The Raleigh Daily Tribune.

Vol. I.—No. 102. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 8, 1897. $6.00 a Year.

THE TRIBUNE IS REPUBLICAN, BUT IT IS THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.

OPENING FOR CHEATHAM

Resignation of Recorder of Deeds Taylor Handed In.

CHEATHAM'S NAME TO GO IN MONDAY

BOYD MAY BE APPOINTED ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL.

President Uneasy About Heavy Gold Exportations—He Consults With Treasury Officials—Postmaster Appointed for Stokesdale.

Special to The Tribune.

Washington, May 7.—Charles H. J. Taylor, Recorder of Deeds for the District of Columbia, today tendered his resignation to the President, to take effect upon the appointment of his successor. Taylor was appointed from Kansas by President Cleveland, and shortly after his assuming charge ugly stories were set afloat concerning his personal demeanor toward certain employes in his office. His dismissal was demanded, but Mr. Cleveland declined to credit the report, or else determined to retain Taylor in office despite the scandal. After seeing the President today Taylor said ex-Representative Cheatham will be his successor. Cheatham's name will be sent in Monday for Recorder of Deeds or Register of the Treasury. At the last moment the change may be made. It is possible, too, that Col. Boyd may be appointed Assistant Attorney General at $5,000, instead of Solicitor of Internal Revenue at a smaller salary.

Continued gold exportation is giving the President some concern. Secretary Gage and sub-Treasurer Conrad, of New York, had a long conference with the President today in reference to this matter. They decided, it is reported, that it is not yet time to think of restrictive or remedial measures.

One hundred and one fourth-class postmasters were appointed today. Georgia heads the list with 11, Illinois and South Dakota being a close second with 9 each. North Carolina is only credited with one—J. W. Vaughn, at Stokesdale, Guilford county, vice J. H. Clark removed.

It is semi-officially given out today that H. A. Gudger will succeed Mr. Jernigan as Consul at Shanghai. It may be several weeks before the change is made, but Gudger is down on the list for Shanghai. The next best Consulate appointment will probably be given to Claudius Dockery.

Representative E. S. Marshall, of Lund, arrived tonight. He is interested in the postoffice appointments in that county and will remain here several days.

Ex-Collector White returned home today. He filed a big bundle of papers endorsing his candidacy for the Collectorship.

Judge Purnell at Wilmington.

Special to The Tribune.

Wilmington, N. C., May 7.—Judge Purnell and United States Marshal Carroll arrived tonight. Federal court convenes Tuesday next. H. W. P.

Lugar Trest Magnate Dead.

New York, May 7.—John E. Searles, Secretary of the Sugar Trust, was defendant before Judge Dickey, in Brooklyn, today, in a suit brought by Eliza Tierney, his former housekeeper, for breach of contract. She claimed that she was discharged because she provided roast beef for the help, Mr. Searles declaring that mutton stew was good enough for servants. The jury returned a verdict in Mrs. Tierney's favor for $290, the full amount claimed, with interest.

Princeton Students Will Row.

Princeton, N. J., May 7.—Preparation has been made by the Alumni of the University and the executive committee concerning the establishment of rowing as an additional branch of Princeton athletics. It is proposed to dam Stony Brook, near the canal, thus forming a large lake. Some shells will soon be on hand.

Minister to Peru Resigns.

Louisville, Ky., May 7.—Minister to Peru, James A. McKenzie, who has just returned home, has sent his resignation to President McKinley. He says his failing health compels him to retire, and besides he thinks Republicans should enjoy the spoils their party has won.

A TOPIC MUCH DISCUSSED

REJECTION OF THE ARBITRATION TREATY CHARGED TO PROMINENT IRISHMEN.

Some Say It Was Due to the Refusal of Great Britain to Arbitrate the Seal Fishery Question.

Washington, May 7.—The rejection of the arbitration treaty continues to be a live topic of discussion. By some its defeat is ascribed to the efforts against it of Michael Davitt, ex-Minister Patrick Egan and other prominent Irishmen, and by others to England's attitude toward silver. It is believed that the votes in the negative might have been overcome, but for Great Britain's refusal to take action to protect the seals. It was held that Great Britain had failed to carry out the spirit and intent of the award of the Paris tribunal that settled the Bering sea controversy. It was, therefore, declared that she could not be depended upon to carry out the terms of a general arbitration treaty.

