

## CAPT. CHARLES BUFORD

### Says Winston is the Live-liest Town in the State.

## SPAIN DREADS SENATOR SHERMAN

### WHO IS TO SUCCEED OLNEY, WHICH MEANS CUBAN INDEPENDENCE.

### DuBois will be Defeated, but Pritchard will be Re-elected—Senator Jones Concedes It.

## Special to THE TRIBUNE.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 14.—The "best town in the State," said Capt. Chas. Buford, "is Winston. The McKinley prosperity wave has not got there on schedule time, but our people are going ahead and business is in good shape. Don't forget to say," he added, "Winston has the best postmaster in the United States, and our defeated candidate for Governor is a great, big man defeated, but he is not disappointed. He hardly expected to be elected, notwithstanding Senator Butler's assurance that no honest Populist would vote for Rusell. Things got tangled in some way during the campaign, and the wonder is that the majority against Watson was so small."

About the Senatorial election he said the general impression is that Pritchard will be re-elected. The Democratic votes, he said, will be given to Watson. The Senatorial election ends further Democratic dickerings with the Populists.

It must end, and that quickly, or there will be nothing left of the party but an offensive smell of sulphur.

It has been known for some time to the Spanish government that Senator Sherman would succeed Mr. Olney as Secretary of State. Spain understands the full import of the succession.

It means the end of Spanish butchery and the establishment of Cuban independence.

Spain is therefore anxious to end the war on Cleveland's meaningless conditions of Cuban autonomy, hence all the current talk about treaty negotiations with the United States, with a view to the immediate termination of the Cuban war. The arbitration treaty with Great Britain has been concluded by the administration with a view to its effect in the settlement of the Cuban question. The Senate will hardly confirm the treaty, and the chances are that the Cuban matter and the treaty will be settled by the succeeding administration. Some surprise is expressed at Senator Sherman's acceptance of the State department, but he is a typical American and is quick to see the great importance of this juncture in our national crisis of an aggressive domestic policy.

A vigorous American policy will distinguish McKinley's administration. Whether it is the Monroe doctrine or the establishment of our commercial independence or the maintenance of our national integrity, American manhood will be the influencing consideration. If this expectation is not realized there will be general disappointment and national humiliation. The inside talk here tonight is that despite the most extraordinary effort of the National Democratic Committee DuBois is defeated in Idaho and Pritchard will be re-elected in North Carolina. Senator Jones practically admitted defeat to-day and hence a Republican majority in the next Senate.

J. B. H.

## LUIS SOMEILLAN.

### Imprisoned for Life in Chains—The Case Will be Appealed.

Havana, Jan. 14.—At 12:30 p. m. to-day sentence was read in the case of Luis Someillan, the naturalized American citizen, who had been found guilty of conspiring against the Spanish government. The sentence is that he be imprisoned for life in chains. Someillan's lawyer will appeal to the Supreme Court at Madrid against the decision of the Havana tribunal.

## To Name the U. S. Senator Today.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 14.—The House and Senate steering committees at 9:30 this morning agreed to postpone the Republican caucus until tomorrow (Friday) afternoon at 3 o'clock to name a United States Senator. The caucus will probably be held in the Supreme Court room in the State capitol.

## Weather Indications.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 14—8 p. m.—For Virginia: Local showers, generally cloudy weather; southerly to easterly winds.

North and South Carolina: Generally cloudy, light local showers; northeast wind; colder in southern portion.

## CUBAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

### Letters Bearing Them Have Been Received in This Country.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The appearance of the stamps of the so-called Cuban republic in the United States mails has caused much comment here and was the source of some discussion at the post-office department today as to whether such stamps could be recognized as proper for the transmission of mails into the United States, as this government has not recognized Cuba as a free and independent country. This is probably the first case of its kind where insurgents have established their own post-offices and used their own stamps, which were transmitted in the mails to the United States.

At the postoffice department it was stated that these stamps were good so far as the United States was concerned, as our postal laws require only that the stamps be properly canceled and the envelopes containing mail matter bear the post-mark of a regular postoffice. These regulations have been complied with so far as the department knows. Had they not been admissible the letters bearing these stamps would have been marked with the letter T at the receiving office in this country, meaning tax collect.

