

Vol. IX

RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1905

No. 119

SHARP LOOKOUT FOR 'SQUITOES

President's Enemy That Must Be Detected

OFFICIAL ITINERARY OUT

Issued From the White House Yesterday—Some Minor Changes. Human Beings and Senators. A Southern Man for President. Washington Special News

By THOMAS J. PENCE

Washington, Oct. 16.—Special.—The official itinerary of the president's southern tour, handsomely gotten up in booklet form, was issued from the White House today.

The only change in the schedule in North Carolina as published in this correspondence is the hour of arrival at Charlotte. The special will arrive there at 7:10 p. m. instead of 7, and leave at 7:25.

The stop at Lexington is not scheduled, but the arrangement to spend ten minutes at that point will be carried out.

The president could not see many doctors today and he will see still fewer tomorrow. He has many things to attend to here Wednesday morning at 8:20 and he will be occupied all of his time. The president was busy a long while this morning with Secretary Loeb.

He has prepared the majority of his own speeches that he will deliver in the south, notably those in Richmond, Raleigh and Atlanta, and they are in the hands of the various press associations. Many other speeches are yet to be prepared, and the president will be busy on these until he leaves Washington.

The president and Secretary Loeb will leave the party at Little Rock, going direct to New Orleans. The other members will not return by way of North Carolina, but will go to Bristol, Tenn., and take the Norfolk and Western to Washington.

If the president should be bitten by a mosquito while in New Orleans or anywhere else in the yellow fever zone he will be subjected to the surgeon's knife. The statement was made today that this is the only remedy to which resort can be made in case of emergency.

Every precaution will be made to keep the mosquitoes away from the president, but there are chances that he may be stung. If this happens, drastic measures will be taken and the surgeon will simply cut out the flesh around the place where the stinger got in his work.

The president will be accompanied throughout his trip by Surgeon General Riker, who will see that there is constant fumigation of the private car, especially in the afternoon and early evening before the president returns. At hotels where the president will spend the night every window will be carefully screened and the rooms will be fumigated.

The president will not be in New Orleans overnight, and in his trip through the city in the day-time he will not have protection from mosquitoes. As mosquitoes do not travel much in the day-time, little is to be feared from them. The president will board a vessel at nightfall.

Senators and Human Beings

General Grosvenor, the most hide-bound stand-pat Republican in America, was at the White House today and he remarked that after his visit to the president he favored free trade with the islands.

"In Tokio," said the general, "they gave us a banquet and Pete Hepburn made a speech. In speaking to a toast, 'The American Congressman,' his inflammatory remarks were these: 'The American congress is composed of 386 human beings and ninety Senators.'"

"You can tell what the 386 will do," said General Grosvenor, "but you can't always tell about the ninety." Whereupon a newspaper man remarked that you can tell if the question of voting mileage to congressmen should be under consideration.

Southern Man for President in 1908

"When the time comes for selecting a standard bearer for our party," said Representative R. L. Henry of Texas, who is going to be the new chairman of the Democratic caucus of the house, "it is my opinion that the national convention will look towards the south for its candidate. Sectionalism has had its day, and men in the south of presidential calibre have been passed by simply because they lived in the backwoods. But it will be different in 1908. My New York friends take this view of the case and say that if the south would present a man of the type of Senator Joseph W. Bailey of

Texas to the convention, such a man would be seriously considered, with strong probabilities of his nomination."

About North Carolinians

Mrs. Marion Butler has been on a visit to Raleigh, N. C., where the senator has a home which he has just disposed of. Senator and Mrs. Butler have apartments in Washington which they occupy most of the time, but they maintain their permanent residence in Sampson county.

The case of D. L. Arey, the wealthy distiller, who is serving a sentence in the Salisbury jail, fled through counsel today with the department of justice certain papers in support of his application for pardon. The statement is made that Arey's case will be presented to the president on his return from his southern tour.

The tenth annual meeting of the American Association of Farmers' Institute Workers will be held here November 9 to 11 and Dr. Tait Butler of Raleigh, N. C., is scheduled for a speech on institute lectures.

