

THE TRIBUNE IS REPUBLICAN, BUT IT IS THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.

Second Edition

MORGAN WARMS UP

Wants to Send an American War Ship to Cuba.

OBJECTS TO BEING CALLED OLD

TWO IMPORTANT APPROPRIATION BILLS REPORTED.

New Senators Want a Reorganization of Committees—Attempt to Bring on a Tariff Debate Defeated by Morrill's Objection.

Washington, April 6.—Two of the important appropriation bills—the sundry civil and the Indian appropriation bills—which failed to receive the President's signature at the last session, and were re-passed by the House, were reported from the Committee on Appropriations and placed on the calendar. Mr. Pettigrew (S. D.) said he would call up the Indian bill at an early day, and Mr. Allen (Iowa) stated that the sundry civil bill would be called up next week.

Mr. Earl (Dem., S. C.), on behalf of the new senators, asked a reorganization of the Senate committees so as to give representation to those not now placed upon any committee. He offered a resolution providing that the Senate should meet at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning for this purpose.

Under objection, the resolution went over until tomorrow.

Mr. Vest (Dem., Mo.) attempted to bring a tariff discussion by asking immediate consideration of a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury to state whether he had issued any orders under the retroactive clause of the Dingley bill, and if so, upon what authority.

The veteran author of the tariff of 1862 (Mr. Morrill, of Vt.), promptly objected to the resolution and it went over until tomorrow.

At 12:30 p. m. Mr. Morgan called up his resolution regarding the existence of a state of public war in Cuba, and began an extended speech thereon. Mr. Morgan's remarks were temperate in tone. He commented on the fact that this was the third time within a century that citizens of the United States had suffered by the existence of a state of war in Cuba; and he expressed his opinion that in the present war, at least, the government of the United States should reach the point of sending ships of war to Cuba to demand redress for our citizens. He cited the case of Dr. Ruiz, stating he had information that Consul General Lee had reported that he had been murdered by the Spanish authorities. "If this were true," said Mr. Morgan, "instead of hunting up a lawyer to Cuba and hunting up evidence such as might be laid before a grand jury, I would have sent a war ship to demand indemnity and the punishment of the officials guilty of the murder."

Mr. Hale (Rep., Me.), interrupting, asked if the Senator from Alabama advocated sending the ship of war first to the lawyer afterward.

Mr. Morgan replied that he would send both the ship of war and the lawyer; but he thought he would have very little use for the lawyer.

Speaking generally of the course of the war in Cuba, Mr. Morgan condemned in strong terms the action of the Spanish forces in destroying property not for military purposes, but for resentment, and in executing prisoners of war. He spoke of the fact that Spain had recognized the Southern Confederacy and accorded it belligerent rights even before the battle of Manassas was fought or the Southern States had made any display of their strength. He, therefore, argued that the United States would be perfectly justified in recognizing a state of public war in Cuba and proclaiming neutrality between the contestants, as was proposed by his resolution.

Mr. Morgan based his statement that the prisons of Cuba were filled with American citizens. He (Mr. Hale) did not believe that to be the fact.

Mr. Morgan asked the Senator from Maine on what information he based his denial.

Mr. Hale began his reply by saying "The Senator is an old—"

"No, I am not old," retorted Mr. Morgan quickly.

Mr. Hale continuing, amidst laughter, said: "The Senator is an old and experienced lawyer, though young in physical vigor," and Mr. Morgan smilingly accepted the amendment. Then Mr. Hale went on to say that the records of the State Department directly contradicted the statement of the Senator from Alabama, but he (Mr. Hale) did not wish to imply that that gentleman would knowingly make an erroneous assertion.

Mr. Morgan with some warmth asserted that everyone knew the source from which the Senator from Maine

drew his inspiration. Everyone knew he was in constant communication with the Spanish government as to the best way of defending them here.

Mr. Hale declared that not one single item of information that he had used on the floor of the Senate had come from Spanish authorities, but all had been derived from American sources.

"Did they contradict what the American people say?" asked Mr. Morgan.