Shortly after President McKinley entered upon his duties as chief executive he took up the matter of preservation of the seals, and appointed Mr. John W. Foster, ex-Secretary of State, and Mr. Hamlin, of Massachusetts, formerly Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, to look after the interests of this country in the seals. Mr. Foster proposed a conference of representatives of Great Britain, Russia, Japan and the United States to formulate seal regulations. It was recommended that in the meantime sealing be prohibited by those nations. Great Britain refused this proposition, and it is believed that this refusal doomed the treaty to defeat. A number of Senators were uncertain as to how they should vote, and this decided them.

"This treaty matter," forcibly remarked a Southern Senator today, "was a question of business with Great Britain and a question of politics on this side the water. There is a stronger anti-British sentiment in this country today than at any time within a half century and it is growing more bitter every day."

THE SITUATION CRITICAL.

Disagreement Between King and Cabinet Foreshadows a Ministerial Crisis.

London, May 7.—The Athens correspondent of the Daily News describes the situation as critical owing to the advance of the enemy and the delay of the powers in intervening. Rumors persist that a crisis in the ministry is impending owing to a divergence between it and the King. It is stated that the cabinet advocates an energetic continuance of the struggle, while the King desires to avoid further bloodshed. The correspondent adds that a diplomat informed him today that nothing had been agreed upon by the powers, although intervention was in the air. A member of another legation said that Greece must be thoroughly humbled in the dust to teach her that she must not meddle in eastern affairs again. His Government, he added, would view wih epuanimity a Turkish advance on Athens.

The German minister the other day ostentatiously visited the few wounded Turkish prisoners in Athens. He has not sent even a porter to see the hundreds of wounded Greeks in the hospitals. Certain of the powers are undoubtedly exulting at the Greek discomfiture.

THE TREATY AND THE SEAL QUESTION.

Ex-Secretary Foster Before the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Washington, May 7.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations today listened to suggestions from ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster as to additional safeguards necessary for the protection of seals in Bering Sea. England having refused to join with the United States in the matter, Mr. Foster explained that the administraion had delegated him to go to St. Petersburg and negotiate with Russia to aid the United States in an endeavor to preserve the seals. The aid of Japan will also be enlisted. At a meeting of the committee today, the vote upon the arbitration treaty was discussed in connection with the seal question and the opinion was expressed that the few votes necessary to defeat its ratification was secured by its opponents at the very latest, after the action of the British cabinet upon the request of the United Staes for a conference upon the seal question had become known.

Will Not Evacuate Crete Unconditionally.

London, May 7.—The Telegraph's Athens correspondent says he is authorized to state that the cabinet will not consent under any circumstances to a complete evacuation of Crete or to accept arbitration without previous knowledge of the terms. The correspondent adds that any Government agreeing to withdraw all troops from Crete, or to accept the powers as arbitrators of Greece's dispute with Turkey without knowing what conditions they will impose as the price of peace, could not keep office for a day. The result would be revolution.

The correspondent further says that he learns that all the powers are willing to intervene without preliminary conditions, except Germany, which demands that the evacuation of Crete shall precede intervention.

Democratic Senators to Caucus.

Washington May 7.—The Democrats of the Senate will hold a caucus Monday morning at 11 o'clock, at which time they will receive the report of their steering committee which has been engaged in filling the vacancies on the Senate committees. This has not been a very burdensome task for the Democrats, owing to the small number of vacancies in their ranks, and the fact that the chairmanships assigned to them are all of a minor character, and pass strictly in accordance with an invariable rule, which is governed by the length of service of the different Senators.

SCHEDULE OF SWEETS

Sugar Schedule to be the Battle Ground of the Tariff Fight.

HAND OF THE TRUST CONSPICUOUS

HAWAIIAN RECIPROCITY TREATY ABROGATED BY STEALTH.

President McKinley Does Not Regard the Senate Committee Bill Favorably, Though He Approves so Much as Promises Larger Revenue.