H. M. Emerson and James F. Post, Jr., of Wilmington, both officials of the Atlantic Coast Line, are here attending a meeting of the passenger tariff association of the railway group.

J. Wakefield Cortland of Asheville is here attending the supreme council of Scottish Rite Masonry for the southern jurisdiction.

James H. Price is appointed rural delivery carrier on route No. 2, from Wilson Mills, with G. H. Ellis substitute, and James F. Brown is made carrier on route 1, from Troutman's. (Continued on Page 2)

HIGH DEGREE MASONS

Supreme Council of Scottish Rite Convened Yesterday

Reception at White House—Banquet Tonight—Program for the Week.

Distinguished Members of the Fraternity at Washington

Washington, Oct. 16th.—The supreme council of Ancient and Scottish Rite met in biennial session here today. The council has jurisdiction over Scottish Rite Masonry in the southern states, all those west of the Mississippi, all the territories and dependencies of the United States, the army and navy, China and Japan.

The council is composed of one deputy from each jurisdiction, elected for life, twenty-six in all.

The session was called to order today by the grand commander, James D. Richardson of Tennessee. Adjournment was taken at once that the council might pay their respects to the president.

The programme for the week is as follows: Tuesday, October 17.—Council meets 10 o'clock; luncheon at 1 o'clock; re-convenes at 2 o'clock, and adjourns at 5 o'clock in honor of the banquet given by the Royal Order of Scotland at the New Willard at 7 o'clock.

Wednesday, October 18.—Council meets at 10 o'clock; luncheon from 1 to 2 and adjourns at 5:30 to attend the ceremony of conferring the fourteenth degree by the High Priest of Perfection at the Scottish Rite Temple, Tenth and G streets.

Thursday, October 19.—Council convenes at 10 o'clock; luncheon 1 to 2; council re-convenes at 2 and adjourns at 5:30. At 7 o'clock the supreme council confers upon candidates previously elected to the honorary thirty-third degree.

Friday, October 20.—Council convenes at 10 o'clock; luncheon from 1 to 2. In the afternoon the usual visit to the grave of Albert Pike, former grand commander, and necrot in Free Masonry, will be paid.

Saturday, October 21.—Council holds a morning session and adjourns without day.

CALHOUN IN CHICAGO

"Little Fire-eater" Castro Was Willing to Listen to Roosevelt

Chicago, Oct. 16.—W. J. Calhoun, President Roosevelt's special envoy to Caracas, returned to Chicago today and will prepare his findings in the Venezuelan situation. Regarding that report, however, Mr. Calhoun is reticent.

Mr. Calhoun met President Castro and had many interviews with him. It is said he found the little "fire-eater" willing to listen to President Roosevelt's suggestion and that he showed much interest in American institutions. The Venezuelans do not entertain any special hostility toward the Americans, and despite the warlike rumors of the last few months do not want to bring on a war.

"I received every courtesy at Caracas," said he. "My impressions of Castro were favorable. I should like to talk of him at some length but it would not do just now. I found him eager to attend to what I had to say but what we talked about remains to be seen. I was entertained at the United States legation."

The report which will be of interest not only to the United States but to all South America and especially to France, is to be prepared immediately and submitted to the president.

PEACE TREATY NOW IN FORCE

Formal Notices of Ratifica- tion Exchanged

EVACUATING MANCHURIA

Japanese Criticism Must Cease—Jap. Secretary of War Issues an Order

to That Effect—The First Official Notice of Ratification of Treaty Sent to President Roosevelt

Tokio, Oct. 16.—Baron Komura, the foreign minister who acted as chief plenipotentiary for Japan, arrived here today from Vancouver. His reception at the railroad was not enthusiastic, those present being government dignitaries. The streets were strongly guarded by troops, police and gendarmes. The baron drove to the palace in an imperial carriage.

The peace treaty with Russia went into effect yesterday. The text of the treaty was published this afternoon. Formal notices of ratification have been exchanged. President Roosevelt was first informed.