"They did not contradict what the American people say," retorted Mr. Hale, "but they contradict the Senator from Alabama. I do not admit that the Senator from Alabama in seeking to inflame public sentiment and to bring about hostilities represents the American people."

"It is a matter of indifference to me what the Senator from Maine thinks," said Mr. Morgan contemptuously; but his further remarks were interrupted by the fall of the gavel and the announcement that the hour of 2 o'clock having arrived the resolution would go to the calendar. Mr. Morgan gave notice that tomorrow he would conclude his remarks and ask a test vote on taking it up again.

The remainder of the day's session was given to debate on the bankruptcy bill. Mr. Stewart (Pop., Nev.) occupied the floor for three hours and a half in opposition to the principle of involuntary bankruptcy, and drifted into the question of bimetallism, on which he and Mr. Chandler (Rep., N. H.) indulged in an entertaining dialogue.

At 5:30 the Senate adjourned.

OUT OF THE NEWS BUSINESS

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATED PRESS DISCONTINUES ITS SERVICE.

Patrons Commended to the Good Graces of the Associated Press—Retiring Officers Committed.

New York, April 6.—At a meeting of the Southern Associated Press, held at the Astor house, in New York City, on Tuesday, April 6, 1897, the following was unanimously adopted:

Whereas, in view of the failure of the United Press, and its allies in New England and in New York State to maintain their organization as news-gathering associations, the Southern Associated Press has deemed it best for its members and clients that they should establish contract relations with the Associated Press for gathering, receiving and distributing the news of the world; and

Whereas, the members and clients of the Southern Associated Press have been assured fair and satisfactory treatment by the Associated Press; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Southern Associated Press, while maintaining its organization, withdraws from the business of collecting and distributing the news.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Southern Associated Press are due, and are hereby tendered to the Hon. Patrick Walsh, the general manager and treasurer of the Southern Associated Press, for the fidelity and efficiency with which he has managed the affairs of the association, and the energy with which he has discharged his onerous duties, and the ability with which he has controlled its resources, and the excellent material and business conditions in which he has placed the association.

Resolved, further, That the Southern Associated Press has found in Mr. O. C. Hutton, superintendent of its news service at Washington, a most invaluable assistant, whose long familiarity with the wants of the southern newspapers fitted him in a peculiar manner for this special service, and that Mr. Hutton be commended most heartily for his capable work and his unwavering loyalty to the interests of the Southern Associated Press.

After the adoption of these resolutions and a resolution authorizing the members of the Southern Associated Press to make contracts as individual newspapers with the Associated Press, the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the president.

(Signed)
J. H. ESTILL, Acting Pres.
F. P. GLASS, Secretary.

SPLIT TICKET RESULT.

Republicans and Democrats Divide Even on a Municipal Election.

Bridgeport, Conn., April 6.—In the municipal election here yesterday the officers were divided between the Republicans and the silver Democrats. The gold men had a ticket in the field, but D. C. Mills, their candidate for Mayor, only polled 383 votes, and their fight for town clerk only split the Republican strength and enabled Robert Webster, the silver candidate, to walk into the position.

Thomas P. Taylor, the Republican candidate for Mayor, was elected over Frank W. Beers, silver Democrat, by a majority of 1,167; Fred K. C. Mullins, silver Democrat, defeated Edwin W. Challenger, Republican, for City Clerk, by 312; John S. Griffith, Republican, defeated Fred W. Hall, silver Democrat, for City Treasurer; Jas. H. McElroy, Republican, defeated S. N. Lockwood, silver Democrat, for Tax Collector, by 1,724. The Republicans secured a majority of the selectmen and sheriffs. The common council and board of education are evenly divided between the two dominant parties.

Check to the Cartoon Business.

Albany, N. Y., April 6.—The senate today passed the anti-cartoon bill, which prohibits newspapers publishing the portraits of any person without their consent.

DEADLOCK CONTINUES

Hunter Still in the Lead, but Short of a Majority.

A RUSE THAT DID NOT SUCCEED

GOLD DEMOCRATS MADE A FUTILE ATTEMPT TO CREATE A DIVERSION.