Washington, May 7.—As foreshadowed in these dispatches, it is now certain that the great fight over the tariff bill will be on the sugar schedule.

After a careful examination the President approves in a general way the Senate committee's bill, in so far as it makes reductions in the House schedules and promises a larger revenue. As an entirety he does not approve of it, and to the sugar schedule he expresses very emphatic objection. To Republicans who have looked to the tariff legislation as an instrument to lift the country out of the depths of depression into which it was plunged by the Wilson law and other features of the Cleveland administration, the presnce of the Sugar Trust influence to bring discredit to the tariff measure is offensive in the extreme. They are determined that there shall not be a repetition of the scandalous conditions which attended the enactment of the Wilson bill, and that, if possible, the bill shall be relieved from the charge of subserving the Sugar Trust interests. It is figured out that the Senate committee substitute for the House sugar schedule would give the Trust a protection of over 90 per cent. Not satisfied with that, they demand and get the abrogation of the Hawaiian treaty by stealth. With the sugar schedule as the Senate committee has put it, and the abrogation of the Hawaiian treaty through the striking out of the clause exempting importations from the duties imposed, the Sugar Trust gets all it could possibly ask for its benefit.

The consideration of the sugar schedule in this bill was not attended with the general and wild speculation by Senators which marked the progress of the Wilson bill through the Senate. But the reason for this was that the knowledge of what was to be done was confined to so few persons that there was not the general information on which speculation might be based.

The Sugar Trust, however, is not the less benefited.

Practically, the same influences which held up the Wilson bill until the desired concessions were made to the Trust are still there, and they were rendered still more powerful by the party conditions in the Senate, so far as getting a report from the committee was concerned. They found additional strength in the fact that revenue must be had to make up for the deficiency of the Wilson bill, and that if protective duties were to be maintained where they were needed the surest way of getting revenue from a customs duty was to increase the rate on sugar.

To disguise the enormity of their grab they insisted upon the ad valorem additons of duty, which defy accurate computation when combined with the specific.

If, in addition to this extremely favorable schedule, they could prevent the free importation of sugar from Hawaii there was nothing left that their hearts could desire or their pockets profit from. It is very certain, if the indignant protests of Senators of all parties mean anything, that the sugar schedule, as reported by the Senate committee will never pass the Senate, even at the expense of defeating the bill.

LI HUNG CHANG HONORS GRANT.

Plants a Tree by the Tomb as a Tribute to His Memory.

New York, May 7.—On the site of the old Grant tomb and within one hundred feet of the present monument, Yang Yu, ex-Minister to the United States, today planted a tree, as a tribute of Li Hung Chang to General Grant, Yang Yu personally representing the Viceroy. The tree is nearly seven feet high. Its foliage is very luxuriant and the tree grows to the height of 300 feet, with a trunk six feet in diameter. In addition to the ex-Minister and his suite there were present at the ceremony Col. and Mrs. Fred Grant, Mrs. Julia Grant, members of the Park Board and a large crowd who witnessed the tree planting. Yang Yu read a few lines from a Chinese manuscript and threw a shovel full of clay upon the roots of the tree. His secretary furnished the following literal translation of Yang's words:

"This tree is planted at the side of the tomb of General U. S. Grant, ex-President of the United States of America, for the purpose of commemorating him, by Li Hung Chang, guardian of the Prince, Grand Secretary of the State and Earl of the First Order, Yang Yu, vice-president of the Centerford, Kwanh Su, 23 year, 4th moon, seventh day."

The original in Chinese and its translation will be cut on marble and placed near the tomb.

ATTITUDE OF THE SULTAN

A WAR CORRESPONDENT SAYS HE IS IN FAVOR OF PEACE.

Military Party May be Too Strong for the Sultan's Peaceful Inclinations—May Insist Upon Holding Thessaly.