Moterautchi, minister of war, has issued an order instructing the Japanese army in the field to abstain from criticizing the terms of peace, on the grounds that the declaration of peace and of war are entirely the outcome of sovereign power. His order forbids the criticism of either subject, especially by those engaged in military service.

He advises the soldiers to utilize the opportunities of peace, after the disbandment of their regiments, by engaging in their respective occupations, always holding themselves in readiness to join the colors at the emperor's command.

It is believed that the government has sent an order to Manchurian headquarters to begin the evacuation of Japanese troops today. It is expected that Japan will effect the complete withdrawal of her troops in six months.

The emperor showed exceptional honor to Komura by sending to Yokohama, where he landed from the Empress of India, Colonel Inouye, his majesty's aide-de-camp, who went along side the steamer in a dispatch boat and brought Komura ashore. Baron Komura landed at the Imperial Inclusion; while the baron was on his way to Tokio by train Colonel Inouye kept constantly at Komura's side. The emperor immediately received Baron Komura.

At the close of the audience the emperor honored the baron with a written personal message, highly prized by Japanese statesmen.

The Mikado's Rescript

Tokio, Oct. 16.—The emperor today issued a rescript in reference to the conclusion of peace. It begins: "We have always deemed it a fundamental principle of our imperial policy to maintain peace in the east and to assure the security of our empire. The promotion of these high objects have been our constant aim, but last year reason dictated the necessities of self-preservation and we were unfortunately forced into hostilities with Russia."

His majesty records the glorious success achieved by the army and navy, the diligent performance of their duties by the civil officials and the cheerful manner in which the nation has borne the heavy burden of expenditure, and adds: "The result is in a great measure due to the benign spirit of our ancestors as well as to the devotion of the civil and military officials and the self-denying patriotism of our people. After twenty months of war, the position of the empire has been strengthened and the interests of the country have been advanced. As we have never wavered in our desire for the maintenance of peace it was contrary to our will that hostilities be projected and our people subjected unnecessarily to the horrors of war. When, therefore, the president of the United States, in the interests of peace and humanity, suggested to the governments of Russia and Japan that they arrange terms of peace, fully appreciating his kindness and good will, we accepted the suggestion and appointed plenipotentiaries to confer with plenipotentiaries of Russia. The plenipotentiaries of the two countries having met and conferred frequently the proposals of our plenipotentiaries, which were essential, having in view the objects of the war and the maintenance of peace in the east. They thus manifested the sincerity of their desire for peace. We have examined the terms agreed upon by the plenipotentiaries and having found them to be in entire conformity to our will, we have accepted and ratified them. Peace and glory thus having been secured, we are happy to invoke the blessing of the benign spirits of our ancestors, and to be able to bequeath the fruits

of these great deeds to our posterity. It is our earnest desire to share the glory with our people and to long enjoy the blessings of peace with all nations. Russia is again a friend of Japan, and we sincerely desire that the good neighborly relations now re-established shall become both intimate and cordial. In this age when there is no delay in the progress of the world there should be no cessation of efforts to improve the administration of the nations' affairs, both internal and external. While military efficiency should be maintained in full vigor even in time of peace, earnest endeavor should be made to attain success in peaceful pursuits so that the prosperity of the country may be maintained and permanent progress insured equally with its power. We strongly admonish our subjects against manifestations of vainglorious pride, and command them to attend to their lawful vocations and to do all that lies in their power to strengthen the empire."

PARTED FOREVERMORE

Norway and Sweden Take Formal and Final Adieu of Each Other

Stockholm, Oct. 16.—The union between Norway and Sweden existing since 1814, has been dissolved, both houses of the rikstag having passed the government bill repealing the act of union and recognizing Norway, "as a state separate from the union with Sweden."

IMPORTANT ORDER THIS

Affects All Federal Officers and Employes

Positively Forbidden to in Any Way Assist Any Person Aspiring to Stand a Civil Service Examination—Dismissal the Penalty

Washington, Oct. 16.—The president, today, through the state department, promulgated an executive order of importance to every employee in the civil service of the United States. No explanation of the underlying reasons for its issue is given.