Dr. Hunter's Friends Thought he was Elected, but he Wasn't—Silver Democrats Gain a Member—Talk of Adjournment.

Frankfort, Ky., April 6.—The feature of today's joint session was the nomination of State Senator Henry T. Martin, gold Democrat, of Woodford county, for United States Senator. The nomination was made by Senator Elliston, who said the solution of the dead-lock was in the hands of the Democrats. Mr. Elliston cast his vote for Martin, and appealed to the silver Democrats to do likewise, but they immediately stopped voting. The sound money Democrats voted for Martin, and the bolting Republicans followed the example of the silver Democrats and refused to answer to their names. Senator Elmore (Silver Democrat) voted for Blackburn, and the Republicans would not allow him to withdraw his vote to prevent a quorum. A ruse was tried and told Dr. Hunter was called for and the Blackburn Democrats and the bolting Republicans began voting again. Representative Johns was the only silver Democrat to vote for Martin. The vote stood: Hunter, 59; Blackburn, 42; Martin, 11; Boyle, 6; Stone, 1. Necessary to a choice, 63. Hunter had his 69 votes when the first roll call ended, and 70 votes, which constituted a quorum, had been cast. Had there been no call of absentees, and if the silver Democrats and bolting Republicans had refused to vote on recapitulation, Hunter would have been declared elected. The joint session adjourned as soon as the result was announced.

During the excitement, when only 70 votes had been cast, Representative Stout went out and told Dr. Hunter he was elected. The candidate started toward the House chamber, only to hear that the Democrats had not finished voting.

Partial returns from the thirty-fourth senatorial district indicate the election of Milt Hage, silver Democrat, to succeed the late Senator Salyer, gold Democrat.

The anti-Hunter Republican members of the Legislature decided this morning not to press the call for a new caucus until after today's ballot, and until the result of the election for State Senator to succeed the late Senator Salyer has been received. The election was held yesterday, but high water has prevented the reception of complete returns.

Chairman Jones, of the Republican caucus, says he will not call that body until thirty-six members sign the petition. It is not thought that the necessary number of signatures can be obtained, and the national administration is the only factor which can pull Hunter off the track.

In the Senate this morning Mr. Bronston (Dem.), spoke in favor of adjourning the Legislature April 15.

Celebration of a National Fete.

Athens, April 6.—The seventy-sixth anniversary of the raising of the Standard of the Cross against the Crescent on April 6th, 1821, beginning the war against the Turks, which resulted in the independence of Greece, was celebrated throughout the kingdom to-day with great enthusiasm. All business was suspended and popular participation in the national fete was general. In the forenoon the King and Queen, the Ministers and the foreign diplomats attended religious services in the cathedral, where a Te Deum was sung, and the remainder of the day was devoted to holiday making of every description. As the King drove to and from the cathedral, he was constantly cheered by the great crowds of people lining the streets and showers of papers bearing the inscription, "Hurrah for War," were thrown into his carriage. Despite the warlike temper of the people there were no disturbances.

Newspaper Pays an Actress Damages.

London, April 6.—An action for damages for libel, brought by Miss Marion Terry, the actress, against the St. James Budget, was tried in the Queen's Bench division of the High Court of Justice to-day. The libel consisted in the publication by the paper of a statement that Miss Terry was about to marry her brother-in-law, a Mr. Morris. The defendant pleaded that an apology for the statement complained of has been published, but Miss Terry contended that that measure of reparation was not sufficient.

The jury returned a verdict, awarding Miss Terry five hundred pounds damages.

Coal Company Assigns.

Cincinnati, April 6.—A special to the Scripps-McRae Press Association from Sturgis, Ky., says:

The Cumberland Coal Company, of Sturgis, made an assignment today, with liabilities of \$50,000, and assets about the same. The company lost \$2,000 by a fire in the mines last week, which precipitated the failure.

PRESIDENT'S OUTING POSTPONED

On Account of Presentation, Today, of Message Asking Appropriation for Flood Sufferers.