London, May 7.—The critical point of the situation, now the time has come to negotiate for peace, is the attitude of the Sultan. The best authority on this matter is the Speaker's correspondent, who in tomorow's issue of that paper will say:

"He (the Sultan) has done his work thoroughly. He was never so strong as to-day. Now his policy will be magnanimous. It has been said that the pride of success would make him insufferable to the powers. I do not believe it. Their meekness and long suffering are not inexhaustible, and he is too wary to trespass upon them. Then he has nothing to gain. He has intimated his desire to end the war. Having vindicated his honor and destroyed the prestige of Greece, he says he is distressed by the waste of life and property, and asks, "Why not restore the status quo ante-bellum?" He says he knows this will be the result of the war, however long it may last; so he is ready for peace at once.

"The Sultan would not have declared war if he had not been pushed by Germany and the military party here. He would have accomplished his ends in another way. But he is merciless in his war against the individual. The prisons are filled with Greeks now as they were with Armenians a year ago. Incalculable misery will result from the expulsion of a quarter of a million of Hellenes, as well as ruin to what is left of the commerce of the country.

"Only one contingency may bring the Sultan in conflict with Europe. He may find the military party too strong. This party is opposed to the giving back of Thessaly to Greece. It is believed here, even by some of those in diplomatic circles that if the Sultan insists upon holding Thessaly, no European power will go to war to turn him out by force, and especially if there should be a revolution in Greece."

GREATER NEW YORK.

The Struggle for Party Control of the City Begun.

New York, May 7.—Senator Platt gave out in Washington yesterday a lengthy statement as to the municipal campaign now beginning for the control of Greater New York. He makes a plea for harmony of all the forces opposed to Tammany Hall, but wishes the Citizen's Union and all other non-partisan anti-Tammany bodies to put themselves under the leauership of the Republican party organization. Senaton Platt points out the significance of a Tammany victory thus:

"The danger is the restoration of Tammany Hall. Tammany is a regular Democratic party. Its leaders have identified themselves and their organization with the Chicago platform. Their general idea is local plunder, and to secure that they would nominate a silver Democrat, gold Democrat, or any other kind of a Democrat with whom they thought they had in the situation existing at the time, the best chances of winning. But the effect of this victory would be the same in any case. It would give to Tammany Hall $70,000,000 a year to spend for three years in the building of an organization which, as everybody knows, will act with the national Bryanite party in the next Presidential campaign."

SITUATION IN THE GRECIAN CAPITAL.

The Royal Family in a Dangerous Position—Fears That They will Flee the Country.

London, May 7.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from its correspondent in Rome says that private advices have reached there from Athens, which, having eseaped the Greek censor, give the true details of the situation in the Grecian capital. These dispatches show that the position of the Royal family, since the retreat of the Greek army from Pharsala, has become more perilous than ever. The members of the family rarely leave the palace and their portraits have been withdrawn from all public places. The Queen and the Princesses are insulted on the streets when the visit the hospitals. The palace is watched by revolutionary agents, lest their majesties attempt to flee from the country. The writer ascribes the decision of the powers to intervene to end the war to the dangerous position in which the Greek reigning family is placed.

A Complaint by the Turkish Minister.

Albany, N.Y., May 7.—Governor Black received a letter from Secretary of State Sherman today, stating that representations had been made to the department by the Turkish minister that Greeks had been parading the streets of New York with arms in their hands, threatening the lives of Turkish residents. Secretary Sherman stated that although the department regarded the State laws ample to repress all lawlessness, it was thought best to acquaint the Government with the complaint of the Turkish minister. Governor Black will communicate with Mayor Strong and endeavor to ascertain if there are any grounds for the apprehensions of the Turkish minister.

Wholesale Massacre by the Turks.

London, May 7.—A dispatch to the Chronicle from Athens says: Col. Manos telegraphs from Arta that the Turks have begun a wholesale massacre in the interior of Epirus. All the inhabitants of the village of Kamarina have been murdered with the exception of a very few who escaped to the mountains. Women are arriving at Arta from other places, praying for protection, their husbands and children having been murdered by the enraged troops. Many of the refugees are mad and unable to speak, while others relate unwritable horrors.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP

John Russell Young is Prominent for the Spanish Mission.

STRONGLY ENDORSED BY WATTERSON

GEN. LONGSTREET SPOKEN OF AS WADE HAMPTON'S SUCCESSOR.

President to be the Guest of Philadelphia at the Unveiling of Washington Monument—Harrington Not to be Chief of Weather Bureau.