The order is as follows: "No officer or employe of the government shall directly or indirectly instruct or be concerned in any manner in the instruction of any person or classes of persons with a view to their special preparation for the examination of the United States civil service commission."

"The fact that any officer or employe is found so engaged shall be considered sufficient cause for his removal from the service."

"(Signed) THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
"Oct. 16, 1905."

The executive order issued today, which makes liable to dismissal from the service any government employe who aids any person or classes of persons in preparing for civil service examinations, caused much comment. No reason for the order is made public, but it is supposed that it has been discovered that government employes who are familiar with the examinations have aided candidates.

The new ruling will probably hit some of the schools where candidates are prepared and in which government employes are interested.

MAKING IT HOT FOR HIM

Asheville Barkeeper Who Assaulted Salvation Army Woman

Asheville, N. C., Oct. 16.—Special.—The trial of A. A. Featherstone, the saloon-keeper who kicked a Salvation Army woman from his saloon Saturday afternoon is set for hearing before Judge McNeill, of the superior court, tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

The prosecution will be vigorously pushed and the trial will likely develop sensational features. It was learned this afternoon that a concerted effort would be made this week to have the board of aldermen revoke Featherstone's license.

DID NOT SHOW UP

Alleged Social Blackmailer Failed to to Appear in Court

New York, Oct. 16.—Charles A. Ahie, who was indicted last Friday on a charge of attempted extortion in an alleged attempt last summer to sell a subscription to America's Smart Set for \$500 to Edwin M. Post, failed to appear in the court of general sessions today. His lawyer said he was not in the city. The lawyer was given until Wednesday to produce him.

Ahie, it is said, has left the city purposely.

Why So Many Dead Fish?

Houston, Tex., Oct. 16.—Vast quantities of dead fish are reported on the gulf beach, believed to have been killed by submarine disturbances, which have caused the wave that swept the Cunard liner Compania last Wednesday.

SIXTY MILLION MORE OF BONDS

Will Be Recommended to Con- gress By Sec. Shaw

FOR THE PANAMA CANAL

Secretary of Treasury Thinks Pres- ent Generation Should Not Bear Entire Cost—Expense Should Be Distributed Through a Long Period of Years—Opposition in His Party

Washington, Oct. 16.—Secretary Shaw will probably recommend to congress in his annual report that an issue of \$60,000,000 of Panama canal bonds be authorized, in addition to the \$130,000,000 already provided for in the Spooner law.

Mr. Shaw's idea is that the expense of the canal construction should be distributed over a long term of years instead of being met largely by citizens of the present generation. The issue of \$60,000,000 more bonds would reimburse the treasury for the amount already paid out of current funds on account of the purchase from the French company, the payment to the republic of Panama and the \$10,000,000 appropriation for beginning work on the waterway.

It is expected that there will be strong opposition to the plan, and the Republican majority in congress might hesitate, for political reasons, if for no other, to authorize the additional issue of bonds.

The charge would probably be made by the opposition that the proposed issue was in reality a scheme for borrowing money for ordinary expenses of the government at a time when the current expenditures of the government are exceeding the receipts.

END OF YELLOW FEVER

This Week Expected to Mark Close of Epidemic—8 Cases Monday

New Orleans, Oct. 16.—Unless the federal authorities are to be greatly disappointed, the week beginning today will mark practically the end of the yellow fever visitation.

The remarkable showing of only eight new cases in the last twenty-four hours is regarded as confirming Dr. White's prediction that the fever will ultimately die out.

Wholesale reductions of the health service working forces continue. Inspectors to the number of 115 were dropped from the rolls yesterday at the end of their week and more will go today. There will then be 400 men at work, against 1,276 a short time ago. The report of the citizens' committee is expected to show a large surplus from the amount that was raised to fight the fever.

Dr. J. M. Rosenau, bacteriologist of the marine hospital service, who was sent here by Surgeon General Wymann to make investigations at the Emergency Hospital, has returned to Washington. Dr. Rosenau took with him numerous plates containing photographs of blood, etc., but before he left would not be quoted as to any discoveries.

General improvement in the state's condition continues.