Washington, April 6.—The transmission to Congress of the President's proposed message asking for an appropriation to assist the southwestern flood sufferers, may cause a postponement of his departure on the outing down the Potomac and Chesapeake Bay. At the cabinet meeting today the subject of the message was taken up and discussed for some time with particular reference to the amount required. There was some talk about not sending it in, as the suspension of the telegraphic appeals for aid that have come to the White House during the past few days was taken as an indication that a federal appropriation might not be necessary. However, it was decided that the President should go ahead with the preparation of the proposed message, and send it to Congress tomorrow, when both houses will be in session. President McKinley intends to remain in Washington until the appropriation account is presented to him for approval, and this will postpone his departure until Thursday at the earliest.

DEMOCRATS CARRY CHICAGO

ALL OHIO CITIES GIVE DEMOCRATIC GAINS.

Chicago Had Four Tickets and a Lot of Other Candidates—Many Saloon Keepers Arrested.

Chicago, April 6.—The municipal election here to-day passed off in most sections of the city quietly, but in the Fourth precinct of the Fourteenth ward, located at 283 Augusta street, trouble broke out shortly after noon. Ed. Murphy, in a fight, at this polling place, had his scalp split open. Many saloon-keepers throughout the ward were arrested for keeping their places open. As a rule, elsewhere, the saloon-keepers obeyed the orders of the police more than they did at the last election, and few saloons were open.

The voting began early and continued throughout the day unusually brisk. The candidates for mayor are: Carter Harrison, son of Chicago's famous mayor, the Democratic nominee; Nathan L. Sears, Superior Court Judge, regular Republican nominee; Washington Hesing, ex-postmaster, on business administration of municipal affairs' ticket; John Maynard Harlan, on citizens' ticket. There are also three independent tickets in the field, headed by socialist, labor and prohibition tickets.

Nine hundred and eighty precincts give Harrison 127,518; Harlan, 60,284; Sears, 53,553; Hesing, 14,647.

The remaining 129 precincts are in outlying districts and returns will be late.

A special to the Record from Cincinnati says:

The result of the municipal elections in Ohio yesterday shows Democratic gains. The large cities which gave McKinley such enormous pluralities last November have gone Democratic. McKinley had only fifty thousand in the State, and all of this plurality came from the cities which to-day went Democratic. Outside of these cities, the State was carried by Bryan on the free silver issue, and the friends of John R. McLean, who is the Democratic candidate for Senator, have made much comment on this fact. They claim that McLean will carry the Legislature and possibly the State ticket next November on the free silver issue.

In Cincinnati, the home of Senator Foraker, a Republican plurality last year of 20,000 is displaced by a Democratic plurality of over 7,000. In Cleveland, the home of Senator Hanna, the Democrats made large gains, and even the home of President McKinley, at Canton, went Democratic. The home of Governor Bushnell, at Springfield, is strongly Republican, and that city elected a Democratic mayor by over 400.

Would-be President and President Meet.

Washington, April 6.—Mr. William J. Bryan called on President McKinley this morning. It is the first time the two gentlemen have met since they were in Congress together. Mr. Bryan was accompanied by Hon. Benton McMillin, of Tennessee, and Attorney General C. J. Smith, of Nebraska. They were cordially received by the President. The visit lasted about two minutes.

"We discussed everything except politics," said Mr. Bryan, laughingly, to a Southern Associated Press reporter as he was leaving the building.

J. O. Tillman Suicides.

Special to The Tribune.

Fayetteville, N. C., April 6.—J. O. Tillman, a well-to-do farmer, living in Flea Hill township, near here, committed suicide yesterday evening within a hundred yards of his residence, by blowing out his brains with a pistol. Illness of a daughter and financial embarrassment were the causes. Tillman came to Cumberland from Montgomery county twelve years ago.

A Rumor Disposed of.

Washington, April 6.—Secretary Long disposes of the rumor that a commission is to go to Hawaii on the Philadelphia, by declaring that no such thing is contemplated. The Philadelphia is expected to leave San Diego for Honolulu in a day or two for a regular cruise, and she will carry no passengers.