The department knows nothing about the postoffice stamped on the envelope except that it is in Spanish territory, and Spain is in the international postal union.

These stamps might give rise to a delicate diplomatic question in which the postoffice department would take no part, but refer the matter to the department of state for settlement.

## ONE MORE CHAPTER

### Added to the Bank Failures from Which Democrats.

## CAN EXPATRIATE UPON ELABORATELY

### FOR THE BENEFIT OF THEIR PESSIMISTIC READERS.

### Without Which There Would be no Consolation or "Gags" on McKinley's Prosperity.

Petersburg, Va., January 14.—W. Fred Wehmann, dealer in carpets, matings, picture frames and bric a brac etc., made a deed of assignment today. W. B. McIlwaine is named as trustee. Liabilities about \$4,300. Assets no given. His principal creditors are in Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Ocala, Fla., January 14.—The Merchants' National Bank of Ocala, Fla., closed its doors this morning and its depositors will have to wait for their money. The only cause assigned for the failure of the bank is that it was impossible to make collections. The bank had a capital stock of \$100,000. R. B. McConnell is president. It was founded eleven years ago, by John F. Dunn in opposition to the First National Bank of Ocala, which failed two years ago and whose president, E. W. Agnew, is under five years' sentence for embezzling bank funds.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 14.—The Orange City Bank a private institution, of which John E. Sulliman, chairman of the Republican Executive Committee of this State, is president, has closed its doors, and R. S. Leavitt, of Orange City, the assignee, is now in charge.

The cashier of the bank was Arthur Sulliman, a brother of the president. The Sulliman brothers were the principal owners of the bank, and they have assigned all of their property to R. S. Leavitt for the benefit of creditors.

There was no warning of the failure, and within the past few weeks several Northern people, who have winter homes in the vicinity of Orange City, have deposited various sums in the bank. No statement of the assets or liabilities of the bank has yet been announced.

Brooksville, Fla., January 14.—The Brooksville State Bank has closed its doors temporarily on account of the suspension of the Merchants' National Bank of Ocala, this morning. Treasurers are pretty general. Confidence, however, remains in the honesty of the bank.

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 14.—At a meeting last night of the depositors in the Northern Trust Company of this city which failed recently, it developed that the concern will pay a very small dividend, if any, unless it is received from the stockholders, many of whom reside in the East, principally in Philadelphia. It also developed that many of the stockholders have paid but 50 per cent. on their stock.

## LIGHTING OF A MATCH

### Caused the Firing of One Vessel Upon Two Others.

## THE DOLPHIN AND DELAWARE

### THE LATTER TAKEN FOR A FILIBUSTER.

### Satisfied After Being Taken in to Port That She Was Not, She Was Let Go.

New York, Jan. 14.—A Jacksonville special to the Evening Journal says that at 2 o'clock this morning the dispatch boat Dolphin fired upon and seized the Clyde Line steamer Delaware and a large launch that was alongside, at Mayport, at the mouth of the St. Johns river.

The Delaware, Captain Ingram, left Boston last Friday for Charleston and Jacksonville. The special says the launch, under charge of Captain Kemp, a bar pilot, started from Jacksonville, ostensibly for St. Augustine, but lay to the mouth of the river. The Delaware came in close this morning and then turned and stood out to sea. The launch followed. The Dolphin turned her searchlights on the vessel and then pursued, firing on both vessels. The firing stopped them. The launch was left at Mayport in charge of a detail from the Dolphin, and the Delaware was brought up the river.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 14.—The steamer Delaware, of the Clyde's Boston, Wilmington, Charleston and Jacksonville line, came to port this morning, having on board Lieutenant Sutherland, of the United States dispatch boat Dolphin. The presence of the Lieutenant on board is accounted for by the fact that she was taken for a filibuster when she appeared off the bar.

All grew out of the lighting of a match, and the officers on the government vessel ever on the alert to catch any filibuster along the Florida coast, flashed his searchlights over the waters to learn the meaning of the little flame. The light settled on a small row boat, in which was seated a pilot waiting the arrival of the Delaware to bring her in over the bar.

The appearance of a man in a small row boat at sea at so early an hour, excited the suspicions of the officers on board the Dolphin, and the boat and man were kept under close surveillance. When the Delaware was in sight, before daylight, and the pilot boarded her, the circumstances were regarded with evermore suspicion. Lieutenant Sutherland boarded the Delaware and came on into port with her.

