

TERMS. THE CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE is published to subscribers at \$2.00 per annum in advance. If payment be made quarterly, \$5.00; semi-annually, \$10.00; or annually, \$20.00. Single copies, five cents.

CLUB RATES. Twenty-five copies, one year, post paid, \$45.00. Fifty copies, one year, post paid, \$85.00. One hundred copies, one year, post paid, \$165.00.

OUR AGENTS. All the traveling and local preachers in the bounds of the North Carolina Conference are our authorized agents. Any person sending us ten subscribers for one year, will receive the paper free.

Poetry.

NIGHT AMONG THE HILLS.

MOY ALLISON. No still! No still! The night comes down on vale and hill so strangely still. I cannot sleep. My eyes are open. No wakened soul about the hills. I see the little foxes up behind.

Communicated.

INFANT SALVATION—No. 2.

BY REV. E. A. VANCE.

If, then, an infant is born in neither a justified nor regenerated state, what is its relation to the Atonement? Simply this, that Christ having lifted the penalty of Adam's sin from all his posterity during a term of probation, and of course an infant not deserving the penalty, and dying before it entered a state of probation, the Atonement does nothing for, by virtue of its meritorious provisions, take the child to heaven.

For the Advocate.

DE. BOBBETT: Having been near three months away from home, in the mountains of our State, whether I came in search of health, and having been quite successful in this, I thought to give you an account of my experience in this charming mountain country. First, let me tell you of an attempted trip to the Warm Springs. A week ago last Saturday morning, the stage arrived at our honored Governor, with its prancing four, drew up to our excellent boarding house, when a Miss Hunter, of Norfolk, Mrs. Wm. A. French, her daughter Miss Lina, as well as two small children of the former, and Mrs. Parker and myself of Wilmington, took our seats, expecting to supper at these Springs, whose healing properties stand justly high. The morning was beautiful, the air bracing, the sky clear, and soon we were wending our way beside the dashing, foaming waters of the French Broad, occasionally lifting our eyes to the rugged steeples beside us, beholding lofty peaks which seemingly penetrated the azure vault. Busy thought was at work and imagination ran high as we fancied ourselves picturing those scenes, which are so truly grand in this Western Carolina. Five miles from Asheville, we passed the home of Genl. Robt. B. Vance, the honorable representative from this district, in the Congress of our country. And here let me say that he is justly popular with the people as a statesman and a true Christian gentleman, always setting an example worthy of imitation. If our whole country were represented by such men, purity would mark the action of that body which assembles from winter to winter, oftentimes to cast odium upon the people and to indulge in a spirit of hatred and animosity of a sectional char-

Raleigh Christian Advocate.

REV. J. B. BOBBETT, D. D., EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. The Faith once delivered to the Saints. [REV. H. T. HUDSON, CORRESPONDING EDITOR.]

Published in the Interests of Methodism in North Carolina.

Vol. XXIII. Raleigh, N. C., Wednesday, Oct. 9th, 1878. Number 39.

For the Advocate.

PROSPERITY IN THE CHURCH.

D. Aubigne said that "piety and power are the two elements of prosperity in the church: the first true, the second false." We should never lose sight of the fact that it is possible for a church greatly to prosper in the world's estimation, when it is losing its piety, and has lost its power with God. The power of wealth and numbers may be obtained, while the true inner power of faith is lost. A worldly church, like an individual, may have "the form of godliness" and not the power. Hence it is a matter of the greatest importance that churches should look well to the purity of its membership.

For the Advocate.

MOTHER AND SON.

A good mother never grows old to a child, nor does his love for her. Her relation to each other are not changed by the passing years. She is to the last his mother, and whatever he is to others, to her he is her boy. Biography is rich with illustrations of this truth, although the man whose mother is still spared to him need not go beyond his own experience to recognize its close. Here, for example, is a beautiful closing, from the life of John Jay, the first Chief Justice of the United States. When he is fifty years old, and his mother is ninety, he writes to her in tenderness: "You have been the best mother in the world. I thank you for your indulgence to me, and beg forgiveness of all that I have done ill, and of all that I have omitted to do well." How many men there are whose mother still lives, who could make the same confession to her, and who would be glad to do so. The mother's love is a power, and it is a power that no other power can equal. It is a power that can do more for the world than any other power. It is a power that can do more for the church than any other power. It is a power that can do more for the world than any other power. It is a power that can do more for the church than any other power. It is a power that can do more for the world than any other power. It is a power that can do more for the church than any other power.

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OFFICE—COR. DAWSON & HARGETT STS. RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Table with columns: Space, Weeks, 1 Mo., 3 Mos., 6 Mos., 1 Year. Rates for 1 Square, 2 Squares, 3 Squares, 4 Squares, 5 Squares, 6 Squares, 7 Squares, 8 Squares, 9 Squares, 10 Squares.

Advertisements will be charged once every three months without additional charge. For every other change there will be an extra charge of twenty cents an inch. Twenty five per cent. is added to the above rates for special notices in the Local Edition. The above rates are in advance, unless otherwise agreed upon. The above rates are in advance, unless otherwise agreed upon. The above rates are in advance, unless otherwise agreed upon.