FLOODS RISING AGAIN

Natchez Fears the Worst Overflow in its History.

GREAT ANXIETY AT ST. JOSEPH

ANOTHER RISE OF TWO FEET EXPECTED IN THE LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Paul and Minneapolis Have More Water Than They Want—Ice Houses Collapse—Saw Mills Close Temporarily.

St. Louis, Mo., April 6.—Contrary to the predictions of the local weather bureau and old river men, the Mississippi river remained stationary during last night, but began to rise slowly this morning. The gauge marks 28 feet. Reports received from points north as far as Keokuk, state that the river is rising at the rate of four inches each twenty-four hours. The Des Moines and Missouri rivers are reported rising rapidly, and the floods, together with the water in the Mississippi river will cause the lower river to gain at least two feet within the next forty-eight hours. The weather is clear and warm in Missouri and Arkansas to-day. So far this morning reports from points on the lower river show the situation to be practically unchanged.

A special telegram to the Scripps-McRae Press Association states that the river is falling at Helena, Ark., and at Greenville, Miss. The levee commission at Natchez, Miss., has issued a warning of the worst overflow in the history of this country, and entreating every man and boy to suspend all business and begin work on the levees. The river continues to rise at that point.

At St. Joseph, Mo., great anxiety prevails on account of the flood outlook in the Missouri river. The river is several feet higher than ever known, and the indications favor an increase of two feet or more. At Keokuk, Ia., the river is stationary, but it is expected to rise again when the flood from St. Paul reaches there. At Louisiana, Mo., and Alton, Ill., the river has fallen about ten inches in the last twenty-four hours.

St. Paul, Minn., April 6.—The Mississippi has remained stationary at 18 feet for several hours, and weather bureau officials are hopeful that it will not go much higher.

The Lafayette school is surrounded on all sides by water, and was closed yesterday. Engineer Rundlett has built a boom in the river to protect an endangered pier of the Washab street bridge. Engineer Copellan has closed the Tenth avenue bridge in Minneapolis because of the fear that it would be wrecked. The bridge cost \$160,000, is 65 feet above the water and 1,145 feet long.

At St. Paul, Staple & King's ice house collapsed yesterday. E. Garter's ice house is in twelve feet of water, and the ice it contained has floated away. Four hundred persons in the vicinity of the Washington avenue bridge, Minneapolis, have been forced to leave their homes.

At Winona all saw mills, except that of the Winona Lumber Company, have had to shut down, and a foot and a half more water will make the latter close. Youmans Bros. & Hodgins have a large crowd of men at work moving lath from low lands to a place of safety. Merchants in Second street are moving goods out of their cellars, and residents on low lands on West Fourth street are leaving their houses. The Diamond Jo dock is under water. The second levee wall is now covered, and a foot more rise will badly wash the levee park, constructed at considerable expense last year.

The bridge over the Wisconsin slough, on the road to the high wagon bridge, has gone out, cutting off travel with Wisconsin. Both the passenger bridges between Fargo and Moorhead are closed, and the water is two feet high in Front street and Northern avenue, and four blocks of paving are being put in to prevent further damage.

Cheyenne river, west of Fargo, has begun to rise, and is flowing across the prairie and flooding the entire west side of the town. Many families will be compelled to move unless the water falls quickly. Nearly every basement in Fargo is flooded, including the press rooms of all papers.

Mandan, N. D., April 6.—The ice in the Missouri river has gorged below here and the water is now rising at the rate of six feet per hour. It is probable that the lower part of this city will be inundated. The Northern Pacific tracks between this city and Bismarck are under water. The great steamboat warehouse at the landing here is afloat. It is tied to the banks by cables.

Presidential Nominations.

Washington, April 6.—The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations:

Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, to be Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

Capt. A. S. Croninshield, U. S. N., to be Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department.

J. Tyler, of Tennessee, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Second district of Tennessee.

Park Agnew, of Virginia, to be Collector Internal Revenue for the Sixth district of Virginia.

WILMINGTON'S MUNICIPAL MUDDLE.

Rice Claims to Have Been Elected City Clerk.