Upon arriving here he visited the office of Frank Clark, United States District Attorney, but the nature of his visit could not be learned. It is presumed, however, that he was satisfied that the Delaware was not a filibuster, for he returned to the Dolphin about noon, going down on the revenue cutter Coifax. Lieutenant Sutherland was seen during his short visit in the city, and when asked as to the day the Dolphin would come into port, replied that he could not say. The lieutenant said the officers and men of the man of war were very anxious to visit Jacksonville.

The Dolphin will await the arrival of the cruiser Newark before coming in, she being subject to the orders of Captain Nelson, of the cruiser. He said that the Newark was expected to arrive off the bar today from Port Royal. Specials sent out from here stating that the Delaware was fired upon are pure fakes.

## A MARBLE CASTLE

### Is Destroyed by Fire—Loss, \$100,000.

New Rochelle, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Leland Castle, owned by Adrian Iselin, Jr., and occupied by the Morse School, took fire for the second time at 2 o'clock this morning and was completely destroyed. The building was one of the finest in lower Westchester county, and was built of marble.

The first fire broke out at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and was extinguished after damaging the castle to the extent of \$20,000. The total destruction of the castle, it is estimated, involved a loss of \$100,000.

## WOLCOTT'S MISSION

### Is Merely to Test Sentiment in Monetary Circles.

London, Jan. 14.—London financiers generally express the opinion that the purpose of the visit to Europe of Hon. E. O. Wolcott, United States Senator from Colorado, is merely to test the sentiment in monetary circles upon the currency question, and not with any idea of arranging for an international monetary conference, to which the consensus of financial opinion is not favorable.

## PACIFIC R. R. AGAIN

### A New Phase Presented—Free Homesteads in Oklahoma.

## HOUSE STATESMEN ARE IMPATIENT

### OLEOMARGARINE SUBJECT TO THE LAWS OF THE STATE.

### The President Sends a Veto Message—Both Branches Adjourn Until Next Monday.

## SENATE.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 14.—A new phase of the Pacific railroad problem was presented in the Senate to-day in the form of a resolution offered by Mr. Morgan instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire whether by the very fact that certain of the bonds of the Union and Central Pacific railroad companies had fallen due and were not paid, the property of those companies had not become and was not the property of the United States. The resolution went over without action.

The House bill for free homesteads on the public lands in Oklahoma Territory, which has been the "unfinished business" in the Senate since the first week of the present session, came to a vote today after three hours debate and was passed, yeas, 35; nays, 11. It was first amended in a very important particular, by striking out the words, "In the Territory of Oklahoma," thus making it apply to all public lands acquired from the various Indian tribes.

It provides that all settlers of these lands shall be entitled to patents on payment of the usual customary fees, and that no further charge of any kind shall be required. It provides, by another Senate amendment, that all sums of money so released, which if not released would belong to any Indian tribe, shall be paid to such tribe by the United States. The bill now goes back to the House for action on the Senate amendments.

The army appropriation bill was reported back from the Committee on Appropriations and was placed on the calendar.

The printing of 3,000 extra copies of the Anglo American arbitration treaty, and of 2,000 extra copies of the memorandum, recently presented by Mr. Hale (Rep., Me.), as to the right of recognizing foreign governments, was ordered.

Senate bill for an examination of the improvements at the Pass of Arkansas, Texas, was taken from the calendar and passed.

Mr. Morgan moved to proceed to the consideration of Senate bill to amend the act to incorporate the Maritime Canal Company of Nicaragua. The vote was: Yeas 33; nays 6—no quorum. The negative votes were cast by Messrs. Berry, Blackburn, Chilton, Cockrell, Gray and Teller.

Mr. Morgan moved a call of the Senate, but Mr. Hill remarked that it was too late to attempt to get a quorum, and he moved an adjournment. The motion was agreed to and the Senate at 4:30 p. m. adjourned till Monday next.

## HOUSE.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 14.—When the House met this morning many members waited impatiently in their seats for business to begin. Each had a printed copy of some bill in his hand, eagerly hoping to get it through under the unanimous consent rule. When the journal had been read a score of members were on their feet crying for recognition and business went along merrily for a while. A number of private pension and other minor bills were passed.