Washington, May 7.—It was cabinet day, and the crowd at the White House suggested an off day in office hunting. The callers today saw the President by appointment. Among them was Judge Calhoun, who goes to Cuba to investigate the Ruiz case. His report, it is expected, will lead to an immediate understanding between Spain and this country on the Cuban question. The commissioner will leave here Monday for Havana. By that time the Madrid mission will be settled. As yet John Russell Young is in the lead for the appointment. Henry Watterson, Young's close personal friend, said tonight: "I believe that John Russell Young will secure this mission because he is the fittest man in he United States to occupy. He has traveled in Spain and knows the country. He is a scholar and a gentleman."

Taylor, the recorder of deeds, in person presented his resignation to the President at 3 o'clock this afternoon. He stated that he would send in his written resignation tomorrow.

Governor Barnes, the newly appointed Oklahoma executive, called twice with a soft-hat delegation of his fellow laborers. There were twenty or more of them.

Dr. Angell, who is going to Turkey, was with the President a few moments. He has not yet arranged his plans or the time of his departure.

There has been some discussion of the re-appointment of Mark Harrington as chief of the weather bureau to succeed Chief Moore. Harrington has sailed to Australia, which seems to indicate that he will not run the weather bureau for some time to come.

President McKinley and his cabinet will be the guests of the city of Philadelphia at the unveiling of Philadelphia's monument to Washington on the 15th of this month.

The announcement in The Tribune dispatches early this week that General Longstreet will probably succeed General Wade Hampton as railroad commissioner seems assured.

MAY BE A QUADRUPLE MURDER.

A Tramp Given Shelter Attempts to Murder His Benefactors.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 7.—What may yet prove a quadruple murder occurred at the farm home of Alexander Harris, about five miles south of Waukesha, early this morning, the victims being Mr. Harris, his wife, hired girl and hired man. The crime was commtted by a farm hand named William Pouch, who had been sheltered by the farmer over night. The dead and wounded are: Alexander Harris, killed outright; Mrs. Harris, may recover; Helen Vesbach, fatally wounded; Nelson M. Holt, probably fatally wounded.

Pouch, arose about 5 o'clock this morning and went into the yard, where Harris and the hired man were milking. After pleasantly wishing them good morning, he suddenly drew a revolver and shot, killing the farmer, and fatally wounding the hired man. He then walked leisurely to the kitchen. There he met Mrs. Harris and the hired girl and chatted with them for a few minutes. He said Mr. Harris would not be in for a few minutes and that he would partake of his breakfast at once. The women waited upon the murderer. Concluding his breakfast, Pouch arose from the table and started to walk toward the door, but suddenly wheeled around and shot Mrs. Harris in the breast and then fired at the hired girl. After finishing his bloody work the murderer robbed the house, then mounted a bicycle and rode away. The supposition is that the man is either insane or he committed the terrible deed in order to hide evidence of another crime.

WANT HIGHER RATE ON GARLIC.

Connecticut Garlic Raisers Protest Against the Low Duty.

Washington, May 7.—Senator Platt's honeymoon was rudely disturbed today by a belligerent delegation of Connecticut Republicans who came here to protest against the action of the Senate Finance Committee in reference to garlic. Garlic is an industry peculiar to Connecticut, the great bulk of that commodity raised in the country being grown in this State in the vicinity of Wethersfield. The imported garlic comes from the Bermudas, where it grows wild and can beg athered for mere nothing. Under the Dingley bill the duty is 1 cent, but the House provision is stricken out altogether and the commodity must come in under the omnibus clause which imposes a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem. This is equivalent to but one half of a cent, and the growers of garlic say it cannot be raised with so small duty.

Senator Platt insists that the removal of the duty is an oversight and that it will be remedied by the Senate. Meanwhile the growers of this pungent vegetable are making it decidedly interesting for the newly married Senator.

FAREWELL DINNER TO BAYARD

PRESENTED WITH A LOVING CUP IN THE SHAPE OF A PUMPKIN.

Made a Rambling Speech in an Apolgetic Tone—Ambassador Hay Makes Stilted Remarks.