Special to The Tribune.

Wilmington, N. C., April 6.—At the meeting of the Board of Audit and Finance today Fred B. Rice, through his attorneys, Rountree & McClammy, declared himself legally elected City Clerk and Treasurer, and tendered his bond. Yesterday it was thought Rice was not elected, he only receiving 4 votes. This was not a majority of the full Board of Aldermen, but a majority of a quorum, which elects, hence the action taken today to rectify the mistake. The Board of Audit and Finance meets Friday afternoon to decide the matter. If they decide to accept Rice's bond, thus acknowledging him elected, Lockett will be elected City Attorney at the next meeting of the Board of Aldermen, barring accidents. This news is calculated to pain the Governor.

Drowned in the French Broad.

Special to The Tribune.

Asheville, N. C., April 6.—At 3:30 this afternoon four men were in a small boat on the French Broad river catching driftwood, when the boat capsized. Jeff Dalton was drowned, and the other occupants of the boat were rescued.

REPUBLICANS DISAPPOINTED

RESULT OF OHIO ELECTIONS NOT JUST WHAT EXPECTED.

Discontent the Probable Cause—It Will Disappear Under Improved Conditions—Washington Personal Items.

Special to The Tribune.

Washington, D. C., April 6.—The Ohio Municipal elections are a disappointment to Republicans here, they do not conceal; but they all do not agree on the cause. The consensus of opinion, however, is that the McKinley administration up to this time has been too suggestive of Clevelandism. The distinction will become more apparent later on. Within ten days the Senate Finance Committee will report the Dingley tariff bill and it will be rushed through the Senate with quick expedition. Business will then pick up and the President will have the opportunity to emphasize the national sentiment which brought about his election. Until then patience must be exercised.

Mr. Chadwick, president of the Manufacturers' Club of Charlotte, and wife, were the guests of Senator Pritchard at the capital to-day.

Mr. M. G. Barclay, clerk of Lincoln Superior Court; Mr. J. F. Killian, register of deeds; M. L. Wamore, of Lincoln, and ex-Judge Howard, of Tarboro, are among to-day's arrivals. Col. W. L. Harvey, who has large lumber interests in Caldwell county, was here to-day, and was introduced by Senator Pritchard to a number of Senators. He leaves to-night for his North Carolina home.

RELIEF FOR FLOOD SUFFERERS.

The Epidemic Fund Will be Turned to Account by the President.

Washington, April 6.—Late this afternoon President McKinley and Secretary Alger had a conference about the proposed message to Congress recommending Federal relief for the flood sufferers in the southwest. They examined and discussed the Bate resolution which passed the Senate yesterday making available the "epidemic fund" for the purchase of supplies to succor the distressed people, and finally came to the practical agreement that this resolution removed the necessity for an appeal from the President to Congress asking that an appropriation for the sufferers be made, and while it was not definitely stated that the proposed message should not be sent, it is extremely improbable that the President will communicate with the legislative branch on the subject. President McKinley and Secretary Alger examined maps of the flooded section and the telegrams representing the situation there. They discussed the subject thoroughly and parted with the understanding stated. The President will not leave Washington on his outing until the Bate resolution or some other relief measure has been signed.

Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, April 6.—Cotton—Spot cotton here declined 1-16c, with sales of 365 bales for spinning; middling uplands, 7 3/4c, against 7 3/4c, last year; New Orleans and gulf, 7 1/2c, against 8 1/4c, last year. Mobile advanced 11-16c. New Orleans sold 3,000, Augusta 1,706, Mobile, 600, Norfolk 191 and Savannah 152 bales.

The trading in cotton to-day quiet and featureless. The fluctuations in prices were confined within a narrow range, and at the close prices were practically unchanged from last night's final figures. At first prices declined slightly in sympathy with a lower market in Liverpool. There was not much pressure to sell, however, and only a small demand for local and Liverpool account, prices rallied and advanced a trifle on some months. The news from the South was bullish, but owing to the dullness of the speculation it had no effect upon the market. To-day was a holiday in New Orleans.