IT'S JOHN PAUL FOR SURE

Consul General Gowdy Arrives and Confirms Gen. Horace Porter

Washington, Oct. 16.—John K. Gowdy, consul general at Paris, arrived in Washington tonight. Mr. Gowdy agrees with General Horace Porter that the body brought to Annapolis from Paris by Admiral Sigsbee's fleet was certainly the body of John Paul Jones.

It happens that ambassador Porter and Consul General Gowdy conducted independent investigations and both reported the same conclusions. "There can be no possible ground for doubt," said Mr. Gowdy, "that General Porter recovered the remains of John Paul Jones and the country owes him a rich debt of gratitude."

"President Roosevelt is the most popular man in the world with Parisians," added he "and if he visits Europe after his term expires he will receive the greatest ovation ever given any man."

GOV. HOGG VERY ILL

Famous Ex-Governor of Texas in Extremis—Son Summoned

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 15.—Ex-Governor Hogg's condition is worse tonight. The physicians attending him performed an operation this evening for cholecystitis. They declined to make a further ex-

cept that Mr. Hogg's condition is very serious. Will C. Hogg, a son of the ex-governor, has been telegraphed to at St. Louis, urging him to come to Dallas immediately.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 15.—Later.—The doctors had to abandon the proposed attempt to tap Governor Hogg. They found that erysipelas had badly developed and they feared to push the chrysipelas germs into the cavity and thereby produce blood poison. The doctors at 10 o'clock tonight said that the ex-governor is worse.

HURRICANE'S DOGS GOT HIM

And Came Near Making Sausage- meat of Innocent Negro

Suffolk, Va., Oct. 16.—An innocent negro today was run down by bloodhounds at Atwood's farm, in Dinwiddie county, and but for the prompt interference of "Hurricane" Branch, the dogs' master, would have been mangled. The dogs were seeking the incendiary who last night fired Atwood's building, but struck on the trail of the negro who had passed through the barnyard with a cow shortly before the fire.

Shot at Baptizing and Now Dead

Charlotte, N. C., Oct. 15.—Special. Andy Strat, the negro who shot at the colored baptizing a week ago, died this morning at the Good Samaritan hospital of his wounds. Julius Moore is in a critical condition in the same hospital and four negroes are in jail charged with the shooting.

VERY PROMPT DECISION

Supreme Court Vindicates Judge Purnell

By Reversing With Unusual Alac- rity a Decision of Judge Emory

Speer of Georgia U. S. District Court—City Ordinance Appeal

Washington, Oct. 16.—The supreme court today reversed with unusual promptness the action of Judge Speer of the United States district court for the district of Georgia, in setting at liberty Henry Jamison, who had been sentenced to labor in the chain gang under an ordinance of the city of Macon, on a charge of disorderly conduct, and in lieu of a fine.

Jamison applied for a writ of habeas corpus, on the ground that he was deprived of his liberty and subjected to infamous punishment without due process of law and in violation of his rights under the United States Constitution.

The writ was granted by Judge Speer greatly to the discomfiture of the state courts, and another similar case, even more conspicuous and involving the race issue, came up more recently.

The arguments in the appeal taken by the Georgia officials were finished only last Thursday, and the court today, without even rendering a written opinion, ordering Judge Speer to dismiss the writ and remand Jamison to the custody of the superintendent of the chain gang to serve out his sentence.

Clark Case Set for January 2

Washington, Oct. 16.—The supreme court today, on motion of the government, advanced and set for argument on January 2d the cases against Senator William A. Clark of Montana, and against the Bitter Root Development Company, the Anaconda Copper Company and others. Both cases concerned the so-called Montana land frauds, and the courts below dismissed the government's bill because the actions were not brought promptly.

The case against Senator Clark alleged fraudulently obtaining eighty-two tracts of land in Montana, and the other was for the recovery of \$2,000,000 worth of timber immediately cut from public lands.