London, May 7.—Three hundred and fifty guests attended the farewell dinner given to ex-Ambassador Bayard tonight in the great hall of the Hotel Cecil, under the auspices of the American Society. Many distinguished persons were present. The Right Rev. Mandel Creighton, Bishop of London, gracefully toasted President McKinley, Chairman Crane toasted Mr. Bayard and presented to him a gold loving-cup, in the shape of a pumpkin, supported by four silver eagles and surmounted by a bust of Mr. Bayard, which was flanked by figures representing Columbia and Britannia.

Mr. Bayard made a long, rambling response, which was the most pro-American speech he ever made in England. Without its being an actual apology for his conduct while in office, he made allusions in such a manner that it appeared to be an apology. He recalled the Venezuela affair, and said that he had had the courage to tell the truth because there was no just cause for a quarrel between England and America, adding: "I tried to stand here in the honor and interest of my country first."

Baron Russell, Lord Chief Justice of England, toasted Ambassador Hay, who responded in a stilted, formal speech, which was strictly confined to personal praise of Mr. Bayard.

Mr. Bayard and his family will sail from Southampton for New York tomorrow on the Paris.

THE LUCKY SEVENTH.

Clark put the Ball Over the Fence and Won for New York.

New York, May 7.—Bill Clark won today's game for the New Yorks in the seventh inning. With a man on base, he hit the ball over Eastern Park's left field fence for a home run. The Brooklyns, played raggedly in the field and Payne, who pitched good ball, seemed discouraged. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
New York	301010200	7	7	6
Brooklyn	100011200	5	7	8

Batteries: Meekin and Warner; Payne and Grim.

Phillies on a Losing Streak.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 7.—The Phillies have not yet succeeded in leaving the bad streak they have carried with them for the past week, and today lost the second game to Baltimore, making their losings four straight. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	00051131 0	11	13	1
Baltimore	05305000*	13	19	3

Batteries: Fifield, Wheeler and Boyle; Corbett and Robinson.

Four Straight Victories.

Boston, May 7.—The home team made it for four straight victories by snutting out the Washingtons in a rather uninteresting game today. Sullivan was tried in the box for the Bostons and acquitted himself nobly, allowing the hard hitting Washingtons but five scattering hits. McJames, for the latter team, pitched a good game, with proper support would have kept the local team down to two runs. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Boston	02000200*	4	6	4
Washington	000000000	0	5	1

Batteries: Sullivan and Ganzel; McJames and McGuire.

Won in the Eighth Inning.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 7.—Pittsburg won today's game in a batting rally in the eighth, after Miller dropped Padden's fly. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	10100023*	7	13	3
Cincinnati	200010210	6	12	2

Batteries: Killen and Sugden; Breitenstein and Peitz.

Monkeyed the Browns.

Louisville, Ky., May 7.—The Colonels made monkeys of the Browns today, batting Hart all over the lot. Frazer pitched indifferently, probably because the game was at no time in danger. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Louisville	021050030	11	14	3
St. Louis	200100012	7	9	2

Batteries: Frazer and Wilson; Hart and Murphy.

Full of Sensational Plays.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 7.—Cleveland won again from Chicago today in a very exciting game, a game that was ful of sensational plays. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	30100011*	6	14	2
Chicago	10020000 2	5	14	3

Batteries: Young and Zimmer; Deuser and Kittridge.

U. N. C. Defeated at Atlanta.

Special to The Tribune.

Chapel Hill, N. C., May 7.—University of Georgia defeated the University of North Carolina team today in Atlanta by a score of 11 to 10 in a well played game. They will play again tomorrow at Atlanta. J. G. M.

Hanna Returns Home to Rest.

Washington, D. C., May 7.—Senator Hanna will leave for Cleveland tomorrow, on the advice of his physician, who says that he must have a short season of absolute rest. Senator Hanna is not in the best of health and will not return to Washington until he has recuperated. He will eschew politics during his rest with the single exception of a speech which he will make Thursday night of next week in Cleveland, at the annual dinner of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. Despite all the fabrications to the contrary, there is no doubt about his re-election to the Senate. He assured The Tribune tonight to that effect. When asked about the possibility of a Democratic Legislature next fall, he said such talk is perfect nonsense.