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STATISTICS OF INTemperance.

REV. F. T. PARKER is contributing a series of valuable articles, with the above title, to the Christian Advocate and Journal. We insert the first of these articles, and ask that it may receive special attention, as its facts are valuable. "The total production of distilled spirits in the United States in 1874, as per report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was 99,572,242 gallons. In 1869, before such great inducements to distill were given, the total amount was 89,000,000 gallons. It is, therefore, probable that at least 10,000,000 gallons were produced in 1875. In the year 1790, 3,049,271 gallons of distilled spirits were distilled. The total amount distilled in 1875 was 99,572,242 gallons, and paid duty by Robert Morris offered to take the excess in farm, and pay into the treasury \$70,000 per annum, whereas it never had paid more than \$15,000, so that the annual consumption was probably four times as much as reported. I think, therefore, that I can safely estimate the annual consumption at three gallons annually for each person in the nation, for the last one hundred years. This would give a total consumption for one hundred years of 3,735,888,949 gallons, and 1,650,921,250 gallons for the last decade. The total distilled liquor amount to 5,386,810,200 gallons; but of this we will make no account. "The production of beer in 1874 was 279,746,944 gallons, or seven and one-fourth gallons to each person. Supposing this to be the average for the century, the total amount produced would be 9,008,739,845 gallons for 100 years, and 2,267,544,910 gallons for the last decade. "The imported wines were estimated in 1874 at 10,700,000 gallons, a little more than one-fourth of a gallon to each person. This would give about 300,000,000 gallons for the century, and 88,750,000 gallons for the last ten years. "At present prices the cost would be as follows: For ten years, cost of spirits, \$4,500,000,000; cost of beer, \$1,125,000,000; cost of wine, \$1,125,000,000. Total for ten years, \$6,750,000,000. For one hundred years, cost of spirits, \$45,000,000,000; cost of beer, \$11,250,000,000; cost of wine, \$11,250,000,000. Total for one hundred years, \$67,500,000,000. This is a sum equal to the present real and personal property of the nation. "GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND. "The annual consumption of liquors was given by Graham's Temperance Guide, as follows: Ardent spirits, 36,000,000 gallons; foreign wines, 16,144,539 gallons; British wines, 1,000,000 gallons. "The average population for one hundred years has been about 20,000,000. Spirits liquors came into general use about the close of the seventeenth century. Before that time, as stated by Macaulay, beer and ale and coffee are now. Admitting the same average consumption for one hundred years as for 1874, we find an average annual consumption of 23,300,000 gallons of spirits liquors, 12,500,000 gallons of wine, and 642,800,000 gallons of malt liquors. The total amount of liquors consumed for the ten years last past would be taking the average population, 233,000,000 gallons of spirits liquors, 125,000,000 gallons of wine, and 6,428,000,000 gallons of malt and 132,448,440 gallons of wine making a total of 9,586,448,440 gallons of all; and at present prices the cost would be for ten years, \$5,750,000,000; for one hundred years, \$57,500,000,000. The larger sum for 100 years than in this nation results from the fact that the average population was larger. "GERMANY. "The total consumption of liquors is reported to be 146,000,000 gallons of beer, and 121,500,000 gallons of wine annually. Supposing the average population to have been stationary for the present number for one hundred years, the consumption will be, for ten years, 1,460,000,000 gallons of beer, and 1,215,000,000 gallons of wine. For one hundred years, 14,600,000,000 gallons of beer, 12,150,000,000 gallons of wine, costing for 10 years, \$4,000,000,000; for one hundred years, \$40,000,000,000. I have no statistics of the spirits liquors. "FRANCE. "Frenchemen drink 27,000,000 gallons of spirits, 51,800,000 gallons of malt liquor, and 600,000,000 gallons of wine annually. If the average of population has been stationary for ten years, and two-thirds the present number for one hundred years, the consumption for ten years, 270,000,000 gallons of ardent spirits, 518,000,000 gallons of malt liquor, and 6,000,000,000 gallons of wine; and for one hundred years, 2,700,000,000 gallons of ardent spirits, 5,180,000,000 gallons of malt liquor, and 60,000,000,000 gallons of wine, costing for ten years, \$4,000,000,000; for one hundred years, \$40,000,000,000. "HUNGARY. "A splendid car but a very poor voice, as the organ grinder said to the donkey. "A man with a new watch should not hurry. He should say 'I bought my watch for ten years.' "A man who is out of town don't feel it half so much as the man who is out of money.—Philo Ralston. "A Bergen county boy says that when he eats watermelon his mouth feels as if it were in swimming.—I. M. M. "Stinkins remarked that money is a great leveler in the human mind. "A very great leaver, indeed," replied Blanks; "I never can keep it." "Nothing betrays the innocence of men's natures more than to see one feeling all over his coat tails to find a pocket which is in his coat at home.—Poeke Press. "A Boston paper says: "A butterfly was caught at the South End yesterday. It may be safe enough to catch a