Mr. Fitzgerald (Dem., Mass.) secured the passage of a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for an estimate on the cost of putting the frigate Constitution in condition to make the journey from Portsmouth, N. H., to Washington, to be used as a naval museum.

The bill, discussed yesterday, to make oleomargarine and all other imitation dairy products subject to the laws of the State or Territory into which they are transported was called up by Mr. Grout (Rep., Vermont) and discussed by Messrs. Cooper (Dem., Florida) and Tucker (Dem., Virginia) in opposition, and Messrs. Northway (Rep., Ohio) and Morse (Rep., Mass.) in favor of it.

The opposition was on the general ground that the bill provided an interference with the power of Congress to regulate Interstate Commerce. The right of a State to prevent the importation to its boundaries of a product which the laws of that State prohibited was the basis for the arguments in favor.

The opposition, however, did not prove formidable on the yeas and nays vote on the third reading, which the opponents of the measure accepted as final. The yeas were 126 and the nays 96. Some amendments to perfect the measure were agreed to without discussion.

The President's message, vetoing the

bill to create a new judiciary district in Texas, was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Sherman (Rep., New York) presented the Indian Appropriation bill.

The House then, at 4:52, adjourned until tomorrow.

## HON. W. J. BRYAN

### Invited to Deliver an Address Before the Missouri Legislature.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 14.—In the Senate yesterday a joint resolution was adopted providing that an invitation be given to Hon. W. J. Bryan to visit Jefferson City and deliver an address before the Legislature. The House also adopted the resolution. Representative Tubbs offered an amendment to the effect that the name of Bourke Cockran be inserted along with Bryan. This brought Representative Tribble, of Dunklin county, to the front with a red hot speech, in which he classed Cockran as a renegade. Representative Fegan, of St. Louis, also wanted to insert the name of Grover Cleveland in the invitation, and there was a general uproar of "No" and hisses.

The Bryan invitation was finally adopted, but no date has been fixed.

## Platt Nominated.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 14.—The joint caucus of the Republican members of the State legislature tonight nominated Thomas C. Platt as United States Senator to succeed David B. Hill.

Mr. Platt received 142 votes and Joseph H. Choate, the only other candidate, seven votes.

## RINGING RESOLUTIONS

### Spanish Atrocities are Denounced.

## CUBANS MAINTAIN THEMSELVES

### AS A REPUBLIC AND OUGHT TO BE RECOGNIZED.

### That the Spanish Government has Failed in Their Ability to Enforce Order.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 14.—In the Assembly today Mr. Wittner (Rep., Rockland) introduced the following:

Whereas, The atrocities perpetrated by the Spanish authorities upon American citizens and others on the Island of Cuba during the past year, have been barbarous in the extreme, and a disgrace to a civilized world; and,

Whereas, The patriots have organized and maintained for months a republican form of government, over a great part of the island—a government based upon the principles of freedom and individual liberty, dear to the American people and promising happiness and prosperity to the inhabitants of Cuba; and

Whereas, The commercial interests of the United States, and especially of the State of New York, have suffered severely owing to the unsettled condition of affairs in that island, and the Spanish authorities having shown their inability to preserve order.

Resolved, By the Assembly of the State of New York, Senate concurring, that the Senators and Representatives in Congress from this State be requested to urge and support such measures as will insure to the struggling Cubans recognition by the United States as belligerents and an opportunity to carry on warfare under equal conditions.

Resolved, That the Clerk of the Assembly be and is hereby directed to forward a copy of this preamble and these resolutions to each Senator and member of Congress from the State of New York. The resolution was made a special order for next Monday night.

## The Races.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 14.—Warm weather and a large attendance marked the racing here today. Favorites only won twice, however, and the bookmakers got the bulk of the spoils.

First race, selling, seven furlongs—Gismonda, 9; S. nger, 4 to 1, won; Sa urne, second; Trilby third. Time, 1:24.

Second race, selling, one mile—Sharon, 107; charr, 2 to 1, won; Andy second; Jack Hayes, third. Time, 1:43.

Third race, selling, mile and sixteenth—Dorothy III, 9; Hirsch, 7 to 2, won; Fasig, second; Ida Pickwick, third. Time, 1:49.