Another Important Case

Washington, Oct. 16.—Attorney General Hart of the state of Georgia on behalf of that commonwealth, today asked the supreme court for permission to file a bill in equity against the Tennessee Copper Company and the Ducktown Sulphur, Copper and Iron Company, to restrain the operation of sulphur smelters in the state of Tennessee along the Georgia border, the fumes from which are destroying the forest and other vegetation for twenty miles on the Georgia side of the line. The court took the motion under advisement.

JOHN D. IS "INSPIRED"

What the Negro Baptists of Texas Say of Mr. Rockefeller

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 15.—The negro Baptist convention of Texas, in session at Waco, adopted a resolution commending John D. Rockefeller and saying that, in the opinion of the convention, he was an inspired giver. They also commended what he had done for the advancement of education and religion in the world. The convention represents the colored Baptists of Texas.

HYDE RETURNS TO NEW YORK

First Visit Since Fun Began in Insurance Circles

TO TELL ALL HE KNOWS

The Star Witness Will Be Placed on the Stand Next Week—His Ap- pearance Is Voluntary and So Will Be His Testimony—Says He Has Been Made a Scapegoat

New York, Oct. 15.—James H. Hyde returned to town tonight and is at his home, 9 East Fortieth street.

This is the first time Mr. Hyde has appeared in New York state, at least publicly, since last July, when the insurance investigating committee began to send out subpoenas. Mr. Hyde has been in Newport the greater part of the time, although frequently he ran up to Boston. He came to town from that city tonight.

There were no subpoena servers waiting for Mr. Hyde at his home. He will not be subpoenaed by the Armstrong committee, as he has promised to appear before the committee whenever his presence is wanted and tell freely all that he knows about questionable transactions in the Equitable.

The committee probably will not call upon Mr. Hyde until next week at the earliest, as it is expected that the affairs of the Mutual will engage the committee's time for several days. Mr. Hyde is a much desired witness. Without him there are many things in the Equitable tangle that would never be cleared up. Mr. Hyde is determined, when he appears on the stand, to put himself before the public in as favorable a light as possible and to demonstrate that he is not responsible for many of the irregularities in the Equitable management the blame for which has been laid at his door.

Mr. Hyde will explain in detail his relations to the \$50,000,000 Union Pacific "blind pool," and his statements in regard to this transaction are sure to furnish food for thought to both Jacob H. Schiff and Edward H. Harriman.

Not only will Mr. Hyde tell the committee all that he knows, but William H. McIntyre, the Equitable fourth vice-president under the old regime, and Mr. Hyde's right-hand man in the management of the society's affairs, will soon return to town and appear before the committee.

McIntyre probably knows more about the Equitable's political contributions and the moneys paid for "supervising" legislation than any other officers of the old management. It has been said that he was practically in charge of the payments from the "yellow dog" fund.

The committee's process servers have been unable to locate A. C. Fields, the Mutual superintendent of supplies and legislative supervisor for New York state, and it looks now as though the inquiry would have to go on this week without Fields.

It was reported today on good authority that the organization of one or more large stock companies, with the avowed purpose of selling insurance at a profit and as a strictly business proposition, without any pretense of philanthropy, would be one of the results of the present insurance inquiry.

CONFIDENCE RESTORED

The Germania Bank of New Orleans Retains Its Credit

New Orleans, Oct. 16.—Before 10:41 o'clock this morning over twenty of the depositors of the Germania Savings Bank, on which there had been a run on Friday afternoon and Saturday forenoon, re-opened their accounts.

The run was started by a Canard printed in an obscure paper. The clearing house committee states that incident is now closed and the credit of the Germania is entirely unimpaired.

State Bank Examiner L. E. Thomas, has authorized the statement that he considered the Germania one of the most solvent institutions in Louisiana.

THE MAYOR IN A FIGHT

Trouble Over the Inquest of a Mur- dered Girl in Maryland

Hyattsville, Md., Oct. 15.—After a day of intense excitement culminating in two fights, in one of which the mayor figured, the inquest over the body of Emma Smallwood was postponed, on motion of the state, until tomorrow morning.

Winfield Scott Hancock, arrested Saturday on a warrant charging him with the murder of the Smallwood girl who was a domestic in the family of his father, Col. Hancock, is in jail, but will be at the inquest tomorrow.