Fourth race, handicap, six furlongs—Gast, 94; T. Burns, 4 to 3, won; Anger, second; Laly Brittle, third. Time, 1:16.

Fifth race, selling, seven furlongs—Buckme, 10; Dorsey, 2 to 1, won; C. C. Rumrill, second; Nove, third. Time, 1:31.

Sixth race, selling, six furlongs—Marquise, 100; R. Reff, 7 to 2, won; Maggie S., second; D.rah Wood, third. Time, 1:14.

## GONZALES QUESADA

### The Head of the Cuban Junta in Washington

## DENIES THE SENSATIONAL STORY

### THAT GEN. GOMEZ HAD CONSENTED TO ARTICLES OF CUBAN PEACE.

### Gomez Says Conditions Are Most Prosperous, and all they lack is a Supply of Ammunition and Arms—Cuba's Secretary Arrested.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 14.—Senor Gonzales Quesada, the head of the Cuban Junta in Washington, was informed this morning that a story had been published to the effect that Secretary Olney and Minister De Lome had drawn up articles to end the Cuban war, on the line proposed by Gen. Gomez.

Senor Quesada emphatically denied that any such action had been taken or could be approved by the Cubans. He said the story was absolutely false, as Gen. Gomez had never proposed any reform whatever, nor was there a Cuban in the island that would accept anything but absolute independence. To make his denial stronger, Senor Quesada quoted from the decree issued by Gen. Gomez sometime ago, which is now law, and in which he said that anyone in Cuba bringing overtures of peace, based on anything but independence, was to be regarded as a traitor and would be summarily dealt with, and, further, that any treaty of peace with Spain which must necessarily have for its basis the absolute independence of the island of Cuba, must be ratified by the government council of Cuba and by an assembly of representatives convened expressly for that purpose.

Senor Quesada today received a letter from President Cisneros of the republic of Cuba, dated Cuitas, December 2nd, which enclosed some new postage stamps of the Cuban republic. He read extracts from this letter in which President Cisneros expressed his gratification that the people and the Congress of the United States continued to show their sympathy for Cuba. He said he was preparing an appeal in which the government of the Cuban republic would ask for the recognition of the independence of the island. He further stated that they were preparing to renew an offensive campaign. Gen. Gomez had left to enter Santa Clara with reinforcements and a good supply of munitions of war. Gomez's route would be further west. President Cisneros also said that their condition was most prosperous, and if they had an abundance of munitions of war, not only rifles but of cannon and dynamite cannon, railroads would be desroyed and all the remaining garrisoned towns in the interior would be abandoned by the Spaniards, who would be reduced to the coast. President Cisneros concluded that they expected to receive very soon the desired materials from abroad which will enable the Cubans to drive the Spanish to the sea and then the Cubans would bid the enemy a last good-bye.

New York Jan. 14.—Gen. Carlos Roloff, Secretary of War of the Cuban republic, was arrested last night on a warrant sworn out by the Spanish consul, charging him with violation of the neutrality laws in connection with alleged filibustering expeditions to Cuba in the steamer Woodall, June 23, 1896. Roloff was locked up in Ludlow street jail over night and brought before Commissioner Shields this morning. The arrest came to the knowledge of his friends so late they could not arrange for his release on bail. They are indignant at his arrest, having been so timed as to render all efforts to prevent his incarceration futile. Gen. Roloff was arrested as he was leaving No. 22 Fulton street and taken at jail at once. He had been ill for some time, and when his friends brought some medicine for him to the jail he was not allowed to receive it; the officers saying they could not give it to him without the order from the Marshal or somebody else.—Just who was to issue the order, the official failed to make plain.

Gen. Roloff looked worn and haggard when he came before Commissioner Shields shortly before 11 o'clock this morning. Arraigned with him upon a similar charge was Dr. Joseph L. Lewis. Each pleaded not guilty and was held under \$2,500 bail for examination on Saturday next. Bail was furnished.

## Not the Usual Way.

Streator, Ill., Jan. 14.—The City National Bank yesterday notified the depositors to come and get their money as the bank was going out of business. The bank was organized six years ago with a capital stock of \$100,000 all paid. During the last eighteen months business has been very dull and the stockholders decided their money could be more profitably invested. About \$10,000 was paid to depositors yesterday.